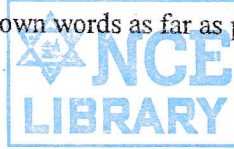


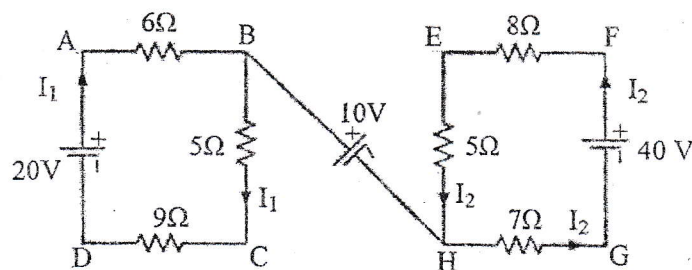
Exam.	Regular		
Level	BE	Full Marks	80
Programme	BCE, BME, BGE	Pass Marks	32
Year / Part	I / II	Time	3 hrs.

Subject: - Basic Electrical Engineering (EE 451)

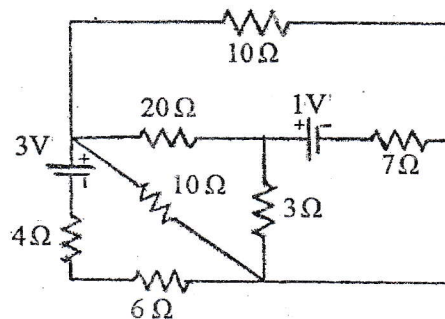
- ✓ Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.
- ✓ Attempt **All** questions.
- ✓ The figures in the margin indicate **Full Marks**.
- ✓ Assume suitable data if necessary.



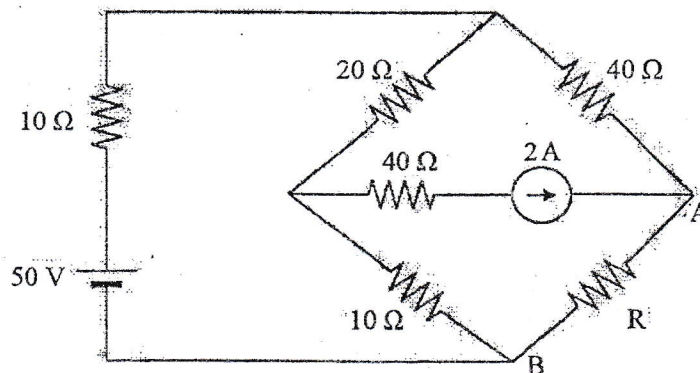
1. a) What do you mean by ideal and practical voltage source? Explain the effect of an internal resistance of a voltage source on its terminal characteristics. [4]
- b) 1 km of wire with circular cross sectional having diameter of 11.7 mm and of resistance 0.031Ω is drawn, so that its diameter becomes 5 mm. What will be the new resistance? [6]
- c) Find the voltage across CE in the given circuit. [6]



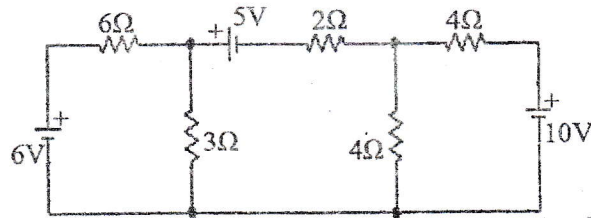
2. a) Determine the current in 20Ω resistor in the network shown below using Nodal analysis. [8]



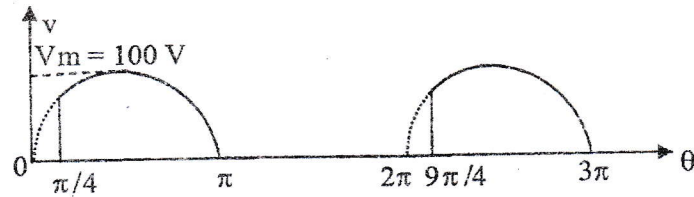
- b) Calculate the power absorbed by R resistor using Thevenin's theorem. When (i) $R = 50 \Omega$ (ii) $R = 100 \Omega$ [8]



3. a) Find the current through 2Ω resistor of the circuit shown in figure given below using superposition theorem. [8]



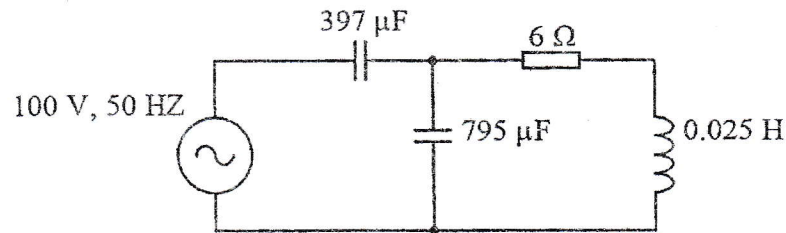
- b) Define Rms value and Average value of AC. Calculate the Rms value, Average value, Peak and form factor of the voltage waveform given below. [3+5]



4. a) A series circuit consists of resistance equal to 4Ω and inductance of 0.01H . The applied voltage is $283 \sin(300t)\text{V}$. Calculate the following: [8]

- Power factor
- Expression for $i(t)$
- The power dissipated in the circuit
- Voltage drop across each element
- Draw a phasor diagram

- b) Find the source current, power factor and total power consumed in the given circuit. [5]



- c) What is power factor? Write down the drawbacks of poor power factor. Explain how connecting a capacitor across the load improves the power factor. [3]

5. a) A balanced star connected load is supplied from symmetrical 3-phase 400V system. The current in each phase is 30A and lags behind the phase voltage by 30° . Find the total power and draw phasor diagram of the current and voltages. [8]

- b) What are the advantages of 3 phase AC over single phase AC system? [4]

- c) Describe the method of measuring power in 3-phase circuit by two wattmeter method. [4]
