

Welcome to

# Hacking - protect yourself

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# Goal of this presentation



## Don't Panic!

Introduce hacking and a couple of hacker tools

List some tools that can be used to protect your computer and data

PS Sorry about the many TLAs ... og danglish

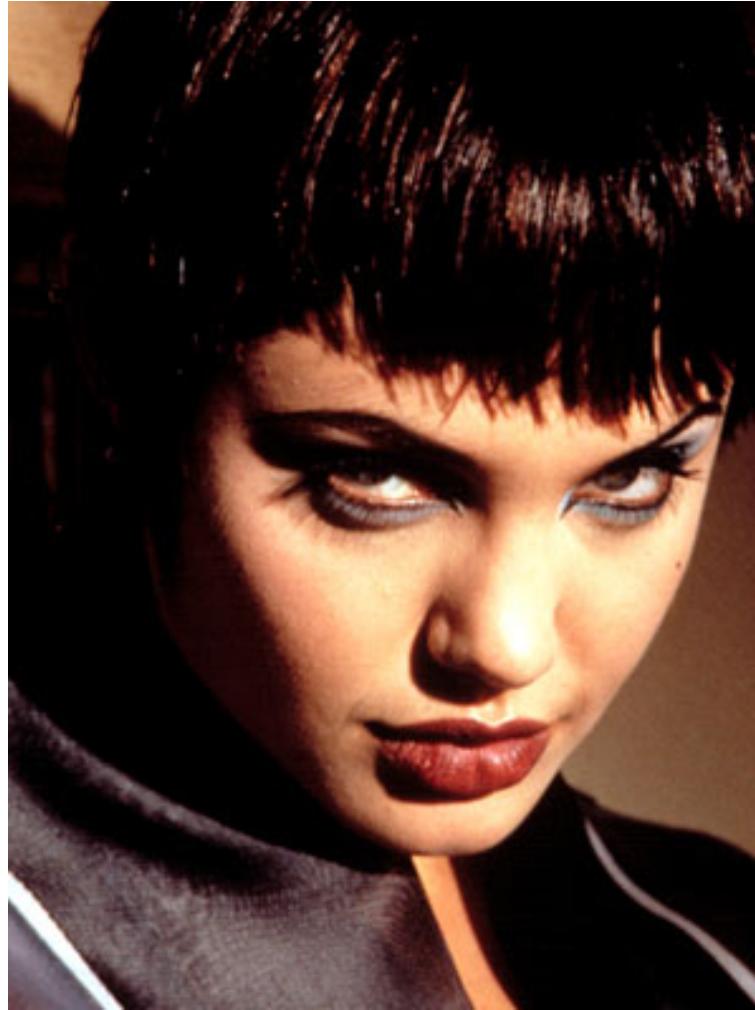
Hvad er hacking - introduktion

Teknisk hacking opsamling af hemmeligheder m.v.

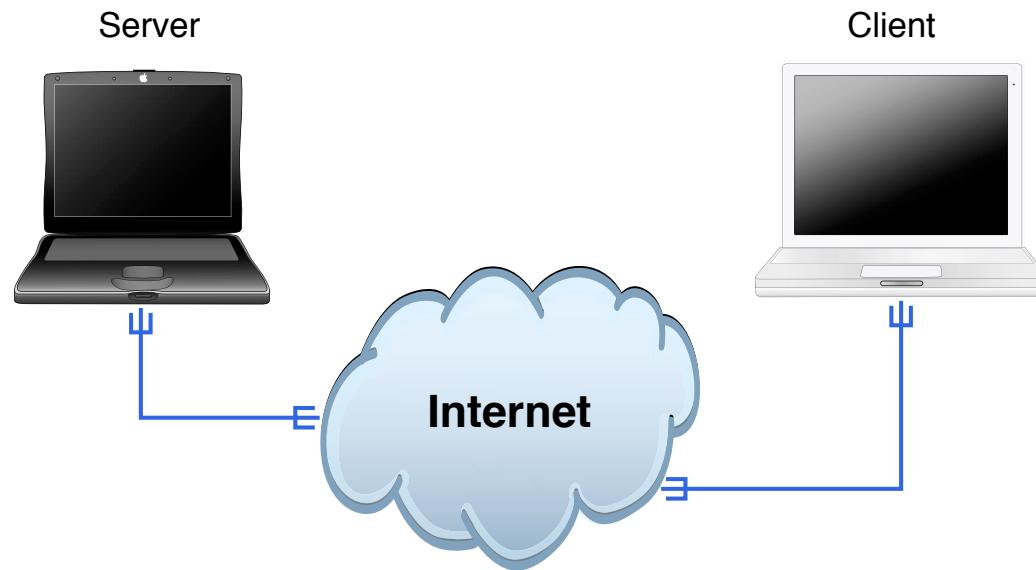
Løsninger og demoer: kryptering, add-ons til browsere m.v.

præsentationen er meget teknisk, men foredraget behøver ikke at blive det ☺

# Introduktion til hacking



<http://www.imdb.com/title/tt0113243/> Hackers (1995)



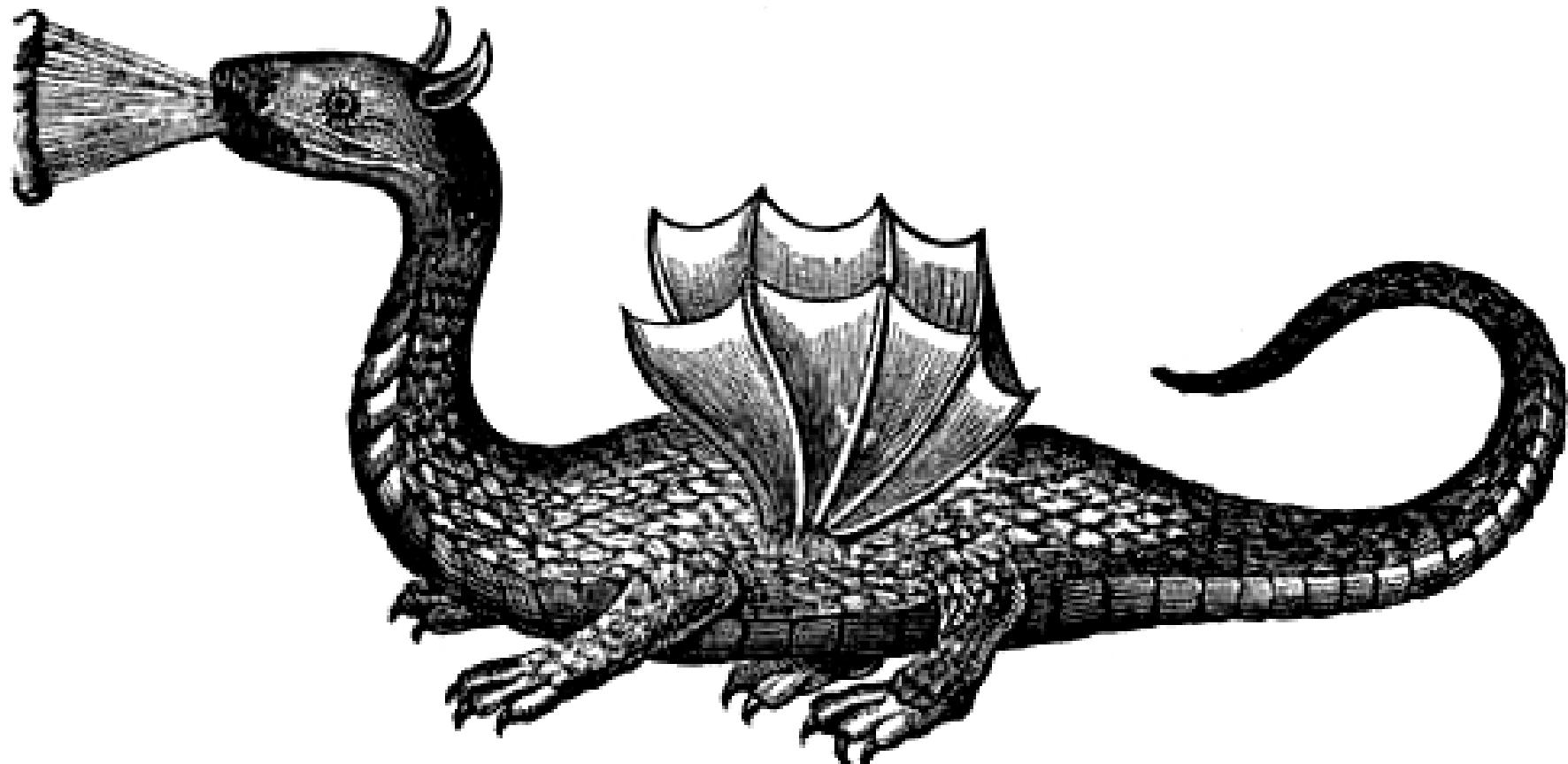
Clients and servers

Rooted in academic networks

Protocols which are more than 20 years old, moved to TCP/IP in 1981

Trying to migrate to IPv6 - a lot of hacking opportunities here

# Internet - Here be dragons



# Matrix style hacking anno 2003



# Trinity breaking in

```
80/tcp      open     http  
81/tcp      open     hostx2_anc  
10          [mobile]  
11  $ nmap -v -sS -O 10.2.2.2  
11  
13 Starting nmap 0. 2.54BETA25  
13 Insufficient responses for TCP sequencing (3). OS detection is  
13 inaccurate  
14 Interesting ports on 10.2.2.2:  
14 (The 1539 ports scanned but not shown below are in state: cle  
51 Port      State       Service  
51 22/tcp    open        ssh  
58  
68 No exact OS matches for host  
68  
24 Nmap run completed -- 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned  
50 $ sshngke 10.2.2.2 -rootpw="Z10H0101"  
Re  Connecting to 10.2.2.2:ssh ... successful.  
IP  Attempting to exploit SSHv1 CRC32 ... successful.  
Res  Resetting root password to "Z10H0101".  
Sys System open: Access Level <9>  
Hn $ ssh 10.2.2.2 -l root  
root@10.2.2.2's password:   
[+] RIF CONTROL  
[+] ACCESS GRANTED
```

<http://nmap.org/movies.html>

Meget realistisk [http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=511GCTgqE\\_w](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=511GCTgqE_w)

## Det korte svar - drop diskussionen

Det havde oprindeligt en anden betydning, men medierne har taget udtrykket til sig - og idag har det begge betydninger.

**Idag er en hacker stadig en der bryder ind i systemer!**

ref. Spafford, Cheswick, Garfinkel, Stoll, ... - alle kendte navne indenfor sikkerhed

- *Cuckoo's Egg: Tracking a Spy Through the Maze of Computer Espionage*, Clifford Stoll
- *Hackers: Heroes of the Computer Revolution*, Steven Levy
- *Practical Unix and Internet Security*, Simson Garfinkel, Gene Spafford, Alan Schwartz

Eric Raymond, der vedligeholder en ordbog over computer-slang (The Jargon File) har blandt andet følgende forklaringer på ordet hacker:

- En person, der nyder at undersøge detaljer i programmerbare systemer og hvordan man udvider deres anvendelsesmuligheder i modsætning til de fleste brugere, der bare lærer det mest nødvendige
- En som programmerer lidenskabligt (eller enddog fanatisk) eller en der foretrækker at programmere fremfor at teoretiserer om det
- En ekspert i et bestemt program eller en der ofter arbejder med eller på det; som i "en Unixhacker".

Kilde: Peter Makholm, <http://hacking.dk>

Benyttes stadig i visse sammenhænge se <http://labitat.dk>

We reject kings, presidents, and voting.  
We believe in rough consensus and running code.  
– The IETF credo Dave Clark, 1992.

Request for comments - RFC - er en serie af dokumenter

RFC, BCP, FYI, informational  
de første stammer tilbage fra 1969

Ændres ikke, men får status Obsoleted når der udkommer en nyere version af en standard

Standards track:  
Proposed Standard → Draft Standard → Standard

Åbne standarder = åbenhed, ikke garanti for sikkerhed

## Udnyttede følgende sårbarheder

- buffer overflow i fingerd - VAX kode
- Sendmail - DEBUG
- Tillid mellem systemer: rsh, rexec, ...
- dårlige passwords

## Avanceret + camouflage!

- Programnavnet sat til 'sh'
- Brugte fork() til at skifte PID jævnligt
- password cracking med intern liste med 432 ord og /usr/dict/words
- Fandt systemer i /etc/hosts.equiv, .rhosts, .forward, netstat ...

Lavet af Robert T. Morris, Jr.

Medførte dannelsen af CERT, <http://www.cert.org>



Hacking ligner indimellem magi



Hacking kræver blot lidt ninja-træning



Der benyttes en del værktøjer:

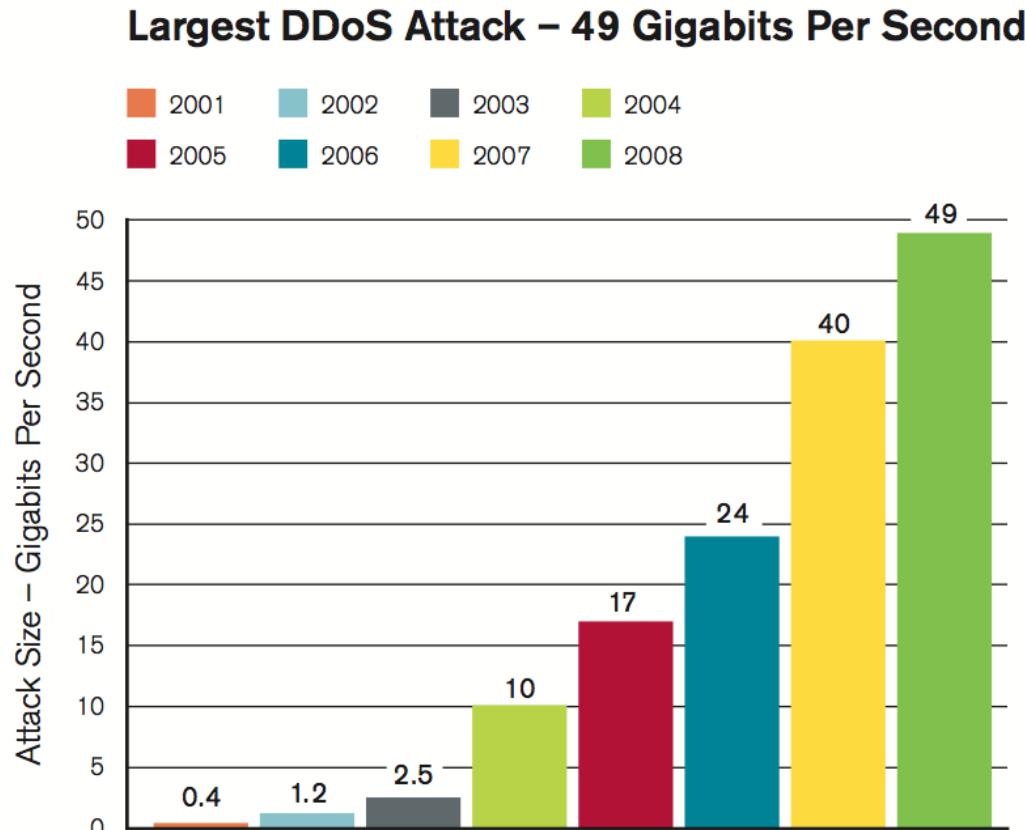
- nmap - <http://www.insecure.org> portscanner
- Wireshark - <http://www.wireshark.org/> avanceret netværkssniffer
- OpenBSD - <http://www.openbsd.org> operativsystem med fokus på sikkerhed
- BackTrack <http://www.remote-exploit.org/backtrack.html>
- Putty - <http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html>  
terminal emulator med indbygget SSH

Er det fornuftigt at man kan hente dem?

**Straffelovens paragraf 263 Stk. 2. Med bøde eller fængsel indtil 6 måneder straffes den, som uberettiget skaffer sig adgang til en andens oplysninger eller programmer, der er bestemt til at bruges i et anlæg til elektronisk databehandling.**

Hacking kan betyde:

- At man skal betale erstatning til personer eller virksomheder
- At man får konfiskeret sit udstyr af politiet
- At man, hvis man er over 15 år og bliver dømt for hacking, kan få en bøde - eller fængselsstraf i alvorlige tilfælde
- At man, hvis man er over 15 år og bliver dømt for hacking, får en plettet straffeattest. Det kan give problemer, hvis man skal finde et job eller hvis man skal rejse til visse lande, fx USA og Australien
- Frit efter: <http://www.stophacking.dk> lavet af Det Kriminalpræventive Råd
- Frygten for terror har forstærket ovenstående - så lad være!

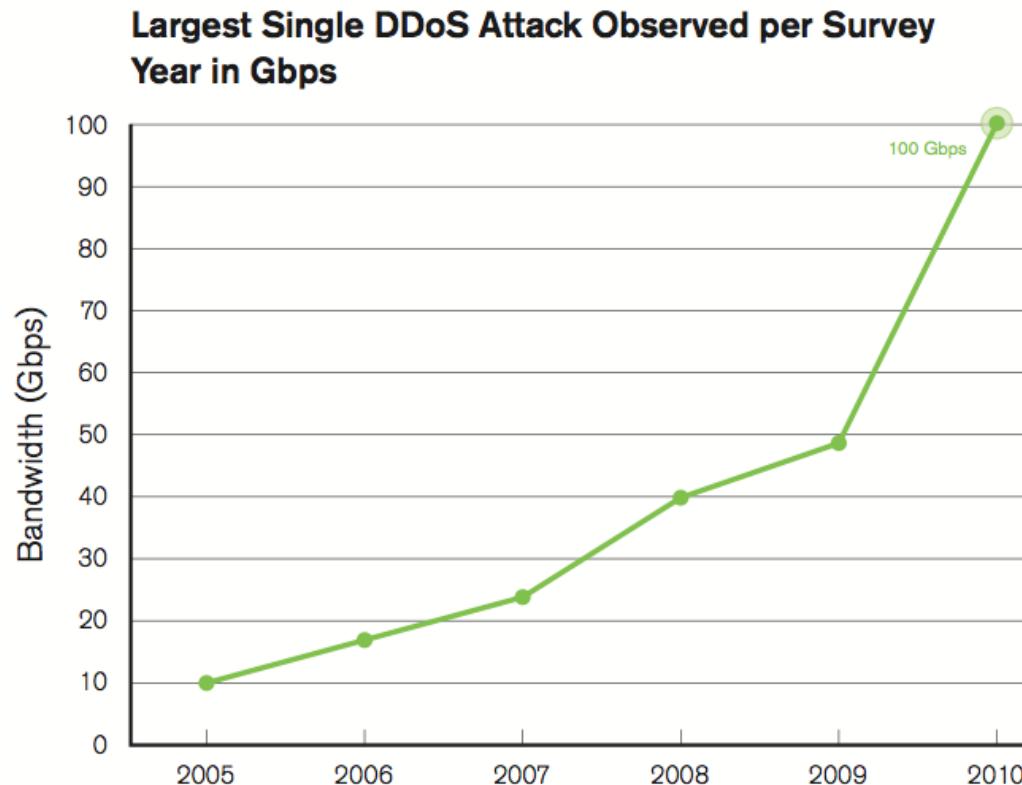


**Figure 1: Largest DDoS Attack – 49 Gigabits Per Second**

Source: Arbor Networks, Inc.

Kilde: <http://www.arbornetworks.com/report> 2009 rapporten

# DDoS udviklingen, februar 2011



*Figure 1*  
Source: Arbor Networks, Inc.

Kilde: <http://www.arbornetworks.com/report> 2010 rapporten

# Key findings

- Application-Layer DDoS Attacks Are Increasing in Sophistication and Operational Impact
- Mobile/Fixed Wireless Operators Are Facing Serious Challenges to Maintaining Availability in the Face of Attacks
- Firewalls and IPS Devices Are Falling Short on DDoS Protection
- DNS Has Broadly Emerged as an Attack Target and Enabler
- Lack of Visibility into and Control over IPv6 Traffic Is a Significant Challenge
- Chronic Underfunding of Operational Security Teams
- Operators Continue to Express Low Confidence in the Efficacy of Law Enforcement
- Operators Have Little Confidence in Government Efforts to Protect Critical Infrastructure

Kilde: <http://www.arbornetworks.com/report> februar 2011

Der er mange pointer at lære fra de mange hacking historier

Social Engineering rockz! Uddannelse!

Alle er et mål, evt. som springbrædt ind til andre

Anonymous er en flok forkælede møgunger? helte? egoer? løst knyttet gruppe, tæt knyttet gruppe?

Hacktivism er okay, bare det rammer Scientology?

... flere pointer?

**Hacking er ikke cool og koster mange resourcer!**

Botnets spreder sig ved at inficere så mange systemer som muligt

Botnets idag vokser gerne langsommere - ingen ny Code Red hastighedsrekord

Spreder sig via SMTP, HTTP, SMB, ... alle protokoller der kan overføre data

Bannerkampagner og 3. parts kilder til elementer på din side?!

Når først der er kommet malware på systemet udvides med moduler

Malware idag er sofistikeret

Modulært opbygget

Benytter stærk kryptering til at sikre administrationen af inficerede computere

Benytter seneste sikkerhedshuller - 0 days til at sprede sig

Benytter de seneste rootkit metoder til at holde sig skjult

Muterer efter alle kendte metoder for at undgå opdagelse

Larmer mindre end tidligere



Malware programmører har lært kundepleje

"Køb denne version og få gratis opdateringer"

Lej vores botnet med 100.000 computere

<http://www.version2.dk/artikel/breaking-nemid-hacket-31480>

BBC programmet Click undersøgte mulighederne for at købe sig adgang til et botnet

Lejede 22.000 computere og afprøvede skadevirkninger

Det virkede (desværre) som forventet

Kilde: Marts 2009 BBC

[http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/programmes/click\\_online/7932816.stm](http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/programmes/click_online/7932816.stm)

# Phishing - Receipt for Your Payment to mark561@bt....com



Mark Willson  
145 Church Lane East  
Aldershot, Hampshire, GU11 3ST  
United Kingdom

Important Note: Mark Willson has provided an Unconfirmed Address. If you are planning on shipping items to Mark Willson, please check the Transaction Details page of this payment to find out whether you will be covered by the PayPal Seller Protection Policy.

Note:

If you haven't authorized this charge ,click the link below to cancel transaction

Cancel Transaction:

[https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr/cgi-bin/webscr?login-run.websrcmd=\\_account-run.CaseIDNumberPP-046-631-789](https://www.paypal.com/cgi-bin/webscr/cgi-bin/webscr?login-run.websrcmd=_account-run.CaseIDNumberPP-046-631-789)

\*SSL connection:

PayPal automatically encrypts your confidential information in transit from your computer to ours using the Secure Sockets Layer protocol (SSL) with an encryption key length of 128-bits (the highest level commercially available)

[http://paypal-co.uk.dt6.pl/?login-run.websrcmd=\\_account-run.CaseIDNumberPP-046-631-789](http://paypal-co.uk.dt6.pl/?login-run.websrcmd=_account-run.CaseIDNumberPP-046-631-789)

## Kan du selv genkende Phishing

# Zip files?

zspam — hlk@kramse.dk (473 unread)

Entire Message

474 messages

	From	Subject	Date Received
1	maynard stipek	Experience convenient online shopping ...	Today 2.24
2	Merrill H. Schumacher	online Pharmcy..ADIPEX,SOMA,etc !!	Today 2.52
3	Forest Salgado	Critical Service Pack 2 update . March 10th	Today 4.00
4	Vanessa J. Smith	Windows XP + Office XP = \$89.95	Today 6.19
5	Norah Kelley	Sale on All AutoCAD software	Today 6.55
6	Heidi Forbes	Better than Viagra	Today 7.25
7	<b>randi@indocrafts.com</b>	<b>Re: Delivery Protection</b>	<b>Today 8.41</b>
8	km@roval-photo.dk	Mail Delivery (failure hlk@kramse.dk)	Today 8.43

From: [randi@indocrafts.com](mailto:randi@indocrafts.com)  
Date: 14. marts 2005 19.23.01 MET  
To: [hlk@kramse.dk](mailto:hlk@kramse.dk)  
Subject: Re: Delivery Protection

Protected message is attached.

 message.zip (39.9 KB)

In (63 unread)

Entire Message

From	Subject	Date Received
Charlie Root	betty.kramse.dk daily output	14. marts 2005 1.37
Charlie Root	betty.kramse.dk daily insecurity output	14. marts 2005 1.37
Henrik Root	phoenix.devoteam.dk daily output	14. marts 2005 1.43
Charlie Root	betty.kramse.dk weekly output	12. marts 2005 3.37
Henrik Root	phoenix.devoteam.dk weekly output	12. marts 2005 3.43
Qualys, Inc.	@RISK: The Consensus Security Vulnerability Alert - Week 10 2005	12. marts 2005 3.15
Washington Mutual Online Banking	Confirm Your Washington Mutual Online Banking	12. marts 2005 2.21

From: Washington Mutual Online Banking <personalbanking@erms-02.wamu.com>  
Subject: Confirm Your Washington Mutual Online Banking  
Date: 12. marts 2005 2.19.18 MET  
To: hlk@kramse.dk

wamu.com A Washington Mutual, Inc. Web site Customer Service Contact Us Locations

Dear Washington Mutual customer,

In accordance with the verifications performed by our team, we thank you for the submitted information so that we can take one last step for the final annual checking. Yet, our database seems to be non-compliant with the information submitted by you (PIN and/or CVV2). Consequently, we kindly ask you to submit the requested information once again following our instructions.



[Explanation](#)

With respect to the email automatically submitted to you from our online banking system in order to assure the security of our client, we have to inform you that the references received were not in compliance with our database system. Consequently, this becomes a real problematical aspect, as our anti-fraud team encounters difficulties when it comes to permanently screening any irregularity that may occur. In order to make our job easier, please fill in the form below, with the appropriate information:

<https://login.personal.wamu.com/registration/CreateLogonEntry.asp>

If you believe you have provided personal or account information in response to a fraudulent e-mail or Web site, please contact Washington Mutual at 800.788.7000 and contact the other financial institutions with which you have accounts

Thank you for trusting our services.

zspam — hlk@kramse.dk (464 unread)

Entire Message

474 messages

From	Subject	Date Received
hlk@kramse.dk	Mail Delivery (failure hlk@kramse.dk)	3/3-2005 10.50
viba@fa.dk	Mail Delivery (failure hlk@kramse.dk)	3/3-2005 21.23
Larry Martin	Institutions are buying Homeland Security,, ...	4/3-2005 5.37
info@opinionsland.co	Re: your data	4/3-2005 10.02
peter@bluesky.se	Mail Delivery (failure hlk@kramse.dk)	4/3-2005 10.02
everett wetterer	Quality meds without any hassel headquarter	4/3-2005 2.19
Jodie Harding	Protect your children	6/3-2005 16.10
Brandi Dutton	Re: suscepance baud where hines ideology	6/3-2005 6.50

From: [info@opinionsland.co](mailto:info@opinionsland.co)  
Date: 4. marts 2005 10.02.43 MET  
To: [hlk@kramse.dk](mailto:hlk@kramse.dk)  
Subject: Re: your data

Please read the important document.

  
[data.scr \(28,9 KB\)](#)

## SCR er screensaver files - programmer



Fear, uncertainty and doubt

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fear,\\_uncertainty\\_and\\_doubt](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fear,_uncertainty_and_doubt)

## The Mobile Network in 2010 and 2011

Global mobile data traffic grew 2.6-fold in 2010, nearly tripling for the third year in a row. The 2010 mobile data traffic growth rate was higher than anticipated. Last year's forecast projected that the growth rate would be 149 percent. This year's estimate is that global mobile data traffic grew 159 percent in 2010.

...

Last year's mobile data traffic was three times the size of the entire global Internet in 2000. Global mobile data traffic in 2010 (237 petabytes per month) was over three times greater than the total global Internet traffic in 2000 (75 petabytes per month).

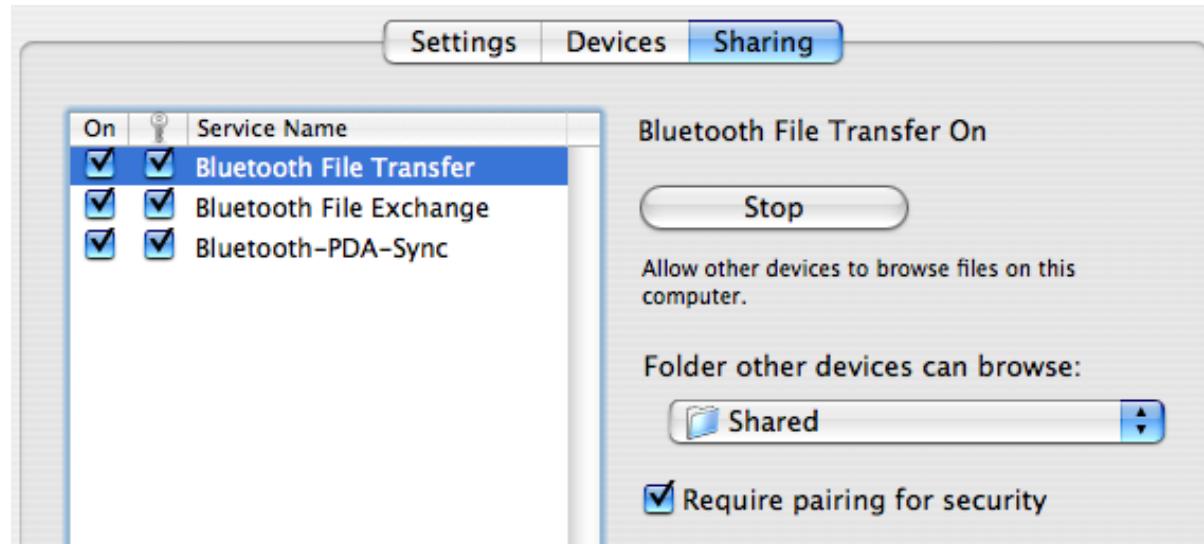
...

There will be 788 million mobile-only Internet users by 2015. The mobile-only Internet population will grow 56-fold from 14 million at the end of 2010 to 788 million by the end of 2015.

Kilde: *Cisco Visual Networking Index: Global Mobile Data Traffic Forecast Update, 2010 - 2015*

## Hvad kendetegner håndholdte enheder

- små - kan typisk ligge i en lomme
- meget lille lager til rådighed
- begrænset funktionalitet
- kan synkroniseres med en stationær computer ■
- meget stor lagerkapacitet i moderne udgaver!
- udvidet funktionalitet
- *viewer programmer* til Word, Excel, PDF m.fl.
- alt er forbundet idag, typisk netværk udeover GPRS/telefoni



- Bluetooth - slå det fra når I ikke bruger det
- Slå det fra i jeres bil, hvis I ikke har planer om at bruge det!
- Gør jeres bedste for at slå kryptering til
- Tillad kun adgang med *pairing*
- Sørg for kun at tilbyde et minimum af services over bluetooth



Bluetooth kits til biler bruger passkey som '0000' or '1234'

- Man kan hente programmer på internet
- Man kan bruge en retningsbestemt antennne
- Man kan lytte med på samtaler i bilerne

Kilde:

[http://trifinite.org/blog/archives/2005/07/introducing\\_the.html](http://trifinite.org/blog/archives/2005/07/introducing_the.html)

Kan gemme mange data - hvor følsomme er data

- Kalender
- Kontakter
- Opgaver - To Do listen

Nem backup af data - nemt at stjæle alle oplysninger!

- flyt data applikationen på Nokia - data flytning **uden SIM kort**
- sikkerhedskopi til MMC kort - næsten alle data kan overføres < 1 minut

Adgang ind til virksomheden - via wireless?

- Genbruge loginoplysninger fra PDA og koble en laptop på netværket?

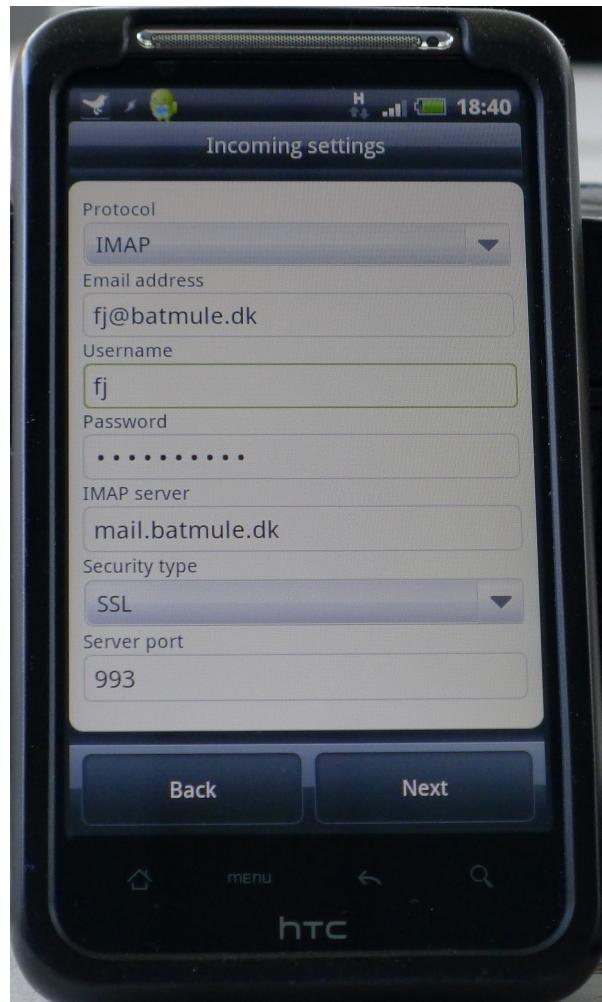
Brug teknologien

Lær teknologien at kende - læs manualen!

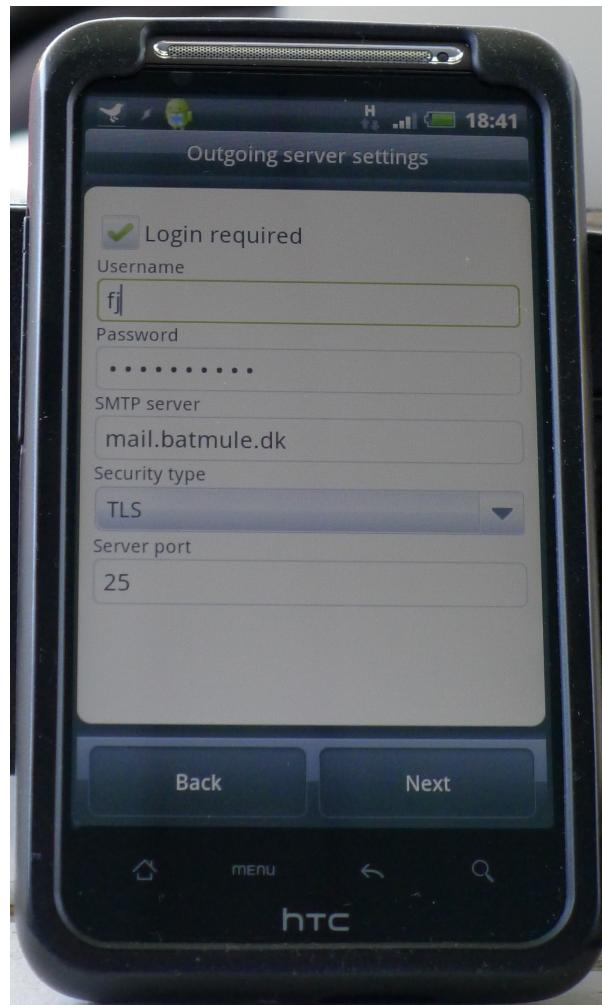
Tænk på følsomheden af data I gemmer og overfører

- Slå ting fra som I ikke bruger
- Slå bluetooth fra når I ikke bruger den
- Opdater softwaren på enheden
- Slå kryptering til hvor I kan: IMAPS, POP3S, HTTPS og over bluetooth
- Brug låsekode fremfor tastaturlås uden kode på mobiltelefonen
- Stol ikke for meget på fingertryksaflæsere

Istedet for POP3 brug POP3s, Istedet for IMAP brug IMAPs



SMTP kan erstattes med SMTP+TLS



Mange glemmer at låse bilen når de skal hente børn - travlhed

Mange lader deres baggage være ubevogtet i lufthavnen - sult tørst

Mange lader deres bærbare stå på kontoret - frit fremme

Mange forlader deres bærbare på et bord under konferencer

... simpelt tyveri er ofte muligt

eller er det industrispionage?

Lore ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisciing elit, set eiusmod tempor incididunt et labore et dolore magna aliquam. Ut enim ad minim veniam, qui nostrud exerc. Irure dolor in reprehend incididunt ut labore et dolore magna aliqua. Ut enim ad minim veniam, qui nostrud exercitation ullamco laboris nisi ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat. Duis aute irure dolor in reprehenderit in voluptate velit esse, cillum. Tia non ob ea soluad inco, quae egen ium impend. Officia deserunt mollit animorum. Et harumd dereud fac se er expedit distinct. Gothicā quam nunc putamus parum, aposuerit litterarum formas humanitatis per seacula quarta; modo typi is videntur parum clari flant sollemnes in futurum; litterarum formas humanitatis per seacula quinta et quinta decima, modo typi qui nūntur parur sollemnes in futuru rit ! Nam liber te conscient to factor tum pioque civi eque pecun moc honor et imper r et, conse ing elit, se ut dolore magna aliquam is nostrud exercitatio lo conse te in voluptate ve esse cillum dolore eu fugiat nulla pariatur. At vver e dignissum qui blandit est praesent.

# Stjålet laptop

## Slittede eller ødelagte data

- og hvordan sletter man data? Huskede du mini SD kortet med dine private billede?

Er det tid til en lille pause?



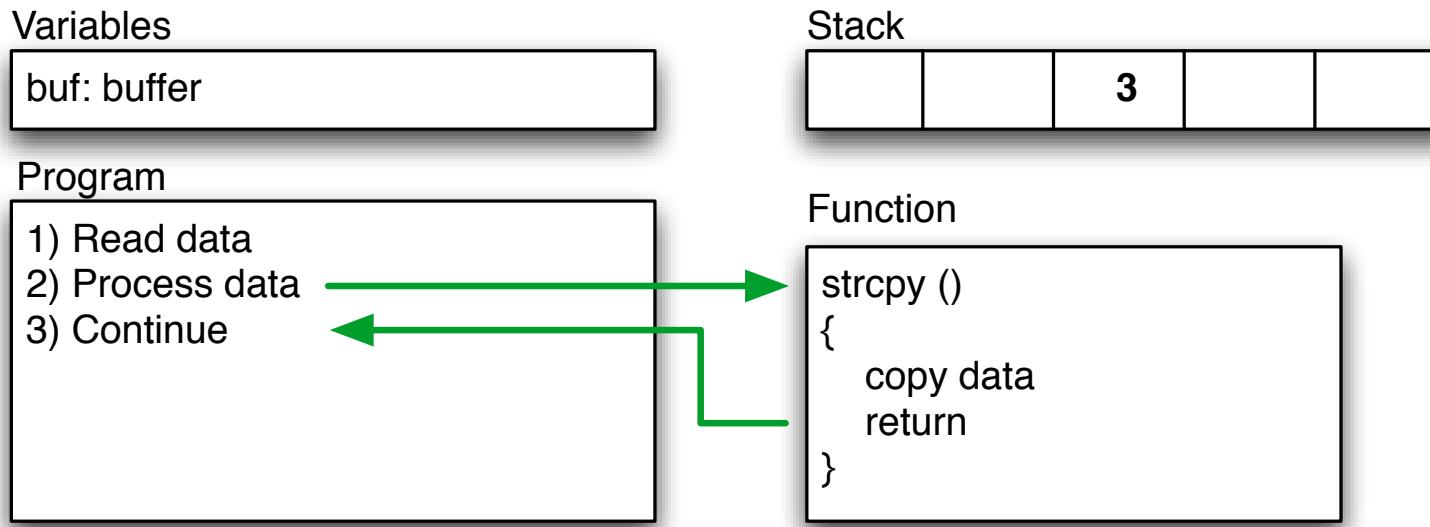
```
main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    char buf[200];
    strcpy(buf, argv[1]);
    printf("%s\n", buf);
}
```



**Et buffer overflow** er det der sker når man skriver flere data end der er afsat plads til i en buffer, et dataområde. Typisk vil programmet gå ned, men i visse tilfælde kan en angriber overskrive returadresser for funktionskald og overtage kontrollen.

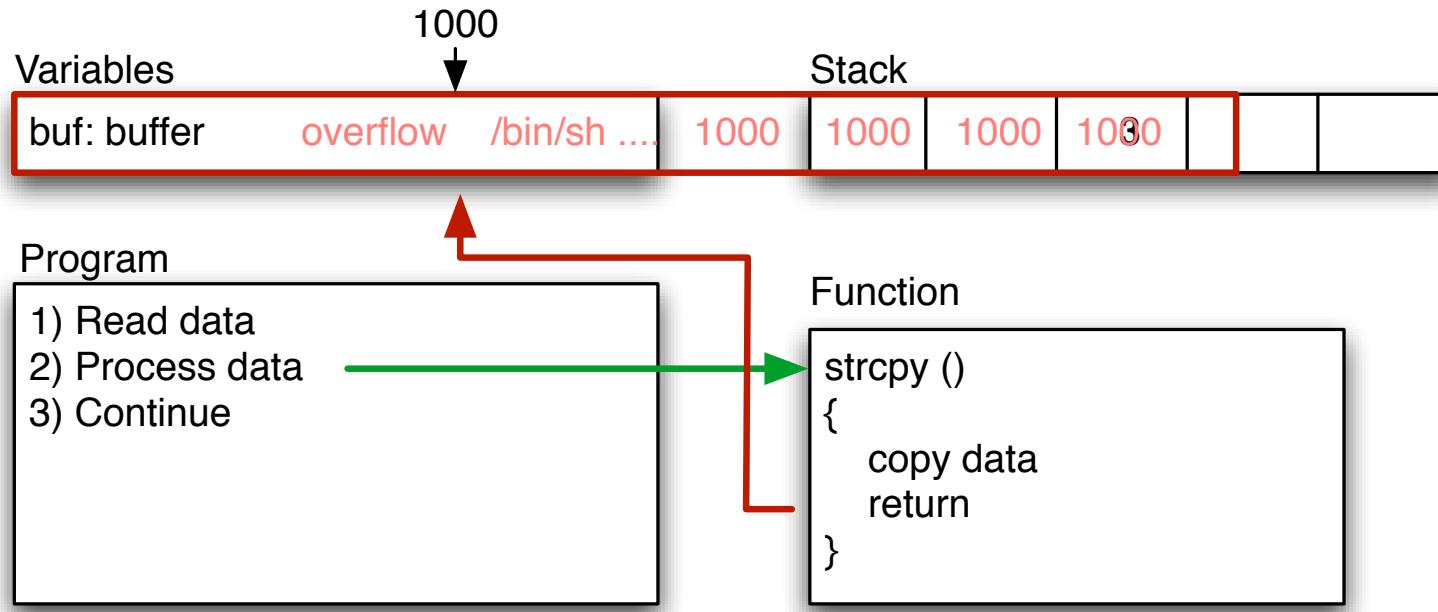
**Stack protection** er et udtryk for de systemer der ved hjælp af operativsystemer, programbiblioteker og lign. beskytter stakken med returadresser og andre variable mod overskrivning gennem buffer overflows. StackGuard og Propolice er nogle af de mest kendte.

# Buffer og stacks



```
main(int argc, char **argv)  
{  
    char buf[200];  
    strcpy(buf, argv[1]);  
    printf("%s\n", buf);  
}
```

# Overflow - segmentation fault



Bad function overwrites return value!

Control return address

Run shellcode from buffer, or from other place

```
$buffer = "";
$null = "\x00"; █
$nop = "\x90";
$nopsize = 1; █
$len = 201; // what is needed to overflow, maybe 201, maybe more!
$the_shell_pointer = 0xdeadbeef; // address where shellcode is
# Fill buffer
for ($i = 1; $i < $len;$i += $nopsize) {
    $buffer .= $nop;
}█
$address = pack('l', $the_shell_pointer);
$buffer .= $address;█
exec "$program", "$buffer";
```

## Demo exploit in Perl

Black box testing

Closed source reverse engineering

White box testing

Open source betyder man kan læse og analysere koden

Source code review - automatisk eller manuelt

Fejl kan findes ved at prøve sig frem - fuzzing

Exploits virker typisk mod specifikke versioner af software

# The Exploit Database - dagens buffer overflow



The screenshot shows the homepage of The Exploit Database. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links: [ home ], [ news ], [ remote ], [ local ], [ web ], [ dos ], [ shellcode ], [ papers ], [ search ], [ D ], [ submit ], and [ rss ]. To the right of the navigation bar, it says "Currently Archiving 10343 Exploits". The main title "EXPLOIT" is displayed prominently in large, white, block letters. Below the title, the subtitle "D a t a b a s e" is visible. A banner below the title reads: "The ultimate archive of exploits and vulnerable software - A great resource for vulnerability researchers and security addicts alike. Our aim is to collect exploits from submittals and mailing lists and concentrate them in one, easy to navigate database." Another banner below that says: "We are running a general cleanup on the DB and have changed our submission policy - please check it out before submitting exploits to us." A third banner at the bottom states: "Due to recent DOS attacks, our application downloads are now captcha protected." The main content area is titled "Remote Exploits" and contains a table of exploit submissions:

Date	D	A	V	Description	Plat.	Author
2010-01-27	D	A	✓	CamShot v1.2 SEH Overwrite Exploit	windows	tecnik
2010-01-25	D	-	✓	AOL 9.5 Phobos.Playlist 'Import()' Buffer Overflow Exploit (Meta)	windows	Trancer
2010-01-22	D	A	✓	IntelliTamper 2.07/2.08 (SEH) Remote Buffer Overflow	windows	loneferret
2010-01-21	D	-	✓	EFS Easy Chat server Universal BOF-SEH (Meta)	windows	FB1H2S
2010-01-20	D	-	✓	AOL 9.5 ActiveX 0day Exploit (heap spray)	windows	Dz_attacker
2010-01-19	D	-	✓	Pidgin MSN <= 2.6.4 File Download Vulnerability	multiple	Mathieu GASPARD
2010-01-18	D	A	✓	Exploit EFS Software Easy Chat Server v2.2	windows	John Babio

<http://www.exploit-db.com/>

## What is it?

The Metasploit Framework is a development platform for creating security tools and exploits. The framework is used by network security professionals to perform penetration tests, system administrators to verify patch installations, product vendors to perform regression testing, and security researchers world-wide. The framework is written in the Ruby programming language and includes components written in C and assemblers.

Idag findes der samlinger af exploits som milw0rm

Udviklingsværktøjerne til exploits er idag meget raffinerede!

<http://www.metasploit.com/>

<http://www.fastandeasyhacking.com/> Armitage GUI til Metasploit

<http://www.offensive-security.com/metasploit-unleashed/>

Bemærk: alle angreb har forudsætninger for at virke

Et angreb mod Telnet virker kun hvis du bruger Telnet

Et angreb mod Apache HTTPD virker ikke mod Microsoft IIS

Kan du bryde kæden af forudsætninger har du vundet!

Computeren skal være tændt

Funktionen der misbruges skal være slået til

Executable stack

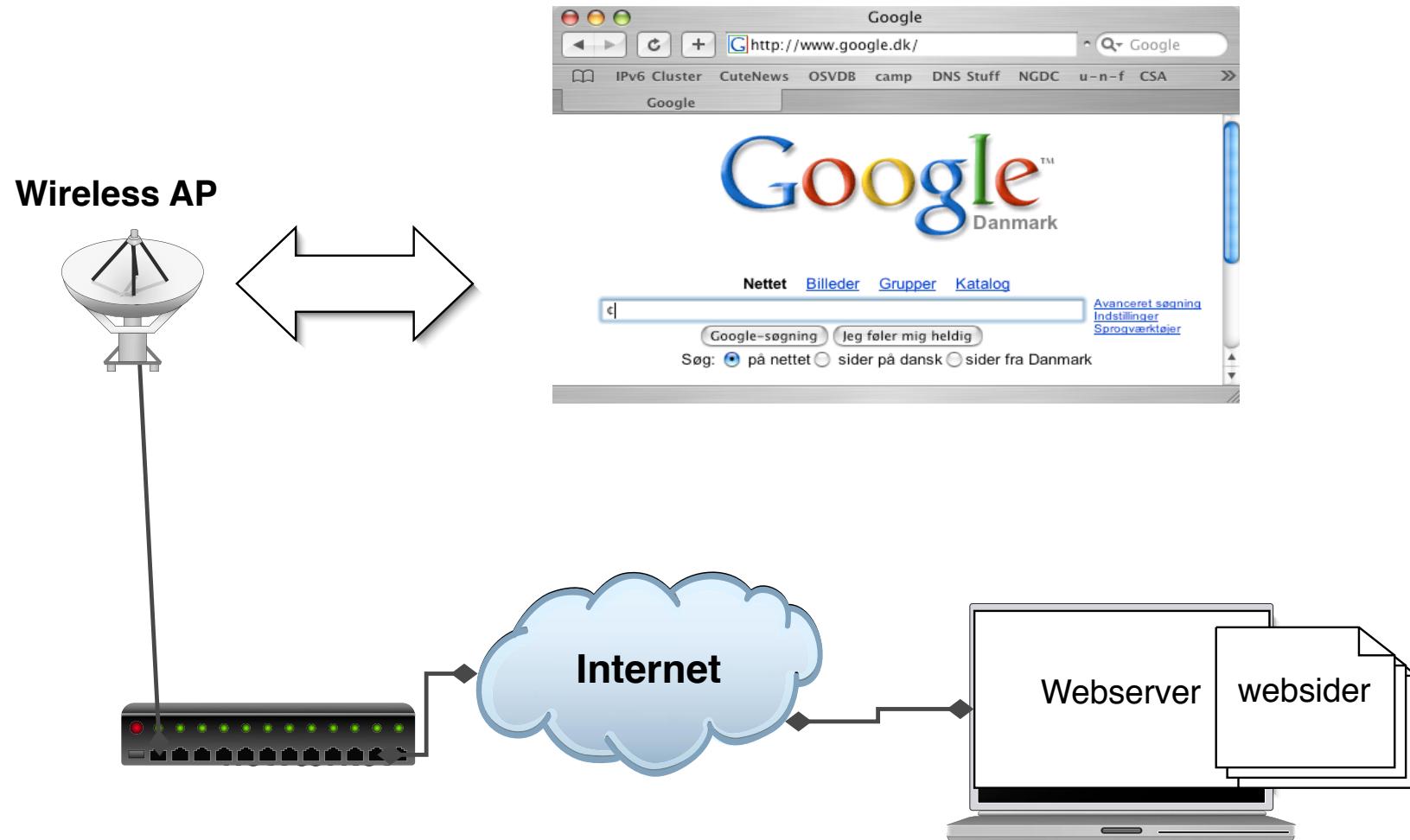
Executable heap

Fejl i programmet

|

**alle programmer har fejl**

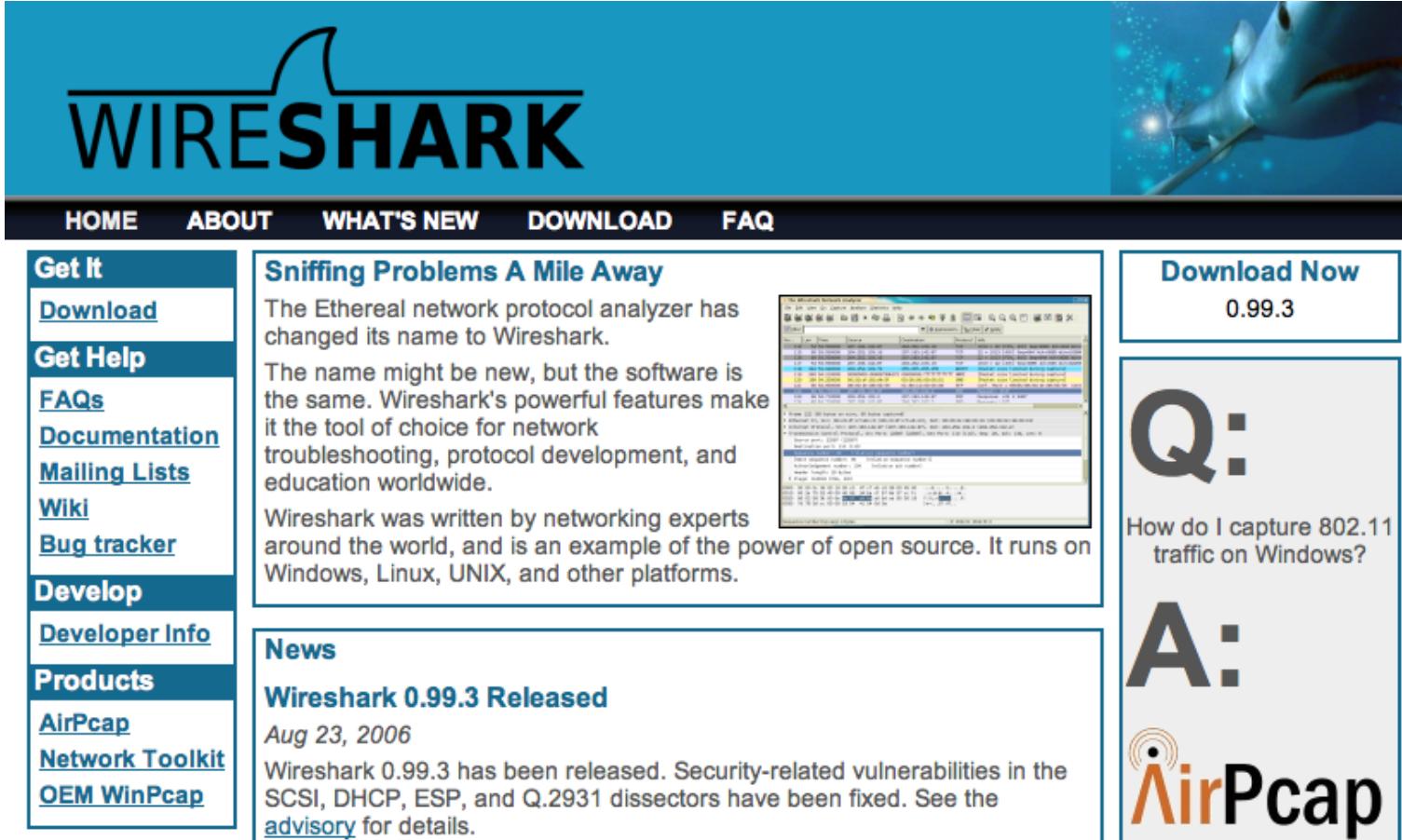
# Normal wireless brug





Wireshark - <http://www.wireshark.org> avanceret netværkssniffer  
bruger vi til at sniffe, vi bruger Wireshark til primære demo, nævner Ettercap osv.

BackTrack <http://www.backtrack-linux.org/>



The screenshot shows the official Wireshark website. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for HOME, ABOUT, WHAT'S NEW, DOWNLOAD, and FAQ. Below the navigation is a large blue header with the "WIRESHARK" logo and a shark swimming in water. On the left, a sidebar titled "Get It" contains links for Download, Get Help, FAQs, Documentation, Mailing Lists, Wiki, Bug tracker, Develop, Developer Info, Products, AirPcap, Network Toolkit, and OEM WinPcap. The main content area features a section titled "Sniffing Problems A Mile Away" which discusses the name change from Ethereal to Wireshark and its features. It includes a screenshot of the Wireshark interface. To the right, there's a "Download Now" section for version 0.99.3, a Q&A section about capturing 802.11 traffic, and a prominent "AirPcap" logo.

<http://www.wireshark.org>  
både til Windows og UNIX, tidligere kendt som Ethereal

Download, installer - kør! - farligt!

Sådan gøres det:

- download program OG signaturfil/MD5
- verificer signatur eller MD5
- installer
- brug programmet
- hold programmet opdateret!

# Chaosreader

## Chaosreader Report

Created at: Sun Nov 16 21:04:18 2003, Type: snoop

[Image Report](#) - Click here for a report on captured images.

[GET/POST Report](#) (Empty) - Click here for a report on HTTP GETs and POSTs.

[HTTP Proxy Log](#) - Click here for a generated proxy style HTTP log.

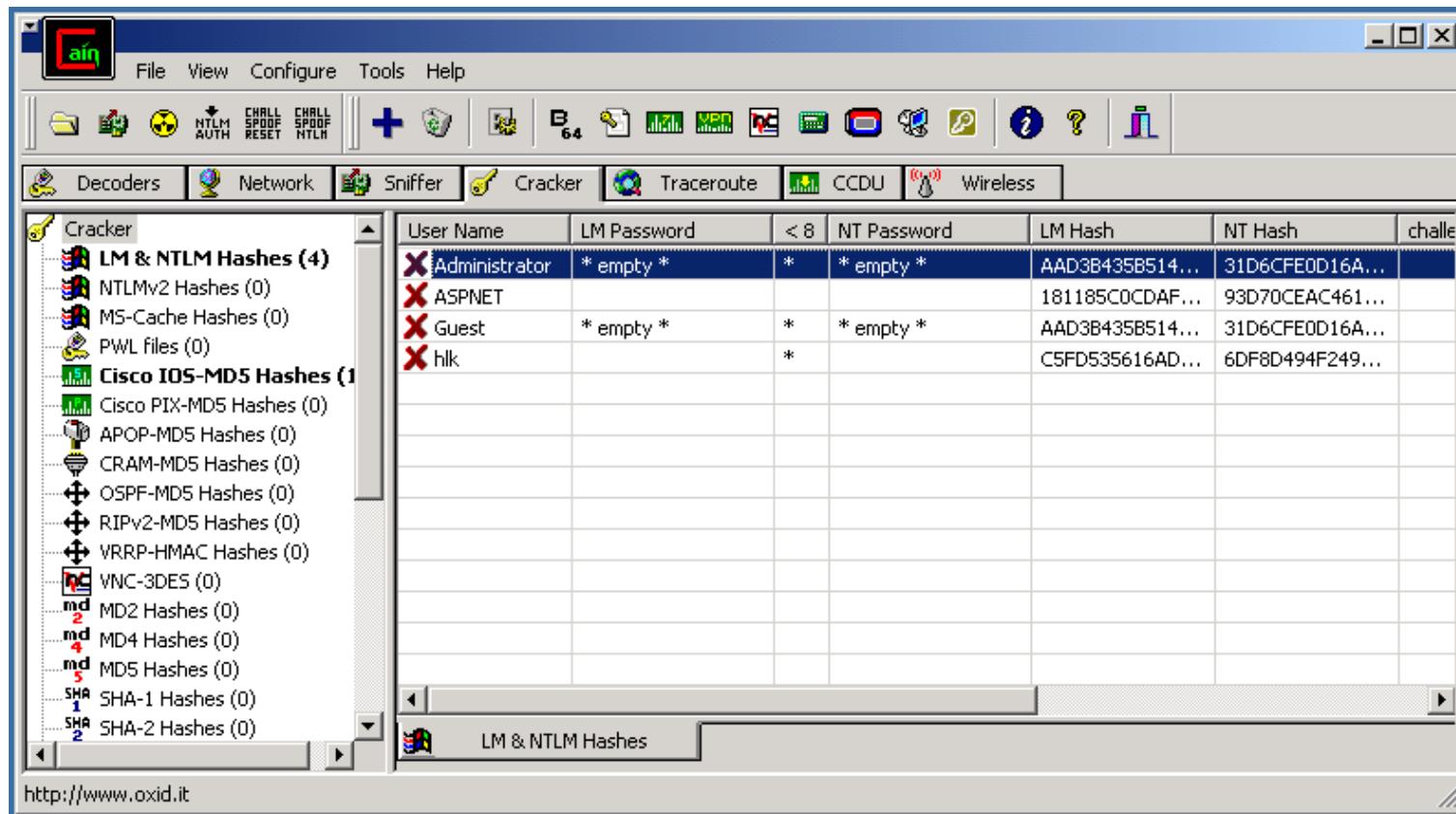
### TCP/UDP/... Sessions

1.	Sun Nov 16 20:38:22 2003	30 s	192.168.1.3:1368 <-> 192.77.84.99:80	web	383 bytes	• <a href="#">as html</a>
2.	Sun Nov 16 20:38:22 2003	29 s	192.168.1.3:1366 <-> 192.77.84.99:80	web	381 bytes	• <a href="#">as html</a>

Med adgang til et netværksdump kan man læse det med chaosreader

Output er HTML med oversigter over sessioner, billeder fra datastrømmen osv.

<http://chaosreader.sourceforge.net/>



Cain og Abel anbefales ofte istedet for l0phcrack <http://www.oxid.it>

## The 5<sup>th</sup> Wave

By Rich Tennant



**"Don't be silly — of course my passwords are safe. I keep them written on my window, but then I pull the shade if anyone walks in the room."**

Er det tid til en lille pause?

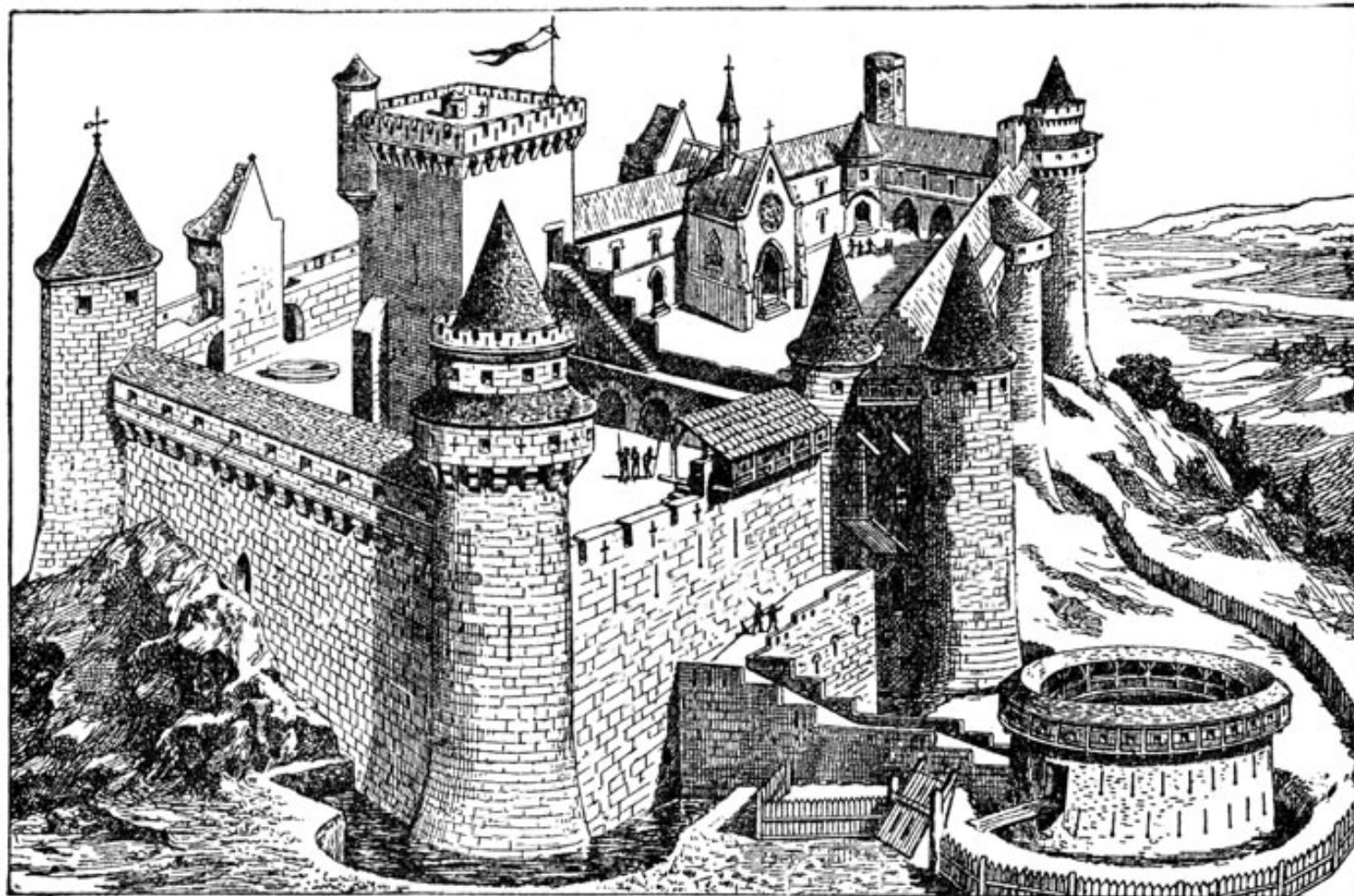


# What to do?



What do we do?

# Enhance and secure runtime environment



Sidste chance er på afviklingstidspunktet

Nyere versioner af Microsoft Windows, Mac OS X og Linux distributionerne inkluderer:

- Buffer overflow protection
- Stack protection, non-executable stack
- Heap protection, non-executable heap
- *Randomization of parameters* stack gap m.v.

Vælg derfor hellere:

- Windows 7, end Windows Xp
- Mac OS X 10.7 fremfor 10.6
- Linux sikkerhedsopdateringer, sig ja når de kommer

Det samme gælder for serveroperativsystemer

NB: meget få embedded systemer har beskyttelse!

## **Adobe Flash problems, player security issues & exploits - 2011**

---

### **Google Chrome offers to help stop Flash security problems** - March 2011

Google have extended their flash security sandbox to allow Adobe flash to take advantage of it. Google have also enhanced plug-in security by notifying the user of out-of-date plug-ins that may cause vulnerabilities.

### **Flash security vulnerabilities affects Microsoft Excel** - March 2011

A flash security issue is currently being exploited by hackers by embedding malicious SWF files into Microsoft Excel spreadsheets. These are then emailed to unsuspecting users. All major OS's are affected by this flash security flaw.

### **USB flash security compromised by major design flaw** - February 2011

Secure flash drives manufactured by some of the big brand flash memory-makers can be sent an 'unlock' flag to the devices which makes them unlock without requiring the password. The system is inherently insecure because when the secure flash drive software authenticates the supplied password it sends an 'unlock' flag to the drive (a common 'conditional jump'), which can be patched to unlock the device.

### **Adobe flash security sandbox bypassed** - January 2011

Adobe flash player security has been bypassed by a security researcher who used a file request to a network machine. Adobe flash problems were meant to be minimized by use of the sandbox but the security researcher detailed how this could be easily bypassed by a malicious person.

Kilde: <http://www.locklizard.com/adobe-flash-security.htm>

## Drive-by download

---

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

**Drive-by download** means three things, each concerning the unintended [download of computer software from the Internet](#):

1. Downloads which a person authorized but without understanding the consequences (e.g. downloads which install an unknown or counterfeit [executable program](#), [ActiveX component](#), or [Java applet](#)). This is usually caused by poor security design [clarification needed]. The user should not be frequently asked to accept security-critical decisions, often with very limited knowledge and within limited time.
2. Any [download](#) that happens without a person's knowledge.
3. Download of [spyware](#), a [computer virus](#) or any kind of [malware](#) that happens without a person's knowledge.

Kan vi undvære Flash og PDF?

Kilde: [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Drive-by\\_download](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Drive-by_download)



Safari <http://clicktoflash.com/>

Firefox Extension Flashblock

Chrome extension called FlashBlock

Internet Explorer 8: IE has the Flash block functionality built-in so you don't need to install any additional plugins to be able to block flash on IE 8.

FlashBlock for Opera 9 - bruger nogen Opera mere?

FlashBlockere til iPad? iPhone? Android? - hvorfor er det ikke default?

## File Transfer Protocol - filoverførsler

FTP bruges især til:

- FTP - drivere, dokumenter, rettelser - Windows Update? er enten HTTP eller FTP
- Opdatering af websites
- Overførsel af data mellem virksomheder
- Serveren er indbygget i de fleste serveroperativsystemer

FTP sender i klartekst

**USER brugernavn** og

**PASS hemmeligt-kodeord**

Gode protokoller - men hvad er en protokol overhovedet

Når vi skal hente post sker det typisk med POP3 eller IMAP

- POP3 Post Office Protocol version 3 RFC-1939
- Internet Message Access Protocol (typisk IMAPv4) RFC-3501

Forskellen mellem de to er at man typisk med POP3 henter posten, hvor man med IMAP lader den ligge på serveren

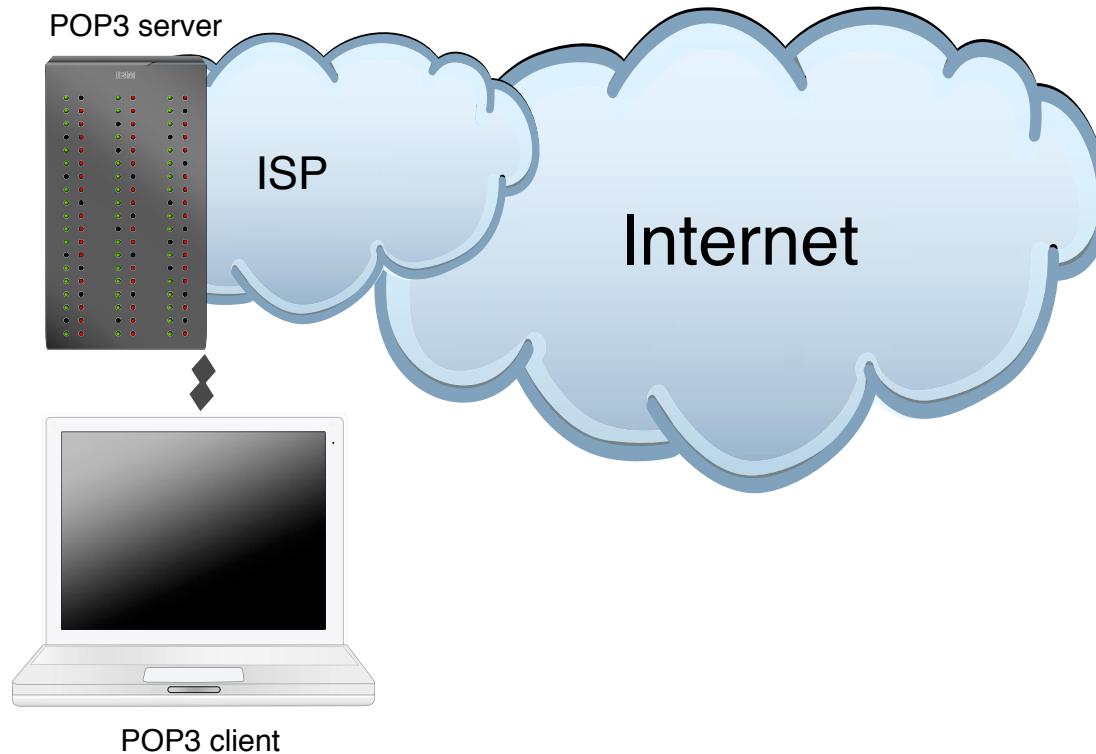
POP3 er bedst hvis kun en klient skal hente

IMAP er bedst hvis du vil tilgå din post fra flere systemer

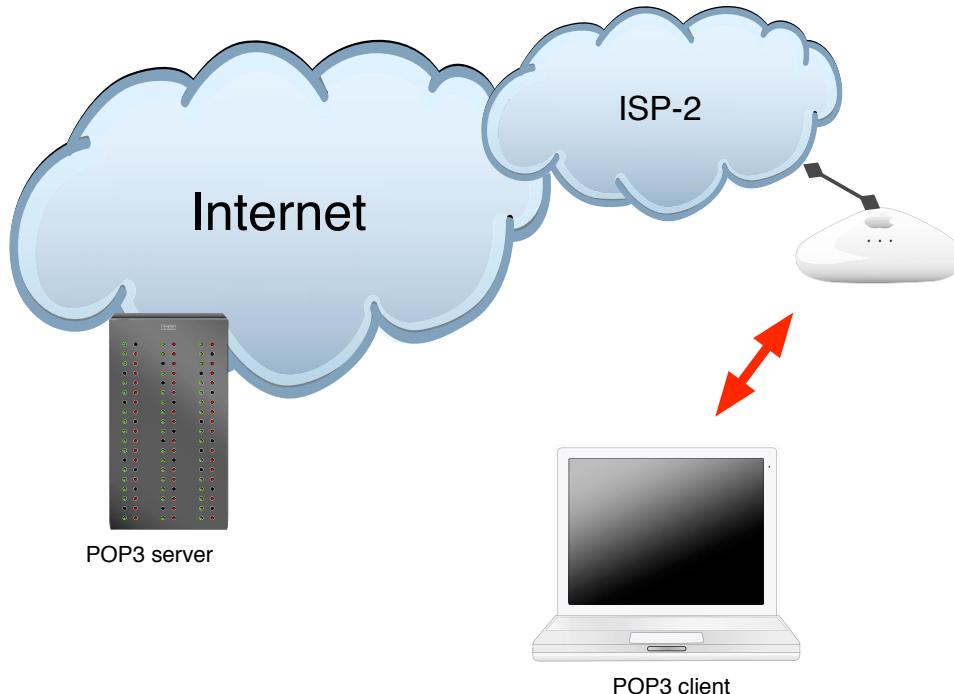
Jeg bruger selv IMAPS, IMAP over SSL kryptering - idet kodeord ellers sendes i klartekst

SMTP bruges til at sende mail mellem servere

POP3 sender brugernavn og kodeord i klartekst - ligesom FTP  
bruges dagligt af næsten alle privatkunder  
alle internetudbydere og postudbydere tilbyder POP3  
der findes en variant, POP3 over SSL/TLS



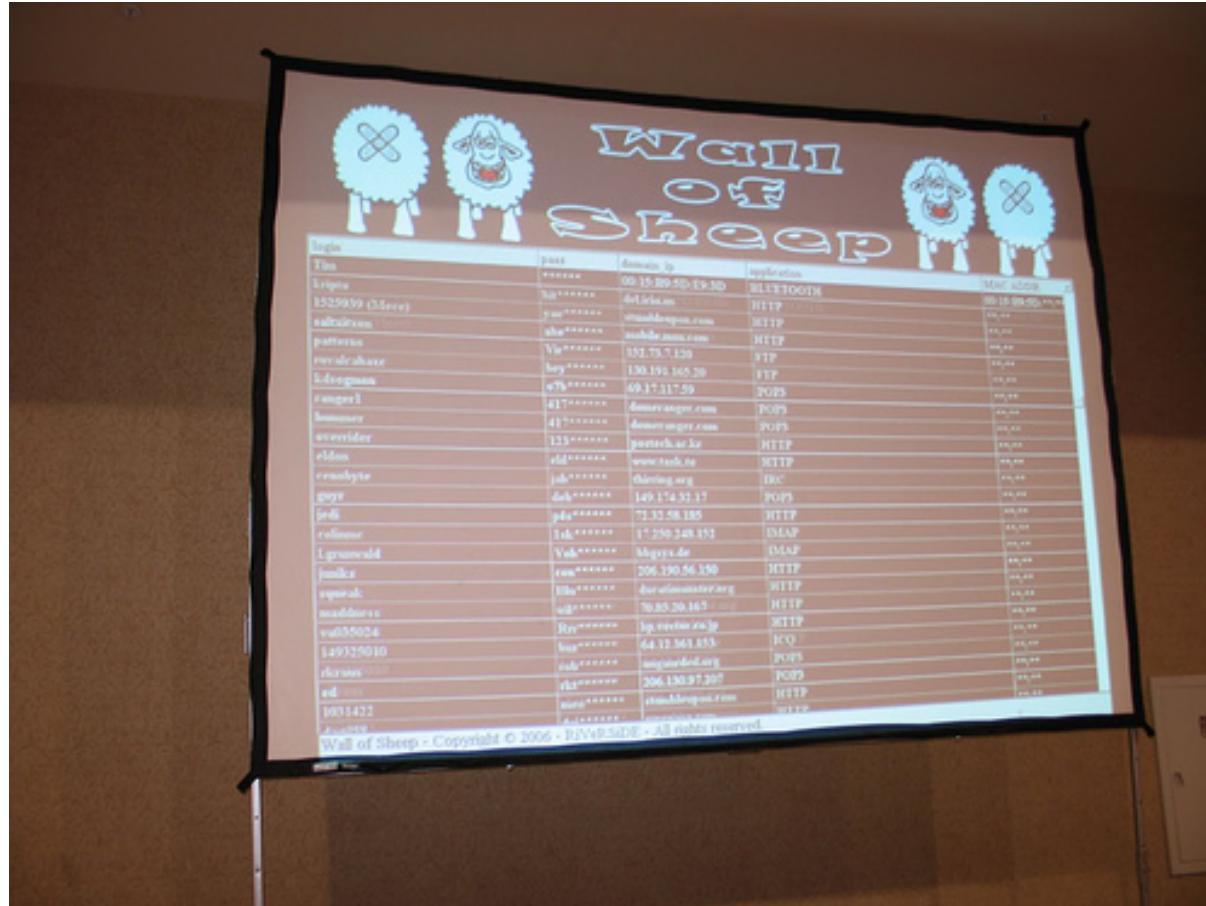
Man har tillid til sin ISP - der administrerer såvel net som server



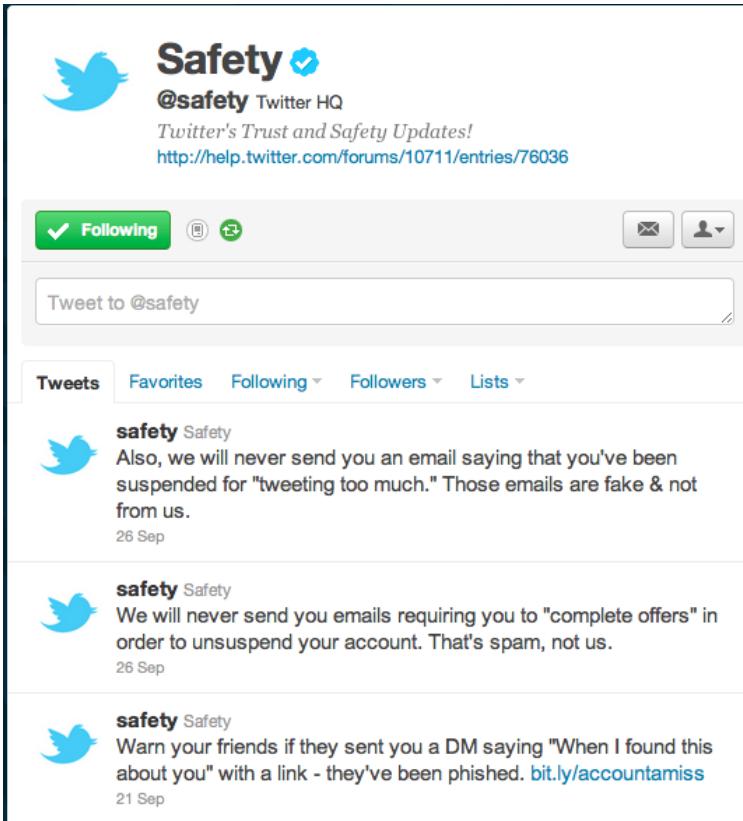
Har man tillid til andre ISP'er? Alle ISP'er?

Deler man et netværksmedium med andre?

Brug de rigtige protokoller!



Defcon Wall of Sheep  
Husk nu at vi er venner her! - idag er det kun teknikken



The screenshot shows the Twitter profile for the account @safety, which is verified. The profile bio reads: "Twitter's Trust and Safety Updates! http://help.twitter.com/forums/10711/entries/76036". Below the bio, there is a green "Following" button, a reply icon, and a direct message icon. A text input field says "Tweet to @safety". Below this, there are tabs for "Tweets", "Favorites", "Following", "Followers", and "Lists". Three tweets from the account are listed:

- safety Safety**  
Also, we will never send you an email saying that you've been suspended for "tweeting too much." Those emails are fake & not from us.  
26 Sep
- safety Safety**  
We will never send you emails requiring you to "complete offers" in order to unsuspend your account. That's spam, not us.  
26 Sep
- safety Safety**  
Warn your friends if they sent you a DM saying "When I found this about you" with a link - they've been phished. [bit.ly/accountamiss](http://bit.ly/accountamiss)  
21 Sep

Twitter has become an important new resource for lots of stuff

Twitter has replaced RSS for me

The 'S' in HTTPS stands for 'secure' and the security is provided by SSL/TLS. SSL/TLS is a standard network protocol which is implemented in every browser and web server to provide confidentiality and integrity for HTTPS traffic.

Nu vi snakker om kryptering - SSL overalt?

Kan vi klare det på vores servere? ■

Google kan:

<http://www.imperialviolet.org/2010/06/25/overclocking-ssl.html>

Men alt for få gør det

■ Næste spørgsmål er så hvilke rod-certifikater man stoler på ...

Ægypten, Sudan, Tunesien, ...

Den der kontrollerer ISPerne kontrollerer trafikken

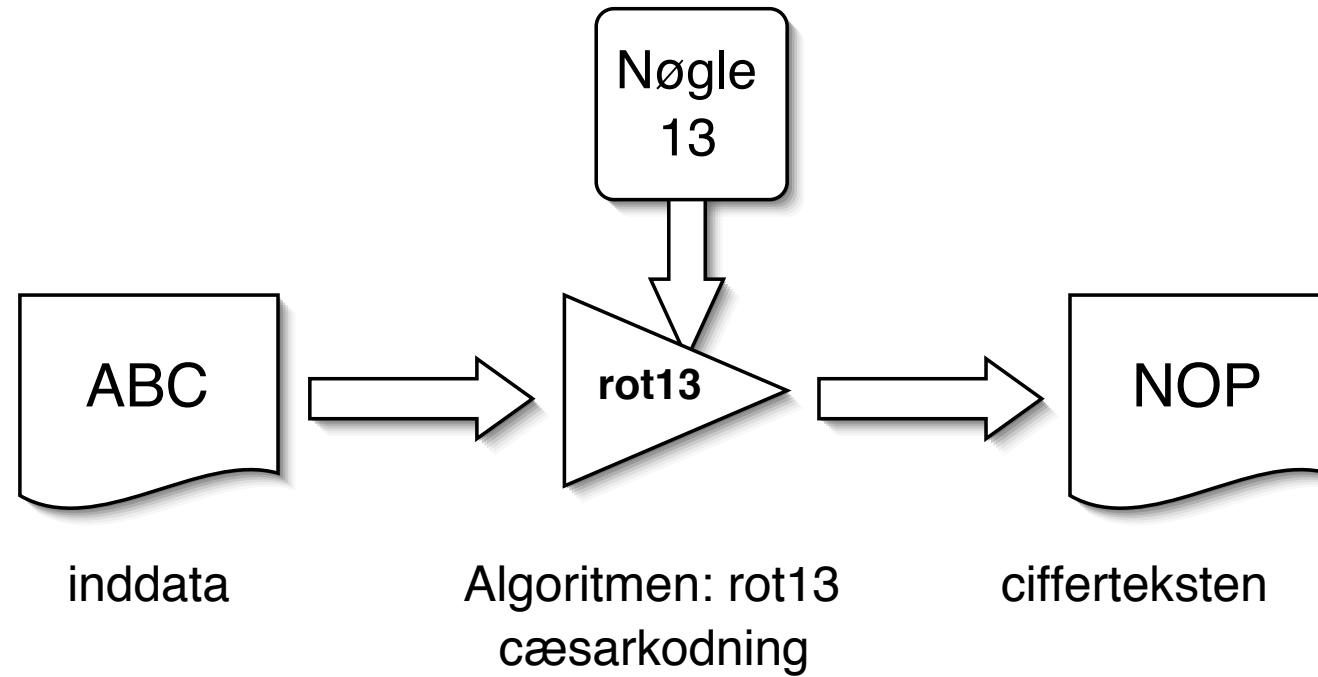
Facebook revolutionerne

Blokering er umulig, men det forsøges

Spredning af falsk information

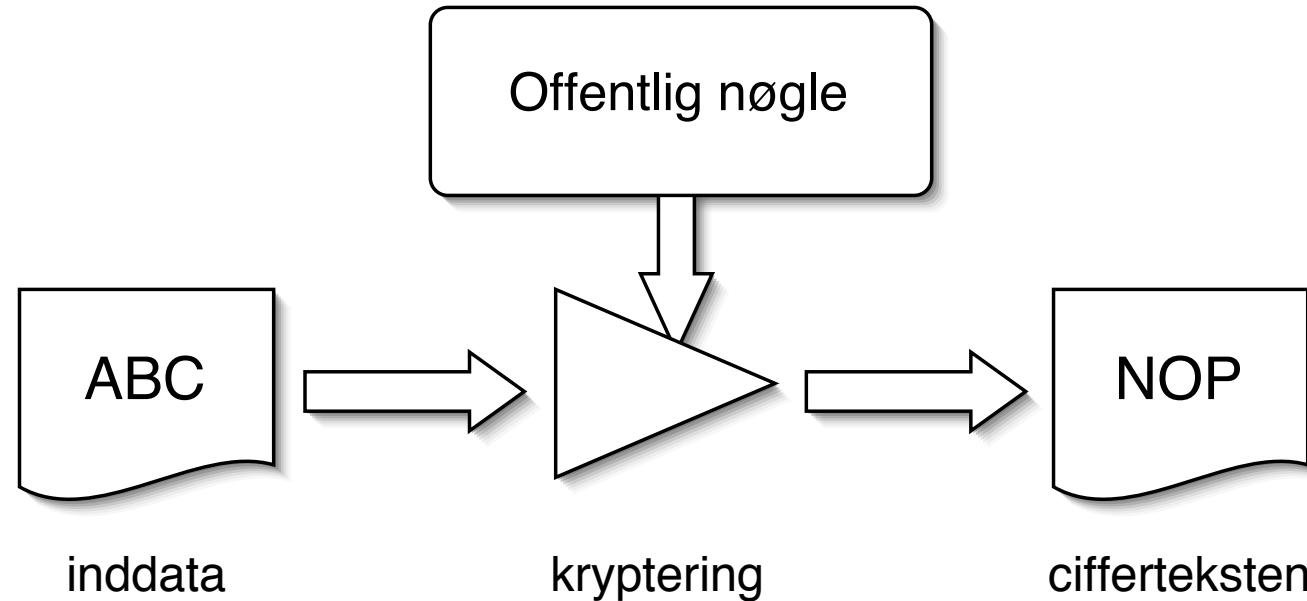
Diginotar Dutch Certificate Authority

Kilde: <http://irevolution.net/2011/02/10/facebook-for-repressive-regimes/>



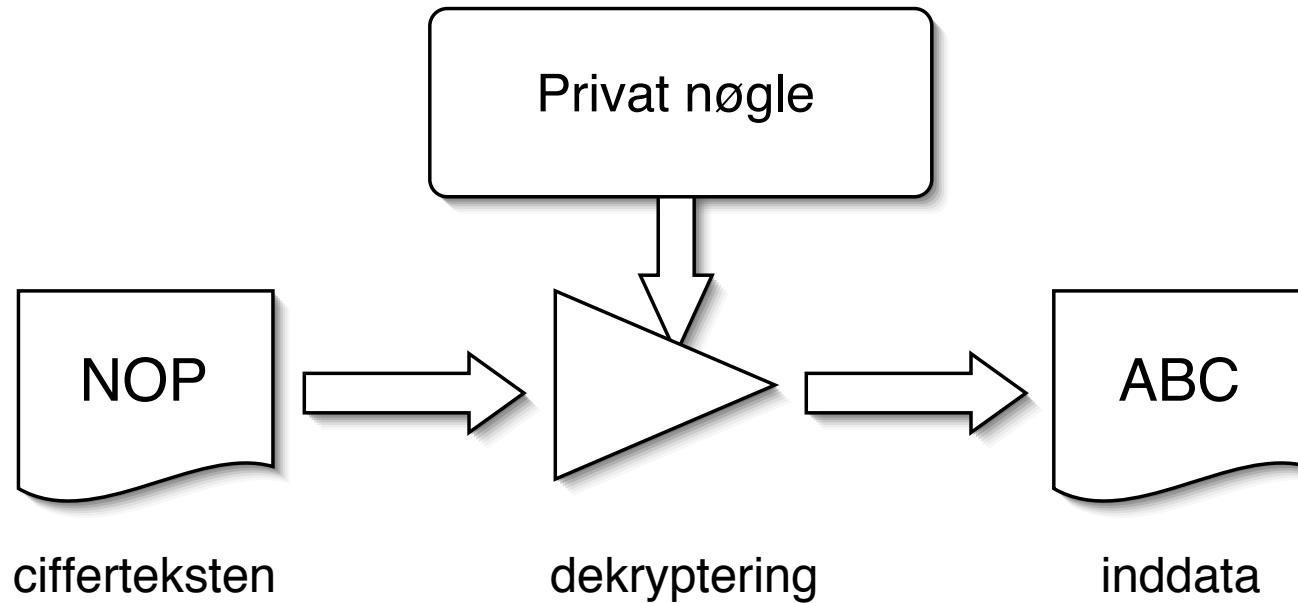
Kryptografi er læren om, hvordan man kan kryptere data

Kryptografi benytter algoritmer som sammen med nøgler giver en ciffertekst - der kun kan læses ved hjælp af den tilhørende nøgle



privat-nøgle kryptografi (eksempelvis AES) benyttes den samme nøgle til kryptering og dekryptering

offentlig-nøgle kryptografi (eksempelvis RSA) benytter to separate nøgler til kryptering og dekryptering



offentlig-nøgle kryptografi (eksempelvis RSA) bruger den private nøgle til at dekryptere man kan ligeledes bruge offentlig-nøgle kryptografi til at signere dokumenter - som så verificeres med den offentlige nøgle

Algoritmerne er kendte

Nøglerne er hemmelige

Nøgler har en vis levetid - de skal skiftes ofte

Et successfult angreb på en krypto-algoritme er enhver genvej som kræver mindre arbejde end en gennemgang af alle nøglerne

Nye algoritmer, programmer, protokoller m.v. skal gennemgås nøje!

Se evt. Snake Oil Warning Signs: Encryption Software to Avoid <http://www.interhack.net/people/cmcurtin/snake-oil-faq.html>

## AES

---

Advanced Encryption Standard

DES kryptering baseret på den IBM udviklede Lucifer algoritme har været benyttet gennem mange år.

Der er vedtaget en ny standard algoritme Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) som afløser Data Encryption Standard (DES)

Algoritmen hedder Rijndael og er udviklet af Joan Daemen og Vincent Rijmen.

Kilde: <http://csrc.nist.gov/encryption/aes/>  
<http://www.esat.kuleuven.ac.be/~rijmen/rijndael/>

kryptering er den eneste måde at sikre:

fortrolighed

autenticitet / integritet

Unix systemer tillader ofte boot i singleuser mode  
hold command-s nede under boot af Mac OS X

Bærbare tillader typisk boot fra CD-ROM  
hold c nede på en Mac

Mac computere kan i nogle tilfælde være firewire diske  
hold t nede under boot

Harddisken kan typisk nemt fjernes fra en bærbar



Fysisk adgang til systemet - **game over**



Target: Macbook disket

Press t to enter ☺

<http://support.apple.com/kb/ht1661>



## Kryptering findes i alle de gængse klient operativsystemer

- Microsoft Windows Bitlocker - kryptering af disken Ultimate eller Enterprise
- Apple Mac OS X - krypterer nemt med FileVault og FileVault2
- FreeBSD GEOM og GBDE - giver mulighed for at kryptere enheder generelt
- PGP disk - Pretty Good Privacy - laver en virtuel krypteret disk
- Nogle producenter har kodeord på disken - IBM harddisk BIOS kodeord

## Kryptering af e-mail

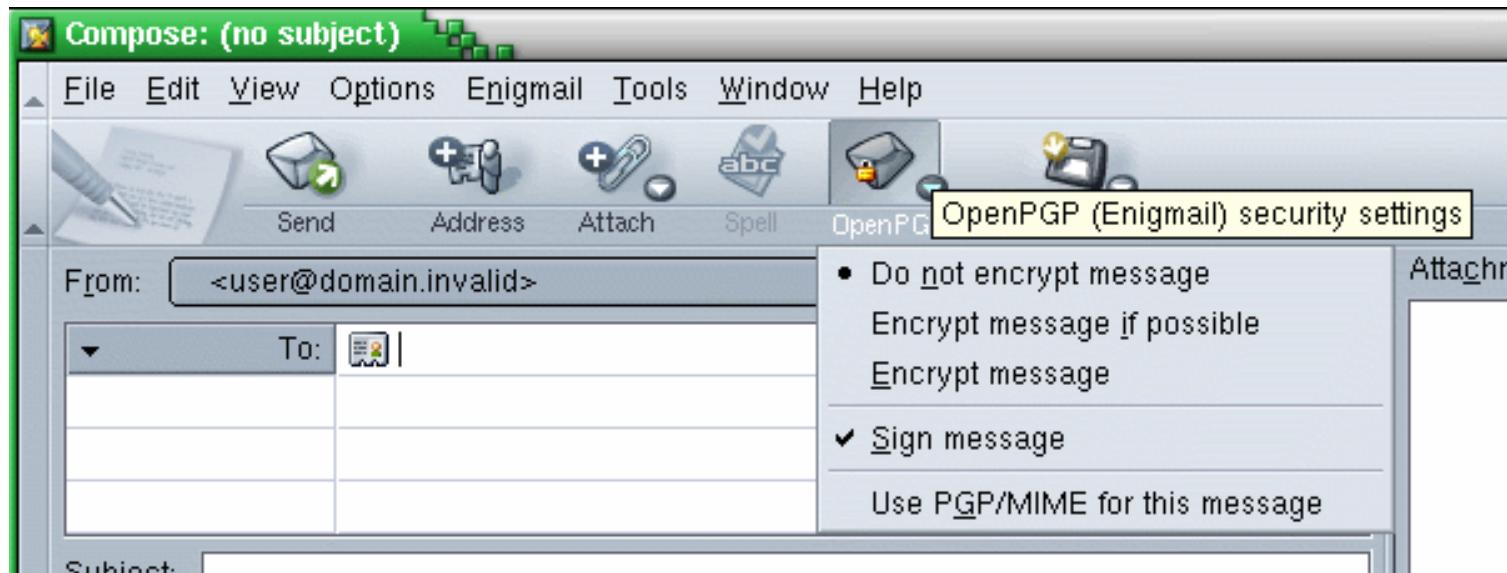
- Pretty Good Privacy - Phil Zimmermann
- PGP = mail sikkerhed

## Kryptering af sessioner SSL/TLS

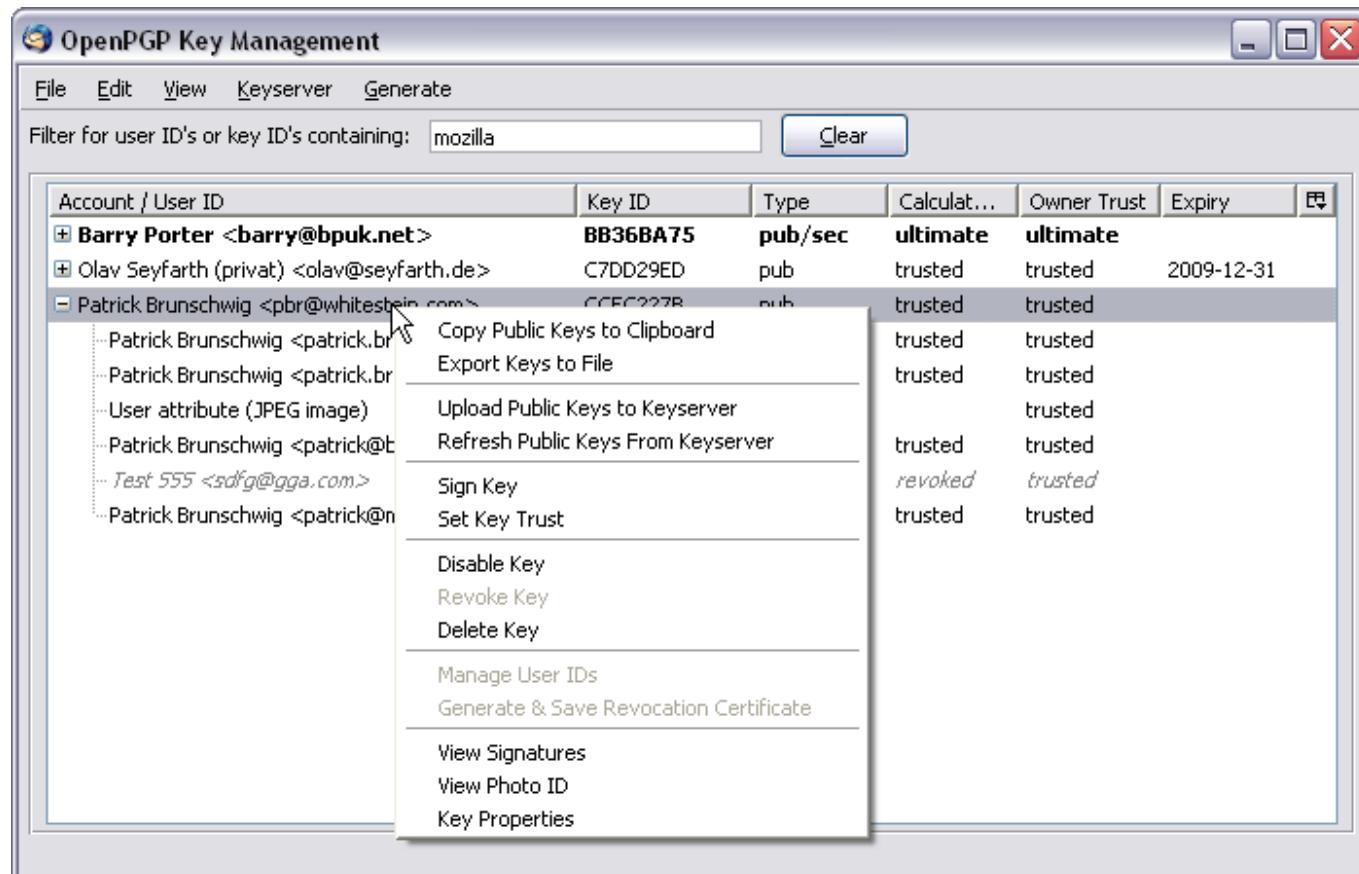
- Secure Sockets Layer SSL / Transport Layer Services TLS
- krypterer data der sendes mellem webservere og klienter
- SSL kan bruges generelt til mange typer sessioner, eksempelvis POP3S, IMAPS, SSH m.fl.

Sender I kreditkortnummeret til en webserver der kører uden https?

# Enigmail - GPG plugin til Mail

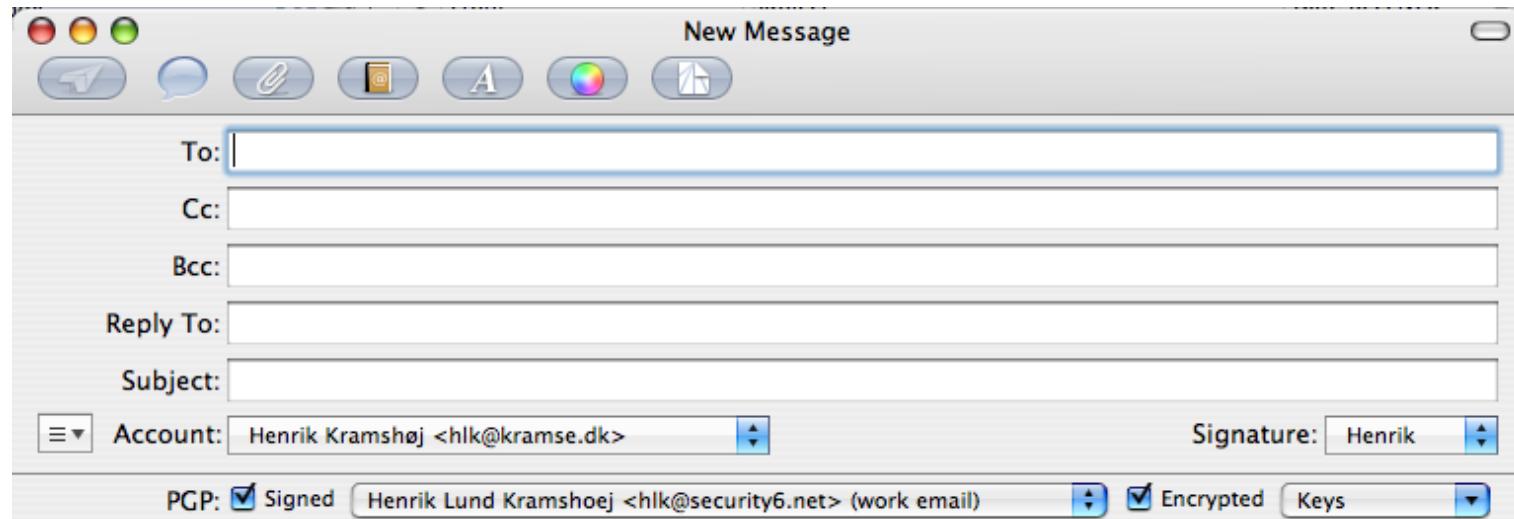


- Enigmail er en udvidelse til
- mailklienten i Mozilla/Netscape
- standalone mailklienten Thunderbird
- Billede fra <http://enigmail.mozdev.org>



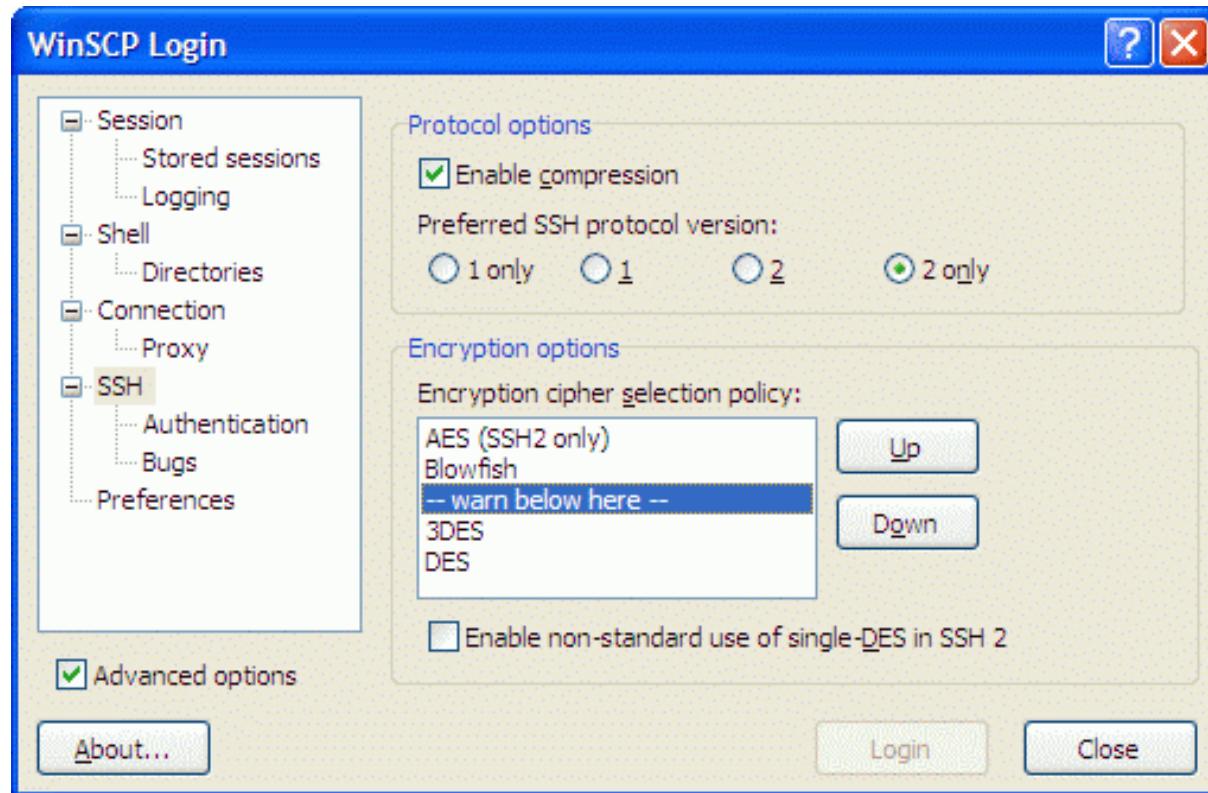
Key Manager funktionaliteten i Enigmail kan anbefales

# GPGMail plugin til Mac OS X Mail.app



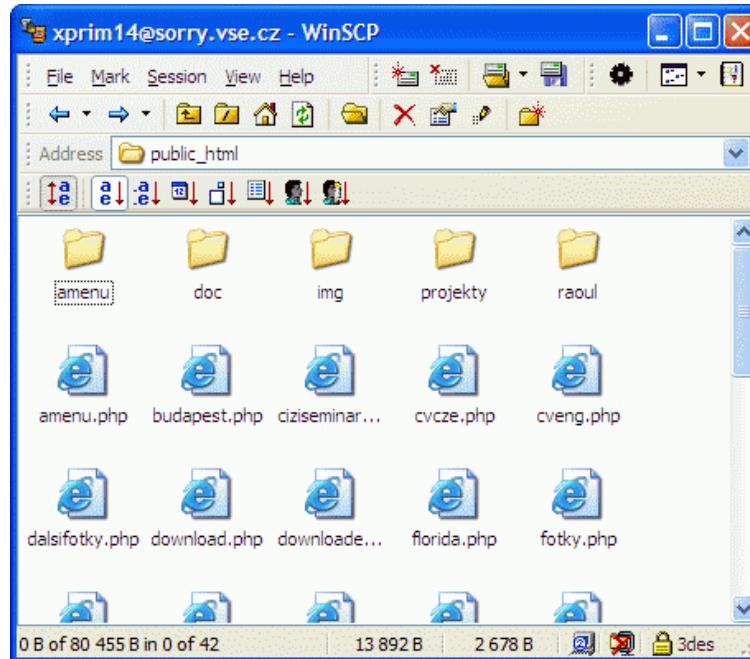
--  
Henrik Lund Kramshøj, cand.scient, CISSP  
e-mail: hlk@security6.net, tlf: 2026 6000  
www.security6.net - IPv6, sikkerhed, netværk  
Follower of the Great Way of Unix

- Bruger GPG
- kilde: <http://www.sente.ch/software/GPGMail/English.lproj/GPGMail.html>



screenshot fra

<http://winscp.vse.cz/eng/screenshots/large/advanced.gif>



benytter Secure Shell protkollen (SSH)

screenshot fra

<http://winscp.vse.cz/eng/screenshots/large/explorer.gif>

## FileZilla Features

### ❖ Overview

FileZilla Client is a fast and reliable cross-platform FTP, FTPS and SFTP client with lots of useful features

### ❖ Features

Among others, the features of FileZilla include the following:

- Easy to use
- Supports FTP, FTP over SSL/TLS (FTPS) and SSH File Transfer Protocol (SFTP)
- Cross-platform. Runs on Windows, Linux, \*BSD, Mac OS X and more
- IPv6 support
- Available in many languages
- Supports resume and transfer of large files >4GB
- Tabbed user interface
- Powerful Site Manager and transfer queue
- Bookmarks
- Drag & drop support
- Configurable transfer speed limits

<http://filezilla-project.org/>

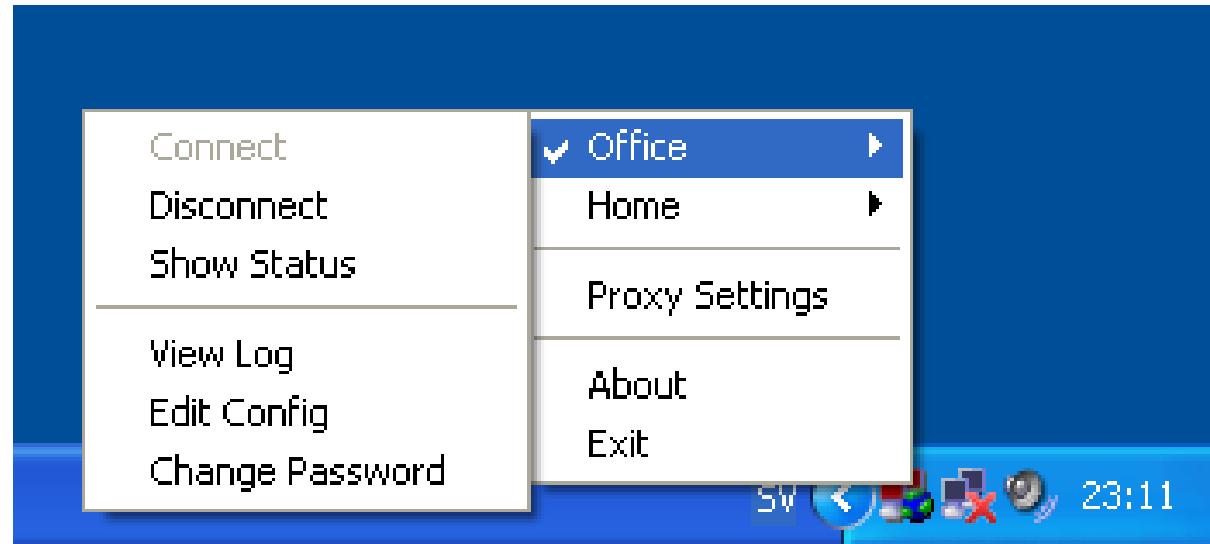
VPN [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual\\_private\\_network](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Virtual_private_network)

SSL/TLS VPN - Generelt koncept. Adskillige leverandører: Cisco, Juniper, F5 Big IP

De snakker ikke ret godt sammen på tværs. Brug IPSec for dette.

IPsec er desværre blokeret mange steder og man skal bruge en klient  
(I praksis bruger SSL VPN ofte en klient, men den downloades fra web)

Open source variant: OpenVPN



OpenVPN GUI - easy to use

# Hackertyper anno 1995



Lad os lige gå tilbage til hackerne



Lisbeth laver PU, personundersøgelser ved hjælp af hacking

Hvordan finder man information om andre

Først vil vi finde nogle mønstre

Derefter vil vi søge med de mønstre

Nogle giver direkte information

Andre giver baggrundsinformation

Hvad er offentligt og hvad er privat? (googledorks!)

Navn, fulde navn, fornavne, efternavne, alias'es

Diverse idnumre, som CPR - tør du søge på dit CPR nr?

Computerrelaterede informationer: IP, Whois, Handles

Øgenavne, kendenavne

Skrivestil, ordbrug mv.

Tiden på din computer?

Tænk kreativt ☺

Email

DNS

Gætter

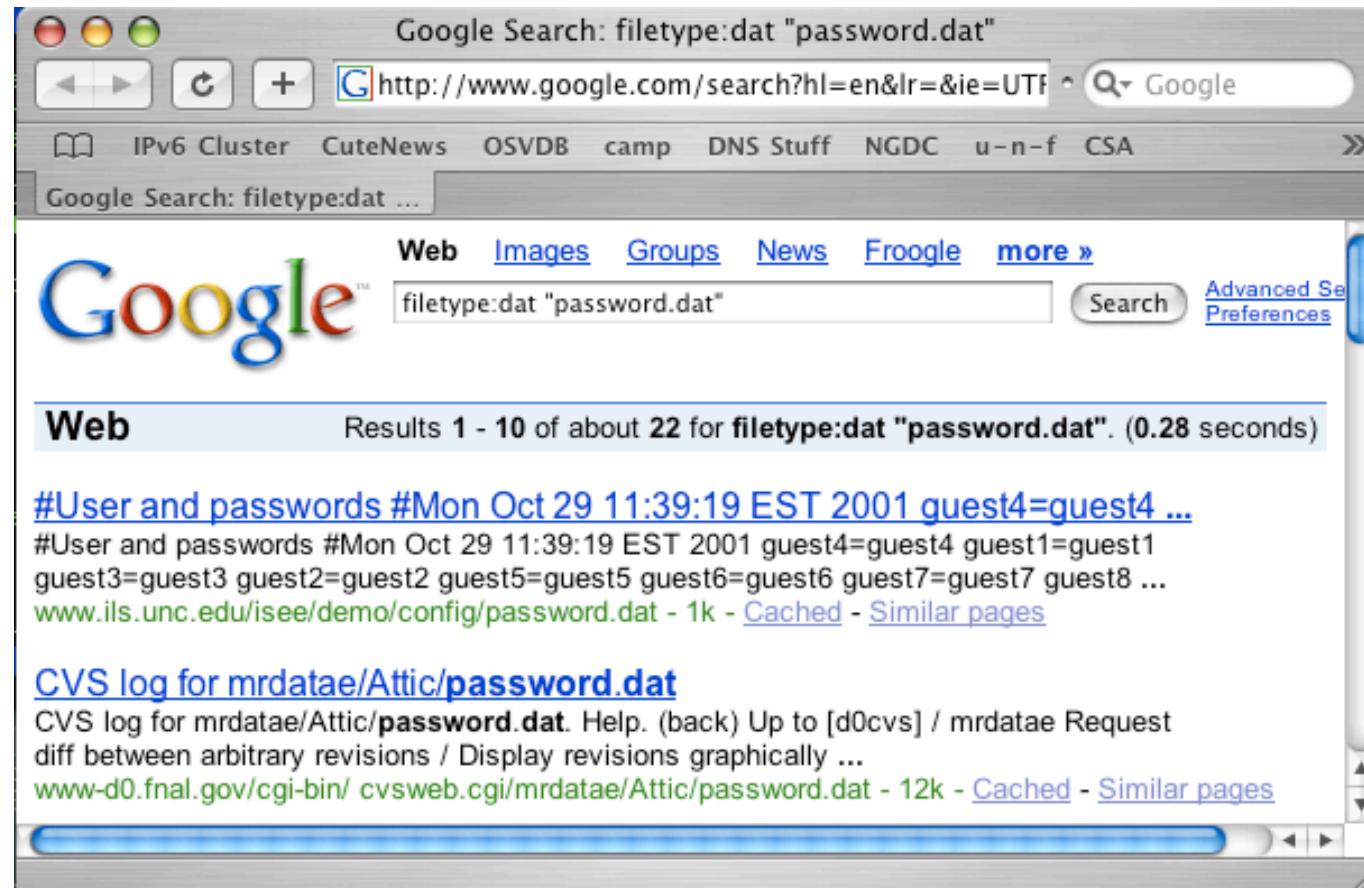
Google

Alt hvad du ellers har adgang til - eller som Lisbeth tilraner sig adgang til

IP adresserne administreres i dagligdagen af et antal Internet registries, hvor de største er:

- RIPE (Réseaux IP Européens) <http://ripe.net>
- ARIN American Registry for Internet Numbers <http://www.arin.net>
- Asia Pacific Network Information Center <http://www.apnic.net>
- LACNIC (Regional Latin-American and Caribbean IP Address Registry) - Latin America and some Caribbean Islands

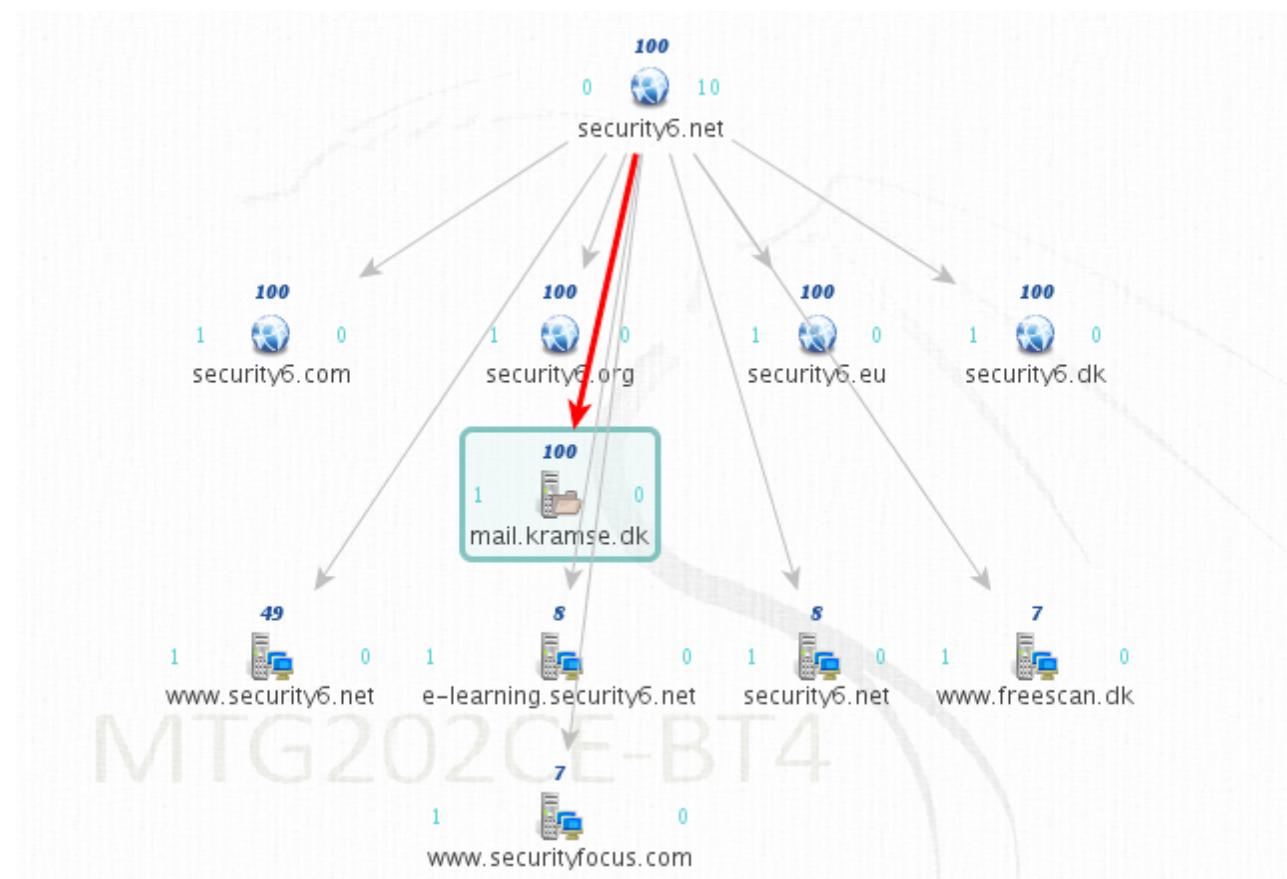
disse fire kaldes for Regional Internet Registries (RIRs) i modsætning til Local Internet Registries (LIRs) og National Internet Registry (NIR)



Google som hacker værktøj?

Googledorks <http://johnny.ihackstuff.com/>

# Listbeth in a box?



BT4 udgaven, kommercial udgave på <http://www.paterva.com/maltego/>

# Er du passende paranoid?



Vær på vagt

Lad være med at bruge computere

Lad være med at bruge en computer til alt - en privat bærbar ER mere privat end en firmacomputer

Forskellige computere til forskellige formål, en server er mail-server en anden er web-server

Brug en sikker konfiguration, minimumskonfiguration

Brug sikre protokoller, kryptering, evt. TOR

Opsætning af netværk, hvordan? Security Configuration Guides + paranoia

- <http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/PubsSSPs.html>
- <http://www.nsa.gov/research/publications/index.shtml>
- [http://www.nsa.gov/ia/guidance/security\\_configuration\\_guides/index.shtml](http://www.nsa.gov/ia/guidance/security_configuration_guides/index.shtml)

- BIOS kodeord, pin-kode til telefon
- Firewall - specielt på laptops
- Installer anti-virus og anti-spyware hvis det er på Windows
- Brug to browsere med forskellige indstillinger
- Brug evt. PGP til mailkryptering
- Brug Password Safe, Keychain Access (OSX) eller tilsvarende
- Overvej at bruge harddisk eller filkryptering
- Opdatere alle programmer jævnligt
- **Backup af vigtige data - harddiske i bærbare kan også dø**
- Husk: sikker sletning af harddiske, medier osv.



PROSA afholdt fredag 17. september - til lørdag 18. september Capture the Flag  
Distribueret CTF med 6 hold og arrangørerne i Aalborg  
Sjovt og lærerigt - gentages helt sikkert

Kilde: <http://prosa-ctf.the-playground.dk/>  
Get ready! Lær debuggere, perl, java at kende, start på at hacke

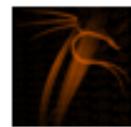
# Questions?



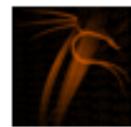
Henrik Lund Kramshøj  
hlk@solidonetworks.com

<http://www.solidonetworks.com>

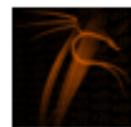
You are always welcome to send me questions later via email



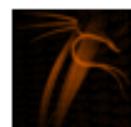
**exploitdb** [webapps] – BPAffiliate Affiliate Tracking  
Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: <http://bit.ly/9LOC3K>  
about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



**exploitdb** [webapps] – BPDirectory Business Directory  
Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: <http://bit.ly/c4TeLz>  
about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



**exploitdb** [webapps] – BPConferenceReporting Web Reporting  
Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: <http://bit.ly/cM61AK>  
about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



**exploitdb** [webapps] – BPREalestate Real Estate  
Authentication Bypass Vulnerability: <http://bit.ly/bYx2aY>  
about 5 hours ago via twitterfeed



**sans\_isc** [Diary] Mac OS X Server v10.6.5 (10H575) Security  
Update: <http://support.apple.com/kb/HT4452>, (Tue, Nov  
16th): .... <http://bit.ly/azBrso>  
about 7 hours ago via twitterfeed

Nye kilder til information:

har twitter afløst RSS? NB: favoritsite <http://isc.sans.edu/index.html>

Welcome to VikingScan – miniscan

http://miniscan6.vikingscan.org/ Google

## VikingScan.org - free portscanning

Home Miniscan List

On this page you can configure and start a portscan of your IP-address from this server.  
Your IP-address is: 2001:16d8:dd0f:cf0f:223:6cff:fe9a:f52c

Configure and start a scan of the IP-address

Note that this service is currently software in development and you also need to make sure that you are allowed to scan the IP-address specified.

Do you need more? What about a basic webtest for DKK 8.000 ex VAT?

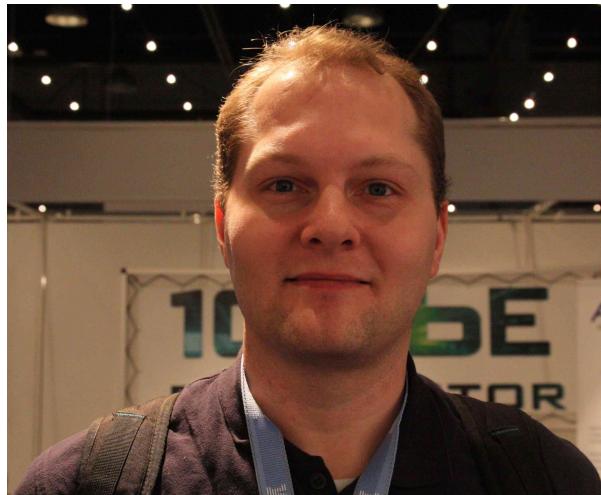
© 2009 VikingScan.org: Free portscanning  
<http://www.vikingscan.org>

WEB SCANNING WIRELESS SCANNING  
PENETRATION TESTING SECURITY TRAINING  
SECURE WEBSERVERS  
IMPLEMENTING IPV6  
FIREWALLS & VPN

Security is a process, not a tool, not a single portscan

  
Security .net

VikingScan.org is a service of Security6.net  
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## Følgende kurser afholdes med mig som underviser

- IPv6 workshop - 2 dage  
Introduktion til Internetprotokollerne og forberedelse til implementering i egne netværk.
- Wireless teknologier og sikkerhed workshop - 1-2 dage  
En dag med fokus på netværksdesign og fornuftig implementation af trådløse netværk, samt integration med hjemmepc og virksomhedsnetværk.
- Hacker workshop 2 dage  
Workshop med detaljeret gennemgang af hackermetoderne angreb over netværk, exploitprogrammer, portscanning, OpenVAS m.fl.
- Forensics workshop 2 dage  
Med fokus på tilgængelige open source værktøjer gennemgås metoder og praksis af undersøgelse af diskimages og spor på computer systemer
- Moderne Firewalls og Internetsikkerhed 2 dage  
Informere om trusler og aktivitet på Internet, samt give et bud på hvorledes en avanceret moderne firewall idag kunne konfigureres.

Se mere på <http://www.solidonetworks.com>