

$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^d} f(x) = \mathbb{E}_D [f(x, D)]$$

$$1) \approx \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n f(x, \xi_i)$$

$\xi_i \in D$

$$2) f(x, \xi) \quad \nabla f(x, \xi)$$

$$\mathbb{E} [\|\nabla f(x, \xi) - \nabla f(x)\|^2] < \epsilon^2$$

$$\mathbb{E} \nabla f(x, \xi) = \nabla f(x)$$

Предположение: $\mathbb{E} [\|\nabla f(x^*) - \nabla f(x^*, \xi)\|^2] \leq \epsilon^2$

+ L-гладность $f, f(x, \xi)$

+ μ -выпуклость f

$$\text{SGD} : x^{k+1} = x^k - \gamma \nabla f(x^k, \xi^k)$$

$$\mathbb{E} [\|x^{k+1} - x^*\|^2] = \mathbb{E} [\|x^k - x^*\|^2] - 2\gamma \mathbb{E} \langle \nabla f(x^k, \xi^k), x^k - x^* \rangle + \gamma^2 \mathbb{E} [\|\nabla f(x^k, \xi^k)\|^2]$$

выпуклость f :

$$\leq \mathbb{E} [(1 - \mu\gamma) \|x^k - x^*\|^2]$$

$$- 2\gamma \mathbb{E} (f(x^k) - f(x^*))$$

$$+ \gamma^2 \mathbb{E} [\|\nabla f(x^k, \xi^k) - \nabla f(x^*, \xi^k) + \nabla f(x^*, \xi^k)\|^2]$$

$$\leq \mathbb{E} [(1 - \mu\gamma) \|x^k - x^*\|^2]$$

$$- 2\gamma \mathbb{E} (f(x^k) - f(x^*))$$

$$+ 2\gamma^2 \mathbb{E} [\|\nabla f(x^k, \xi^k) - \nabla f(x^*, \xi^k)\|^2]$$

КБШ

$$(a+b)^2 \leq 2a^2 + 2b^2$$

$$+ 2\gamma^2 \underbrace{\mathbb{E}[\|\nabla f(x^*, \delta^k)\|^2]}_{\leq \sigma_*^2}$$

L -approx f_δ

$$\begin{aligned} &\leq \mathbb{E}[(1-\mu\gamma)\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\ &\quad - 2\gamma \mathbb{E}(f(x^k) - f(x^*)) \\ &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \mathbb{E}\left[\underbrace{2L}_{\text{red arrow}} (f(x^k, \delta^k) - f(x^*, \delta^k)) \right. \\ &\quad \quad \left. - \langle \nabla f(x^*, \delta^k); x^k - x^* \rangle \right] \\ &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbb{E}[f(x^k, \delta^k) | x^k] = f(x^k)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[f(x^*, \delta^k)] = f(x^*)$$

$$\mathbb{E}[\nabla f(x^*, \delta^k) | x^k] = \nabla f(x^*) = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\leq \mathbb{E}[(1-\mu\gamma)\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\ &\quad - 2\gamma \mathbb{E}(f(x^k) - f(x^*)) + 4L\gamma^2 (f(x^k) - f(x^*)) \\ &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$-2 + 8L\gamma = 0 \quad \gamma \leq \frac{1}{4L}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\leq (1-\mu\gamma) \mathbb{E}\|x^k - x^*\|^2 \\ &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \end{aligned}$$

Предположение: $\|\nabla f(x^*) - \nabla f(x^*, \xi)\|^2 \leq \sigma_*^2$
 + L -гладность $f, f(x, \xi)$
 + μ -сильная выпуклость $f, f(x, \xi)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathbb{E}[\|x^{k+1} - x^*\|^2] &\leq \mathbb{E}[\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
 &\quad - 2\gamma \mathbb{E}[\langle \nabla f(x^k, \xi^k); x^k - x^* \rangle] \\
 &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \mathbb{E}[\|\nabla f(x^k, \xi^k) - \nabla f(x^*, \xi^k)\|^2] \\
 &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \\
 &\leq \mathbb{E}[\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
 &\quad - 2\gamma \left(\frac{\mu}{2} \|x^k - x^*\|^2 + f(x^k, \xi^k) - f(x^*, \xi^k) \right) \\
 &\quad + 4L\gamma^2 \mathbb{E} \left[\left(f(x^k, \xi^k) - f(x^*, \xi^k) \right) \right. \\
 &\quad \quad \left. - \langle \nabla f(x^*, \xi^k); x^k - x^* \rangle \right] \\
 &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \\
 &= (1 - \mu\gamma) \mathbb{E}[\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
 &\quad - (2\gamma - 4L\gamma^2) \mathbb{E}[f(x^k, \xi^k) - f(x^*, \xi^k)] \\
 &\quad + 4L\gamma^2 \mathbb{E}[\underbrace{-\langle \nabla f(x^*, \xi^k), x^k - x^* \rangle}_{\text{КБЛ}}] \\
 &\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$\gamma \leq \frac{1}{4L}$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\leq (1-\mu\gamma) \mathbb{E} [\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
&\quad + 4\gamma^2 L \mathbb{E} [\underbrace{\|\nabla f(x^*, \xi^k)\|}_{ab \leq \frac{c^2}{2} a^2 + \frac{1}{2} b^2} \|x^k - x^*\|] \\
&\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{4\gamma^2 L}{c^2} = \frac{\mu\gamma}{2}$$

$$c^2 = \frac{8\gamma^2 L}{\mu\gamma} = \frac{8\gamma L}{\mu}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\leq (1-\mu\gamma) \mathbb{E} [\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
&\quad + \frac{\mu\gamma}{2} \mathbb{E} [\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
&\quad + 4\gamma^2 L \cdot \frac{8\gamma L}{\mu} \underbrace{\mathbb{E} [\|\nabla f(x^*, \xi^k)\|^2]}_{\leq \sigma_*^2} \\
&\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= (1 - \frac{\mu\gamma}{2}) \mathbb{E} [\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
&\quad + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \left(1 + \frac{16\gamma^2 L^2}{\mu} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\gamma \leq \frac{1}{4L} \\
&\underline{1 + \frac{4L}{\mu} \leq \frac{5L}{\mu}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\leq \left(1 - \frac{\mu\gamma}{2}\right) \mathbb{E} [\|x^k - x^*\|^2] \\
&\quad + 2\gamma^2 \cdot \frac{5L}{\mu} \sigma_*^2
\end{aligned}$$

$$\min\left(\frac{L}{\mu}\right) + \text{cst.} \cdot \frac{\sigma_*^2}{\varepsilon \mu^2} \cdot \frac{L}{\mu}$$

$$\gamma = \min\left(\frac{1}{4L}; \frac{1}{\mu T}\right) \quad + \quad c\gamma^5 \quad \frac{\sigma_x^2}{\varepsilon \mu^2} + \frac{\sigma_x^2 \frac{L}{\gamma}}{\sqrt{\varepsilon} \mu^2}$$

EG

$$x^{k+1/2} = x^k - \gamma F(x^k)$$

$$x^{k+1} = x^k - \gamma F(x^{k+1/2})$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|x^{k+1} - x^*\|^2 &\leq \|x^k - x^*\|^2 - 2\gamma \langle F(x^{k+1/2}), x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle \\ &\quad - \|x^k - x^{k+1/2}\|^2 + \gamma^2 \|F(x^{k+1/2}) - F(x^k)\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

1) regul. step $\gamma^k, \gamma^{k+1/2}$

$$x^{k+1/2} = x^k - \gamma F(x^k, \gamma^k)$$

$$x^{k+1} = x^k - \gamma F(x^{k+1/2}, \gamma^{k+1/2})$$

$$\mathbb{E}[\|F(x, \gamma) - F(x)\|] \leq \sigma^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \|x^{k+1} - x^*\|^2 &\leq \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^*\|^2 - 2\gamma \mathbb{E} \langle \underbrace{F(x^{k+1/2}, \gamma^{k+1/2})}_{\text{red}}, x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle \\ &\quad - \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^{k+1/2}\|^2 + \gamma^2 \mathbb{E} \|F(x^{k+1/2}, \gamma^{k+1/2}) - F(x^k, \gamma^k)\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^*\|^2 - 2\gamma \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^{k+1/2}), x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle \\ &\quad - \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^{k+1/2}\|^2 + \gamma^2 \mathbb{E} \|F(x^{k+1/2}, \gamma^{k+1/2}) - F(x^k, \gamma^k)\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

μ -curvature non $F(x^*) = 0$

$$\leq (1 - 2\mu\gamma) \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^*\|^2$$

$$- \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^{k+1/2}\|^2 + \gamma^2 \mathbb{E} \|F(x^{k+1/2}, \gamma^{k+1/2}) - F(x^k, \gamma^k)\|^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \|F(x^{k+1/2}) - F(x^k) + F(x^{k+1/2}, \delta^{k+1/2}) - F(x^{k+1/2}) + F(x^k) - F(x^k, \delta^k)\|^2 \\ & \leq 2 \|F(x^{k+1/2}) - F(x^k)\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$+ 2 \|F(x^{k+1/2}, \delta^{k+1/2}) - F(x^{k+1/2}) + F(x^k) - F(x^k, \delta^k)\|^2$$

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\|F(x^{k+1/2}, \delta^{k+1/2}) - F(x^{k+1/2})\|^2 + \|F(x^k) - F(x^k, \delta^k)\|^2 \right] \leq \Theta^2$$

$$+ 2 \langle F(x^{k+1/2}, \delta^{k+1/2}) - F(x^{k+1/2}), F(x^k) - F(x^k, \delta^k) \rangle$$

$\mathbb{E}[x^{k+1/2}] \rightarrow 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \|x^{k+1} - x^*\|^2 & \leq (1 - 2\mu\gamma) \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^*\|^2 \\ & - \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^{k+1/2}\|^2 + 2\gamma^2 \mathbb{E} \|F(x^{k+1/2}) - F(x^k)\|^2 \\ & + 4\gamma^2 \Theta^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}L}$$

$$\leq (1 - 2\mu\gamma) \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^*\|^2 + 4\gamma^2 \Theta^2$$

2) *gab. cugr*

$$\begin{aligned} x^{k+1/2} &= x^k - \gamma F(x^k, \delta^k) \\ x^{k+1} &= x^k - \gamma F(x^{k+1/2}, \delta^k) \end{aligned}$$

$$\|F(x, \delta) - F(y, \delta)\|^2 \leq L^2 \|x - y\|^2$$

μ -strongly convex.
 $F(\cdot, \delta)$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \|x^{k+1} - x^*\|^2 &\leq \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^*\|^2 - 2\gamma \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^{k+1/2}, \xi^k), x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle \\ &\quad - \mathbb{E} \|x^k - x^{k+1/2}\|^2 + \gamma^2 \mathbb{E} \|F(x^{k+1/2}, \xi^k) - F(x^k, \xi^k)\|^2 \\ &\leq L^2 \|x^{k+1/2} - x^k\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$- \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^{k+1/2}, \xi^k); x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle$$

$$F(x^*) = 0$$

$$F(x^*, \xi^k) \neq 0$$

$$= - \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^{k+1/2}, \xi^k) - F(x^*, \xi^k); x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle$$

$$- \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^*, \xi^k); x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle$$

correct $F(\cdot, \xi)$

$$\leq -\mu \|x^{k+1/2} - x^*\|^2$$

$$- \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^*, \xi^k); x^{k+1/2} - x^* \rangle$$

$$= -\mu \|x^{k+1/2} - x^*\|^2 +$$

$$- \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^*, \xi^k); x^k - x^* \rangle$$

$$? \mathbb{E}[x^k]$$

$$- \mathbb{E} \langle F(x^*, \xi^k); x^{k+1/2} - x^k \rangle$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E}[F(x^*, \xi^k) | x^k] &= \\ &= F(x^*) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\leq -\mu \mathbb{E} \|x^{k+1/2} - x^*\|^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4\gamma} \|x^{k+1/2} - x^k\|^2 + \gamma \|F(x^*, \xi^k)\|^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \|X^{k+1} - X^*\|^2 &\leq \mathbb{E} \|X^k - X^*\|^2 - 2\mu\gamma \mathbb{E} [\|X^{k+1/2} - X^*\|^2] \\ &\quad - \mathbb{E} \|X^k - X^{k+1/2}\|^2 + \gamma^2 L^2 \mathbb{E} \|X^{k+1/2} - X^k\|^2 \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E} \|X^{k+1/2} - X^k\|^2 + \underbrace{2\gamma^2 \|F(X^k, \delta^k)\|^2}_{\sigma_*^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \|X^{k+1} - X^*\|^2 &\leq \mathbb{E} \|X^k - X^*\|^2 - 2\mu\gamma \mathbb{E} \|X^{k+1/2} - X^*\|^2 \\ &\quad - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \gamma^2 L^2\right) \|X^{k+1/2} - X^k\|^2 + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \\ &\quad - \|X^{k+1/2} - X^k + X^k - X^*\|^2 \leq -\frac{1}{2} \|X^k - X^*\|^2 + \|X^{k+1/2} - X^k\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \|X^{k+1} - X^*\|^2 &\leq (1 - \mu\gamma) \mathbb{E} \|X^k - X^*\|^2 + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2 \\ &\quad - \left(\frac{1}{2} - \gamma^2 L^2 + 2\gamma\mu\right) \|X^{k+1/2} - X^k\|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\gamma \leq \frac{1}{3L}$$

$$\leq (1 - \mu\gamma) \mathbb{E} \|X^k - X^*\|^2 + 2\gamma^2 \sigma_*^2$$

$$\|x^k - x^*\|^2 \quad g(x^*, y) \leq g(x^*, y^*) \leq g(x, y^*) \quad \forall x$$

$$\min_x \max_y g(x, y)$$

$$f(x^k) - f(x^*)$$

$$1) g(x^k, y^k) - g(x^*, y^*)$$

$$\min_{x \in [-1, 1]} \max_{y \in [-1, 1]} xy \quad x^* = 0, y^* = 0$$

$$g(x^0, y^0) - g(x^*, y^*) = -1$$

$$2) g(x^k, y^*) - g(x^*, y^k)$$

$$g(x^k, y^*) - g(x^*, y^*) + g(x^*, y^*) - g(x^*, y^k) \geq 0$$

$$3) \max_{y \in Y} g(x^k, y) - \min_{x \in X} g(x, y^k)$$

$$= \max_{(x, y) \in X \times Y} (g(x^k, y) - g(x, y^k))$$

$$= \max_{(x, y) \in X \times Y} \underbrace{(g(x^k, y) - g(x^k, y^k))}_{\text{bessymmetrisch}} + \underbrace{(g(x^k, y^k) - g(x, y^k))}_{\text{bessymmetrisch}}$$

$$\leq \max_{(x, y)} \left(\langle \nabla_y g(x^k, y^k); y - y^k \rangle + \langle \nabla_x g(x^k, y^k); x^k - x \rangle \right)$$

$$F = \begin{pmatrix} \nabla_x \\ -\nabla_y \end{pmatrix} = \max_{\substack{(x, y) \\ \|z\|}} \langle F(z^k); z^k - z \rangle$$

$$\frac{1}{k} \sum_{l=0}^{k-1} \langle F(z^l); z^l - z \rangle$$

$$\langle F(z^l) - F(z); z^l - z \rangle \geq 0$$

$$\geq \frac{1}{k} \sum \langle F(z); z^l - z \rangle = \langle F(z); \bar{z}^k - z \rangle$$