```
import numpy as np
import torch.optim as optim
from torch.utils.data import sampler
NOISE DIM = 96
dtype = torch.cuda.FloatTensor if torch.cuda.is available() else torch.FloatTensor
def sample noise(batch size, dim, seed=None):
    if seed is not None:
        torch.manual seed(seed)
def discriminator(seed=None):
    if seed is not None:
        torch.manual seed(seed)
   model = nn.Sequential(
        Flatten(), # Ensure the input tensor is flattened before being fed into the linear
        nn.Linear(784, 256), # Assuming the input images are 28x28 (784 pixels)
        nn.LeakyReLU(0.01),
        nn.LeakyReLU(0.01),
        nn.Linear(256, 1),
```

```
return model
    if seed is not None:
        torch.manual seed(seed)
    model = None
    model = nn.Sequential(
        nn.ReLU(),
       nn.ReLU(),
        nn.Linear(1024, 784),
        nn.Tanh(),
    return model
def bce loss(input, target):
    bce = nn.BCEWithLogitsLoss()
    return bce(input.squeeze(), target)
def discriminator_loss(logits_real, logits_fake):
    logits real = logits real.squeeze()
    logits fake = logits fake.squeeze()
    loss = bce loss(logits real, torch.ones like(logits real)) + bce loss(logits fake,
```

torch.zeros like(logits fake))

```
def generator loss(logits fake):
    loss = None
    logits fake = logits fake.squeeze()
def get optimizer(model):
    optimizer = None
    optimizer = optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=1e-3, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
    return optimizer
def ls_discriminator_loss(scores_real, scores_fake):
```

```
model = nn.Sequential(
        Unflatten(batch_size, 1, 28, 28),
        nn.LeakyReLU(0.01),
        nn.Conv2d(32, 64, kernel size=5, stride=1),
        nn.LeakyReLU(0.01),
       nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2),
        Flatten(),
        nn.LeakyReLU(0.01),
        nn.Linear(1024, 1)
   return model
def build dc generator(noise dim=NOISE DIM):
   model = nn.Sequential(
        nn.Linear(noise dim, 1024),
       nn.ReLU(),
       nn.BatchNorm1d(1024),
        nn.ReLU(),
```

```
nn.BatchNorm1d (7*7*128),
        nn.ConvTranspose2d(128, 64, kernel size=4, stride=2, padding=1),
       nn.ReLU(),
        nn.BatchNorm2d(64),
       nn.ConvTranspose2d(64, 1, kernel size=4, stride=2, padding=1),
       nn.Tanh(),
        nn.Flatten()
   return model
def run a gan(D, G, D solver, G solver, discriminator loss, generator loss, loader train,
              batch size=128, noise size=96, num epochs=10):
   images = []
   for epoch in range (num epochs):
               len(x) != batch size:
            D solver.zero grad()
            real data = x.type(dtype)
            logits real = D(2* (real data - 0.5)).type(dtype)
            g_fake_seed = sample_noise(batch_size, noise_size).type(dtype)
            fake_images = G(g_fake_seed).detach()
            logits fake = D(fake images.view(batch size, 1, 28, 28))
            d total error = discriminator loss(logits real, logits fake)
            d total error.backward()
           D solver.step()
            G_solver.zero_grad()
            g_fake_seed = sample_noise(batch_size, noise size).type(dtype)
            fake images = G(g fake seed)
            gen logits fake = D(fake images.view(batch size, 1, 28, 28))
            g error = generator loss(gen logits fake)
            g error.backward()
            G solver.step()
{:.4}'.format(iter count,d total error.item(),g_error.item()))
                imgs numpy = fake images.data.cpu().numpy()
                images.append(imgs numpy[0:16])
```

```
return images
```

```
class ChunkSampler(sampler.Sampler):
         _init__(self, num_samples, start=0):
        self.num_samples = num_samples
    def iter (self):
        return iter(range(self.start, self.start + self.num samples))
    def len (self):
        return self.num samples
class Flatten(nn.Module):
        N, C, H, W = x.size() # read in N, C, H, W
        return x.view(N, -1) # "flatten" the C * H * W values into a single vector per image
        super(Unflatten, self). init ()
        self.N = N
        self.C = C
        self.H = H
        return x.view(self.N, self.C, self.H, self.W)
    if isinstance(m, nn.Linear) or isinstance(m, nn.ConvTranspose2d):
       nn.init.xavier_uniform_(m.weight.data)
def preprocess img(x):
def rel error(x,y):
    return np.max(np.abs(x - y) / (np.maximum(1e-8, np.abs(x) + np.abs(y))))
def count params (model):
    param count = np.sum([np.prod(p.size()) for p in model.parameters()])
```