

## Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase

Date	15 March 2024
Team ID	team-739852
Project Title	Natural Disasters Intensity Analysis And Classification Using AI
Maximum Marks	6 Marks

### Preprocessing Template

The images will be preprocessed by resizing, normalizing, augmenting, denoising, adjusting contrast, detecting edges, converting color space, cropping, batch normalizing, and whitening data. These steps will enhance data quality, promote model generalization, and improve convergence during neural network training, ensuring robust and efficient performance across various computer vision tasks.

Section	Description
Data Overview	<p>The dataset consists of images stored in directories for each class. The images are used for training and testing a deep learning model to classify them into different categories.</p> <p>The images are originally of varying sizes, and preprocessing techniques such as resizing, normalization, and augmentation are applied.</p>
Resizing	The images when loading them with <code>target_size=(64, 64)</code> inside the <code>ImageDataGenerator</code> . This will ensure all images are resized to 64x64 pixels before being fed into the model.
Normalization	Normalization is done as part of the <code>ImageDataGenerator</code> by scaling pixel values to the range <code>[0, 1]</code> using <code>rescale=1.0/255</code> .
Data Augmentation	Added via <code>shear_range</code> , <code>zoom_range</code>
Denoising	to reduce noise in the images, you can apply a denoising filter using <code>OpenCV</code> .

Edge Detection	Edge detection can be applied using algorithms like the Canny edge detection. To integrate this with your pipeline, you can modify the custom generator to apply edge detection.
Color Space Conversion	If you want to convert your images from one color space to another (e.g., from RGB to HSV or grayscale to RGB), you can modify the image processing pipeline
Image Cropping	a preprocessing technique used to focus on specific areas of interest in an image by cutting out unwanted parts.
Batch Normalization	a technique used to improve the training of deep neural networks by normalizing the input of each layer in the network
<b>Data Preprocessing Code Screenshots</b>	
Loading Data	<pre> x_train= train_datagen.flow_from_directory(     'Dataset/training_set',     target_size=(64, 64),     batch_size=300,     class_mode='categorical',     color_mode = "grayscale" )  x_test = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(     'Dataset/test_set',     target_size=(64, 64),     batch_size=300,     class_mode='categorical',     color_mode = "grayscale" ) </pre> <p>Found 15750 images belonging to 9 classes. Found 2250 images belonging to 9 classes.</p>

Resizing	<pre> x_train= train_datagen.flow_from_directory(     'Dataset/training_set',     target_size=(64, 64),     batch_size=300,     class_mode='categorical',     color_mode ="grayscale" )  x_test = test_datagen.flow_from_directory(     'Dataset/test_set',     target_size=(64, 64),     batch_size=300,     class_mode='categorical',     color_mode ="grayscale" ) </pre> <p>Found 15750 images belonging to 9 classes. Found 2250 images belonging to 9 classes.</p>
Normalization	<pre> train_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(     rescale=1.0/255,      # Rescale pixel values (0-255) to (0-1)     shear_range=0.2,      # Apply shear transformation     zoom_range=0.2,       # Apply zoom transformation     horizontal_flip=True   # Randomly flip images horizontally ) test_datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1.0/255) </pre>
Data Augmentation	-
Denoising	-
Edge Detection	-
Color Space Conversion	-
Image Cropping	-
Batch Normalization	-

