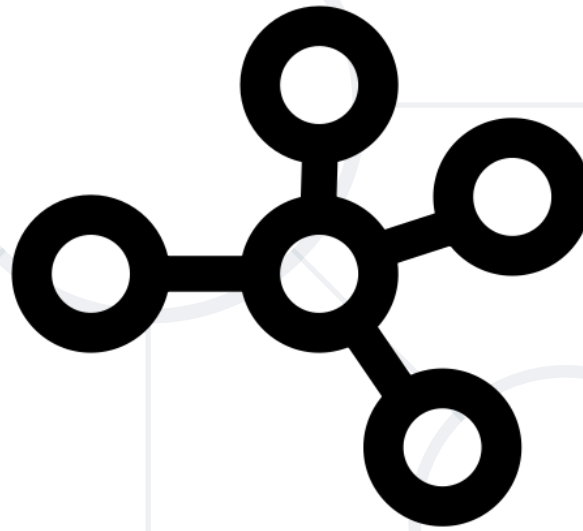


# Dependency Injection



SoftUni Team  
Technical Trainers



**SoftUni**

Software University

<http://softuni.bg>

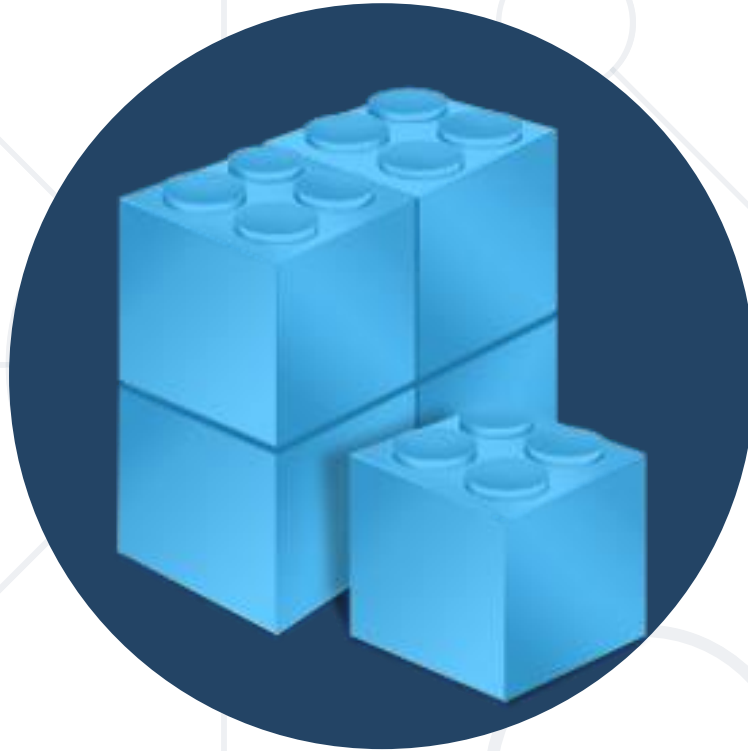
[sli.do](https://sli.do)

**#csharp-advanced**

# Table of Contents

1. What is dependency injection?
2. Microsoft Dependency Injection
3. Custom DI Framework





# Dependency Injection Overview

A design pattern in programming

# What is a Dependency?

- Another object that your class needs
  - Other Examples (Framework, Database, File System, Providers)
- Classes dependent on each other are called coupled
- Dependencies are bad because they decrease reuse

```
public class Customer
{
    private CustomerService customerService;
    public Customer()
    {
        this.customerService = new CustomerService();
    }
}
```

- Dependency Injection is a popular design pattern
- Inversion of Control (IoC)
  - Dependencies are pushed in the class from the outside
  - The class does not instantiate its dependencies

```
public class Customer
{
    private CustomerService;
    public Customer(CustomerService customerService)
    {
        this.customerService = customerService;
    }
}
```

- How it should be
  - Classes should declare what they need
  - Constructors should require dependencies
  - Dependencies should be abstractions
- How to do it
  - Dependency Injection (usually called DI)
  - The Hollywood principle  
"Don't call us, we'll call you!"



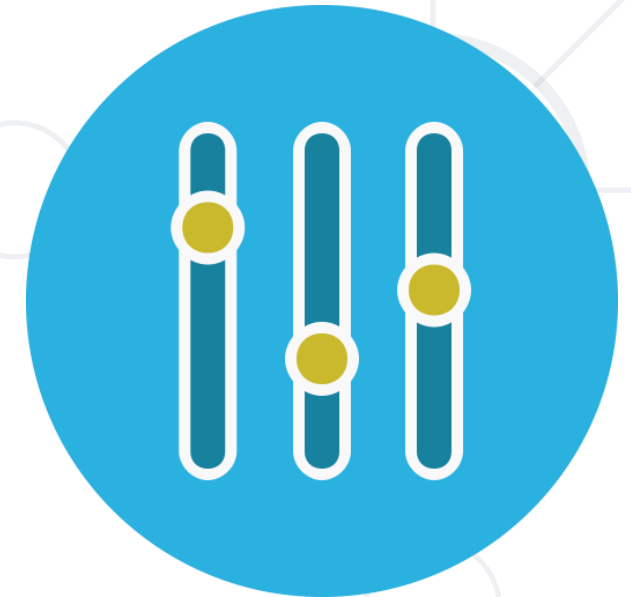
# Types of Dependency Injection



**Constructor  
injection**



**Property  
injection**



**Parameter  
injection**



# Constructor Injection – Pros and Cons

## ■ Pros

- Class' requirements are self-documenting
- We don't have to worry about state validation

## ■ Cons

- Too many parameters
- Sometimes, the functionality doesn't need all of the dependencies



# Constructor Injection - Example

```
class Copy
{
    private IReader reader;
    private IWriter writer;
    public Copy(IReader reader, IWriter writer)
    {
        this.reader = reader;
        this.writer = writer;
    }
    // Read/Write data through the reader/writer
}
var copy = new Copy(new ConsoleReader(),
                    new FileWriter("out.txt"));
```

# Property Injection – Pros and Cons

## ■ Pros

- Functionality can be changed at any time
- That makes the code very flexible

## ■ Cons

- State can be invalid
- Less intuitive to use



# Property Injection - Example

```
class Copy
{
    public IReader Reader { get; set; }
    public IWriter Writer { get; set; }
    public void CopyAllChars(reader, writer)
    {
        // Read/Write data through the reader/writer
    }
}

Copy copy = new Copy();
copy.Reader = new ConsoleReader();
copy.Writer = new FileWriter("output.txt");
copy.CopyAllChars();
```

# Parameter Injection – Pros and Cons

- Pros

- Changes are only localized to the method

- Cons

- Too many parameters
- Breaks the method signature



# Parameter Injection - Example

```
class Copy
{
    public CopyAllChars(IReader reader, IWriter writer)
    {
        // Read/Write data through the Reader/Writer
    }
}

Copy copy = new Copy();
var reader = new ConsoleReader();
var writer = new FileWriter("output.txt");
copy.CopyAllChars(reader, writer);
```

- Classic DIP Violations:
  - Using the **new** keyword
  - Using **static** methods / properties
- How to fix code, that violates the DIP:
  - **Extract interfaces** + use **constructor injection**
  - Set up an Inversion of Control (**IoC**) container



# Framework Overview



# What is framework?

- A framework is a reusable, "semi-complete" application that can be specialized to produce custom applications.  
"Johnson and Foote 1988"



ASP.NET Core

Entity Framework

Core



# Framework goals

- Reuse: code, design, analysis and documentation
- Simplify software development
- Reduce code writing
- Allow inexperienced programmers to develop good software
- Extract the knowledge of experienced programmers





# Microsoft Dependency Injection

# Microsoft Dependency Injection

- Install **Microsoft.Extensions.DependencyInjection**



Prerelease

**Microsoft.Extensions.DependencyInjection** ✓ by Microsoft, **40.9M** downloads  
Default implementation of dependency injection for Microsoft.Extensions.DependencyInjection.

- Define IoC Container

```
private static IServiceProvider ConfigureServices()
{
    var serviceCollection = new ServiceCollection();

    serviceCollection.AddTransient<IHashService, HashService>();
    serviceCollection.AddScoped<IUserService, UserService>();
    serviceCollection.AddSingleton<IUserSessionService, UserSessionService>();

    var serviceProvider = serviceCollection.BuildServiceProvider();

    return serviceProvider;
}
```



# Register Services

- **AddTransient<Interface, Implementation>()**
  - New instance is provided to every controller and every service
- **AddScoped<Interface, Implementation>()**
  - Objects are the same within a request, but different across different requests
- **AddSingleton<Interface, Implementation>()**
  - Only one instance is provided





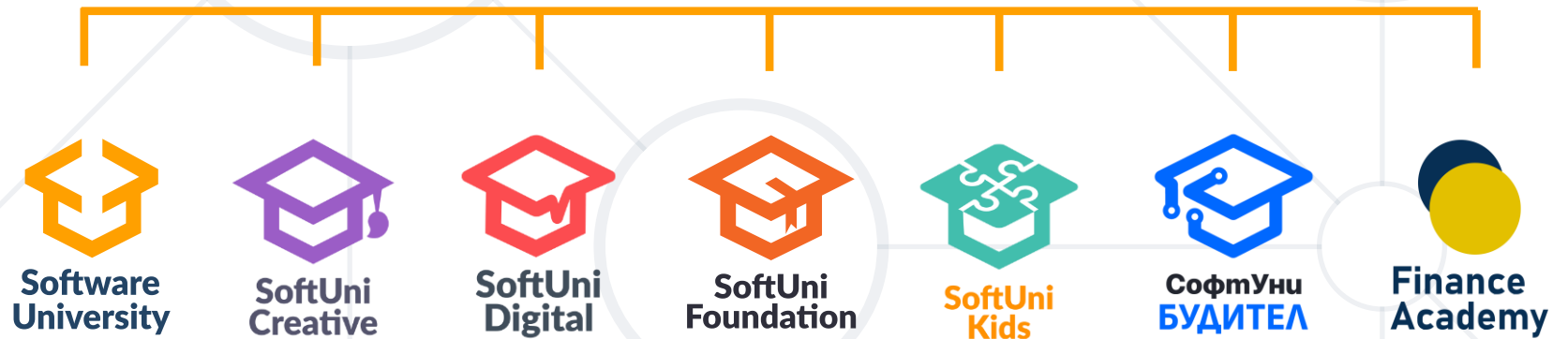
# Custom DI Framework

## Live Demo

- **Dependency Injection** provides better code quality
- Testable
- Maintainable
- Reusable
- Readable
- Implementing Custom Framework



# Questions?





# SoftUni Diamond Partners



THE CROWN IS YOURS



- This course (slides, examples, demos, exercises, homework, documents, videos and other assets) is **copyrighted content**
- Unauthorized copy, reproduction or use is illegal
- © SoftUni – <https://about.softuni.bg/>
- © Software University – <https://softuni.bg>



- Software University – High-Quality Education, Profession and Job for Software Developers
  - [softuni.bg](http://softuni.bg), [about.softuni.bg](http://about.softuni.bg)
- Software University Foundation
  - [softuni.foundation](http://softuni.foundation)
- Software University @ Facebook
  - [facebook.com/SoftwareUniversity](https://facebook.com/SoftwareUniversity)

