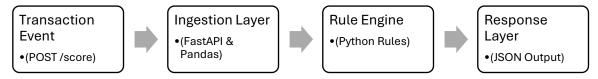
CloudWalk Technical Case - Anti-Fraud Solution

Data Analyst - Risk Analyst I

Daniel Sousa

Architecture Diagram



Layer Descriptions & Technical Justification

1. Ingestion Layer

- Components: FastAPI endpoint (/score) and Pandas DataFrame preloaded from CSV.
- Responsibility: Accepts incoming JSON transaction payloads, normalizes the timestamp field, and prepares data for rule evaluation.
- Justification: FastAPI ensures low-latency HTTP handling; Pandas provides efficient time-based filtering on historical data.

2. Rule Engine

- Components: Two pure-Python functions rule_velocity and rule_low_value_tests - applied in sequence.
- Responsibility:
 - Velocity Rule: Flags if a user_id has more than three transactions in the preceding 10 minutes.
 - Low-Value Test Rule: Flags if a device_id has more than two transactions under R\$ 10 in the preceding 10 minutes.
- Justification: Deterministic rules are transparent, easy to tune.

3. Response Layer

- Components: Logic that aggregates rules results in rule_flags and decides decisive action ("hold_for_review" or "approve").
- Responsibility: Returns a concise JSON object showing which rules fired and the resulting decision.
- Justification: Clear, actionable output format supports downstream integration with dashboards or manual review processes.

Prototype Code Snippets

@app.post("/score")

```
def score_transaction(txn: dict):
    # Normalize timestamp
    txn_time = txn.get("transaction_date") or txn.get("transaction_time")
    txn = {**txn, "transaction_date": txn_time}

# Evaluate each rule
    flags = {
        f"rule_{i+1}": rule(txn)
        for i, rule in enumerate(rules)
    }

# Final decision
    action = "hold_for_review" if any(flags.values()) else "approve"

return {
    "action": action,
    "rule_flags": flags
}
```

- Normalization: Ensures the service accepts either transaction_date or transaction_time.
- **Rule Evaluation:** Iterates over **rules** list, applies each function, and collects Boolean results.
- **Decision Logic:** If any rule is **True**, the transaction is flagged for review; otherwise, it is approved.

Evolution Plan

1. Monitoring & Metrics

- Instrument counts of approved vs. held transactions; track average evaluation latency.
- Alert unusual spikes in hold_for_review rates.

2. Rule Management Interface

 Build a lightweight GUI or CLI to add, remove, and tune rules without code redeployment.

3. Feature Enrichment

 Integrate more data sources (e.g., IP geolocation, device fingerprint scores) into rule conditions.

4. Optional ML Augmentation

 When comfortable, append a machine-learning model that scores edge-case transactions; keep hybrid decision logic (rules + ML).

5. Automated Testing & CI/CD

- o Write unit tests for each rule function.
- o Deploy via CI pipeline to run tests and linting on each commit.