Present perfect 1 (I have done)

A

Study this example situation:



Tom is looking for his key. He can't find it.

He has lost his key.

He **has lost** his key = He lost it recently, and he still doesn't have it.

Have/has lost is the present perfect simple:

I/we/they/you have (= I've etc.)

he/she/it has (= he's etc.)

finished lost done been etc.

The present perfect simple is **have/has** + past participle. The past participle often ends in -ed (finished/decided etc.), but many important verbs are *irregular* (lost/done/written etc.).

For a list of irregular verbs, see Appendix 1.

В	When we say that 'something has happened', this is usually new information:
	Ow! I've cut my finger.

- The road is closed. There's been (there has been) an accident.
- (from the news) Police have arrested two men in connection with the robbery.

When we use the present perfect, there is a connection with now. The action in the past has a result now:

- 'Where's your key?' 'I don't know. I've lost it.' (= I don't have it now)
- ☐ He told me his name, but I've forgotten it. (= I can't remember it now)
- ☐ 'Is Sally here?' 'No, she's gone out.' (= she is out now)
- ☐ I can't find my bag. Have you seen it? (= Do you know where it is now?)

Note the difference between **gone** (to) and been (to):

- James is on holiday. He has gone to Italy. (= he is there now or on his way there)
- ☐ Jane is back home now. She has been to Italy. (= she has now come back)

You can use the present perfect with **just**, **already** and **yet**.

Just = a short time ago:

- 'Are you hungry?' 'No, I've just had lunch.'
- ☐ Hello. Have you just arrived?

We use **already** to say that something happened sooner than expected:

- O 'Don't forget to pay your electricity bill.' 'I've already paid it.'
- 'What time is Mark leaving?' 'He's already left.'

Yet = until now. **Yet** shows that the speaker is expecting something to happen. Use **yet** only in questions and negative sentences:

- Has it stopped raining yet?
- I've written the email, but I haven't sent it yet.

You can also use the past simple (did, went, had etc.) in the examples on this page. So you can say:

- 'Is Sally here?' 'No, she **went** out.' or 'No, she**'s gone** out.'
- 'Are you hungry?' 'No, I just had lunch.' or 'No, I've just had lunch.'

D

Exercises

7.2

7.1 Read the situations and write sentences. Use the following verbs in the present perfect:

arriv	e break	fall	go up	grow	improve	lose	
1 Tom	1 Tom is looking for his key. He can't find it.						
2 Lisa	2 Lisa can't walk and her leg is in plaster.						
3 Last	3 Last week the bus fare was £1.80. Now it is £2.						
4 Mar	4 Maria's English wasn't very good. Now it is better.						
5 Dan	5 Dan didn't have a beard before. Now he has a beard.						
6 This	6 This morning I was expecting a letter. Now I have it.						
7 The	7 The temperature was 20 degrees. Now it is only 12.						
Put in	een or gon	e.					
1 Jame	es is on holid	ay. He's	gone t	o Italy.			
2 Hello! I've just to the shops. I've bought lots of things.							
3 Alice	isn't here at	the mom	ent. She	's	to	the shop t	

out. He'll be back in about an hour.

7.3 Complete B's sentences. Make sentences from the words in brackets.

5 'Are you going to the bank?' 'No, I've already

	A N
1	Would you like something to eat?
2	Do you know where Julia is?
3	What time is David leaving?
4	What's in the newspaper today?
5	Is Sue coming to the cinema with us?
6	Are your friends here yet?
7	What does Tim think about your plan?

\mathcal{I}^{B}
No, thanks. I've just had lunch. (I / just / have / lunch)
Yes,
(I / just / see / her)
(he / already / leave)
I don't know.
(I / not / read / it yet)
No,
(she / already / see / the film)
Yes,
(they / just / arrive)
(we / not / tell / him yet)

to the bank.'

7.4 Read the situations and write sentences with just, already or yet.

1	After lunch you go to see a friend at her house. She says, 'Would you like something to eat?' You say: No thank you. I've just had lunch . (have lunch)
2	Joe goes out. Five minutes later, the phone rings and the caller says, 'Can I speak to Joe?'
	You say: I'm afraid
3	You are eating in a restaurant. The waiter thinks you have finished and starts to take your
	plate away. You say: Wait a minute!
4	You plan to eat at a restaurant tonight. You phoned to reserve a table. Later your friend says,
	'Shall I phone to reserve a table?' You say: No,
5	You know that a friend of yours is looking for a place to live. Perhaps she has been successful.
	Ask her. You say: ? (find)
6	You are still thinking about where to go for your holiday. A friend asks, 'Where are you going
	for your holiday?' You say:
7	Linda went shopping, but a few minutes ago she returned. Somebody asks, 'Is Linda still out
	shopping?' You say: No,