

PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS USING MYSQL



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- College: PW IOI, IIT Patna
- Tool Used: MySQL
- Total Questions Solved: 11
- Categories: Basics, Intermediate, Advanced SQL
- Goal: Derive insights from transactional pizza sales data

DATASET: PIZZA SALES

Tables Used

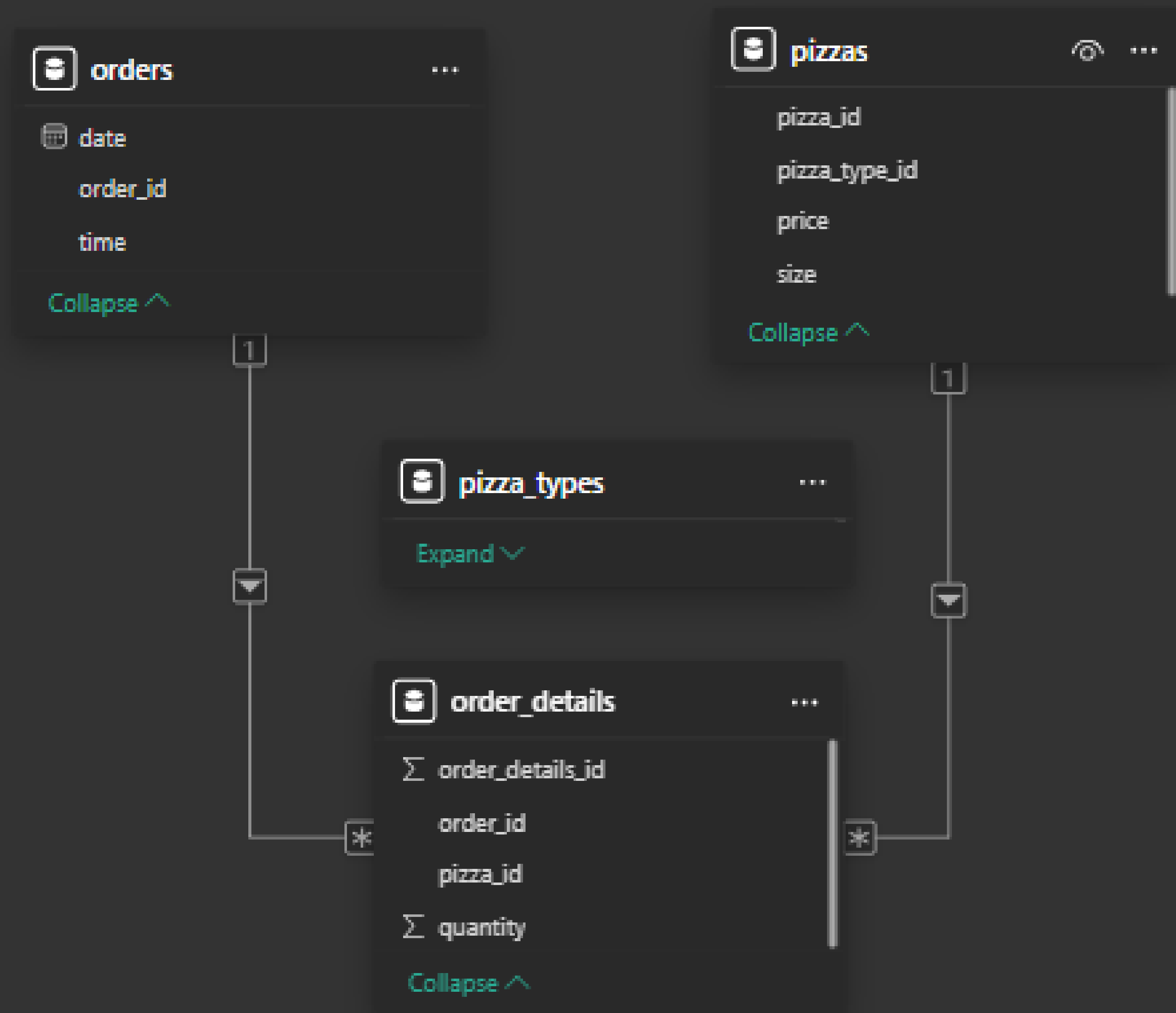
01 orders = order_id,
order_date, time

02 order_details = pizza_id,
quantity, order_id

03 pizzas = pizza_id, price,
size, pizza_type_id


04 pizza_types =
pizza_type_id, name,
category

MODAL VIEW



Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
3 • SELECT
4      COUNT(order_id)
5  FROM
6      orders;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

	count(order_id)
▶	21350

Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.






```
3 • SELECT
4     ROUND(SUM((order_details.quantity * pizzas.price)),
5           2) AS 'Revenue'
6 FROM
7     order_details
8     JOIN
9     pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

Revenue
817860.05

Identify the highest-priced pizza.

```
2 • SELECT pizza_types.name,  
3      pizzas.price FROM  
4      pizza_types join pizzas  
5      ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
6      ORDER BY price DESC limit 1;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content:  | Fetch rows: 

name	price
The Greek Pizza	35.95

Identify
the most
common
pizza size
ordered.

```
1  ●  SELECT
2      pizzas.size,
3      COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS Order_count
4  FROM
5      pizzas
6      JOIN
7      order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
8  GROUP BY pizzas.size
9  ORDER BY Order_count DESC
10 LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid



Filter Rows:

Export:







Wrap Cell Content

	size	Order_count
▶	L	18526

List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

```
3 • SELECT pizzas.pizza_type_id, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS total_orders
4 FROM pizzas join order_details
5 ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
6 group by pizzas.pizza_type_id
7 ORDER BY total_orders desc limit 5;
8
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content:  | Fetch rows: 

	pizza_type_id	total_orders
▶	classic_dlx	2453
	bbq_ckn	2432
	hawaiian	2422
	pepperoni	2418
	thai_ckn	2371

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.

```
3 • SELECT pizza_types.category, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
4     FROM pizza_types join pizzas
5     ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
6     join order_details
7     ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
8     GROUP BY pizza_types.category
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

category	quantity
Classic	14888
Supreme	11987
Veggie	11649
Chicken	11050

Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.

```
3 • SELECT hour(order_time) AS "Hour of the day",  
4    count(order_id) AS Orders_count  
5    FROM orders  
6    group by hour(order_time);
```

Result Grid |  Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

Hour of the day	Orders_count
11	1231
12	2520
13	2455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336

Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.

```
7 • SELECT category, count(name) AS "number of pizzas"  
8 FROM pizza_types  
9 GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
category	number of pizzas			
Chicken	6			
Classic	8			
Supreme	9			
Veggie	9			

calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.

```
4 • SELECT round(avg(quantity), 0) AS avg_pizzas_ordered_per_day FROM
5 (SELECT orders.order_date, sum(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
6 FROM orders JOIN order_details
7 ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
8 GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS Orders_quantity;
```




Result Grid |   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

avg_pizzas_ordered_per_day

138





Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue

```
3 • SELECT pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
4 FROM pizza_types JOIN pizzas
5 ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
6 JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
7 GROUP BY pizza_types.name ORDER BY revenue DESC LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows: <input type="text"/>	Export: 	Wrap Cell Content: 	Fetch rows: 	
name		revenue					
The Thai Chicken Pizza		43434.25					
The Barbecue Chicken Pizza		42768					
The California Chicken Pizza		41409.5					

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.

```
3 • SELECT pizza_types.category,  
4 ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) /  
5 (SELECT ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),2) FROM  
6 order_details JOIN  
7 pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id) * 100, 2) AS revenue  
8 FROM pizza_types JOIN  
9 pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id  
10 JOIN order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
11 GROUP BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

Result Grid |   Filter Rows: | Export:  | Wrap Cell Content: 

category	revenue
Classic	26.91
Supreme	25.46
Chicken	23.96
Veggie	23.68

Thank you!

By Krishna Jain