03 TRIBHUVAN UNIVERSITY INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING

Examination Control Division 2069 Ashad

New Back	(2066 & Later	Rateb
BE	Full Marks	80
BCE, BME		32
I/I	Time	3 hrs
	BCE, BME	BCE, BME Pass Marks

Subject: - Engineering Chemistry (SH 403)

· ·	Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. Attempt All questions.	ē.
*	The figures in the margin indicate Full Marks. Assume suitable data if necessary.	
1.	What is meant by buffer capacity? A chemist desires to prepare one liter of a solution buffered at pH 9.00. How many grams of ammonium chloride have to be added to one liter of 0.20M NH ₃ to make such buffer. pKa value of ammonia is 4.75	
/2.	How does an electrolytic cell differ from a galvanic cell? Calculate the emf of the cell.	[1+4]
******	$Zn/Zn^{2+}(0.001M)//Ag^{+}(0.1M)/Ag$. The standard potential of Ag/Ag^{+} half cell is +0.80V and	[2+3]
3.	Explain the terms: (a) Heterogeneous	

3.	Explain the terms: (a) Heterogeneous catalysis (b) Catalytic	
4.	Explain the terms: (a) Heterogeneous catalysis (b) Catalytic poisoning and promoters. What is meant by ozone depletion? Mention its causes and consequences.	[2+3
5	When the state of	[2+2

5.	What are the major water pollutants and their harmful effects? Mention the possible measures to control water pollution.	[2+3]
	Write short notes on: (a) Polyphosphoping (1) Cl	[3+2]

6.	W	rite short notes on: (a) Polyphosphazines (b) Chalcogenide glasses.	[3+
7.	a)	Give on asset of Charles (b) Charcogenide glasses.	[2.5×
	٠,	Give an account for the biodegradable and non-biodegradable polymers with	[2.5^

7.	a)	Give an account for the biodegradable and non-biodegradable polymers with s	[2.5×2] suitable
		What are fiber-reinforced plastics? Write down the applications.	[2.5×2]
0	1171	The down the applications.	

	write down the applications.	
8.	What are transcition of the state of P.	
	are transsition elements? Point out the applications of these elements and the	
9,	What are transsition elements? Point out the applications of these elements and their complexes.	

9.	Compare ionisation potential and their complexes.	[5]
	Compare ionisation potential and oxidation state of transition elements with representative	
	elements. What is the effect of lanthanide contraction in properties of transition elements? Explain how colour is originated in transition metal complexes.	1
		+1+21

10.	Write assumptions of valence hand the	[1+1+1+2]
	Write assumptions of valence bond theory of complexes. Explain formation of spin complex on the basis of this theory. Mention its magnetic behaviour.	paired
11.	What is a Chelate complex? Show Werner's representation in the state of the state o	[2+2+1]

11.	What is a Chelate complex? Show Werner's remains			[2+2+1]
	What is a Chelate complex? Show Werner's represe complexes. (a) [Cu(NH ₃) ₄]SO ₄ (b) K[Ptcl ₅ (NH ₃)]	ntation and IUPAC n	ame of the	following
12.	Give an account of low and high explosives W.			[1+2+2]

12. Gi	ve an account of low and high explosives. Write the		[1+2+2]
13. a)	Show your acquaintance with lubricants? Under what situations greases are used.	4 47	[3+2]
	one with Judgments? Under what situations greaces are the	2 4 1 1 2 1	

. u	Show your acquaintance with lubricante? I I - I - I	7	[3.4
	What do your acquaintance with lubricants? Under what situations greases are used?	1/25	F0 . 0
b)	What do you understand be resident as a		[3+2]
	What do you understand by paints? Mention the requisites of a good paint		70

nat do you understand by paints? Mention the requisites of a good paint.

14. a)	What isomerism is shown by butenedioic acid and why?	
b)	Define enantiomers with examples Differentiate but	[2+3

b) Define enantiomers with examples. Differentiate between racemic meso-compound.

15. Explain the reaction mechanism for the hydrolysis of 3° alkyl halide by aqueous NaOH. What solvent favours the reaction mechanism?	
16. What do you mean by Elimination reactions? For Living	[4+1]

16. What do you mean by Elimination reactions? Explain the reaction mechanism for the dehydrohalogenation of tertiary alkyl halide. [2+3]