

Future Tense – “will” and “going to”

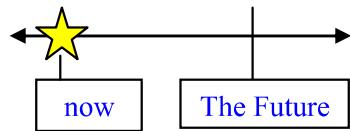
To speak about the future, you can use the following phrases:

- 1) Will
 - 2) Going + [infinitive verb]
-

- 1) Use “will” when you are volunteering to do something in the future, or when you are deciding at the time of speaking to do something in the future.



= a decision is made
to do an action in the future.



Example: Okay, if no one else will cook dinner, I will.

In this example, the phrase “will” is used because the speaker is volunteering to cook dinner.

Example: Wow, the grass is getting tall. I think I will cut it tomorrow.

In this example, the phrase “will” is used because the decision to cut the grass tomorrow is being made at the time of speaking.

Example: Will you marry me?

In this example, the phrase “Will” is used because the decision to marry is being made at the time of speaking.

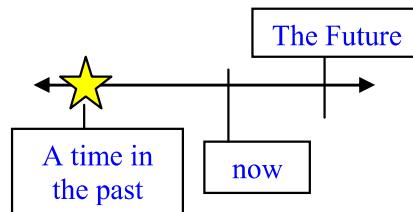
Directions: Create your own sentences using “will”.

1) _____

2) _____

- 2) Use “going + [infinitive verb]” when you have already decided to do something in the future.

= a decision is made
to do an action in the future.



Example: Todd and I are going to eat at the new restaurant tonight. Do you want to come with us?

In this example, the phrase “***going to***” is used because Todd and I have already decided to go to the beach.

Example: After work, James and Nicollet are going to watch a movie.

In this example, the phrase “***going to***” is used because James and Nicollet have already decided to watch a movie after work.

Directions: Create your own sentences using “going + [infinitive verb]”.

1) _____

2) _____

Directions: Circle the correct future tense phrase in the following sentences.

1. I am feeling energetic. So, I think I (will / am going to) wash my car.
2. It has been decided that we (will / are going to) to climb Mount Everest next week.
3. -Who wants to come with me to the movie tonight?
-Oh that sounds fun. I (will / am going to) come with you.
4. We have already made plans for the vacation. We have decided that we (will / are going to) visit Uncle Bill in Montana.
5. Tonight seems like a nice night to be outside. I think I (will / am going to) go for a walk after dinner.
6. -Have you thought about what you want to do after college?
-Yes, I have decided that I (will / am going to) become an engineer.
7. I guess I (will / am going to) help you clean the kitchen if no one else will.
8. My car tires look low on air. I think I (will / am going to) fill them up at the next gas station.
9. The weather man said that it (will / is going to) rain tomorrow.
10. Okay, I have an idea. After we play the game, we (will / are going to) get some ice cream!
11. I think my dad said we (will / are going to) go to the beach this weekend.
12. If the bus (will not / is not going to) start, how will we get to school on time?

Name _____

Date _____



Answer Key

Verbs in Future Tense

This is the answer key to Unit 4 - Using verbs in future tense

Exercise 1

- 1) will clean 2) will, cook 3) will ask 4) will meet 5) will, hike 6) will carry 7) will, read

Exercise 2

- 1) will ride 2) will, buy 3) will win 4) will get 5) will, fix 6) will, go 7) will put

Exercise 3

- 1) is going to teach 2) are going to march 3) are going to paint 4) are going to rake 5) am going to ski 6) is going to marry 7) is going to travel

Exercise 4

- 1) are going to run 2) is going to have 3) is going to bandage 4) are going to buy 5) are going to grow 6) are going to name 7) is going to hire

Exercise 5

- 1) gives 2) graduates 3) meet 4) operates 5) starts 6) conducts 7) gathers

Exercise 6

- 1) throws (2) finish 3) water 4) begins 5) dives 6) speaks 7) have

Exercise 7

- 1) is always going to drive 2) will gladly rake 3) is not going to attend 4) will simply make 5) will not exercise 6) will probably catch 7) will not play 8) is still going to dive 9) will not arrive 10) is never going to eat

Exercise 8

- 1) graduates 2) is going to travel 3) leaves 4) flies 5) will quickly call 6) am going to visit 7) will be 8) will not be 9) will ride 10) will take 11) am going to stay 12) will swim 13) are going to tour 14) will never forget 15) will not fail

Exercise 9

1) will be teaching 2) am going to be cleaning 3) will be raining 4) will be smiling 5) are going to be taking 6) will be connecting 7) will be supervising 8) will be fishing 9) is going to be playing 10) are going to be looking 11) will be learning 12) is going to be baking

Exercise 10

1) will be listening 2) is going to be shaving 3) will be cutting 4) are going to be getting 5) is going to be greeting 6) will be serving 7) will be training 8) will be laughing 9) is going to be casting 10) will be wandering 11) are going to be crying 12) will be completing 13) will be launching 14) are going to be wearing

Exercise 11

1) Will, be feeding 2) Is, going to be searching 3) Are, going to be putting 4) Will, be paying 5) Will, be playing 6) Is, going o be shining 7) Is, going to be skating 8) Will, be telling 9) Is, going to be taking 10) Is, going to be fixing 11) Will, be training 12) Will, be cooking 13) Will, be docking 14) Are, going to be collecting 15) Will, be renting

Exercise 12

1) are going to be graduating 2) going to be working 3) is going to be hiring 4) will be shopping 5) are 6) going to be working 7) will be doing 8) will be reading 9) are 10) going to be majoring 11) will be majoring 12) going to be studying 13) will be training 14) are 15) going to be doing

Exercise 13

1) will have prepared 2) will have hidden 3) will have cleaned 4) will have dried 5) will have finished 6) will have climbed 7) will have gathered 8) will have bought 9) will have studied 10) will have irritated 11) will have ended 12) Will have sewed/sewn

Exercise 14

1) will not have received 2) will not have taken 3) will not have swum 4) will not have drunk 5) will not have exercised 6) will not have taken 7) will not have moved 8) will not have flown 9) will not have received 10) will not have mown/mowed

Exercise 15

1) Will, have retired 2) Will, have ended 3) will have confessed 4) Will, have given 5) will, have paid 6) Will, have read 7) Will, have finished 8) Will, have harvested 9) will have become 10) will, have planted 11) Will, have survived 12) Will, have worried

Exercise 16

1) will have visited 2) will have traveled 3) will have lived 4) will have spent 5) will have taken 6) will 7) have covered 8) will have gone 9) will have stayed 10) will have surfed 11) will have missed

Exercise 17

1) will have been attending 2) will have been recovering 3) will have been doing 4) will have been snowing 5) will have been cooking 6) will have been leading 7) will have been teaching 8) will have been decorating 9) will have been increasing 10) will have been playing 11) will have been printing

Exercise 18

1) will, have been driving 2) Will, have been baking 3) Will, have been sleeping 4) will, have been shopping 5) will, have been working 6) Will, have been clearing 7) Will, have been boiling 8) will, have been running 9) will, have been giving 10) Will, have been trying 11) will, have been sewing 12) Will, have been singing

Exercise 19

1) will have been riding 2) will have been sitting 3) will have been biking 4) will have been working 5) will have been building 6) will have been exercising 7) will have been spending

Exercise 20

1) will take 2) will 3) be doing 4) will be competing 5) are going to involve 6) is going to be 7) will be talking 8) will receive 9) will probably praise 10) will have done 11) will have tallied 12) will surely be participating 13) are going to include 14) will enter 15) will be 16) is going to decide 17) will have trained 18) will win

Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 1

Future Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in simple future tense.

Note: The simple future tense is used to express something which will happen or something which will be true in the future. One way to form this tense is: "will" + the simple present tense form of the verb. We use "will" when the subject is volunteering to do something in the future or deciding to do something in the future while speaking.

Example: We (clean) will clean on Tuesday. (We just decided to clean.)

Example: (drive) Will you drive on Sunday? (A decision about driving is being made.)

- 1) The house is dirty. I (clean) _____ it on Monday.
- 2) (cook) _____ you _____ on Tuesday, please?
- 3) It looks like the washer is broken. I (ask) _____ a repair man to come Wednesday.
- 4) Okay then, our group (meet) _____ on Thursday.
- 5) Helga (hike) _____ you _____ with us on Friday?
- 6) If necessary, we (carry) _____ the supplies in our car Saturday.
- 7) John and Wes, (read) _____ you _____ to the children on Sunday?



Exercise 2

Future Tense Practice: "Will" form

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in simple future tense.

Example: I am feeling homesick. I (go) will go home to visit my family.

Example: Steve, (wash) will you wash the car on Saturday?



- 1) I guess I (ride) _____ the bus to save gas.
- 2) The cookies are all gone. (buy) _____ you _____ some, please?
- 3) Listen, team: we (win) _____ the trophy this year!
- 4) Everyone is hungry. I (get) _____ some doughnuts for breakfast.
- 5) Peter, (fix) _____ you _____ the porch tomorrow?
- 6) Becky, (go) _____ you _____ to Alaska with us this summer?
- 7) If we take a trip, we (put) _____ Barkley in a kennel.

Name _____
Date _____



Exercise 3

Future Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in simple future tense.

Note: Sometimes the simple future tense is expressed using "am," "is," or "are" with "going to." This form is used when a decision has already been made to do something in the future.

Example: Governor Taylor (sign) is going to sign the new law.

Example: Stan (share) is going to share a room with Tim next year.

1) Mrs. Garrison (teach) _____ the class next year.

2) The soldiers (march) _____ for three hours.

3) The sorority sisters (paint) _____ the house blue on Saturday.

4) Mom and I (rake) _____ the yard tomorrow.

5) I (ski) _____ in Colorado this winter.



6) Eduardo (marry) _____ Carmen in June.

7) The baseball team (travel) _____ to Florida for the playoffs.



Exercise 4

Future Tense Practice: "Going to" form

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in simple future tense.

Example: Ling (paint) is going to paint a picture for the art fair.

1) Drew and I (run) _____ in the race next week.

2) The department store (have) _____ a sale.



3) The nurse (bandage) _____ Bobby's leg.

4) Mr. and Mrs. Franklin (buy) _____ a houseboat.

5) We (grow) _____ grapes to make wine.

6) Toni and David (name) _____ the baby "Melinda."

7) The store owner (hire) _____ an accountant to do her taxes.

Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 5

Future Tense

Choose the correct form of the verb in simple future tense.

Note: Sometimes the simple future tense is expressed by using a verb in the simple present tense form with an adverb or adverbial phrase like *tomorrow*, *next*, *later*, *soon*, *next week*, etc.

Example: We (leave, leaves) leave for Venezuela *next Tuesday*.

Example: Yin (perform, performs) performs her piano solo *next*.



- 1) Victoria (give, gives) _____ her speech tomorrow.
- 2) Joseph (graduate, graduates) _____ from college next month.
- 3) Matthew and I (meet, meets) _____ with the manager later today.
- 4) The surgeon (operate, operates) _____ Tuesday morning.
- 5) The new employee (start, starts) _____ work soon.
- 6) Giovanni (conduct, conducts) _____ the orchestra tonight.
- 7) Our family (gather, gathers) _____ for a reunion next week.



Exercise 6

Future Tense Practice: Present Tense + Adverb form

Choose the correct form of the verb in simple future tense.

Note: To make this form of the simple future tense, it is possible to place the adverb or adverbial phrase either before or after the present tense form of the verb in the sentence.

Example: In ten minutes, the movie (start, starts) starts.

Example: Mr. and Mrs. Davis (travel, travels) travel to Canada next month.



- 1) Silas (throw, throws) _____ the discus today at the track meet.
- 2) The students (finish, finishes) _____ their projects this Friday.
- 3) The weather is dry. This evening, we (water, waters) _____ the flowers.
- 3) The Queen (appear, appears) _____ in the parade tomorrow.
- 4) The emcee (begin, begins) _____ the show soon.
- 5) Next, Julie (dive, dives) _____ from the high platform.
- 6) The chairman (speak, speaks) _____ before long. He seems a little nervous.
- 7) Next Monday is a holiday. We (have, haves) _____ the day off from work.



Exercise 7

Future Tense with negatives and adverbs

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in simple future tense.

Note: The sentences in this exercise use negatives (like "not") or adverbs. Adverbs, like *still*, *usually*, *sometimes*, *often*, and *others* tell us something more about the action of the verb. They are said to "modify" the verb.

Example: It is raining. I guess that I (not, take) will not take a walk now.

Example: Tracy said that she (not, date) is not going to date Ben.

Example: I (probably, wash) will probably wash the car on Tuesday.

Example: Jodie (still, work) is still going to work at the store next month. She retires in six months.

1) Seth (always, drive) _____ his 1975 Mustang. He loves that car.

2) You are busy. Tina and I (gladly, rake) _____ the yard.

3) Our staff (not, attend) _____ the convention this year.

4) I ruined that piece of pottery. I (simply, make) _____ another one.

5) Our muscles are hurting. I guess we (not, exercise) _____ much today.

6) The police (probably, catch) _____ the bank robber.

7) Stan, you (not, play) _____ any solos in the jazz concert tomorrow. You have not practiced enough.

8) Jim was bitten by a shark, but he (still, dive) _____ in the ocean,

9) We are almost late for dinner with our parents. I am afraid we (not, arrive) _____ on time.

10) Savannah is allergic to shellfish. She (never, eat) _____ lobster again.



Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 8

Review of Simple Future Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in simple future tense.

Note: In this exercise, all three ways of forming the simple future tense are used. Watch for negatives and adverbs, too.

Thomas (graduate) _____⁽¹⁾ from college next month. He is trying to study for final exams, but he is thinking a lot about his vacation plans.

He (travel) _____⁽²⁾ to England for a month this summer. His plane (leave) _____⁽³⁾ on June 14th, and (fly) _____⁽⁴⁾ from Boston to Gatwick International Airport in London.

Thomas decides that he (quickly, call) _____⁽⁵⁾ his mother, Joan.

Thomas: Hi, Mom.

Joan: Thomas! Hi! I thought you would be busy with finals.



Thomas: Well, I am, but I want to talk to you a little about England.

Joan: Sure, okay.

Thomas: Before I go sightseeing in London, I (visit) _____
_____⁽⁶⁾ the town of Edenbridge, where my cousins live.

Joan: Great! That (be) _____⁽⁷⁾ fun. It (not, be) _____⁽⁸⁾ hard to get to Edenbridge. It is southeast of London. From the airport, you (ride)
_____⁽⁹⁾ a British Rail train to Victoria Station. Another train (take)
_____⁽¹⁰⁾ you to Edenbridge.

Thomas: That sounds easy. I looked at the town's website. Edenbridge is called "The Garden of Kent." I (stay) _____⁽¹¹⁾ in an old manor house which has been made into an inn. The gardens there are beautiful, and there is a pool.

Joan: Perfect. I bet that you (swim) _____⁽¹²⁾ in that pool! Have you contacted your cousin, Will?

Thomas: Yes, we plan to meet early on Saturday. Then, we (tour)
_____⁽¹³⁾ Hever Castle, the Great Stone Bridge, and the ancient Parish Church.

Joan: What fun. This is a trip that you (never, forget) _____⁽¹⁴⁾ ! Now, You had better go study so you (not, fail) _____⁽¹⁵⁾ your exams.



Exercise 9

Future Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in future progressive tense.

Note: The future progressive tense (also called future *continuous* tense) describes actions which will be ongoing in the future. It can be formed using either “will be” + present participle (the -ing form of the verb) or “am/is/are” + “going to be” + present participle. Usually, in the future progressive tense, these two methods are interchangeable. Remember, that is *not* true in the simple future tense.

Example: Sarah (run) will be running a marathon Saturday.

Example: Sarah (run) is going to be running a marathon Saturday.

- 1) Professor Baker (teach) _____ American history next semester.
- 2) I (clean) _____ the house while you are doing the laundry.
- 3) The forecast says that it (rain) _____ all night.
- 4) Grandma (smile) _____ when she answers the door.
- 5) On Tuesday, the girls (take) _____ a taxi to the airport.
- 6) The plumber (connect) _____ the water pipes to the house tomorrow.
- 7) Brian (supervise) _____ the construction crew for a few days.
- 8) The Fergusons (fishing) _____ while they are on vacation.
- 9) Stella (play) _____ the solo for the concerto.
- 10) Julia and Rick (look) _____ for a new house while they are in Portland.
- 11) In order to earn a badge, the scouts (learn) _____ to tie knots this Thursday.
- 12) The pastry chef (bake) _____ turnovers early tomorrow morning.



Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 10

Future Progressive Tense Practice

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in future progressive tense.

Example: The grass (grow) will be growing faster in the summertime.

Example: At noon, the children (eat) are going to be eating lunch.

Example: Martha (plant) will be planting flowers while Katie is planting vegetables.

Example: Robert (receive) is going to be receiving the package when it arrives.

- 1) The class (listen) _____ closely during the review for the test.
- 2) Matthew (shave) _____ while Valerie is dressing.
- 3) I (cut) _____ these boards while you study the building plans.
- 4) If we lift weights, our muscles (get) _____ stronger.
- 5) The mayor (greet) _____ Senator Arnold when the senator exits his plane.
- 6) When our company arrives, we (serve) _____ a delicious meal.
- 7) The sergeant (train) _____ the new recruits for the next month.
- 8) The children (laugh) _____ while the clown is riding his tricycle.
- 9) Before rehearsals begin, the director (cast) _____ actors for parts in the play.
- 10) If you don't watch them, the puppies (wander) _____ into the street.
- 11) Some audience members (cry) _____ when the sad movie ends.
- 12) Soon, Enrique (complete) _____ the book he has been writing.
- 13) The scientists (launch) _____ a satellite in November.
- 14) The fans (wear) _____ crazy hats at Friday's game.





Exercise 11

Future Progressive Tense: Questions

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in future progressive tense.

Note: This exercise uses the future progressive tense in question format.

Example: Will you (shop) be shopping tomorrow?

Example: Is Kevin (drive) going to be driving to the restaurant?

Example: Are the teachers (meet) going to be meeting Wednesday morning?

- 1) _____ you (feed) _____ the dogs while Mom is in the hospital?
- 2) _____ Jacob (search) _____ for a new job soon?
- 3) _____ Whitney and Megan (put) _____ up the decorations for the party?
- 4) _____ Claire (pay) _____ the caterer today?
- 5) _____ the boys (play) _____ soccer this afternoon?
- 6) _____ the sun (shine) _____ at the beach tomorrow? 
- 7) _____ the skater (skate) _____ with her partner this time?
- 8) _____ you (tell) _____ your friends yet that you are moving?
- 9) Carrie and Jess want to go to the zoo. _____ Aunt Susan (take) _____ them?
- 10) The mechanic is here now. _____ he (fix) _____ our car first?
- 11) The runners need to stay in shape for the Olympics. _____ they (train) _____ at the track every day?
- 12) I don't like lima beans. _____ you (cook) _____ them very often?
- 13) _____ the cruise ship (dock) _____ in Miami this weekend?
- 14) _____ the tourists (collect) _____ shells on the beach every day?
- 15) The prom is two months away now. _____ Mark (rent) _____ a tuxedo?



Exercise 12

Review of Future Progressive Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future progressive tense.

Jeremy and Tyler (graduate) _____⁽¹⁾ from high school next week. They see each other in a sporting goods store.

Tyler: Hey, Jeremy! How's it going?



Jeremy: Hi, Ty! Good, how about you?

Tyler: Pretty good. I'm looking for a new swimsuit. I'm (work) _____⁽²⁾ as a lifeguard at the city pool this summer.

Jeremy: That's cool. I don't have a job yet. My mom told me that this store (hire) _____⁽³⁾ a cashier soon. I guess I will apply here.

Tyler: Yeah, you should. Maybe you will get a discount. Plus, I bet that a lot of girls (shop) _____⁽⁴⁾ here this summer.

Jeremy: True. I hadn't thought of that. What hours _____⁽⁵⁾ you (work) _____⁽⁶⁾ at the pool?

Tyler: Afternoons, from 1:00 to 5:00.

Jeremy: Perfect. I bet I know what you (do) _____⁽⁷⁾ all morning. Sleeping, right?

Tyler: Maybe not *all* morning. I have some books to read before college starts in the fall. I think I (read) _____⁽⁸⁾ for a couple of hours every day before I go to work. Then, I will have some time for fun after work.

Jeremy: Good idea. What _____⁽⁹⁾ you (major) _____⁽¹⁰⁾ in at college?

Tyler: I'm not quite sure. I think I (major) _____⁽¹¹⁾ in chemistry or biology. What about you?

Jeremy: I'm (study) _____⁽¹²⁾ exercise science.

Eventually, I think I (train) _____⁽¹³⁾ to become a physical therapist.

Tyler: Wow. We'd better enjoy the summer! In the fall, we _____⁽¹⁴⁾ do _____⁽¹⁵⁾ a lot of hard work. Well, I hope you get the job.

Jeremy: Thanks, me too. See you later.

Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 13

Future Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future perfect tense.

Note: The future perfect tense is used to describe something which will happen in the future before something else happens. To form this tense, we use “will have” with the past participle form of the verb.

Example: By the time it starts raining, we (bring) will have brought the lawn furniture in.

Example: The bus (leave) will have left the station when Joe gets there.

Example: We can move the new computers in next week. They will have arrived on Saturday.

- 1) Before the store opens, the employees (prepare) _____ for the sale.
- 2) By the time the treasure hunt begins, Susan (hide) _____ all the clues.
- 3) The housekeeper (clean) _____ the house when the guests arrive.
- 4) You can touch the walls tomorrow. The paint (dry) _____ by then.
- 5) By Tuesday, the roofers (finish) _____ laying the tiles.
- 6) The explorers (climb) _____ the mountain when the helicopter brings their supplies.
- 7) Before the horses race at 10:00, huge crowds (gather) _____ at the track.
- 8) Jason and Samantha (buy) _____ a house before they move to Louisville in August.
- 9) Manuel wants to get a good grade on the quiz. He (study) _____ for at least two hours when he takes it.
- 10) By the time Herman tells all of his jokes, he (irritate) _____ everyone in the audience!
- 11) Let's watch TV at 8:00 p.m. By then, the news (end) _____.
- 12) The seamstress (sew) _____ the costumes when the actors arrive.

Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 14

Future Perfect Tense with Negatives

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future perfect tense.

Note: Be sure to pay attention to word order in the following examples.

Example: The garden party is next Friday. Unfortunately, the zinnias (not, bloom) will not have bloomed by then.

Example: Buyers cannot look at the condominiums next week. The carpenters (not, finish) will not have finished the kitchen cabinets yet.

1) Samuel wants to drive to the beach in July, but he (not, receive) _____
_____ his driver's license yet.

2) Li Ming will need a shower when she gets home from camping. She (not, take)
_____ one for three days.

3) We don't want to leave the pool at noon. We (not, swim) _____
_____ long enough by then.

4) The runners will all need some water when they get here. They (not,
drink) _____ anything for the last four miles

5) When I go to work out at the gym on Wednesday, I (not, exercise)
_____ for a week!

6) Sarah would like to go diving tomorrow, but she (not, take)
_____ lessons by then.

7) When the company moves its offices in September, it (not, move)
_____ them for 75 years.

8) Tom is learning to fly small planes, but he (not, fly)
_____ enough hours by spring to begin flying solo.

9) Maria is going to have surgery. She (not, receive)
_____ any anesthesia yet when she is taken to the operating room.

10) The grass will be long when we get home. We (not, mow)
_____ it since May.





Exercise 15

Future Perfect Tense in Questions

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future perfect tense.

Note: In this exercise, we will practice using the future perfect tense in questions. Look carefully at the word order used in the examples.

Example: Will our luggage (arrive) have arrived by the time we get to the baggage area?

Example: Will it (snow) have snowed when we wake up tomorrow?

Example: Do you believe that species (disappear) will have disappeared by the end of the century?

Example: How many campaigns will you (work) have worked in when this one ends?

- 1) _____ you (retire) _____ by 2014?
- 2) _____ the party (end) _____ by 2:00 a.m.?
- 3) Do you think the prisoner (confess) _____ his crime when he appears in court?
- 4) _____ Danielle (give) _____ her speech by the time Andrew gives his?
- 5) How much rent _____ the tenants (pay) _____ by the end of the year?
- 6) _____ Brent (read) _____ more books than Trish by the end of the summer?
- 7) _____ you (finish) _____ your student teaching when the semester ends?
- 8) _____ the farmer (harvest) _____ all of his corn by the middle of August? 
- 9) Is it true that Jonathan (become) _____ a millionaire by the end of next year?
- 10) How many trees _____ the crew members (plant) _____ when they finish today?
- 11) _____ the deer (survive) _____ when this harsh winter ends?
- 12) _____ Mom (worry) _____ about us if we arrive late?

Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 16

Future Perfect Tense Review

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future perfect tense.

Each summer for the past ten years, Sharon and David have taken their children, Eli, 17, and Lydia, 15, on trips around the United States in their motor home. This summer will be special. When Eli and Lydia return to school in the fall, the family (visit) _____
_____ _____⁽¹⁾ all fifty states. Also, for the first time they (travel)
_____ _____ _____⁽²⁾ to one of the fifty states by *plane* instead of in
the motor home. They are going to Hawaii!



The family lives in Denver, Colorado. By next year, they (live) _____
_____ _____⁽³⁾ there for 14 years.

On July 12, they will fly from Denver to Los Angeles to catch their connecting flight to Hawaii. When they arrive in Los Angeles, they (spend) _____
two hours and twenty-three minutes in the air. After a layover, they will fly to Honolulu. That leg of the trip will be longer. When it ends, it (take) _____
five hours and forty-five minutes.

Yesterday, Eli asked, "Mom, How many miles _____⁽⁶⁾ we (cover) _____
_____⁽⁷⁾ by the time we land in Hawaii?"

Sharon answered, "About 3,401 miles."

"Wow!" said Eli. "That will be about 7,000 miles round trip. We (go) _____
_____ _____⁽⁸⁾ further than we did for the past four summers put together."

"That's true," Sharon replied. "Also, we (stay) _____
in a hotel for the first time instead of camping in the motor home. The hotel is a high rise. It's right on Waikiki Beach. You and your sister will love it."

"No doubt," said Eli. "And when it's over, we (surf) _____
for the first time, too. That will be the coolest thing to tell my friends."

We're also going to visit Sea Life Park in Waimanalo, near Honolulu."



"Are you sure that place isn't for little kids?" Eli wondered.

"Are you kidding?" his mother answered. "I'm the one who wants to go there! If we don't go, I (miss) _____
_____ _____⁽¹¹⁾ my chance to watch the sea lions."



Exercise 17

Future Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future perfect progressive tense.

Note: The future perfect progressive tense is used to describe future actions which will happen before a specific future time. To form this tense, we use “will have been” with the present participle (-ing form) of the verb.

Example: The Vice President (travel) will have been traveling overseas for three weeks when he returns.

Example: By July, Gina (run) will have been running her new business for a year.

- 1) This spring, the twins (attend) _____ culinary school for two years. 
- 2) By 2012, our city (recover) _____ from the hurricane for ten years.
- 3) When it closes next week, the furniture store (do) _____ business since 1910.
- 4) By tomorrow morning, it (snow) _____ for four days without stopping!
- 5) Aunt Jane (cook) _____ breakfast for about an hour when we get up.
- 6) As of the end of the year, our company (lead) _____ the market in sales for over a decade.
- 7) When Mr. Ramirez retires, he (teach) _____ for 34 years.
- 8) Friends of the bride (decorate) _____ the banquet hall before the reception begins.
- 9) By the end of the year, our church's attendance (increase) _____ by at least 10 percent per year for the past 20 years.
- 10) The harpist needs a break. After this piece, she (play) _____ for two hours straight.
- 11) Mankind (print) _____ books by machine for around 600 years by the year 2039.



Exercise 18

Future Perfect Progressive Tense in Questions

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future perfect progressive tense.

Note: Pay careful attention to word order in the following examples.

Example: How long will you (work) have been working by five o'clock?

Example: Will you (wait) have been waiting long when our plane arrives?

- 1) How many miles _____ Bruce (drive) _____ when he reaches Columbia?
- 2) _____ the cake (bake) _____ long enough by two o'clock?
- 3) _____ you (sleep) _____ long enough if I wake you at 6:00 a.m.?
- 4) How long _____ we (shop) _____ by the time we leave the mall?
- 5) How many years _____ Mrs. Grant (work) _____ for this company when she starts her new job?
- 6) _____ the police (clear) _____ the road for the fire truck before it gets there? 
- 7) _____ the soup (boil) _____ too long when we get home?
- 8) How long _____ Janet (run) _____ when she crosses the finish line?
- 9) How many semesters _____ Professor Evans (give) _____ this same lecture when he gives it today?
- 10) _____ the rescue crew (try) _____ to reach the hikers for a week by tomorrow?
- 11) How many hours _____ Erma (sew) _____ that dress when she finishes?
- 12) _____ you (sing) _____ with the choir for five years by this Christmas?

Name _____

Date _____



Exercise 19

Review Of Future Perfect Progressive Tense

Fill in the spaces with the correct form of the verb in parentheses in future perfect progressive tense.

Andrew rides his bicycle to work every day, even if it is raining. He has loved bikes ever since he was given his first one on his fifth birthday. When he turns fifty years old this year, he (ride) _____
_____ (1) a bicycle for 45 years.



Sometimes people ask Andrew to explain why he likes biking so much that he rides his bike to work. "I'm not sure," he says. "In a car, I don't get to feel the wind or the sun on my face. It's like I'm inside instead of outside. If I drive a car, I (sit) _____ (2) in a little room on wheels when I get to work, and then I will spend my workday inside a room, too."

Because he enjoys biking so much, Andrew started a cycling club 23 years ago. The club named itself "Proud Peddlers." In a couple of years, he (bike) _____
_____ (3) with the club for 25 years.

The first bikers who joined the club were from the company where Andrew works. Andrew had been hired the previous year. This next year, He (work) _____
_____ (4) for the company for 24 years.

Proud Peddlers has lobbied to get their city to build more bicycle paths. The members have spoken often at city council meetings, asking that the council members use some money for path-building projects. They have been successful. The city (build) _____ (5) bike paths for 15 years when it opens a new path that borders a lake later this month. In all, 47 miles of bike paths have been constructed in the city since Proud Peddlers began.

Andrew believes that he is healthier because of biking, and that many other people in his city are, too. He says, "When we get older, we will be in better shape because we (exercise) _____ (6) on our bikes for years. Also, biking families (spend) _____ (7) more time outside together while the kids were growing up, so they will be closer. I think that is great."



Exercise 20

Future Tense – Cumulative Review

Choose the correct form of the verb in any aspect of the future tense.

Carrie has been training her dog, Jack, for competition for the past six months. Carrie is Jack's "handler," and together they are a team. If Jack is ready, Carrie (take) _____
(1) him to a rally in a nearby city this coming September. Carrie imagines the upcoming rally. She has many questions about it. She decides to ask one of her friends, Jessica, about it.



"What _____ (2) I (do) _____ _____ (3) at the rally, exactly?" she asks. "You (compete) _____ _____ _____ (4) against other teams as they complete a course of challenging exercises," Jessica tells her. "The exercises at the rally (involve) _____ _____ _____ _____ (5) giving commands, jumping, pivoting, spiraling, side stepping, and dropping. Each exercise (be) _____ _____ _____ _____ (6) numbered. As they are doing the exercises together, the handlers (talk) _____ _____ _____ (7) to their dogs."

"Before beginning the course," Jessica continues, "Each team (receive) _____
8) 200 points. Each time a team makes a mistake, a point is deducted by the judge. At the end of the course, the handlers (probably, praise) _____ _____ _____ (9) their dogs and give them food as rewards. The teams (do) _____ _____ _____ (10) their best together, and therefore will deserve a rest. By the time the dogs finish eating, the judge (tally)
_____ _____ (11) each team's final score."

"The dogs at the rally will not only be purebred. Lots of mixed-breed dogs (surely, participate) _____ _____ _____ _____ (12) in the rally, too. There is no age limit for the dogs, either, and it has been decided that all future rallies (include) _____
_____ (13) a division for handlers ages 8 to 18. This way, kids can get more involved."

Carrie is 19 years old, and Jack is 10. He is a Labrador mix. If they go to the rally, they (enter) _____ _____ (14) the Level 1 competition, because it (be) _____ _____ (15) their first rally. Rallies also include Levels 2 and 3. 3 is the highest level.

Carrie has a plan. She says that she (decide) _____ _____ _____ _____ (16) by July 4th whether Jack is ready to compete. By then, she (train) _____ _____
_____ (17) him for eight months. She hopes they (win) _____ _____ (18) a blue ribbon!