TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

Examination Control Division 2078 Kartik

Exam.	Back		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	All except BAR	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I/I	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Engineering Mathematics I (SH 401)

- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt All questions.
- ✓ All question carry Equal Marks.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.
- 1. State Leibnitz's theorem. If $y^{1/m} + y^{-1/m} = 2x$, prove that $(x^2 1)y_2 + xy_1 m^2y = 0$, and hence show that $(x^2 1)y_{n+2} + (2n+1)xy_{n+1} + (n^2 m^2)y_n = 0$.
- 2. Apply Maclaurin's series to find the expansion of $\frac{e^x}{1+e^x}$ as far as the term in x^3 and hence find the expansion of $\log(1+e^x)$.
- 3. State L-Hospital's rule. Evaluate $\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^{1/x^2}$



- 4. Find the asymptotes of the curve of $x^2(x-y)^2 a^2(x^2 + y^2) = 0$.
- 5. Define the radius of curvature, obtain the radius of curvature for the curve at the origin $x^3+y^3=3$ axy.
- 6. Prove that: $\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{x \tan x}{\sec x + \tan x} dx = \frac{\pi}{2} (\pi 2)$
- 7. Apply the method of differentiation under integral sign to prove.

$$\int_{0}^{\pi} \frac{dx}{(a+b\cos x)^{2}} = -\frac{\pi a}{(a^{2}-b^{2})^{3/2}}$$

- 8. State Beta and Gamma function. Use them to evaluate: $\int_{0}^{1} x^{6} \sqrt{1-x^{2}} dx$
- 9. Define the term quadrature. Find the area bounded by the curve $r = a(1 \cos \theta)$.

 OR

 Find the volume of the solid formed by the revolution of cycloid $x = a(\theta + \sin \theta)$, $y = a(1 + \cos \theta)$ about x-axis.
- 10. Solve the differential equations: (x + y + 1)dx + (y x)dy = 0
- 11. Find the general solution of the differential equation: $e^y p^3 p = 0$ where $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$.

12. Solve the different equation: $(D^2 + 2D + 1)y = e^x + x^2$

13. Solve:
$$(x^2D^2 + xD - I)y = x^2$$

OR

A radioactive material has an initial mass 100mg. After 2 years, it is left to 80mg. Find the amount of material at any time t.

- 14. Through what angle the axes be rotated to remove the term containing xy in $11x^2 + 4xy + 14y^2 5 = 0$.
- 15. Define hyperbola as a locus of a point and deduce the equation of hyperbola in standard form
- 16. Find the center, length of axes, and eccentricity of the following conic:

$$3x^2 + 8xy - 3y^2 - 20y - 40x + 50 = 0$$
