Advanced Algorithms for Data Science Week 3 – Homework

Exercice 1. Dynamic programming

You are in charge of logistics in a company. Each week your company ships some amount of product (in kg). You plan your shipments for n weeks, and you know in advance that at week i you will be shipping s_i kg.

For your shipments, you have a choice between two transport companies. Company A charges you r roubles per kg (i.e. it would cost you $r \cdot s_i$ to ship s_i kg). Company B charges a fixed price c per week but imposes an additional condition: you have to sign for 4 consecutive weeks at a time.

Question: Propose an algorithm to compute the optimal shipping schedule, that is an optimal sequence of n choices between A and B generating the minimal cost..

Example: Assume r = 1, c = 10, and the sequence of s_i is [11, 9, 9, 12, 12, 13, 12, 9, 9, 11]. Then the optimal schedule would be to choose A for the first three weeks, then B for the block of next four weeks, and then A for the final three weeks. The total cost would be 98.

Exercice 2. Protein sequence alignment

Question: Compute a maximal-score alignment of protein sequences HEAGAWGHEE and PAWHEAE under the scoring matrix BLOSUM62 (shown in slide 7 in 12_sequence-alignment.pdf) and the indel penalty d=8.

You have to provide the full dynamic programming matrix with your answer.

Exercice 3. Hidden Markov Models

Question: Finish the example of the Forward-Backward algorithm that we didn't finish in class.

The example is given in slide 44 of 13_HMM.pdf. The model is defined in slide 35.