7. Writing a program in Java implementing the merge sort algorithm

```
package OnlinePractice4;
import java.util.Arrays;
class MergeSort {
void merge(int array[], int p, int q, int r) {
 int n1 = q - p + 1;
 int n2 = r - q;
 int L[] = new int[n1];
 int M[] = new int[n2];
 for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++)</pre>
 L[i] = array[p + i];
 for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++)</pre>
 M[j] = array[q + 1 + j];
 int i, j, k;
 i = 0;
 j = 0;
 k = p;
 while (i < n1 && j < n2) {</pre>
  if (L[i] <= M[j]) {
   array[k] = L[i];
    i++;
   } else {
    array[k] = M[j];
    j++;
  k++;
 }
```

```
while (i < n1) {
   array[k] = L[i];
   i++;
   k++;
 while (j < n2) {
   array[k] = M[j];
   j++;
   k++;
 }
void mergeSort(int array[], int left, int right) {
 if (left < right) {</pre>
   int mid = (left + right) / 2;
   mergeSort(array, left, mid);
   mergeSort(array, mid + 1, right);
   merge(array, left, mid, right);
 }
}
public static void main(String args[]) {
 int[] array = { 6, 5, 12, 10, 9, 1 };
 System.out.println("Before Selection Sort");
      for(int i =0 ; i<array.length ;++i) {</pre>
            System.out.print(array[i]+" ");
      }
      System.out.println();
 MergeSort ob = new MergeSort();
 ob.mergeSort(array, 0, array.length - 1);
```

```
System.out.println("After Sorted Array:");
System.out.println(Arrays.toString(array));
}
Output-
Before Selection Sort
6 5 12 10 9 1
After Sorted Array:
[1, 5, 6, 9, 10, 12]
```