#### You are Welcome to My Projects

#### 환영합니다

I am learnig my best to find a new way
If any Mistake Please Suggest me. Mail me
(mailto:krishdb38@gmail.comSubject=ThankYou%20VeryMuch)

#### Krishna 크리스나

My Git Hub Repository

```
(https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio)
```

(https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio) (https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio)

```
In [5]: %reset -f
```

#### 1.Import Necessary Library

```
In [6]:
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import os
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import seaborn as sns
         %matplotlib inline
 In [9]: df=pd.read_csv("ebay.csv") #파일 읽는다 (Loading the file as a data frame )
 Out[9]: Index(['Category', 'City', 'Country', 'Customer Name', 'Discount',
                'Number of Records', 'Order Date', 'Order ID', 'Postal Code',
                'Manufacturer', 'Product Name', 'Profit', 'Quantity', 'Region', 'Sales',
                'Segment', 'Ship Date', 'Ship Mode', 'State', 'Sub-Category'],
               dtype='object')
In [10]: df.size #size of data frame
Out[10]: 199880
In [11]: df.shape #size 2004 rows and 20 Columns
Out[11]: (9994, 20)
```

```
df.columns #/ist the details of Colum
       Out[12]: Index(['Category', 'City', 'Country', 'Customer Name', 'Discount',
                         'Number of Records', 'Order Date', 'Order ID', 'Postal Code'
                         'Manufacturer', 'Product Name', 'Profit', 'Quantity', 'Region', 'Sales',
                         'Segment', 'Ship Date', 'Ship Mode', 'State', 'Sub-Category'],
                        dtype='object')
                 df["Category"].head()
        In [15]:
                                            #Verifying data from one Column
        Out[15]: 0
                            Furniture
                            Furniture
                      Office Supplies
                 3
                            Furniture
                 4
                      Office Supplies
                 Name: Category, dtype: object
         In [3]: df.info() #A// Information about data and data type
                 <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
                 RangeIndex: 9994 entries, 0 to 9993
                 Data columns (total 20 columns):
                 Category
                                       9994 non-null object
                 City
                                       9994 non-null object
                                       9994 non-null object
                 Country
                 Customer Name
                                       9994 non-null object
                                       9994 non-null float64
                 Discount
                 Number of Records
                                       9994 non-null int64
                 Order Date
                                       9994 non-null object
                 Order ID
                                       9994 non-null object
                 Postal Code
                                       9983 non-null float64
                 Manufacturer
                                       9994 non-null object
                                       9994 non-null object
                 Product Name
                 Profit
                                       9994 non-null float64
                 Quantity
                                       9994 non-null int64
                 Region
                                       9994 non-null object
                                       9994 non-null float64
                 Sales
                 Segment
                                       9994 non-null object
                 Ship Date
                                       9994 non-null object
                                       9994 non-null object
                 Ship Mode
                 State
                                       9994 non-null object
                 Sub-Category
                                       9994 non-null object
                 dtypes: float64(4), int64(2), object(14)
                 memory usage: 1.5+ MB
(https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio)
```

(https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio) (https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio)

(https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio)

In the above we can see object 14 categories in object float type is 4 int type 2 (https://www.github.com/krishdb38/portfolio)

```
In [ ]: def row_print(col_name):
    return df[col_name][0:10]
    def data_describe(col_name):
    return df[col_name].describe()

In [ ]: #df["Sales"].describe() #This descrive the Sales in one line
    data_describe("Sales") #Same Thing Using Function
In [ ]: #df["City"] #You Can check Value in City Column
```

## Col describe data type object must be changed to Suitable Data Format

```
df.isnull().sum() #Checking which Column has nan (Non Availiable Value)
Out[4]: Category
                                0
                                0
        City
        Country
                                0
        Customer Name
                                0
        Discount
                                0
        Number of Records
                                0
        Order Date
                                0
        Order ID
                                0
        Postal Code
                               11
                                0
        Manufacturer
        Product Name
                                0
        Profit
                                0
                                0
        Quantity
        Region
                                0
         Sales
                                0
         Segment
                                0
        Ship Date
                                0
        Ship Mode
                                0
                                0
        State
        Sub-Category
                                0
         dtype: int64
```

#### In the Postal Code Column there are 11 nan value

#### **Convert to Date format**

```
#row_print("Order Date")
In [21]:
          df["Order Date"]=pd.to_datetime(df["Order Date"])#Pandas_to_datetime() method_he/ps
          #convert string Date time into Python Date time object.
In [24]: | df["Order Date"].describe()
          #df["Order Date"].head()
Out [24]: count
                                   9994
                                   1236
         unique
                    2017-09-05 00:00:00
          top
          freq
                    2015-01-03 00:00:00
          first
                    2018-12-30 00:00:00
          last
         Name: Order Date, dtype: object
```

#### **Check every Column and Converting to best format**

```
In [25]: #df["Ship Date"] #chek the date format
          df["Ship Date"].describe()
Out [25]: count
                                   9994
         unique
                                   1334
          top
                    2016-12-16 00:00:00
                                     35
          freq
                    2015-01-07 00:00:00
          first
                    2019-01-05 00:00:00
          last
         Name: Ship Date, dtype: object
In [20]:
         df["Ship Date"].head(3) #chek the date format Before Changing format
Out[20]: 0
             2017-11-11
             2017-11-11
             2017-06-16
         Name: Ship Date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
```

#### Ship Date is in object(string) format to we need to convert in to Date Format

```
#df["Ship Date"]
In [26]:
          #change date format into String Format
          df["Ship Date"]=pd.to_datetime(df["Ship Date"])
          df["Ship Date"].head(3)
Out[26]: 0
              2017-11-11
             2017-11-11
             2017-06-16
         Name: Ship Date, dtype: datetime64[ns]
In [18]:
         df["Ship Date"].describe()
Out [18]: count
                                   9994
                                   1334
         unique
                    2016-12-16 00:00:00
          top
          freq
                    2015-01-07 00:00:00
          first
                    2019-01-05 00:00:00
          last
         Name: Ship Date, dtype: object
```

## We Converted all Date(object) format to datetype format

#### Now we check other column

```
In [ ]:
In [29]: | #df["Ship Mode"].head(10)
          df["Ship Mode"].describe()
          #List unique values in the df['name'] column
Out[29]: count
                              9994
         unique
                    Standard Class
          top
          frea
                              5968
         Name: Ship Mode, dtype: object
         df["Ship Mode"].unique()
In [30]:
Out[30]: array(['Second Class', 'Standard Class', 'First Class', 'Same Day'],
                dtype=object)
```

In [33]: df.City.unique() #A// the Unique values in City Column

Out[33]: array(['Henderson', 'Los Angeles', 'Fort Lauderdale', 'Concord', 'Seattle', 'Fort Worth', 'Madison', 'West Jordan', 'San Francisco', 'Fremont', 'Philadelphia', 'Orem', 'Houston', 'Richardson', 'Naperville', 'Melbourne', 'Eagan', 'Westland', 'Dover', 'New Albany', 'New York City', 'Troy', 'Chicago', 'Gilbert', 'Springfield', 'Jackson', 'Memphis', 'Decatur', 'Durham', 'Columbia', 'Rochester', 'Minneapolis', 'Portland', 'Saint Paul', 'Aurora', 'Charlotte', 'Orland Park', 'Urbandale', 'Columbus', 'Bristol', 'Wilmington', 'Bloomington', 'Phoenix', 'Roseville', 'Independence', 'Pasadena', 'Newark', 'Franklin', 'Scottsdale', 'San Jose', 'Edmond', 'Carlsbad', 'San Antonio', 'Monroe', 'Fairfield', 'Grand Prairie', 'Redlands', 'Hamilton', 'Westfield', 'Akron', 'Denver', 'Dallas', 'Whittier', 'Saginaw', 'Medina', 'Dublin', 'Detroit', 'Tampa', 'Santa Clara', 'Lakeville', 'San Diego', 'Brentwood', 'Chapel Hill', 'Morristown', 'Cincinnati', 'Inglewood', 'Tamarac', 'Colorado Springs', 'Belleville', 'Taylor', 'Lakewood', 'Arlington', 'Arvada', 'Hackensack', 'Saint Petersburg', 'Long Beach', 'Hesperia', 'Murfreesboro', 'Layton', 'Austin', 'Lowell', 'Manchester', 'Harlingen', 'Tucson', 'Quincy', 'Pembroke Pines', 'Des Moines', 'Peoria', 'Las Vegas', 'Warwick', 'Miami', 'Huntington Beach' 'Richmond', 'Louisville', 'Lawrence', 'Canton', 'New Rochelle', 'Gastonia', 'Jacksonville', 'Auburn', 'Norman', 'Park Ridge', 'Amarillo', 'Lindenhurst', 'Huntsville', 'Fayetteville', 'Costa Mesa', 'Parker', 'Atlanta', 'Gladstone', 'Great Falls', 'Lakeland', 'Montgomery', 'Mesa', 'Green Bay', 'Anaheim', 'Marysville', 'Salem', 'Laredo', 'Grove City', 'Dearborn', 'Warner Robins', 'Vallejo', 'Mission Viejo', 'Rochester Hills', 'Plainfield', 'Sierra Vista', 'Vancouver', 'Cleveland', 'Tyler', 'Burlington', 'Waynesboro', 'Chester', 'Cary', 'Palm Coast', 'Mount Vernon', 'Hialeah', 'Oceanside', 'Evanston', 'Trenton', 'Cottage Grove', 'Bossier City', 'Lancaster', 'Asheville', 'Lake Elsinore', 'Omaha', 'Edmonds', 'Santa Ana', 'Milwaukee', 'Florence', 'Lorain', 'Linden', 'Salinas', 'New Brunswick', 'Garland', 'Norwich', 'Alexandria', 'Toledo', 'Farmington', 'Riverside', 'Torrance', 'Round Rock', 'Boca Raton', 'Virginia Beach', 'Oklahoma City', 'Kirkwood', 'La Porte', 'Lansing', 'El Paso', 'Mansfield', 'Des Plaines', 'Freeport' 'Perth Amboy', 'Watertown', 'Waterbury', 'Andover', 'Clifton', 'Clinton', 'Baltimore', 'Everett', 'Buffalo', 'Parma', 'Bethlehem', 'Lafayette', 'Mobile', 'Murray', 'Coral Springs', 'Knoxville', 'Bakersfield', 'Oakland', 'Draper', 'Lake Forest', 'Pocatello', 'Hillsboro', 'Greeley', 'Longmont', 'Encinitas', 'Mount Pleasant', 'Lawton', 'Greenwood', 'Saint Charles', 'Skokie', 'Lubbock', 'Middletown', 'Marion', 'Wheeling', 'Hampton', 'Boynton Beach', 'Apopka', 'Pomona', 'Glendale', 'Tulsa', 'San Angelo', 'League City', 'Carrollton', 'Frisco', 'Beaumont', 'Paterson', 'Cranston', 'Woonsocket', 'Vineland', 'Reading', 'Lake Charles', 'Sandy Springs', 'Harrisonburg', 'Tallahassee', 'Raleigh', 'Fresno', 'Olympia', 'North Las Vegas', 'Longview', 'Bellingham', 'Sacramento', 'Thornton', 'Fort Collins', 'Littleton', 'Dearborn Heights', 'Kenosha', 'Midland', 'Eau Claire', 'Wichita', 'Mishawaka', 'Texas City', 'Carol Stream', 'Allen', 'College Station', 'Plano', 'Highland Park', 'Pharr' 'Brownsville', 'Waco', 'Buffalo Grove', 'Rockford', 'Champaign', 'Yonkers', 'Rockville', 'Washington', 'Marlborough', 'Hempstead', 'Allentown', 'Passaic', 'Southaven', 'Conway', 'Jonesboro',

'Athens', 'Georgetown', 'Chesapeake', 'Hattiesburg', 'Macon', 'Little Rock', 'Greenville', 'Chattanooga', 'Nashville', 'Deltona', 'Hollywood', 'Miramar', 'Wilson', 'Hendersonville', 'Greensboro', 'Daytona Beach', 'Westminster', 'Bellevue', 'Spokane', 'Moreno Valley', 'Kent', 'Citrus Heights', 'Oxnard', 'Las Cruces', 'Provo', 'Morgan Hill', 'San Bernardino', 'Redmond', 'Modesto', 'Bullhead City', 'Broomfield', 'Rio Rancho', 'Gresham', 'Tempe', 'Apple Valley', 'Ontario', 'Pasco', 'Garden City', 'Indianapolis', 'Saint Louis', 'Frankfort', 'The Colony', 'Edinburg', 'Abilene', 'Providence', 'East Orange', 'Meriden', 'Suffolk', 'Charlottesville', 'Woodstock', 'Goldsboro', 'Delray Beach', 'Pensacola', 'Redondo Beach', 'Santa Maria', 'San Mateo', 'Commerce City', 'Temecula', 'Portage', 'Bolingbrook', 'Milford', 'Orange', 'Utica', 'Kenner', 'Rock Hill', 'Homestead', 'Plantation', 'Chula Vista', 'Pueblo', 'South Bend', 'Elkhart', 'Noblesville', 'Holland', 'Grand Island', 'Fargo', 'La Crosse', 'Aberdeen', 'Keller', 'Irving', 'Romeoville', 'Hagerstown', 'Nashua', 'Bowling Green', 'Cuyahoga Falls', 'Pine Bluff', 'North Charleston', 'Jupiter', 'Port Orange', 'Johnson City', 'North Miami', 'Port Saint Lucie', 'Clarksville', 'Chico', 'Albuquerque', 'Stockton', 'Rancho Cucamonga', 'Pleasant Grove' 'Escondido', 'Sparks', 'Vacaville', 'Avondale', 'Salt Lake City', 'Broken Arrow', 'Sterling Heights', 'Royal Oak', 'Wausau', 'Norfolk', 'Waterloo', 'Coon Rapids', 'Grand Rapids', 'Waukesha', 'New Castle', 'Sioux Falls', 'Mcallen', 'Coppell', 'Port Arthur', 'Cedar Hill', 'Oswego', 'Arlington Heights', 'Rome', 'Leominster', 'Malden', 'Roswell', 'Newport News', 'Smyrna', 'Owensboro', 'Marietta', 'Rogers', 'Gulfport', 'Orlando', 'Margate', 'Thomasville', 'West Palm Beach', 'Lebanon', 'Bartlett', 'Ormond Beach', 'Hickory', 'Logan', 'Visalia', 'San Luis Obispo', 'San Clemente', 'Camarillo', 'Murrieta', 'Davis', 'Santa Barbara', 'Lodi', 'Renton', 'Lewiston', 'Medford', 'Chandler', 'Missoula', 'Loveland', 'Englewood', 'Tigard', 'Clovis', 'Cedar Rapids', 'Pearland', 'Niagara Falls', 'Boise', 'Thousand Oaks', 'Glenview', 'Moorhead', 'Dubuque', 'Appleton', 'New Bedford', 'Jamestown', 'Hot Springs', 'Kissimmee', 'Santa Fe', 'Woodland', 'Redding', 'Rapid City', 'Odessa', 'Tinley Park', 'Mason', 'Sunnyvale', 'West Allis', 'San Marcos', 'Corpus Christi', 'Covington', 'Eugene', 'Oak Park', 'Lincoln Park', 'Saint Cloud', 'Bryan', 'Mesquite', 'Revere', 'Bangor', 'Laurel', 'Gaithersburg', 'York', 'East Point', 'Texarkana', 'Coral Gables', 'Pompano Beach', 'Twin Falls', 'Caldwell', 'El Cajon', 'Overland Park', 'Haltom City', 'Bedford', 'Conroe', 'Deer Park', 'Altoona', 'Hoover', 'Antioch', 'Helena', 'Billings', 'lowa City', 'Ann Arbor', 'Atlantic City', 'Elyria', 'Summerville', 'Laguna Niguel', 'Yuma', 'Maple Grove', 'Woodbury', 'Baytown', 'Grapevine', 'Missouri City', 'Bridgeton', 'Beverly', 'Reno', 'Coachella', 'Yucaipa', 'Meridian', 'Redwood City', 'Palatine', 'La Quinta', 'Montebello', 'Lehi', 'Pico Rivera', 'Muskogee', 'Mentor', 'Manteca', 'Danville', 'Olathe', 'Jefferson City', 'Saint Peters', 'Superior', 'Normal', 'Elmhurst', 'Cambridge', 'Holyoke', 'Danbury', 'Tuscaloosa', 'Sanford', 'Burbank', 'San Gabriel', 'Cheyenne', 'Shelton', 'Bayonne', 'Sheboygan', 'Springdale', 'Bozeman', 'La Mesa', 'Manhattan'], dtype=object)

#### We Can see Unique value in State Column

```
In [45]:
            df.State.unique()
            unique_state=df.State.unique()
            unique_state
Out[45]: array(['Kentucky', 'California', 'Florida', 'North Carolina',
                     'Washington', 'Texas', 'Wisconsin', 'Utah', 'Nebraska',
                     'Pennsylvania', 'Illinois', 'Minnesota', 'Michigan', 'Delaware',
                     'Indiana', 'New York', 'Arizona', 'Virginia', 'Tennessee',
                     'Alabama', 'South Carolina', 'Oregon', 'Colorado', 'Iowa', 'Ohio', 'Missouri', 'Oklahoma', 'New Mexico', 'Louisiana', 'Connecticut',
                     'New Jersey', 'Massachusetts', 'Georgia', 'Nevada', 'Rhode Island',
                     'Mississippi', 'Arkansas', 'Montana', 'New Hampshire', 'Maryland', 'Idaho', 'West Virginia', 'Vermont', 'Kansas', 'District of Columbia', 'North Dakota', 'South Dakota', 'Maine',
                     'Wyoming'], dtype=object)
In [46]:
            df.State.describe()
Out[46]: count
                                9994
                                  49
            unique
            top
                        California
                                2001
            freq
            Name: State, dtype: object
In [56]:
            df.Country.unique()
Out[56]: array(['United States'], dtype=object)
```

### In teh Country Column Ther is one Country Country so delete Country Coulumn for fast Processing

#### In the above we can see Country is deleted

```
In [64]: df.Region.describe()
#row_print("Region") #By Using Function

Out[64]: count 9994
unique 4
top West
freq 3203
Name: Region, dtype: object

In [66]: df.Region.unique() # Unique values in Region
Out[66]: array(['South', 'West', 'Central', 'East'], dtype=object)
```

#### **Check For Segment COlumn**

#### In the Segment Coumn unique variables are 3 Lets Check

```
In [68]: df.Segment.unique()
Out[68]: array(['Consumer', 'Corporate', 'Home Office'], dtype=object)
```

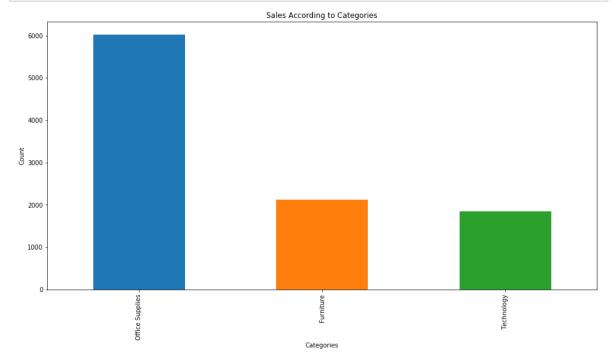
#### We Can find check 3 main Segment

```
In [71]: | df["State"].describe()
Out[71]: count
                          9994
                             49
         unique
          top
                    California
                          2001
          freq
         Name: State, dtype: object
In [73]:
          #df["State"].unique()
In [74]:
         df["State"].describe()
Out [74]: count
                            49
         unique
          top
                    California
                          2001
          freq
         Name: State, dtype: object
```

#### Part 2 Plotting In to graf Using Pandas

#### **Histogram Table According to Categories**

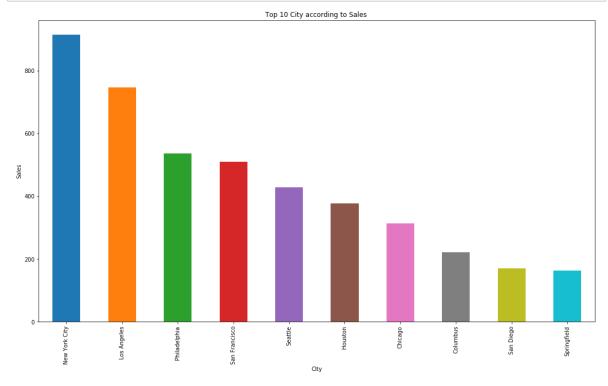
```
In [107]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
    df["Category"].value_counts().plot.bar()
    plt.title("Sales According to Categories")
    plt.ylabel("Count")
    plt.xlabel("Categories")
    plt.show()
```



#### **According to City Histogram**

```
In [108]: plt.figure(figsize=(18,10))

top_city=df.groupby("City")["Sales"].count().sort_values(ascending=False)
top_city=top_city[:10]
top_city.plot(kind="bar") #plot in Bar ,Other options are pie
plt.title("Top 10 City according to Sales ")
plt.ylabel("Sales")
plt.xlabel("Clty")
plt.show()
```



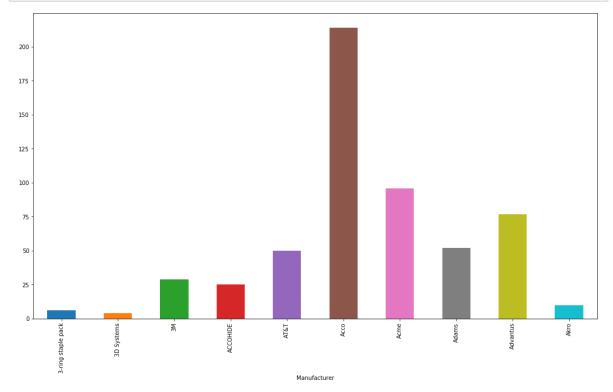
In [100]: #print(top\_city)

In [79]: df.head(1)

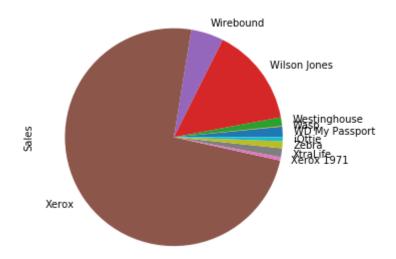
Out [79]:

	Category	City	Customer Name	Discount	Number of Records	Order Date	Order ID	Postal Code	Manufacturer
(	<b>)</b> Furniture	Henderson	Claire Gute	0.0	1	2017- 11-08	CA- 2017- 152156	42420.0	Bush
4									•

```
In [116]: plt.figure(figsize=(18,10))
    manu=df.groupby("Manufacturer")["Sales"].count()
    manu_top10=manu[:10] #Top 10
    manu_last10=manu[-10:] #Last 10
    #top_man=df.groupby("manu").count().plot.bar()
    manu_top10.plot(kind="bar")
    plt.show()
```



In []: #In the above Table Manufacturer Acco is first in Position and 3D system is in10 Position

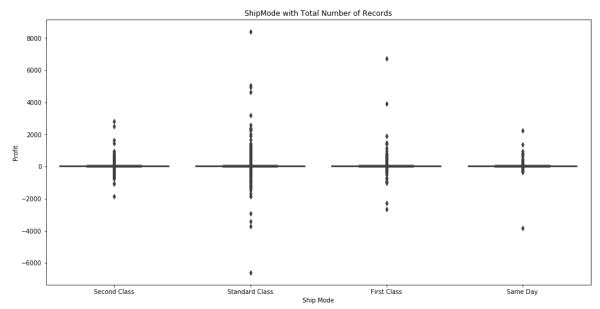


In [124]: df.head(1)

#### Out[124]:

	Category	City	Country	Customer Name	Discount	Number of Records	Order Date	Order ID	Postal Code	N
0	Furniture	Henderson	United States	Claire Gute	0.0	1	11/8/2017	CA- 2017- 152156	42420.0	
4										<b>&gt;</b>

```
In [132]: plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
    sns.boxplot("Ship Mode","Profit",data=df)
    plt.title("ShipMode with Total Number of Records")
    plt.show()
```



## In box plot we can see Standard Class has been sent more in sales

In [ ]:	
In [ ]:	

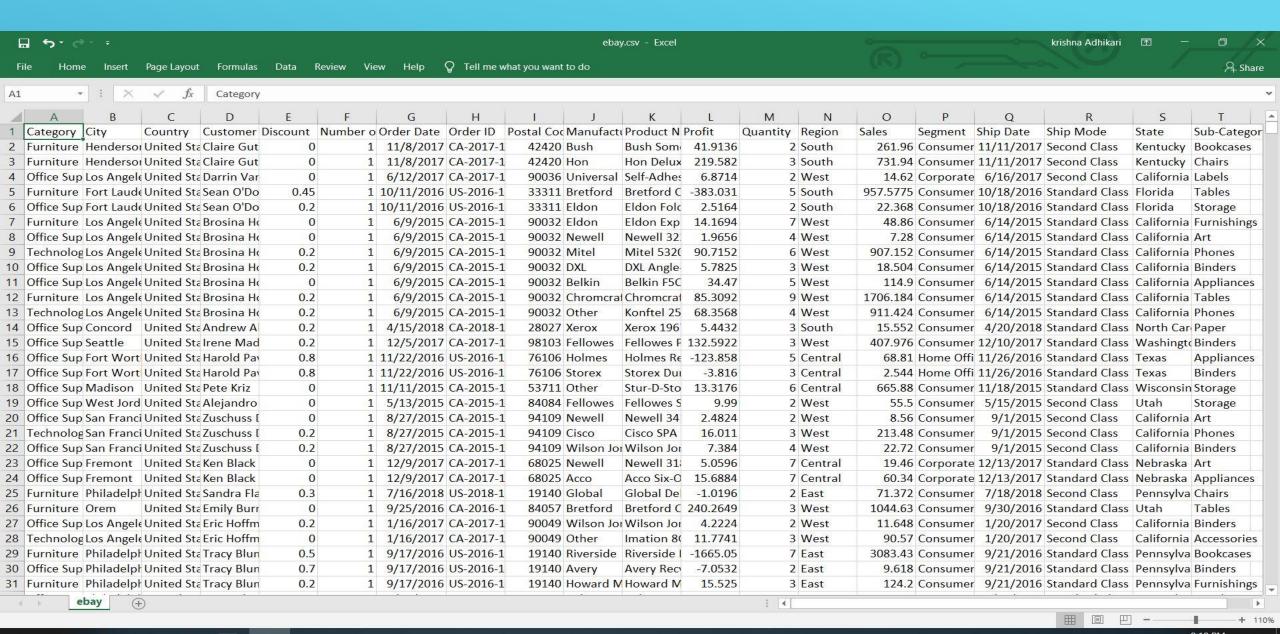
# My Portfolio 크리스나



FILE CREATED ON: 8/30/2019 9:08:57 PM

TABLEAU SOFTWARE 태불로 사용 했음

### SOURCE:EBAY.CSV DATA SOURCE=https://GITHUB.COM/KRISHDB38/PORTFOLIO.GIT







#### Profit With Month

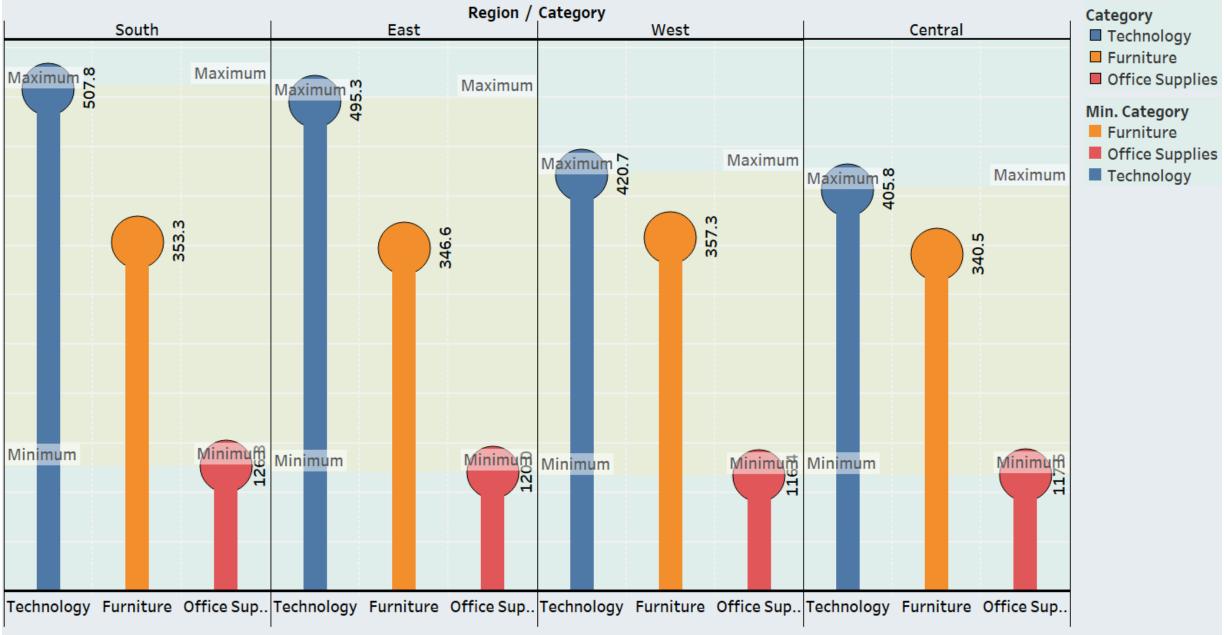


The trends of sum of Profit and sum of Profit for Order Date Month. Color shows sum of Profit. For pane Sum of Profit: The marks are labeled by average of Profit.

# Month and Sales Relations 매출과 이익관계 월별

- ▶ 녹 색 높은 이익 골드 색은 낮은 이익((Green>Gold)
- ▶ 12 월 높은 이익 ,1 월 제일 낮음 (1,2,4,5,6,7,8 월 광고,할인 여러 행사 추천)

#### What do find Out in 5 Sec?? (Sales, Region, Category Field)



Average of Sales and average of Sales for each Category broken down by Region. For pane Average of Sales: Color shows details about Category. The marks are labeled by average of Sales. For pane Average of Sales (2): Color shows details about minimum of Category.

# 지역 (Region),매출(Sales),Category (캐토개리) 의 관꼐

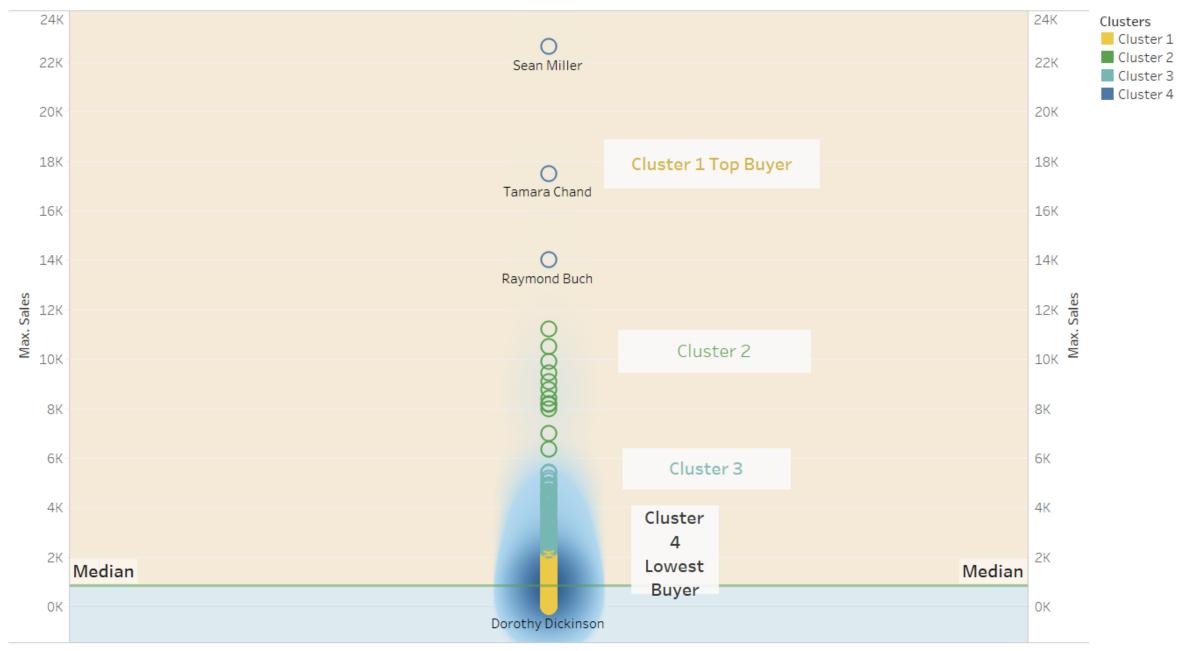
▶ 높은 매출 치역 남쪽 이다.

▶ 많이 팔렸던 캐토고리 는 테크노로조 이다.

▶ 오피스 섶라이 모두 지역에서 낮고 거위 피쓰다다

▶ 매내저가 West 과 Central 쪽에 Technology 팔아야되는 방법 잦아야 된다

#### Customer Cluster



Maximum of Sales and maximum of Sales. The marks are labeled by Customer Name. Details are shown for Customer Name. For pane Maximum of Sales: Details are shown for Customer Name and Clusters. For pane Maximum of Sales (2): Color shows details about Clusters.

## 고객 관리 (CUSTOMER MANAGEMENT)



고객 4 Group 에 나눴다



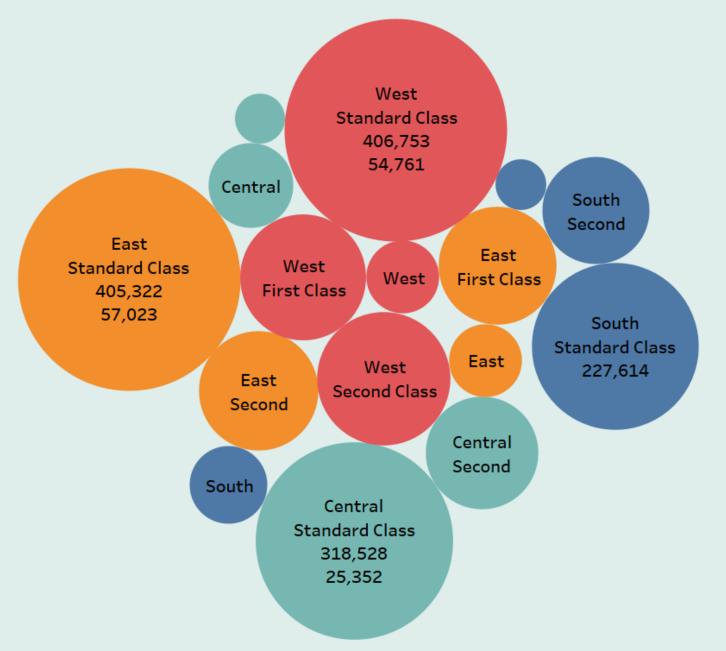
Cluster 1's Customers are highly Valued Customers and Manager should take care of them



녹색 선 은 모두 고객의 Median Line 이다.



탚 구매자의 정보를 알수 있다



Region
West
East

Central

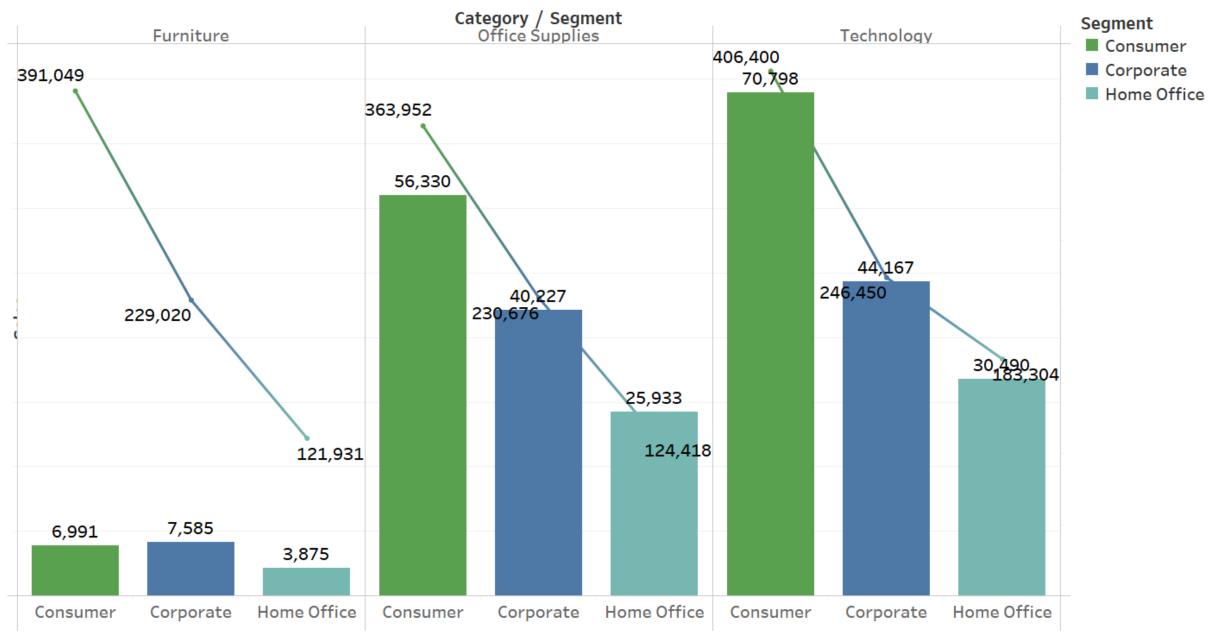
South

Region, Ship Mode, sum of Sales and sum of Profit. Color shows details about Region. Size shows sum of Sales. The marks are labeled by Region, Ship Mode, sum of Sales and sum of Profit.

# 택배 분석 (Types of Mails Analysis)

- Standard Class Mails were sent is on Top Position
- 모두 지역에 Standard Class 택배(배송) 방법 이용 했다

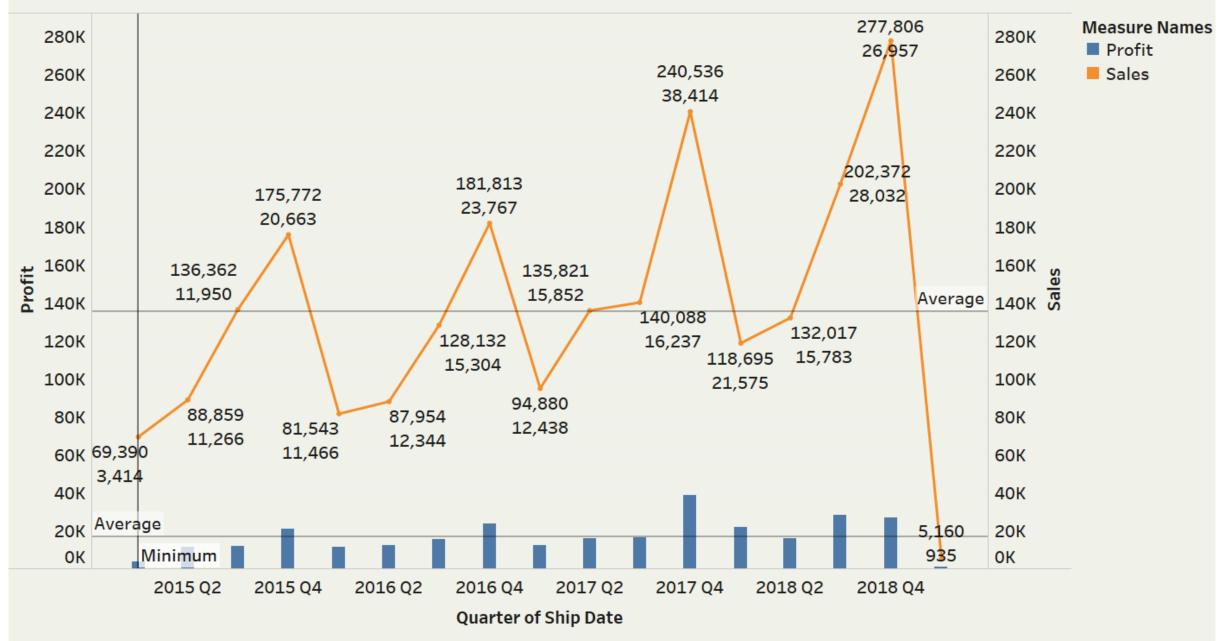
Category, segment, profit



The trends of sum of Sales and sum of Profit for Segment broken down by Category. Color shows details about Segment. For pane Sum of Sales: The marks are labeled by sum of Sales. For pane Sum of Profit: The marks are labeled by sum of Profit.

## Category, Segment, Sales and Profit

- ▶ 라인 은 매출 이다 그래프는 이익 이다(Line is Sale and Graph is for Profit)
- ► Bigger Amount is for Sale and small Amount is for Profit
- ▶ Furniture 가 Corporate(법인) 가 많이 구매 했지만 이익 너무 작다.
- ▶ Technology Items 가 마진 Ratio 가 제일 높다.

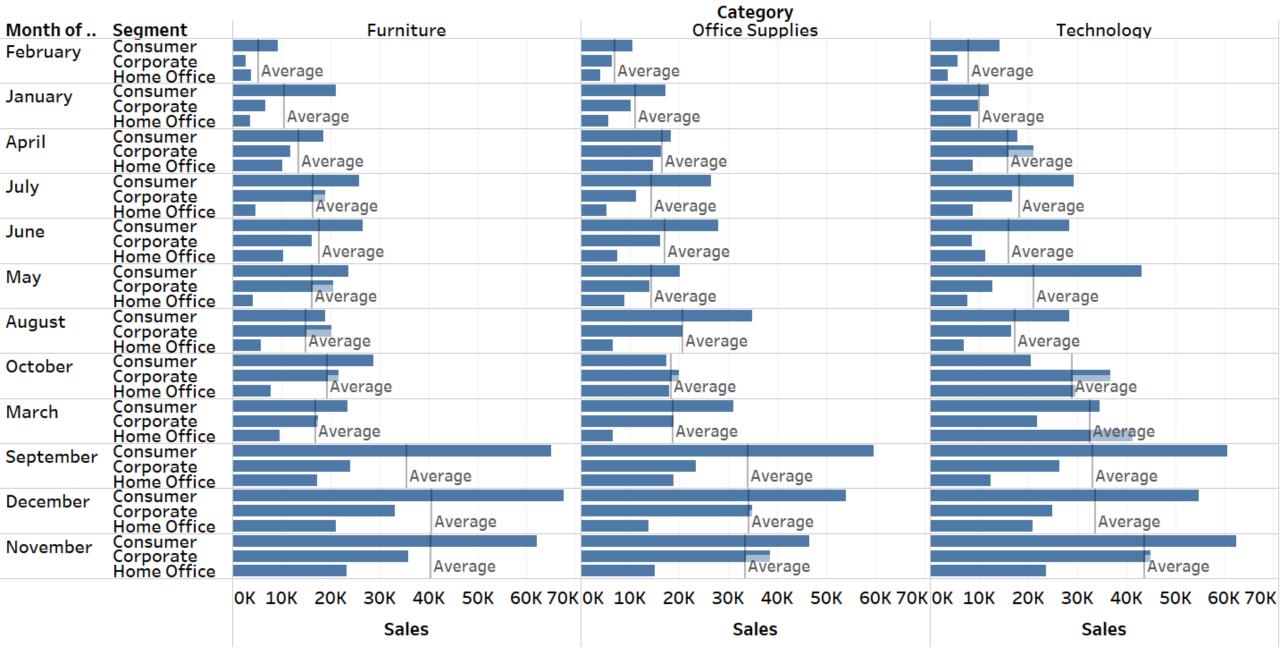


The trends of Profit and Sales for Ship Date Quarter. Color shows details about Profit and Sales. For pane Sum of Sales: The marks are labeled by Sales and Profit.

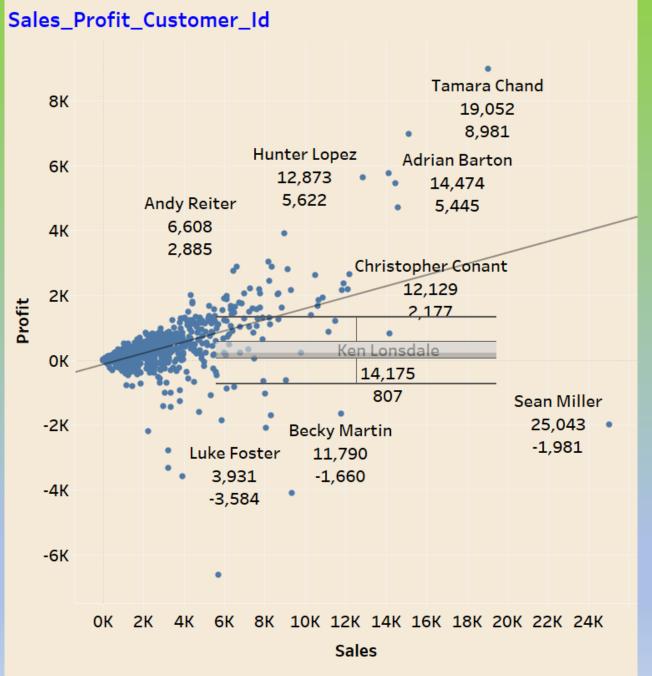
날짜별 매출 분석

Quarter 4 is Very Important 4 쿼튀는 아주 중요 한다 매출과 이익 아주 높다

#### Category\_Month\_



Sum of Sales for each Segment broken down by Category vs. Order Date Month.



Sum of Sales vs. sum of Profit. The marks are labeled by Customer Name, sum of Sales and sum of Profit. Details are shown for Customer Name.

# 매출,이익,고객자 번호의관계

그많은 구매자 증에서 Tamara Chand 많이 중요 한 구매자 잦얼수 있다

Sean Miller 에게 물건 많이 팔아도 남는거 없다.

Luke Foster 에게서 손해가 너무 많이 생겼다.

Expected sales

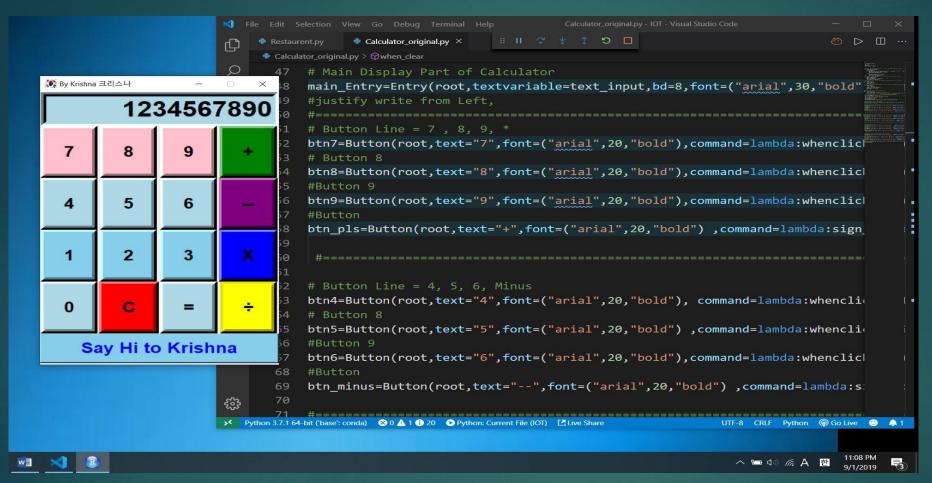


The trend of sum of Sales (actual & forecast) for Order Date Year broken down by Segment. Color shows details about Category and Forecast indicator. The marks are labeled by sum of Sales (actual & forecast).

# 예상 매출 (Expected Sales)

- 태블르에서 2022 가지 예상 매출 계산 해뽰다.
- Consumer(소비자) 는 Furniture Items 구매 항률 높아지고 있다.

## 파이썬 TKINTER library 로 간단한 계산기



자세히 Source GitHub Repository 에 있습니다 Source Code Color Design

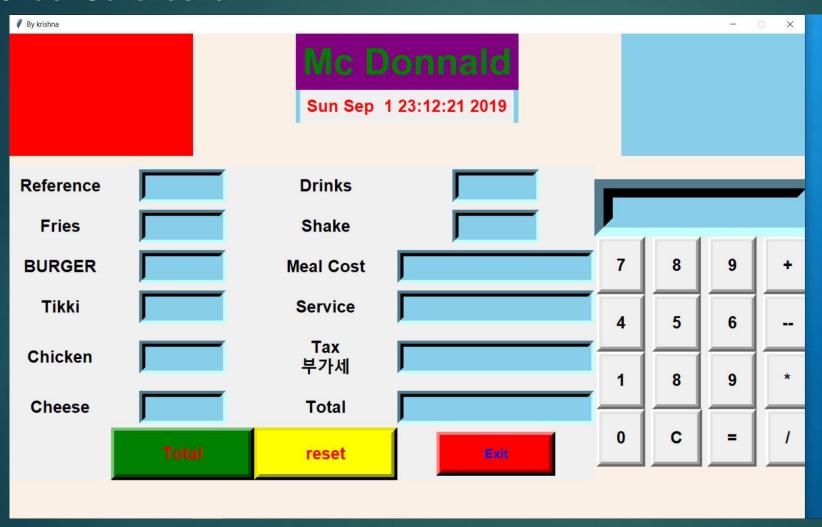
External Link

Big and Fixed Size

Developer Logo on Top

## Simple Restaurant Management

**Under Construction** 



개발증입니다

Python tkinter library 사용

Source: GitHub>krishdb38

https://github.com/krishdb38/Pytho