Intro to R for Epidemiologists

Lab 7 (2/26/15)

Data

This lab will use the hflights dataset within the hflights R package. Recall that you need to load the hflights library (library(hflights) before you can access the data. This dataset contains information on flights departing from Houston's airports in 2011 (Source: Bureau of Transporation, Research and Innovation Technology Administration).

Part 1. Simple Linear Regression

- 1. Subset your dataset to only include observations in March.
- 2. Remove any missing data from your dataset.
- 3. Look at histograms and scatterplots of flight time and distance. Are the linear regression assumptions met?
- 4. Fit a simple linear model to assess whether distance is associated with flight time. Use (natural) log distance and log flight time and interpret the results.
- 5. What is the R^2 of your model?

Part 2. Multiple Linear Regression

- 1. Use scatterplots to explore the associations between log flight time and taxi out time and log flight time and departure delay.
- 2. Fit a multiple linear regression model to determine whether log distance, log taxi out time, and departure delay (not logged) are associated with log flight time.
- 3. Create a vector of the estimated coefficients from your model in (2).
- 4. Find 95% confidence intervals for these coefficients (Hint: ?confint).
- 5. Does departure delay or taxi out time confound the association between distance and air time?

Part 3. ANOVA

- 1. Perform an ANOVA examining the relationship between log(AirTime) and destination. What hypothesis does this test? What is your conclusion?
- 2. Extract the F-statistic from the linear model (1m object) and the F-statistic from the ANOVA.