Problem 1 – Bunker Buster

Achieving peace through superior firepower! That's the motto of your company. Its main business – selling bombs to anyone who can afford them.

In order to attract clients, your boss decided to make a demonstration, so he needs you to keep track of what's going on. He has selected a spot (rectangular in shape) to bombard and will drop several bombs on it. The target area is separated into cells and each of them holds a non-negative integer number representing its strength. Each time a bomb falls, it reduces the strength of the cells in its vicinity. After each bomb has dropped you have to do the math and reduce the strength of the affected cells. In the end you have to print out some statistics, like the total number of cells destroyed and the overall destruction as a percentage of the total number of cells.

On the first line you'll receive the **dimensions** of the field – number of **rows N and columns M**. On the next **N lines** you'll receive strings, each containing **M non-negative 32-bit integer numbers representing the strength of each cell on the specified row**. The cells' strengths will be separated from each other by a single space.

On the next lines, you'll receive the bombs in format "[row] [column] [power]". The [row] and [column] are integers representing the impact coordinates of the bomb. Power will be an ASCII symbol; the destructive power of the bomb is the symbol's position in the ASCII table. A bomb hits the impact cell will full force (it reduces its strength with the strength of the bomb); all other adjacent cells receive half the damage (rounded up). E.g. the bomb is "1 1 ="; the symbol is '=' (61), so the value of cell [1, 1] is reduced by 61. 61 / 2 = 30.5; round that up to 31 to get the damage inflicted on adjacent cells. So, the cells [0, 0], [0, 1], [0, 2], [1, 0], [1, 2], [2, 0], [2, 1], [2, 2] receive 31 damage each. Check out the example below to see the effect more clearly.

The bombardment ends with the command "cease fire!" After receiving it, print the following info on separate lines: 1) "Destroyed bunkers: {0}", where {0} is the number of cells with value 0 or less; 2) "Damage done: {0} %", where {0} is the percentage of cells with value 0 or less in the field, rounded to one digit after the decimal separator (use the F1 flag for rounding the output percentage).

Input

- The input data should be read from the console.
- On the first, you'll receive the line **dimensions** of the field in format: "**N M**", where **N** is the number of **rows**, and **M** is the number of **columns**. They'll be separated by a single space.
- On the next **N lines** you'll receive **the strength of each cell** in the field, each line represents a row.
- On the next lines, until you receive the command "cease fire!" you'll receive the bombs in format "[row] [column] [power]".
- The input data will always be valid and in the format described. There is no need to check it explicitly.

Output

- The output should be printed on the console. It should consist of **2 lines**.
- On the first line, print the total number of cells destroyed in format "Destroyed bunkers: {0}".
- On the second line, print the total destruction (in percent) in the following format: "Damage done: {0} %".

Constraints

- The **dimensions** N and M of the matrix will be integers in the range [1 ... 10].
- The **strength** of each cell will be a non-negative integer number in the range [0 ... 2 000 000 000].
- The [row] and [col] coordinates of each bomb will be valid coordinates inside the field.
- The bomb's [power] will be represented by an ASCII symbol.
- The number of shots taken will be in the range [0 ... 1000].
- Allowed working time for your program: 0.1 seconds. Allowed memory: 16 MB.





















Examples

Input	Output	Comments
4 4 100 100 20 100 30 50 100 100 100 50 100 100 100 100 100 100 1 1 = cease fire!	Destroyed bunkers: 3 Damage done: 18.8 %	The field has 4 rows and 4 columns. The initial strengths are: 100
		The end result is:
		69 69 -11 100
		-1 -11 69 100
		69 19 69 100
		100 100 100 100
		There are 3 cells destroyed. 3 / 16 = 18.75% rounded to 18.8%.















