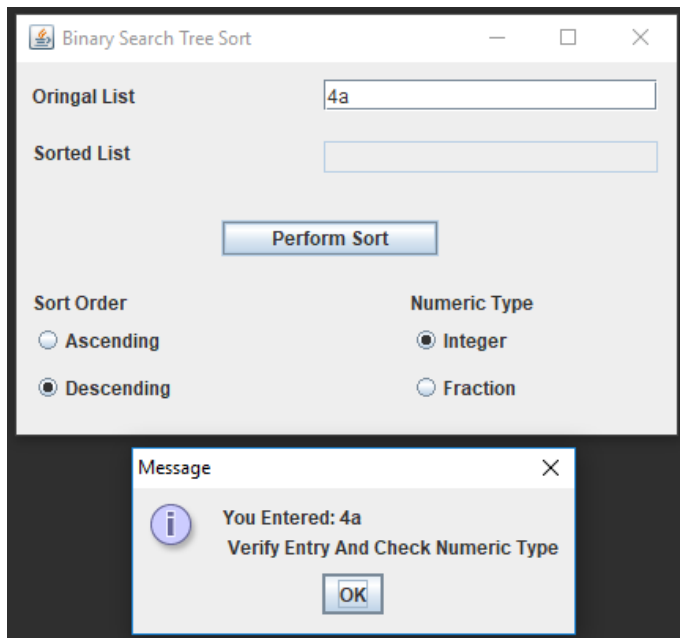
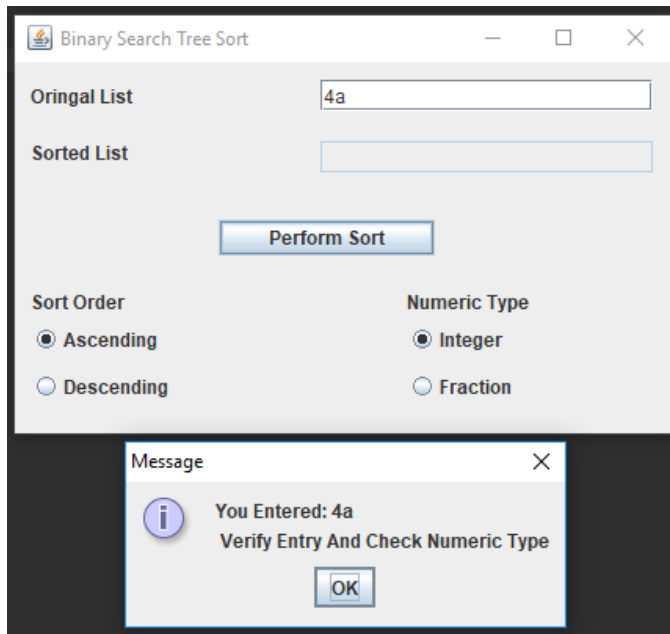


TEST PLAN

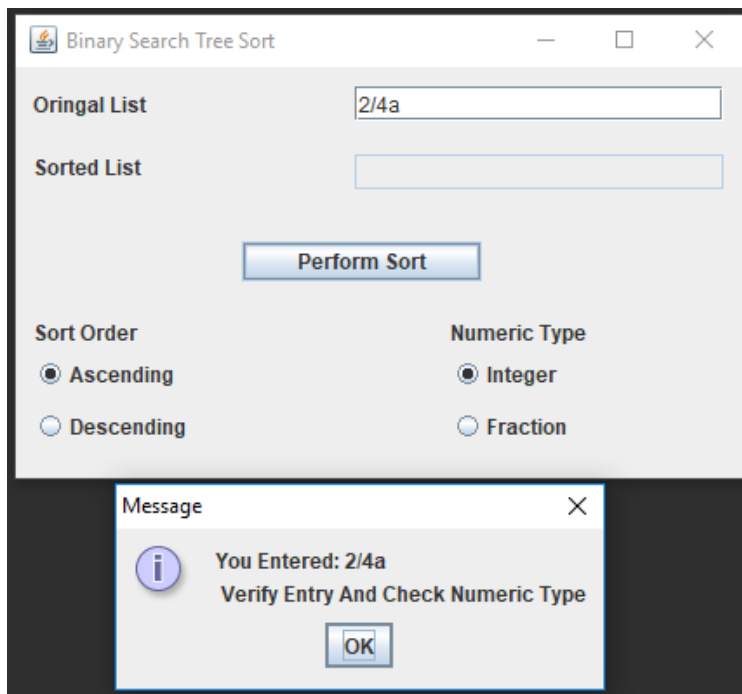
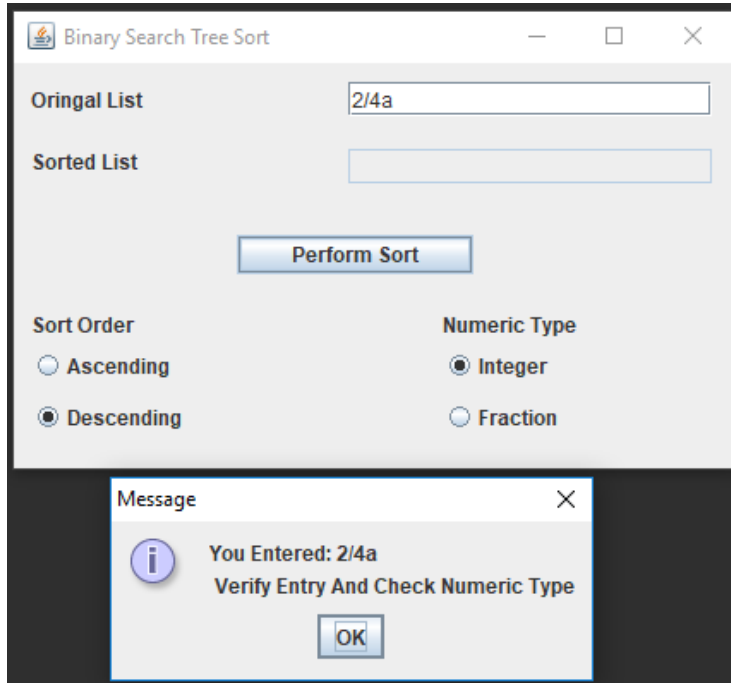
Test Case 1: Testing user input invalid characters for integers ascending & descending

1. Input "4a"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



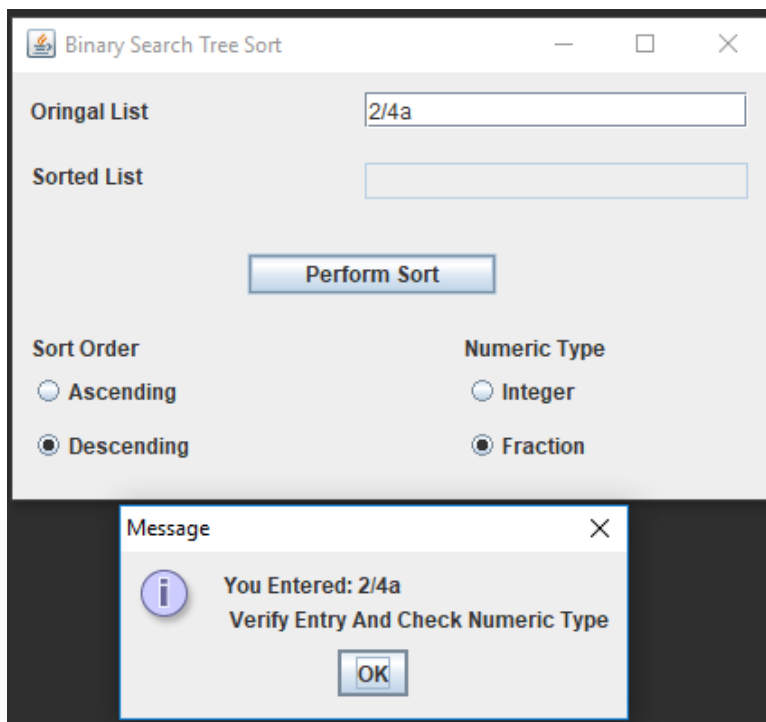
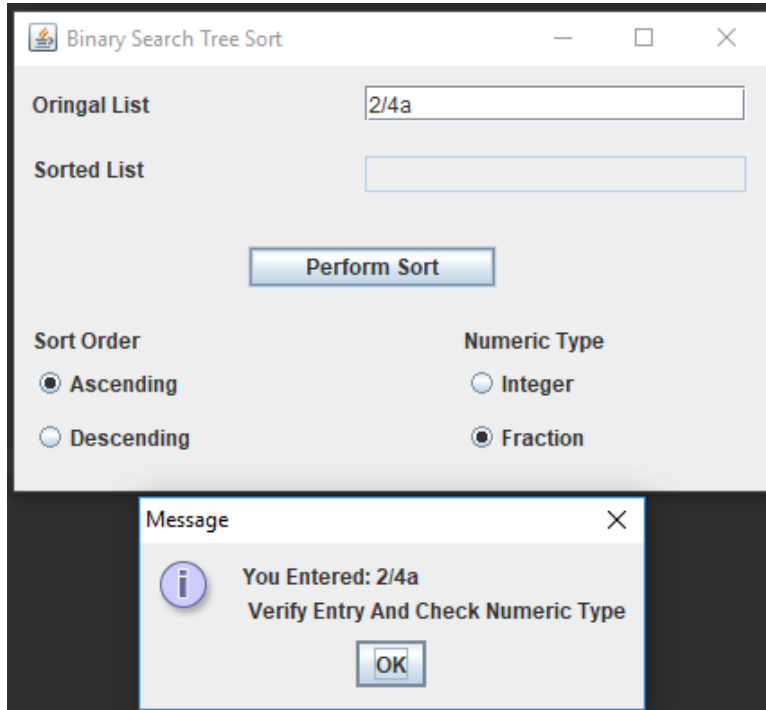
Test Case 2: Testing user input invalid characters for integers ascending & descending

1. Input "2/4a"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



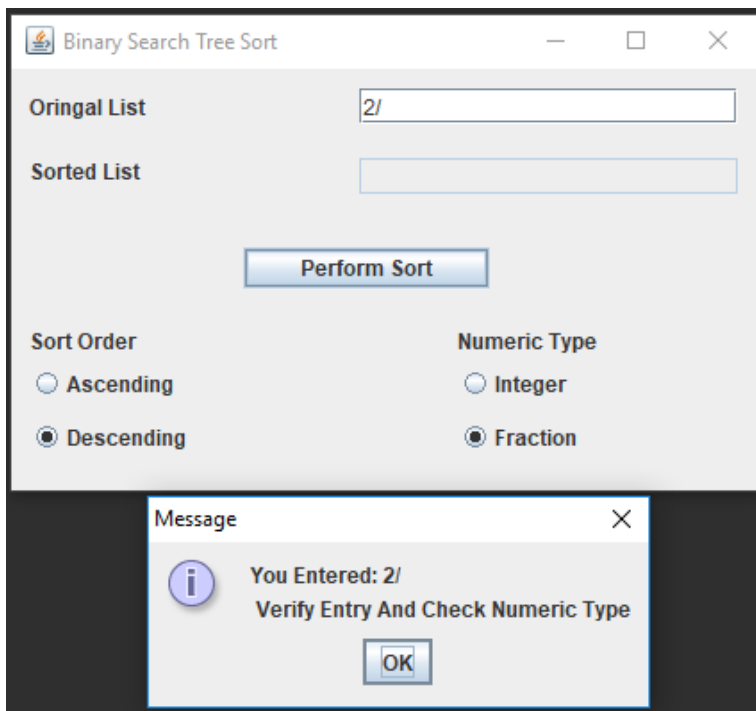
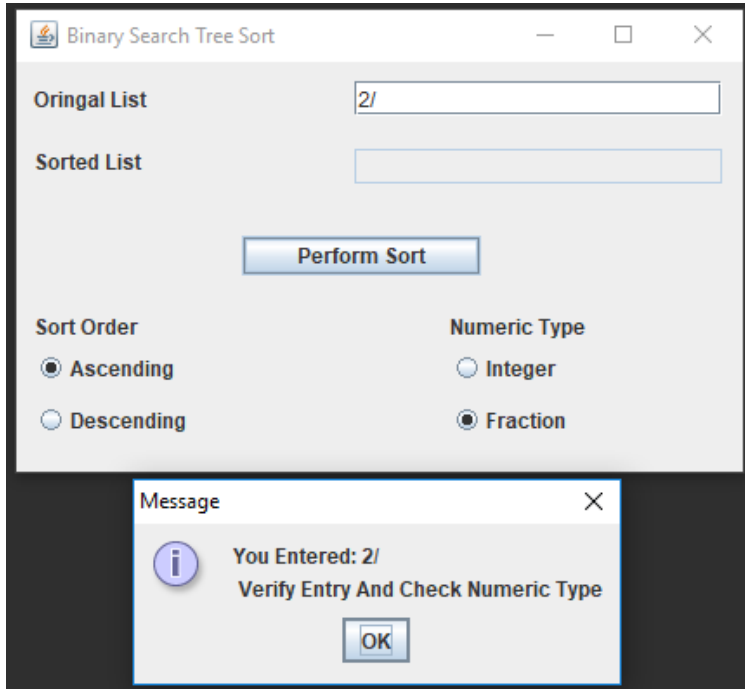
Test Case 3: Testing user input invalid characters for fractions ascending & descending

1. Input "2/4a"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



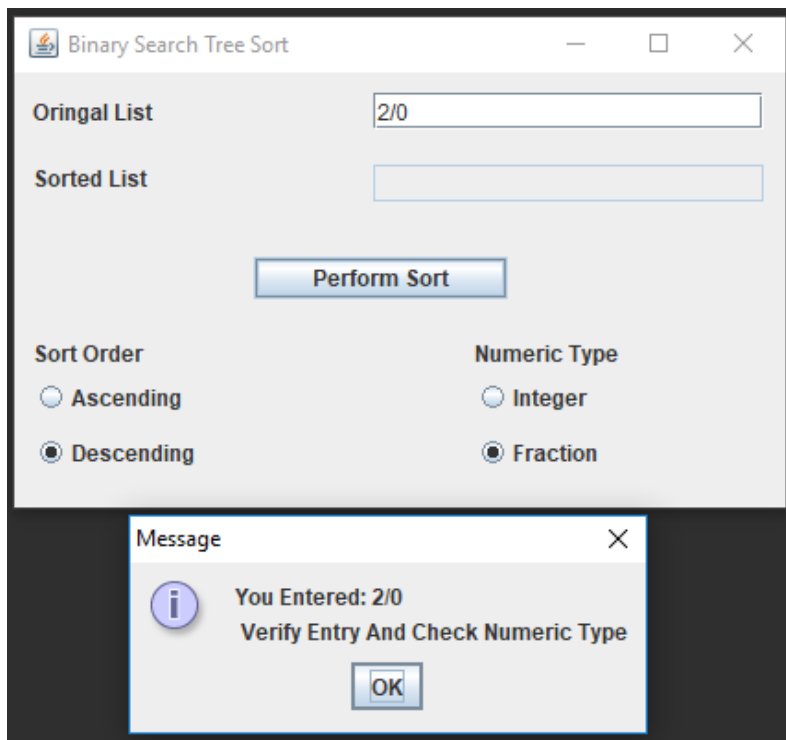
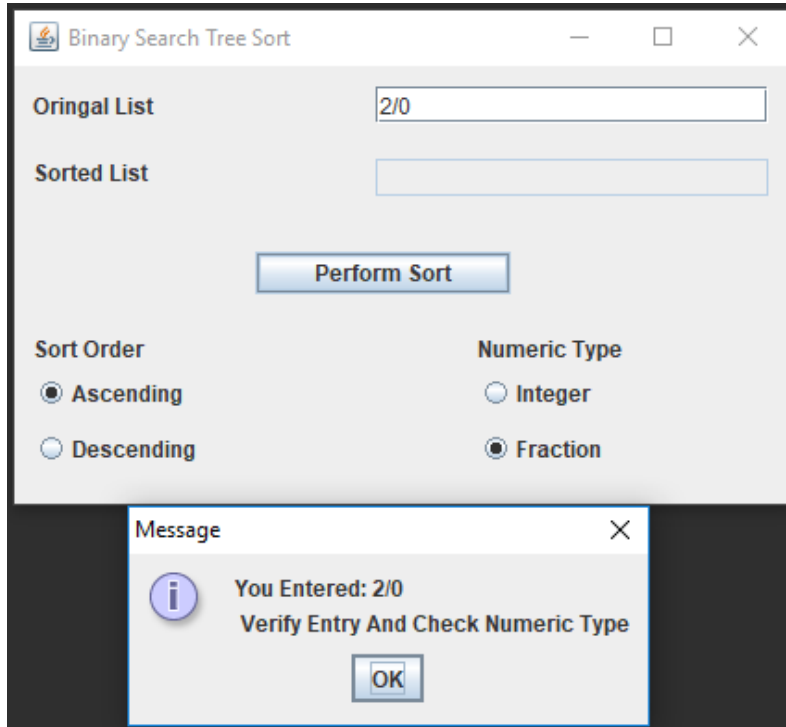
Test Case 4: Testing user input invalid format for fractions ascending & descending

1. Input "2/"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



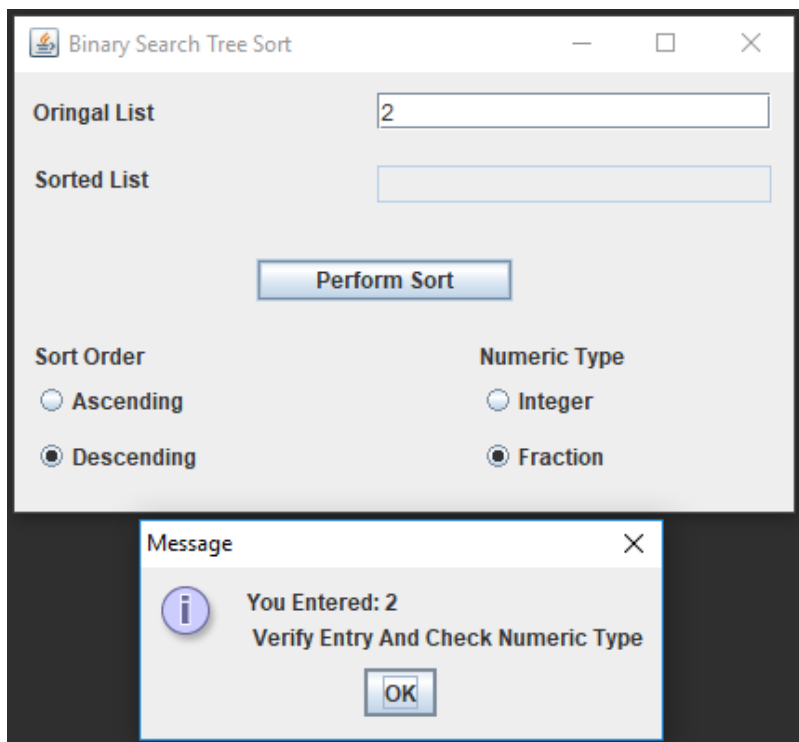
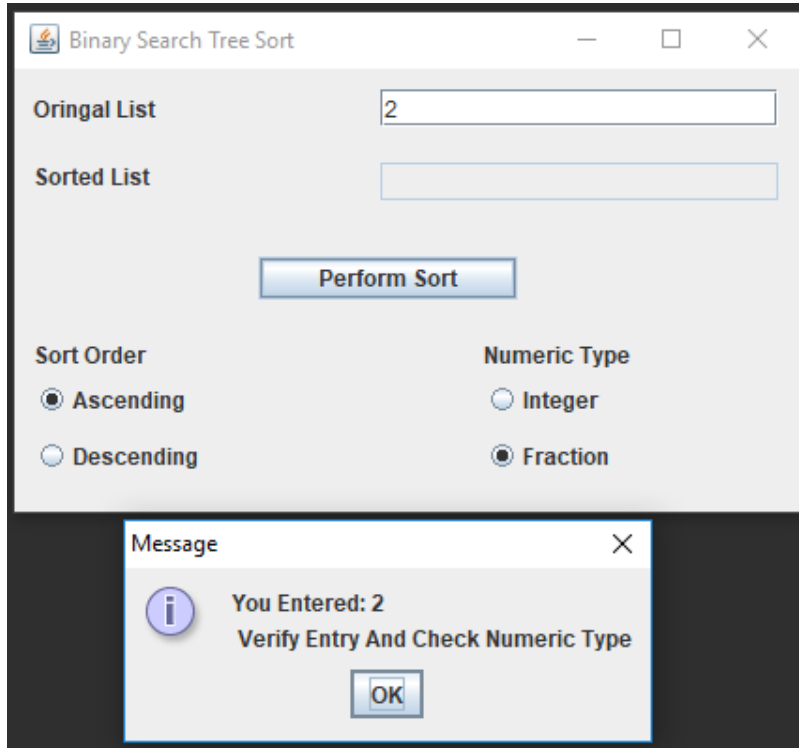
Test Case 5: Testing user input divide by 0 for fractions ascending & descending

1. Input "2/0"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



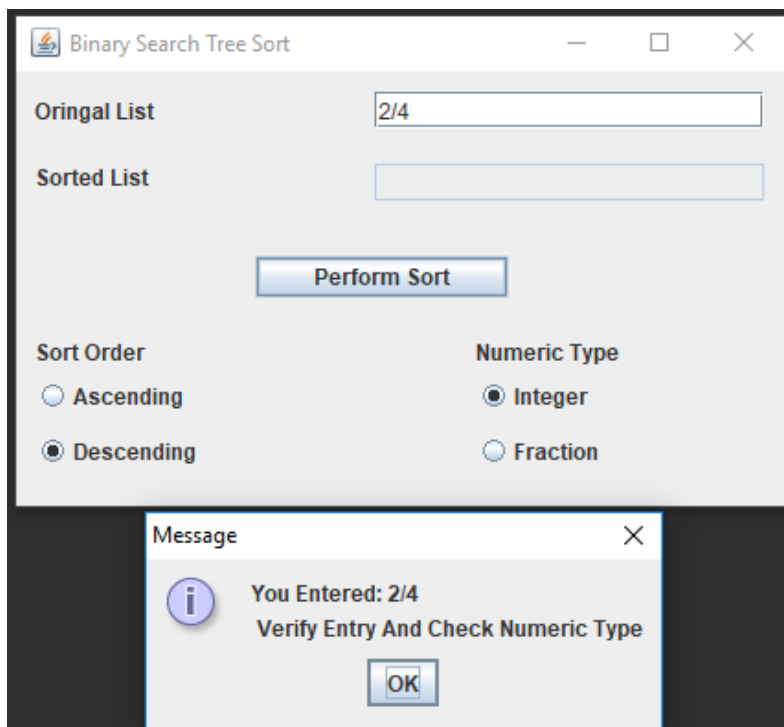
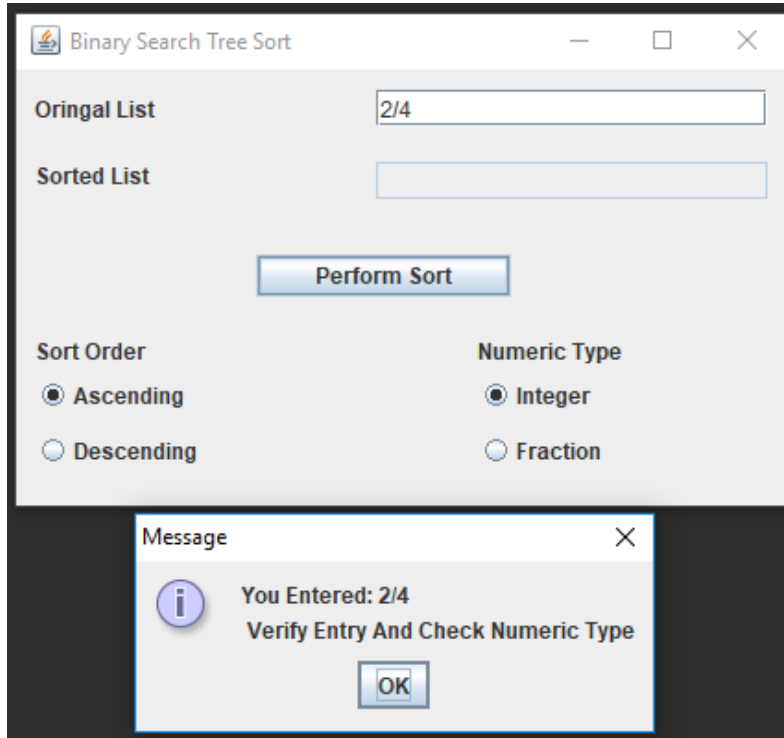
Test Case 6: Testing user input invalid format for fractions ascending & descending

1. Input "2"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



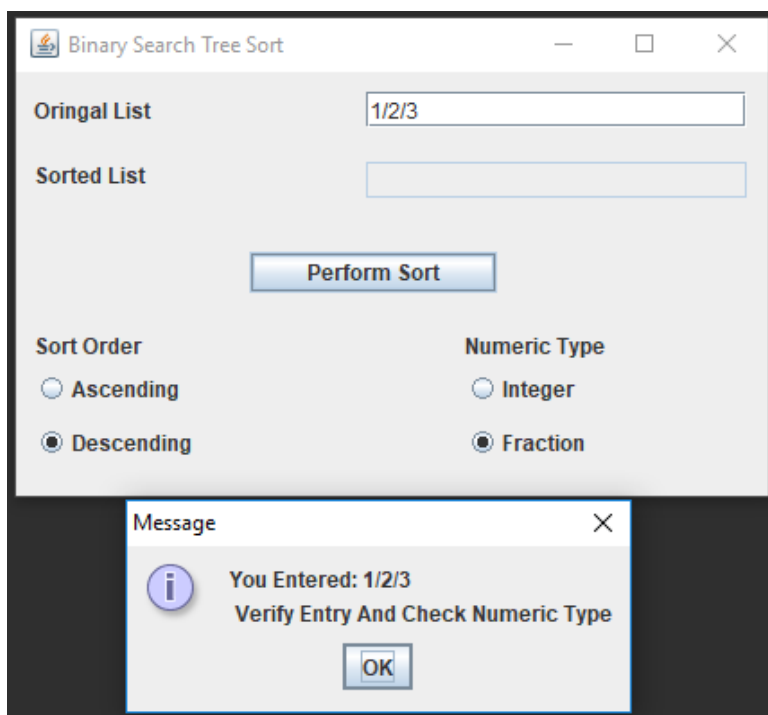
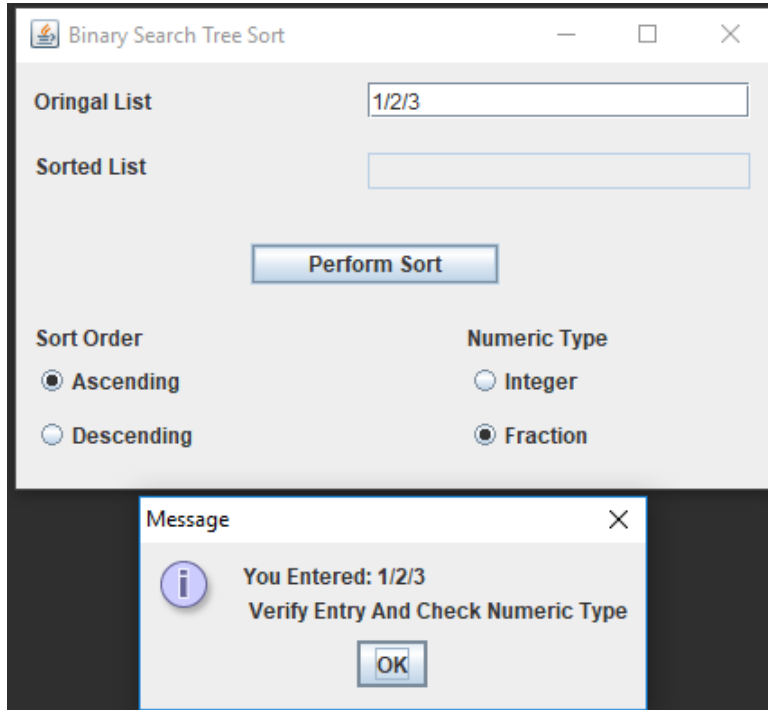
Test Case 7: Testing user input invalid format for integers ascending & descending

1. Input "2/4"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



Test Case 8: Testing user input invalid format for fractions ascending & descending

1. Input "1/2/3"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up



Test Case 9: Testing sorting of integers both ascending and descending

1. Input "4 8 2 1 23 16 8 16 3 14 2 10 24"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up

The screenshot shows a window titled "Binary Search Tree Sort". It contains two text input fields: "Oringal List" (note the typo) with the value "4 8 2 1 23 16 8 16 3 14 2 10 24" and "Sorted List" with the value "1 2 2 3 4 8 8 10 14 16 16 23 24". Below these fields is a "Perform Sort" button. At the bottom, there are two sections: "Sort Order" with radio buttons for "Ascending" (selected) and "Descending", and "Numeric Type" with radio buttons for "Integer" (selected) and "Fraction".

The screenshot shows the same "Binary Search Tree Sort" window. The "Oringal List" field still contains "4 8 2 1 23 16 8 16 3 14 2 10 24". The "Sorted List" field now contains "24 23 16 16 14 10 8 8 4 3 2 2 1". The "Perform Sort" button is still present. In the "Sort Order" section, the "Descending" radio button is now selected. The "Numeric Type" section remains unchanged with "Integer" selected.

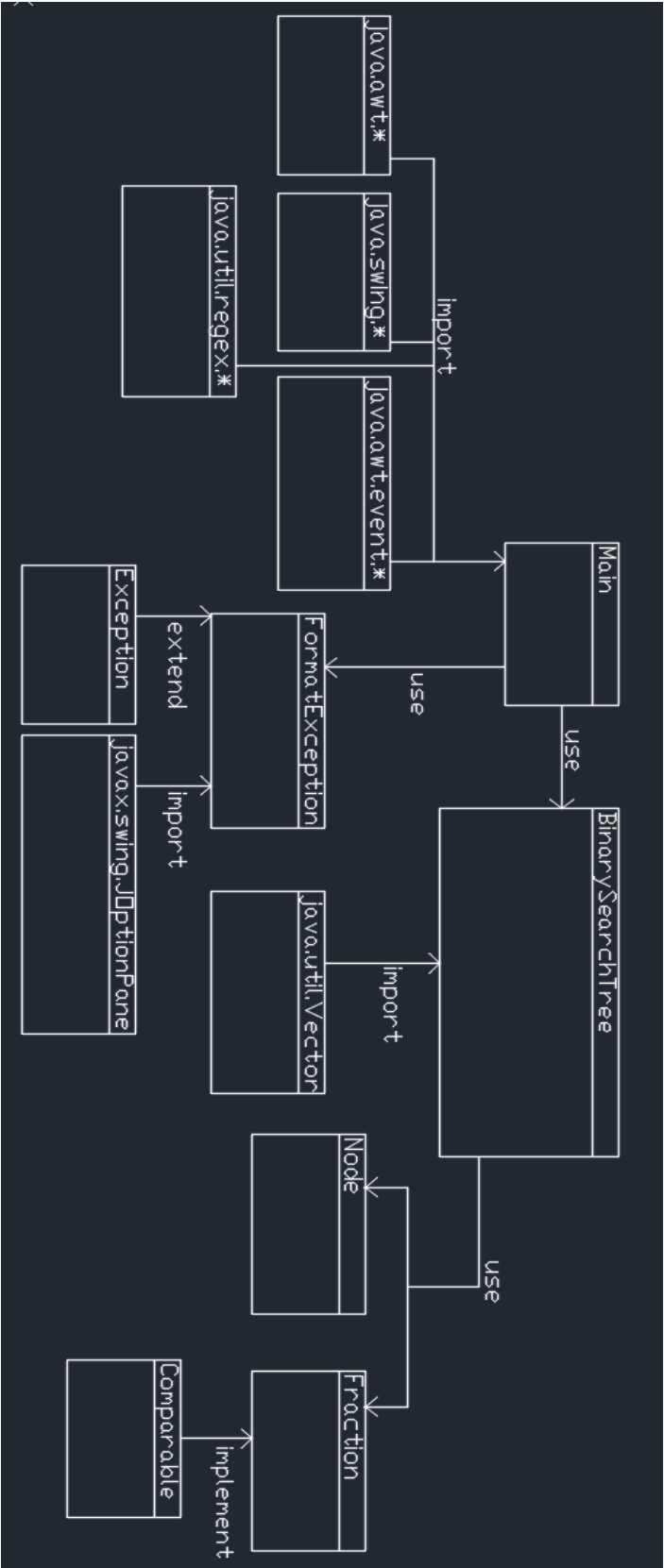
Test Case 10: Testing sorting of fractions both ascending and descending

1. Input "1/2 3/4 3/2 5/8 4/9 7/16 5/32 1/8"
2. Select appropriate sort order and numeric type click "Perform Sort" button
3. Verify Format Exception window pops up

The screenshot shows a window titled "Binary Search Tree Sort". It has two text input fields: "Oringal List" (note the typo) containing "1/2 3/4 3/2 5/8 4/9 7/16 5/32 1/8" and "Sorted List" containing "1/8 5/32 7/16 4/9 1/2 5/8 3/4 3/2". Below these is a "Perform Sort" button. At the bottom, there are two sections: "Sort Order" with radio buttons for "Ascending" (selected) and "Descending", and "Numeric Type" with radio buttons for "Integer" and "Fraction" (selected).

The screenshot shows the same "Binary Search Tree Sort" window. The "Oringal List" and "Sorted List" fields remain the same. The "Perform Sort" button is still present. In the "Sort Order" section, the "Descending" radio button is now selected instead of "Ascending". The "Numeric Type" section remains unchanged with "Fraction" selected.

UML Diagram



Lessons Learned

I usually just concatenate strings but after some digging around on Stack Overflow I found the following statement "At the point where you're concatenating in a loop - that's usually when the compiler can't substitute StringBuilder by itself." I originally thought I could reuse a lot more code from project 2 than I realized was going to be possible. After a bit of digging through Geeks for Geeks and Stack Overflow I found some similar problems to the ones I was having and figured out how to carry the user inputted strings through my nodes while using a doubles for the comparisons. With implementing the Comparable interface I had to do a little research again. I browsed Oracle's site to read and learn about the Comparable interface, eventually I was able to implement the required compareTo method. Upon further digging and discussion in the student lounge I found alternate means to implement the method as well. I choose to catch all of exceptions in the main class, thereby prohibiting the program from running through my other classes. Checking the fractions took a bit work but I eventually figured out how to use regex and patterns and matchers to compare the fracture structuring. I also opted to use a single exception for all the user input errors I check for. After some discussion about linked lists and web browsers I decided I'd try to leverage vectors for this assignment. I don't know that they're necessary for this project, but I wanted to try them out. This and some additional if else statements allowed me to reduce the total number of methods used in my Binary Search Tree class.