CSS - Fonts

This chapter teaches you how to set fonts of a content, available in an HTML element. You can set following font properties of an element –

- The **font-family** property is used to change the face of a font.
- The **font-style** property is used to make a font italic or oblique.
- The **font-variant** property is used to create a small-caps effect.
- The font-weight property is used to increase or decrease how bold or light a font appears.
- The **font-size** property is used to increase or decrease the size of a font.
- The **font** property is used as shorthand to specify a number of other font properties.

Set the Font Family

Following is the example, which demonstrates how to set the font family of an element. Possible value could be any font family name.

Live Demo

This will produce following result -

M

his text is rendered in either georgia, garamond, or the default serif font depending on which font you have at your system.

Set the Font Style

Following is the example, which demonstrates how to set the font style of an element. Possible values are normal, italic and oblique.

Live Demo

This will produce following result -

This text will be rendered in italic style

Set the Font Variant

The following example demonstrates how to set the font variant of an element. Possible values are normal and small-caps.

Live Demo

<html>

<head>

This will produce following result -

```
This text will be rendered as small caps
```

Set the Font Weight

The following example demonstrates how to set the font weight of an element. The font-weight property provides the functionality to specify how bold a font is. Possible values could be *normal*, *bold*, *bolder*, *lighter*, *100*, *200*, *300*, *400*, *500*, *600*, *700*, *800*, *900*.

Live Demo

```
This font is bold.
```

This font is bolder.

This font is 500 weight.

Set the Font Size

The following example demonstrates how to set the font size of an element. The font-size property is used to control the size of fonts. Possible values could be *xx-small*, *x-small*, *small*, *medium*, *large*, *x-large*, *smaller*, *larger*, *size* in pixels or in %.

1980年1161

Live Demo

```
<html>
<head>
</head>

<body>

        This font size is 20 pixels

        This font size is small

        This font size is large

    </body>

</html>
```

This will produce following result -

this font size is 20 pixels

This font size is small

This font size is large