




RESULTS

Thank you for completing the IDC Agil-IT-y Assessment sponsored by Hewlett-Packard Enterprise. The assessment aims to evaluate the status quo of your organization's ability to cope with business requirements and technology disruption. The evaluation is split into the following areas:

-  Digital Readiness
-  Infrastructure Foundation
-  IT-Business Synergy

Based on your responses, we would classify your overall Agil-IT-y level as:

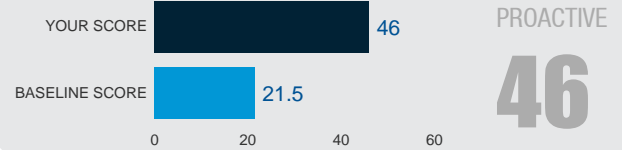
PROACTIVE

Well done! You are ahead of the pack and can gain competitive advantage through technology investments and organizational agility. Nobody's perfect though, so please read our suggestions.

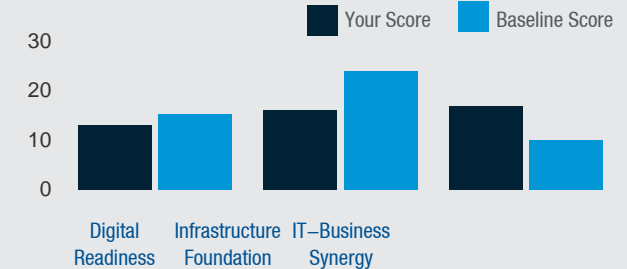
Based on your responses you can look to improve your overall score by improving your:

- Digital Readiness
- Infrastructure Foundation

OVERALL AGIL-IT-Y



SECTION RESULTS



Digital Readiness

According to your responses in this section, your organization's status in terms of digital readiness is **moderate**

Where do you go from here?

- Ready for digital means ready for change. IDC defines digital transformation as the process by which companies drive disruptive changes in their markets by leveraging digital competencies, resulting in better products and customer experiences. Having rich, meaningful data about the customer and the business, being effective in communicating with prospects, and enabling high employee productivity are all signs of digital readiness. In this research, digital readiness was the weakest area across the businesses that IDC polled, with around 40% in "reactive" mode. As a startup and midsize business, you have the "nimbleness advantage" against larger competitors when it comes to steering change. We recommend that you make sure you have the motivation for it too.
- Create a base by measuring business results more regularly. Only 40% of midsize and small businesses gather business information every month or more often. Just as many don't measure their results regularly at all. Every digital strategy has to start with consistent, predictable measurements of investments and initiatives.
- Increase workspace productivity by enabling BYOD. Organizations can only be successful in digital transformation if their employees are culturally in tune with mobile technologies and apps. IDC found a strong correlation between competitive push and well-planned support for bring your own device (BYOD) scenarios. Currently, less than 25% of companies give full access to core, yet secured, applications in BYOD mode.



Infrastructure Foundation

According to your responses in this section, your organization's status in terms of infrastructure foundation is **moderate**

Where do you go from here?

- Strong infrastructure foundations are a combination of high-control mission-critical environments and flexible cloud spaces. IDC believes standardized IT components, solid data and application management, and strong outward connectivity are paramount to enable hybrid cloud scenarios. Only around 20% of the companies IDC surveyed were deemed to be "agile" in the space, with the largest cluster (more than 50%) performing averagely. Start by mapping data and applications in a sensitivity versus scalability matrix, and then create a continuous roadmap on how to leverage different delivery mechanisms for each of those (traditional infrastructure for stable workloads, private cloud on premises, private cloud off premises, etc.). Costs and staff productivity are the all-important rewards.
- Build modular infrastructures. 50% of your peers feel their infrastructure wouldn't be able to scale if demand were to grow. This is worrying: next-generation applications such as rich ecommerce or data analytics are by nature less predictable. Look into ways to make your infrastructure easy to expand. Start by bringing the storage and server back-end closer together with management tools and standardize on fewer storage platforms. If you are willing to go one step ahead, virtualize your storage and network pools, and then look for ways to execute planned capacity "bursting" into cloud resources with orchestration tools such as OpenStack.



IT-Business Synergy

According to your responses in this section, your organization's status in terms of IT-business synergy is **proactive**

Where do you go from here?

- Only companies with functional processes can remain agile long term. While technology pillars need to be solid and attitudes open to change, progress will be short lived without a healthy relationship between the two. With virtually all business operations relying on IT, the most advanced and most agile organizations will be those that have embraced this synergy. Indicators of a symbiotic relationship include clear visibility for IT on cloud initiatives and spending, high awareness of the business impact of IT downtime, and knowledge in the business units of the crucial role data protection mechanisms play in ensuring compliance. One of three organizations surveyed by IDC was well behind in these parameters.
- Measure the business impact of downtime. Around 80% of the organizations interviewed felt they could not remain functional for more than eight hours with IT systems down. The negative business impact resulting from the failure to provide sufficient availability levels can run into hundreds of thousands of dollars in lost revenue per hour even for midsize companies. Establishing a clear risk metric in case of unplanned downtime of both mission-critical and productivity-critical applications should be a priority.
- Integrated archive in your overall data protection workflow. In a number of industries, including healthcare, long-term archiving is mandatory. With file sizes exploding (particularly for video), storage assets often need rethinking. While technology offers abundant (purpose-built backup appliances, cold storage, object storage), it is mandatory for IT and business units to conduct reviews of the data types and related business process first.