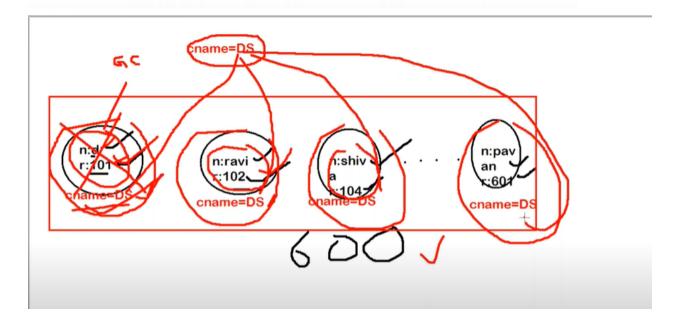
```
public static void main(String[] args) What is the result?
                                                                    class Student
                                       A) Element 0
                                                                                                                      What is the result?
    String[] s = new String[2];
                                         Element 1
                                                                                                                      A) Durga
    int i = 0;
                                                                       public Student(String name)
                                                                                                                        Ravi
    for(String s1:s)
                                       B) null Element 0
                                         null Element 1
                                                                          this.name=name;
       s[i].concat("Element "+i);
      i++;
                                       C) null
                                         null
                                                                    public class Test
    for(i=0;i<s.length;i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                      C) Compilation Fails
                                     I D) NullPointerException
                                                                       public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                                                                      D) ArrayIndexOutOFBoundsException
       System.out.println(s[i]);
                                                                                                                      E) NullPointerException
                                                                          Student[] students = new Student[3];
                                                                          students[1]= new Student("Durga");
Q8. Consider the code
                                                                          students[2]= new Student("Ravi");
class Test
                                                                          for(Student s : students)
      public static void main(String[] args)
                                                                             System.out.println(s.name);
           int[][] n = new int[1][3];
           for(int i =0; i < n.length; i++)
                 for (int j=0;j>n[i].length ;j++)
                       num[i][j]=10;
```

```
public class Test

int x=10;
public static void main(String[] args)

{
    m1();
}
public void m1()
{
    System.out.println(x);
}
}
```

```
public class Test
{
    int x;
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Test t = new Test();
        System.out.println(t.x);
    }
}
```



Static variable creates at the start of class loading and destroy at the time of class unloading.

Flow of java test

## D:\durgaclasses>java Test

- 1. JVM will be started
- 2. Create and Start Main Thread by JVM
- 3. Main Thread will search for Test.class==>(NoClassDefFoundError)
- 4. Main Thread will load Test.class
- 5. Execute main method
- 6. unload Test.class file
- 7. Terminate Main Thread
- 8. JVM will be shutdown

## D:\durgaclasses>java Test

- JVM will be started
- 2. Create and Start Main Thread by JVM
- 3. Main Thread will search for Test.class==>(NoClassDefFoundError)
- 4. Main Thread will load Test.class(here static variables will be created)
- 5. Execute main method
- 6. unload Test.class file(here static variables will be destroyed)
- 7. Terminate Main Thread
- 8. JVM will be shutdown<mark>r</mark>

```
1 class Test
2 □ {
3
     int x=10;
     static int y = 20;
     public static void main(String[] args)
6 □
7
         Test t1 = new Test();
8
         t1.x = 888;
        t1.y = 999;
        Test t2 = new Test();
        System.out.println(t2.x+"..."+t2.y);//10.4..999
1
23
```

```
class Test
 2 □ {
 3
       int x=10;
       static int y = 20;
       public static void main(String[] args)
 6 □
 7
          Test t = null;
          System.out.println(t.v);
8
          //System.out.println(tix);
 9
10
11
12
   }
13
```

Not null pointer exception because static variable don't need any object level information

res=>20

```
class Test
2 □ {
3
      int x=10;
      static int y = 20;
      public static void main(String[] args)
6 □
         Test t = null;
         System.out.println(t.y);
8
         System.out.println(t.x);
9
0
1
      }
   }
```

res=> 20 nullpointerException

```
-1------3-----+
 1 class Test
2 = {
      public static void main(String[] args)
 3
4 =
 5
         int i = 0;
         for(int j=0; j<3; j++)
 6
7 B
            i=i+j;
8
9
         System.out.println(i+".."+j);
10
11
12
   }
               I
13
```

```
class Test

{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        try
        {
            int x = Integer.parseInt("ten");
        }
        catch (NumberFormatException e)
        {
            x=10;
        }
        System.out.println(x);
    }
}
```