

# HW1

$$① P(2.5 < x < 3.5) = \frac{3.5 - 2.5}{4 - 2} = \frac{1}{2} = 0.5$$

$$② a) \int_1^{+\infty} \frac{C}{u^4} du = - \frac{C}{3u^3} \Big|_1^{+\infty} = - \frac{C}{3u^3} \Big|_{\rightarrow +\infty}^{=0} + \frac{C}{3} = \frac{C}{3}$$

$$\frac{C}{3} = 1; \quad C = 3$$

$$b) \int_1^3 \frac{3}{u^4} du = - \frac{3}{3u^3} \Big|_1^3 = - \frac{1}{27} + 1 = \frac{26}{27}$$

$$b) \int_7^{+\infty} \frac{3}{u^4} du = - \frac{3}{3u^3} \Big|_7^{+\infty} = - \frac{1}{u^3} \Big|_{\rightarrow +\infty}^{=0} + \frac{1}{343} = \frac{1}{343}$$

③ оказалась бракованная:

$$0.04 \times 0.7 + 0.01 \times 0.3 = 0.028 + 0.003 = 0.031$$

(3.1%)

бракованная на 1-й станке

$$\frac{0.7 \times 0.04}{0.031} = \frac{0.028}{0.031} \approx 0.903 \quad (90.3\%)$$

бракованная со 2-го станка

$$\frac{0.3 \times 0.01}{0.031} = \frac{0.003}{0.031} \approx 0.096 \quad (9.6\%)$$

④ ровно 6 орлов:

$$\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^6 \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{384}$$

ровно 1 орел:

$$1 \quad \frac{1}{2}$$

$$2 \quad C_2^1 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^1 \times \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{2-1} = 2 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = 2 \times \frac{1}{2^2}$$

$$3 \quad 3 \times \frac{1}{2^3}$$

$$4 \quad 4 \times \frac{1}{2^4}$$

$$5 \quad 5 \times \frac{1}{2^5}$$

$$6 \quad 6 \times \frac{1}{2^6}$$



$$\frac{1}{6} \times \left( \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{8} + \frac{4}{16} + \frac{5}{32} + \frac{6}{64} \right) = \frac{1}{6} \times \left( 1 + \frac{10}{16} + \frac{16}{64} \right) \hat{=}$$

$$\hat{=} \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{120}{64} = \frac{20}{64} = \frac{10}{32} = \frac{5}{16}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad P = \frac{4/10}{4/10 + 2/10 + 1/10} = \frac{4}{10} \times \frac{10}{7} = \frac{4}{7} \quad (57\%)$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad E = 0 \times \frac{1}{2} + 2 \times \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{8} \times 4 + \frac{1}{8} \times 8 = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + 1 = \frac{7}{4} = 1.75$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad \int_0^1 (e^x + 2) dx = e^x + 2x \Big|_0^1 = e + 2 - 1 = e + 1 = 3.71$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad \int_0^3 \frac{1}{30} e^{-\frac{u}{30}} du = -\frac{30}{30} \times e^{-\frac{u}{30}} \Big|_0^3 = -e^{-\frac{3}{30}} + e^0 = -e^{-\frac{1}{10}} + 1 \hat{=}$$

$$\hat{=} 1 - 0.905 = 0.095$$

$$\int_{10}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{30} e^{-\frac{u}{30}} du = -e^{-\frac{u}{30}} \Big|_{10}^{+\infty} = -e^{-\frac{+\infty}{30}} + e^{-\frac{10}{30}} = e^{-\frac{1}{3}} \hat{=}$$

$$\hat{=} 0.71$$

$$\int_{30}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{30} e^{-\frac{u}{30}} du = -e^{-\frac{u}{30}} \Big|_{30}^{+\infty} = -e^{-\frac{+\infty}{30}} + e^{-\frac{30}{30}} = \frac{1}{e} \approx 0.37$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad 2\% \quad \frac{2}{100} = \frac{1}{50} \Rightarrow \text{деталь дефектная на 50 шале}$$

$$\Rightarrow \approx 49 \text{ деталей качественные}$$

\textcircled{10} Проверим:

$$P = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^6 = 0.0156 = 1.56\%$$

$$\text{Размер } 150\text{ шт} \times 0.0156 = 2.34$$

$$\text{Вспышки: } P = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^6 = 1 - 0.0156 = 0.984$$

$$\text{Размер: } 1\text{ шт} \times 0.984 = 0.984$$

$$E = 2.34 - 0.984 = 1.356$$

(98.42)