COL106: Assignment 4

Trie, Red-Black tree and Priority queue

Updated: October 14, 2019

1 Fixes

- Please note some changes in the output format for Trie.
- · Allowed imports: List, Stack and Queue.

Logistics:

Release date: September 13, 2019

Submission deadline: 30th September, 23:55 2nd October, 23:55

Total marks: 5

PDF Version: Assignment 4 PDF

FAQ: See Section 8

Code can be downloaded from here : <u>Download</u> code

Changes:

- Download the new <u>Makefile</u>. Replace the current Makefile in the src folder with this one. This takes care of the file encoding issues while comparing.
- Constant files, the files that you are NOT suppose to change can be found here: <u>Download constant files</u>. Just replace these files in their respective directories.
 You can make changes to other files as per your requirements.

Brief description:

In this assignment you need to work with *Tries*, *Red-Black trees* and *Priority queues*. There will be **four** components of the assignment. The first three will check *tries*, *red-black trees* and *priority queues* independently. The last part of the assignment will be a combination of all the previous components.

2 General instructions

The grading will be done automatically. To ensure a smooth process, an interface will be provided to you, which you are **NOT** suppose to change. Your solution classes will implement these interfaces.

For each of the component, you will be given and *input* file, which will contain the commands that your code must execute. As per the command, the program will produce the *output*, which will be compared against an expected output for grading. Please ensure that you follow the proper formatting criteria, failing to do so will results in a penalty or no marks for that particular component.

2.1 Code skeleton

You are provided with the skeleton of the code. This contains the interfaces and other relevant information. Your task is to implement these functions. The code also contains *driver code* for all the components of assignment. These will be used to check the correctness of the code. Please **DO NOT** modify the interface and the driver code. You are free to change and implement other parts in any way you like.

Code can be downloaded from here: Download code

2.1.1 Building and Running

In the code, within the src folder, you can use the following commands to check your code.

make

This will check all the components. Components can also be checked independently:

```
make trie
make rbtree
make pq
make pm
```

for Trie, Red-Black tree, Priority-Queue and Project-Management (4th component) respectively.

3 Trie [1 Mark]

Trie is an efficient information reTrieval data structure. Using Trie, search complexities can be brought to optimal limit (key length) [3].

In this part of the assignment, you need to implement a Trie data structure. To make things interesting, you will be implementing a telephone directory using Tries. Name of a person will be the key (assuming all names are unique). Associate with every name will be a Person object.

```
package Trie;
public class Person {
    public Person(String name, String phone_number) {
    }
    public String getName() {
        return "";
    }
}
Listing 1: Person class.
```

3.1 Interface

You version of Trie must implement the TrieInterface as shown in Listing 2 and is also present in the code provided.

```
package Trie;
/**
NO NOT EDIT THIS FILE.
```

```
public interface TrieInterface<T> {
      * @param word Word to be input in the Trie
* @param value Associated value of the word
       * @return Success or failure
      boolean insert(String word, T value);
       * @param word Search for this word, Case-Sensitive
* @return Returns the Trienode associated if the word is found else NULL
14
15
      TrieNode<T> search(String word);
17
         @param prefix Search a particular prefix
         ereturn Returns the last Trienode associated with the prefix. Eg: If PARIS and PARROT is in the Tries, searching for PAR, returns
21
      TrieNode<T> startsWith(String prefix);
23
24
       * @param trieNode Prints all the possible word possible from this Trienode
                          Eg: PAR and PARIS, printTrie(startWith("PAR")) should print PARIS and PARROT i.e all the words with suffix PAR
27
      void printTrie(TrieNode trieNode);
29
       * @param word Delete a word from the Trie
32
         @return Success or Failure
      boolean delete(String word);
       * Print the complete Trie
      void print();
       * Print a specific level of the Trie.
         @param level
42
      void printLevel(int level);
 Listing 2: Interface specifications for Trie.
```

3.2 Input specifications

Commands:

- 1. INSERT: It takes a Person name and phone number (in next line) as input and inserts that into the trie.
- 2. DELETE: It takes a String as an input and deletes that from the trie.
- 3. SEARCH: It takes a String as input and returns true or false, based on whether that word is present in trie or now.
- 4. MATCH: It takes a String as an input, and return all words where the prefix is the entered String. Printing is done in a lexicographical order.
- 5. PRINTLEVEL: Print the specified level in lexicographical order separated by comma and DO NOT print spaces.
- 6. PRINT: Print all the LEVELS of the trie. The print format same as that of PRINTLEVEL.

Sample input file:

```
1 INSERT
2 Diljeet Singh, +91987654321
3 INSERT
4 Bhavesh Kumar, +91987654321
6 Chayan Malhotra, +91987654321
7 INSERT
8 Ekta Mittal, +91987654321
9 INSERT
10 Farhan Khan, +91987654321
12 Dishant Goyal, +91987654321
13 INSERT
14 Dishant Kumar, +91987654321
15 INSERT
16 Dishant Gupta, +91987654321
17 SEARCH
 Dishant Goyal
19 MATCH Di
20 MATCH di
21 DELETE
22 Dishant Goyal
23 SEARCH
24 Dishant Goyal
25 MATCH SK
26 PRINTLEVEL 2
27 PRINT
28 DELETE
29 Dishant Goyal
 Listing 3: Input for Trie.
Expected Output file:
1 Inserting: Diljeet Singh
2 Inserting: Bhavesh Kumar
3 Inserting: Chayan Malhotra
4 Inserting: Ekta Mittal
5 Inserting: Farhan Khan
6 Inserting: Dishant Goyal
7 Inserting: Dishant Kumar
8 Inserting: Dishant Gupta
```

9 Searching: Dishant Goyal

```
10 FOUND
11 [Name: Dishant Goyal, Phone=+91987654321]
12 Matching: Di
13 MATCHED:
14 [Name: Diljeet Singh, Phone=+91987654321]
15 [Name: Dishant Goyal, Phone=+91987654321]
16 [Name: Dishant Gupta, Phone=+91987654321]
17 [Name: Dishant Kumar, Phone=+91987654321]
18 Matching: di
19 NOT FOUND
20 Deleting: Dishant Goval
21 DELETED
22 Searching: Dishant Goyal
23 NOT FOUND
24 Matching: SK
25 NOT FOUND
26 Level 2: a.h.h.i.k
28 Printing Trie
29 Level 1: B,C,D,E,F
30 Level 2: a,h,h,i,k
31 Level 3: a,a,l,r,s,t
32 Level 4: a,h,h,j,v,y
33 Level 5: a,a,a,e,e
34 Level 6: M,e,n,n,n,s
35 Level 7: h,i,t,t
36 Level 8: K,M,t
37 Level 9: G,K,K,S,a,h,t
38 Level 10: a,a,i,l,u,u,u
39 Level 11: h,l,m,m,n,n,p
40 Level 12: a,a,g,o,t
41 Level 13: a,h,r,r,t
42 Level 14: r
43 Level 15: a
44 Level 16:
46 Deleting: Dishant Goyal
47 ERROR DELETING
 Listing 4: Ouput for Trie.
```

4 Red-Black Tree [1 Mark]

In this part you need to implement a Red-Black tree. A tutorial on Red-Black tree can be found here [2]. In this part, the basic operations on a Red-Black tree, insert and search will be tested. Note: you are not required to implement the *delete* feature. You will be given an input file, whose format is listed in Section 4.2. A sample output for the input command given in Section 4.2 is shown in 7

In this case also you will implement a telephone directory, with an extra feature that a person can have multiple numbers.

4.1 Specifications

You Red-Black tree, must implement the interface as shown in listing 5.

Things to keep in mind:

• All the items insert into the RB-Tree has a key and the corresponding value with it. In this version of Red-Black tree, a key can have multiple items. If we are trying to insert an element with a key which is already present in the tree, the value will get attached /appended to that key. This can be seen in the Listing 6.

4.2 Input specifications

Commands:

- 1. INSERT: Insert a Person into the tree.
- 2. SEARCH: Searches for a person in the tree.

Sample input (ignore the line numbers):

```
1 INSERT
2 Diljeet Singh, +91987654321
3 INSERT
4 Bhavesh Kumar, +91987654321
5 INSERT
6 Chayan Malhotra, +91987654321
7 INSERT
8 Ekta Mittal, +91987654321
9 INSERT
10 Farhan Khan, +91987654321
```

```
11 INSERT
12 Dishant Goyal, +91987654321
13 INSERT
14 Dishant Goval, +919999999999
15 INSERT
16 Dishant Kumar, +91987654321
17 INSERT
18 Dishant Gupta, +91987654321
19 SEARCH
20 Dishant Goval
21 SEARCH
22 Sandeep
 Listing 6: Input for RedBlack Tree.
Expected Output (ignore the line numbers):
1 Inserting: Diljeet Singh
2 Inserting: Bhavesh Kumar
3 Inserting: Chayan Malhotra
Inserting: Ekta Mittal
5 Inserting: Farhan Khan
6 Inserting: Dishant Goyal
Inserting: Dishant Goyal
8 Inserting: Dishant Kumar
, Inserting: Dishant Gupta
10 Searching for: Dishant Goyal
11 [Name: Dishant Goyal, Phone=+91987654321]
12 [Name: Dishant Goyal, Phone=+9199999999]
13 Searching for: Sandeep
14 Not Found
 Listing 7: Output for RedBlack Tree.
```

5 Priority queues [1 Mark]

In this part you will be working with a priority queue. Specifically, you will be implementing a max-heap which is an implementation of priority queue.

You will need to implement a *marks scoring system* using Max Heap. This will contains, students name and their corresponding marks. The max-heap will use the marks to arrange the students, i.e. the student with the highest marks will be on the top.

5.1 Specifications

Commands

- 1. INSERT
 - name marks: Insert the student in the tree. Student name and marks are give in the next line. Students name will be unique.
- 2. EXTRACTMAX: Extract the student with highest marks and print it. Extract operations also removes this from the max-heap.

Sample input (ignore the line numbers):

```
1 INSERT
2 Diljeet Singh, 10
3 INSERT
Bhavesh Kumar, 100
5 INSERT
6 Dishant Kumar, 67
7 EXTRACTMAX
EXTRACTMAX
9 EXTRACTMAX
 EXTRACTMAX
  Listing 9: Input for PriorityQueue.
Expected Output (ignore the line numbers):
1 Inserting: Diljeet Singh
2 Inserting: Bhavesh Kumar
3 Inserting: Dishant Kumar
student(name='Bhavesh Kumar', marks=100)
student(name='Dishant Kumar', marks=67)
student(name='Diljeet Singh', marks=10)
```

6 Project Management (Scheduler) [2 Marks]

Listing 10: Output for PriorityQueue.

In this part of the assignment you need to combine all the previous components of the assignment, Trie, Red-Black Tree and Priority Queue to implement a Job scheduler (Project management). The main part of this part are:

1. Project:

The project class will be have a *name*, *budget* and *priority* (as shown in Listing 11).

```
package ProjectManagement;
   public class Project {
    Listing 11: Project class
2. User:
   package ProjectManagement:
   public class User implements Comparable<User> {
        @Override
        public int compareTo(User user) {
            return 0;
    Listing 12: User class
    package ProjectManagement;
   2 public class Job implements Comparable<Job> {
        @Override
        public int compareTo(Job job) {
            return 0:
    Listing 13: Job class
```

A job can have two status: REQUESTED, COMPLETED.

6.1 Specifications

The main component in this part of the assignment is a *Job*. As shown in Listing 13, each Job will belong to a Project and created by an User. The name of the Jobs will be unique (this is guaranteed in the test cases). All the jobs have a running time, i.e. the time required to run this job. The priority of a job is same as of that its project and a job can only be executed if its running time is less than the current budget of the Project. Successfully running a Job, will reduce the budget of that project by running time of the project.

All the projects will be stored in a Trie, using the project name as the key. Project names will be unique. All the Jobs will be stored in a *Priority Queue*, specifically a Max-Heap, using their priorities as the key.

6.2 Commands

A sample input file is shown in Listing 15.

- 1. USER: Create the user with given user name.
- 2. PROJECT: Create a project. NAME PRIORITY BUDGET
- 3. JOB: Create a job. NAME PROJECT USER RUNTIME
- 4. QUERY: Return the status of the Job queried.
- 5. ADD: Increase the budget of the project. PROJECT BUDGET
- 6. EMPTY_LINE: Let the scheduler execute a single JOB.

6.3 Scheduler specifications

The scheduler will execute a single job whenever it will encounter an empty line in the input specifications. After the end of the INP (input file) file, scheduler will continue to execute jobs till there are jobs left that can be executed.

Each time the scheduler wants to execute a job, it will do the following:

- 1. It selects the job with the highest priority from the MAX HEAP.
- 2. It first check the running time of the Job, say t.
- 3. It will then fetch the project from the RB-Tree and check its budget, say B.
- 4. If $B \ge t$ then it executes the job. Executing a job means:
 - Set the status of the job to complete.
 - · Increase the global time by job time.
 - Set the completed time of the job as the current global time.
 - Decrease the budget of the project by run-time of the job. i.e. B = B t, where B is the new budget of the project.
- 5. If: B < t, then select the next job from the max-heap (where jobs are stored) and try to execute this.
- 6. A scheduler will return in following cases:
 - · It successfully executed a single job.
 - There are no jobs to be executed.
 - None of the jobs can be executed because of the budget issue.
- 7. After the execution returns, process the next batch of commands (all the commands till next EMPTY_LINE or EOF).
- 8. If there are no more commands in the INP (input file) file, then let the scheduler execute jobs till there are no jobs left, or no jobs can be executed because of budget issues. This marks the END of the execution.
- 9. Print the stats of the current system. See Listing 16.

```
void handle project(String[] cmd);
       * @param cmd Handles Job creation. Input is the command from INP1 file in array format (use space to split it)
12
      void handle job(String[] cmd);
13
14
       * @param name Handles user creation
      void handle_user(String name);
17
       * Returns status of a job
19
21
       * @param key
22
23
      void handle_query(String key);
       * Next cycle, is executed whenever an empty line is found.
25
      void handle_empty_line();
       * Executed as a thread to server a job.
31
      void schedule():
32
       * Add budget to a project Input is the command from INP1 file in array format (use space to split it)
34
       * @param cmd
37
      void handle add(String[] cmd);
       * If there are no lines in the input commands, but there are jobs which can be executed, let the system run till there are no jobs
      void run_to_completion();
       * After execution is done, print the stats of teh system
44
      void print_stats();
 Listing 14: Interface specification
IISER Rob
2 USER Harry
3 USER Carry
4 PROJECT IITD.CS.ML.ICML 10 15
5 PROJECT IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS 9 100
6 PROJECT IITD.CS.TH.SODA 8 100
7 JOB DeepLearning IITD.CS.ML.ICML Rob 10
8 JOB ImageProcessing IITD.CS.ML.ICML Carry 10
JOB Pipeline IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS Harry 10
10 JOB Kmeans IITD.CS.TH.SODA Carry 10
12 QUERY Kmeans
13 QUERY Doesnotexists
15 JOB DeepLearningNoProject IITD.CS.ML.ICM Rob 10
_{\mbox{\scriptsize 16}} JOB DeepLearningNoUser IITD.CS.ML.ICML Rob2 10
18 JOB DeepLearning1 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Rob 10
19 JOB ImageProcessing1 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Carry 10
20 JOB Pipeline1 IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS Harry 10
21 JOB Kmeans1 IITD.CS.TH.SODA Carry 10
JOB DeepLearning2 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Rob 10
24 JOB ImageProcessing2 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Carry 10
_{25} JOB Pipeline2 IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS Harry 10
26 JOB Kmeans3 IITD.CS.TH.SODA Carry 10
28 ADD IITD.CS.ML.ICML 60
29 JOB DeepLearning3 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Rob 10
30 JOB ImageProcessing3 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Carry 10
31 JOB Pipeline3 IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS Harry 10
32 JOB Kmeans3 IITD.CS.TH.SODA Carry 10
34 QUERY Kmeans
36 JOB DeepLearning4 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Rob 10
JOB Pipeline4 IITD.CS.ASPLOS Harry 10
JB Pipeline4 IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS Harry 10
39 JOB Kmeans4 IITD.CS.TH.SODA Carry 10
41 JOB DeepLearning5 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Rob 10
42 JOB ImageProcessing5 IITD.CS.ML.ICML Carry 10
43 JOB Pipeline5 IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS Harry 10
44 JOB Kmeans5 IITD.CS.TH.SODA Carry 10
46 QUERY Kmeans
 Listing 15: Input specification
1 Creating user
2 Creating user
3 Creating user
Creating project
5 Creating project
6 Creating project
7 Creating job
8 Creating job
9 Creating job
10 Creating job
11 Running code
Remaining jobs: 4
Executing: DeepLearning from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
14 Project: IITD.CS.ML.ICML budget remaining: 5
15 Execution cycle completed
```

16 Querying

```
17 Kmeans: NOT FINISHED
18 Querying
  Doesnotexists: NO SUCH JOB
20 Running code
21 Remaining jobs: 3
22 Executing: ImageProcessing from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML

    Un-sufficient budget.
    Executing: Pipeline from: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS

25 Project: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS budget remaining: 90
26 Execution cycle completed 27 Creating job
28 No such project exists. IITD.CS.ML.ICM

<sup>29</sup> Creating job
<sup>30</sup> No such user exists: Rob2
<sup>31</sup> Running code

Remaining jobs: 1
Executing: Kmeans from: IITD.CS.TH.SODA
Project: IITD.CS.TH.SODA budget remaining: 90
35 Execution cycle completed
36 Creating job
37 Creating job
38 Creating job
39 Creating job
40 Running code
41 Remaining jobs: 4
42 Executing: DeepLearning1 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
43 Un-sufficient budget.
44 Executing: ImageProcessing1 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
45 Un-sufficient budget.
46 Executing: Pipelinel from: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS
47 Project: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS budget remaining: 80
48 Execution cycle completed
49 Creating job
50 Creating job
51 Creating job
52 Creating job
53 Running code
so Remaining jobs: 5
55 Executing: DeepLearning2 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
  Un-sufficient budget.
55 Executing: ImageProcessing2 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
56 Un-sufficient budget.
Executing: Pipeline2 from: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS
Project: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS budget remaining: 70
61 Execution cycle completed
  ADDING Budget
63 Creating job
64 Creating job
65 Creating job
66 Creating job
67 Running code
68 Remaining jobs: 11
69 Executing: ImageProcessing from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML 70 Project: IITD.CS.ML.ICML budget remaining: 55
  Execution cycle completed
Querying
Kmeans: COMPLETED
  Running code
75 Remaining jobs: 10
% Executing: DeepLearning1 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML Project: IITD.CS.ML.ICML budget remaining: 45
78 Execution cycle completed
79 Creating job
80 Creating job
81 Creating job
82 Creating job
83 Running code
84 Remaining jobs: 13
ss Executing: ImageProcessing1 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
Project: IITD.CS.ML.ICML budget remaining: 35
87 Execution cycle completed
Creating job Creating job
90 Creating job
91 Creating job
92 Running code
93 Remaining jobs: 16
Executing: DeepLearning2 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
Project: IITD.CS.ML.ICML budget remaining: 25
96 Execution cycle completed
97 Querying
98 Kmeans: COMPLETED
99 Running code
Too Remaining jobs: 15
101 Executing: ImageProcessing2 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
102 Project: IITD.CS.ML.ICML budget remaining: 15
103 System execution completed
104 Running code
105 Remaining jobs: 14
DeepLearning3 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML Project: IITD.CS.ML.ICML budget remaining: 5
108 System execution completed
109 Running code

    Remaining jobs: 13
    Executing: ImageProcessing3 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML

112 Un-sufficient budget.
Executing: DeepLearning4 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
114 Un-sufficient budget.
115 Executing: ImageProcessing4 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
116 Un-sufficient budget.
117 Executing: DeepLearning5 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
118 Un-sufficient budget.
119 Executing: ImageProcessing5 from: IITD.CS.ML.ICML
120 Un-sufficient budget.
```

```
121 Executing: Pipeline3 from: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS
122 Project: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS budget remaining: 60
 123 System execution completed
 124 Running code
 125 Remaining jobs: 7
 126 Executing: Pipeline4 from: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS
 127 Project: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS budget remaining: 50
 128 System execution completed
 129 Running code
 130 Remaining jobs: 6
131 Executing: Pipeline5 from: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS
 192 Project: IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS budget remaining: 40
 133 System execution completed
 134 Running code
 135 Remaining jobs: 5
 136 Executing: Kmeans1 from: IITD.CS.TH.SODA
137 Project: IITD.CS.TH.SODA budget remaining: 80
 138 System execution completed
 139 Running code
 140 Remaining jobs: 4
141 Executing: Kmeans3 from: IITD.CS.TH.SODA
 142 Project: IITD.CS.TH.SODA budget remaining: 70
 143 System execution completed
 144 Running code
 145 Remaining jobs: 3
 146 Executing: Kmeans3 from: IITD.CS.TH.SODA
 147 Project: IITD.CS.TH.SODA budget remaining: 60
 148 System execution completed
 149 Running code
 150 Remaining jobs: 2
 151 Executing: Kmeans4 from: IITD.CS.TH.SODA
 152 Project: IITD.CS.TH.SODA budget remaining: 50
 153 System execution completed
 154 Running code
 155 Remaining jobs: 1
156 Executing: Kmeans5 from: IITD.CS.TH.SODA
 157 Project: IITD.CS.TH.SODA budget remaining: 40
 158 System execution completed
159 ----STATS-----
 160 Total jobs done: 19
Job{user='Rob', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=10, name='DeepLearning'}
Job{user='Harry', project='IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=20, name='Pipeline'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=30, name='Kmeans'}
Job{user='Harry', project='IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=40, name='Pipeline1'}
Job{user='Harry', project='IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=50, name='Pipeline2'}
 Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=60, name='ImageProcessing'}
 Job{user='Rob', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=70, name='DeepLearning1'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=80, name='ImageProcessing1'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=80, name='ImageProcessing1'}
Job{user='Rob', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=90, name='DeepLearning2'}
Job{user='Rob', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=100, name='DeepLearning3'}
Job{user='Rob', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=110, name='DeepLearning3'}
Job{user='Harry', project='IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=120, name='Pipeline3'}
Job{user='Harry', project='IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=130, name='Pipeline4'}
Job{user='Harry', project='IITD.CS.OS.ASPLOS', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=150, name='Pipeline5'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=150, name='Kmeans1'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=160, name='Kmeans3'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=170, name='Kmeans3'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=180, name='Kmeans3'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=180, name='Kmeans3'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=190, name='Kmeans3'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=190, name='Kmeans3'}
Job{user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.TH.SODA', jobstatus=COMPLETED, execution_time=10, end_time=190, name='Kmeans5'}
181 Unlimitation jobs:
182 Job(user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=REQUESTED, execution_time=10, end_time=null, name='ImageProcessing3')
182 Job(user='Rob', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=REQUESTED, execution_time=10, end_time=null, name='DeepLearning4')
183 Job(user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=REQUESTED, execution_time=10, end_time=null, name='ImageProcessing4')
184 Job(user='Rob', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=REQUESTED, execution_time=10, end_time=null, name='DeepLearning5')
185 Job(user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=REQUESTED, execution_time=10, end_time=null, name='ImageProcessing5')
186 Job(user='Carry', project='IITD.CS.ML.ICML', jobstatus=REQUESTED, execution_time=10, end_time=null, name='ImageProcessing5')
187 Total unfinished jobs: 5
                                          --STATS DONE-
     Listing 16: Output for INP in Listing 15
```

7 Submission instructions

As always compress *src* directory to zip format and rename the zip file in the format entrynumber_assignment4.zip. For example, if your entry number is 2012CSZ8019, the zip file should be named 2012CSZ8019_assignment4.zip. Then you need to convert this zip file to base64 format as follows and submit the .b64 file on Moodle.

base64 entrynumber_assignment4.zip > entrynumber_assignment4.zip.b64

Folder structure: Inside the src directory, you need to have a README.pdf (case sensitive) and your solution (exactly following the folder structure that of the code provided.). Please do not rename the existing directories. You need to report the time complexities of various operations for both the implementations. You should also report any interesting findings based on your experiments with the two implementations.

Grading: While grading we will replace the *driver code* and the *interface* code with the original files before the compilation. So please ensure that your code compiles and run correctly with the original driver and interface files.

MOSS: Please note that we will run MOSS on the submitted code. Anyone found with a copied code, either from Internet or from another student, will be dealt as per the class policy.

8 FAQ

- See some fixes here: 1
- Project Management: In what data-structure projects are stored? Ans: Trie
- Trie: Match: match the search term with pre-fix of entries.
- Lists and its subclasses (ArrayList, LinkedList) etc. are allowed.
- Maps (e.g. HashMap) are also allowed.
- You need to override the toString() method in classes to print in a particular format.

- Printing order in Trie: Lexicographical order. DO NOT print spaces (which is present in the name). You need to store spaces in the Trie, otherwise MATCH command will print first-name and second-name together(without a space) and it will not match the output.
- Trie: Names can contain any character whose ASCII code is between 32-126, see an ASCII table here: [1].
- Trie: If a particular entry is not found, print NOT FOUND.
- Build issues: Please use the Makefile provided.
- Only List, Stack, Queue and Maps arze allowed to be imported.
- There are some encoding issue in file compare. We are working on it.
- Extract-Max in Priority Queue should follow FIFO (if the priority of two objects is same).
- · Casting from and to Object is allowed.
- Please adhere to return types of the function. It will be used in the driver code.
- · You can use Iterator.
- Print: Trie. Last level is empty, which represents the end of the Trie.
- Question: Adding budget to a project, what to do with its unfinished (but already tried) jobs?
 Answer: https://piazza.com/class/jyic9aa2xyb34g?cid=649
- Project insertion and retrieval doubt: We are inserting project in a trie and retrieving from a RB tree, how?

Answer:When a new Project is created, it is stored in a Trie. RB-Tree is used as a NOT_READY queue. To store the jobs which cannot be executed because there is not enough budget left. As mentioned in the RB-Tree implementation, using a single key we can store multiple objects.

- Files NOT to be edited: Please make no changes to the Driver code for the Trie, RedBlack and PriorityQueue. And please do not change any of the interface files.
- Size of Max-heap: Upper bound on the size of the heap: 10000. You can use lists.
- Project management, empty_line, run_to_completion:

```
"1. How is schedule() different from handle_empty_line()?"

handle_empty_line is there so do dome pre-processing before calling schedule. If you feel like this is not required, use this:

public void handle_empty_line() {
    schedule();
    }

"2. What is the use of run()? What is schedule() doing inside that?
    If it is for completing the pending jobs at the end, then why run_to_completion()?"
```

The driver uses a thread to execute the jobs. schedule() contains the logic to check the budget, then either execute the code or move it to a NON READY guest.

it to a NON_READY queue. As can be seen from the driver code, run_to_completion() is used when we are done processing the INPUT FILE (i.e. no more commands are left to process).

- What to return in RBTree when key is not found?
 - A RedBlackNode with NULL key and NULL values.
- · If a key has multiple values associates with it, then the output of search query for that key should have values printed in lexicographic order or FIFO.
- Priority order:
 - FIFO order comes after priority.
 - If there are two jobs with a different priority, then you take the job which has the higher priority, irrespective of who came first.
 - FIFO has to be maintained only if their priorities are same.
- print_stats specification: After the system is done with executing all the commands, it tries to executed as many job it can. Once it is done with that, it prints the stats of the system and exists. The order of printing:
 - 1. Print all the executed job first in the order which they were executed. The job executed first should be printed first.
 - 2. After this print all the un-finished job. At this point, the *waiting-queue* or the MAX-HEAP used by the scheduler to find the job should be empty. Jobs must have been completed or will be in the *NOT_READY* queue.

Printing order:

- Process projects based on their priority.
- Processing a project means, printing all the jobs belonging to that project.
- Project priority is determined in the same way as that of the jobs. The project having a higher value of the "priority" has the higher priority. If the value of the priorities is same, then the project created first has the higher priority.
- With-in a project: Print jobs based on their priority. See Priority order in this FAQ to decide priority of a job.

References

- [1] Ascii table ascii character codes and html, octal, hex and decimal chart conversion. http://www.asciitable.com/. (Accessed on 09/15/2019).
- [2] Painting nodes black with red-black trees basecs medium. https://medium.com/basecs/painting-nodes-black-with-red-black-trees-60eacb2be9a5. (Accessed on 09/10/2019).
- [3] Trie (insert and search) geeksforgeeks. https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/trie-insert-and-search/. (Accessed on 09/12/2019).