Test Automation Solution Document

Project Overview

The goal of this project is to develop a test automation framework for UI testing using Java, Selenium, Cucumber, and TestNG. The framework will allow for the execution of automated tests for web applications and provide comprehensive reporting capabilities.

Assumptions

- The web application under test is a calculator application with basic arithmetic operations.
- The target browser for testing is Google Chrome.
- The test environment includes Java Development Kit (JDK), Maven, and Chrome browser.
- Automated WebDriver management is done by using WebDriverManager package.
- Test scenarios are written in Gherkin syntax using Cucumber.
- TestNG is used for test execution.
- The framework supports parallel test execution with a thread count of 4.
- The project is integrated with CircleCI for continuous integration.
- Git is used for version control.
- GitHub is used for source code management and collaboration.

Out of Scope Functionalities

• Calculator History

The framework does not cover the functionality related to the calculator history. Testing of the calculator history feature is considered out of scope for this project.

• Advanced Arithmetic Operations

Only basic arithmetic operations (addition, subtraction, multiplication, division) are covered in the test scenarios. Advanced arithmetic operations such as exponentiation, square root, etc., are not included in the scope of this project.

• Expression and Result Validation

The final expression validation and result validation logic is currently mentioned in the feature file. However, to enhance scalability, it is recommended to move this logic away from the feature file and implement it within the framework. Due to time constraints, this enhancement is considered out of scope for the current phase of the project.

Steps Taken

1. Project Setup:

- Created a Maven project structure with appropriate directories for source code, resources, and test files.
- Configured Maven dependencies for Selenium WebDriver, Cucumber, and TestNG in the pom.xml file.
- Initialized a Git repository for version control.

2. Environment Setup:

- Installed JDK and Maven on the local development machine.
- Downloaded Google Chrome web browser.

3. Test Design:

- Identified and documented test scenarios based on the requirements.
- Created feature files in Gherkin syntax to describe the behaviour of the calculator application.

4. Implementation:

- Developed step definitions in Java to define the actions for each step in the feature files.
- Implemented hooks to manage setup and teardown activities, including browser initialization and screenshot capture on test failure.
- Created a Selenium Wrapper class to encapsulate WebDriver interactions and simplify test script development.
- The framework uses PicoContainer for dependency injection to manage dependencies such as WebDriver instance.
- Developed utility classes for common functionalities such as WebDriver initialization and config file reading.

5. Source Code Management:

- Initialized a Git repository for version control.
- Committed and pushed all the project files to a remote repository in GitHub.

6. Integration with CircleCI:

- Added CircleCI configuration file (.circleci/config.yml) to the project for continuous integration.
- Configured CircleCI pipeline to build and test the project on every commit.

7. Test Execution:

- Executed tests locally using Maven commands from the command line.
- Ran tests from the IDE using TestNG runner classes and TestNG XML configuration files
- Additionally, created a .bat file for running the tests.
- Verified test execution and reporting on CircleCI.

8. Reporting:

- Generated HTML reports using Cucumber to provide detailed test results and execution status (results/test-result.html).
- Included screenshots in the reports to facilitate troubleshooting and analysis.

Sample Test Result Passed:



Sample Test Result Failed:



Code/Scripts Developed

- 1. TestRunner.java: TestNG runner class to execute Cucumber tests.
- 2. CalculatorTest.java: Step definitions class to define test steps.
- 3. Calculator.feature: Feature file for defining test scenarios in Gherkin format.
- 4. Calculator Page. java: Class encapsulates the locators to interact with calculator buttons.
- **5. DriverFactory.java:** Utility class for WebDriver management.
- **6.** Calculator Util. java: Utility methods for converting operators to calculator symbols.
- 7. Selenium Wrapper.java: Wrapper class for Selenium WebDriver to simplify interactions.
- 8. TestHooks.java: Hook class for easy management of setup and teardown activities.

Code Snippets:

TestRunner.java

CalculatorTest.java

Calculator.feature

Calculator Page. java

TestHooks.java

DriverFactory.java

Calculator Util. java

SeleniumWrapper.java

CircleCI Pipeline Configuration

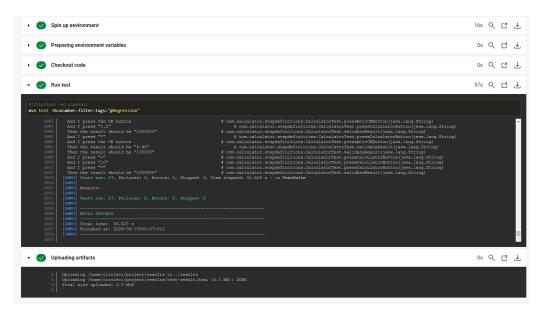
The CircleCI pipeline is configured to:

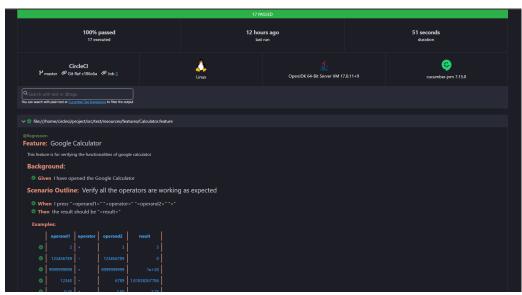
- Build the project.
- Execute automated tests using Maven.
- Generate test reports.
- Publish test results.

```
version: 2.1
jobs:
build:
docker:
- image: cimg/openjdk:17.0.11-browsers
steps:
- checkout
# Build and test the project
- run:
name: Run test
command: mvn test -Dcucumber.filter.tags="@Regression"
# Store test artifacts
- store_artifacts:

path: ./results
```

CircleCI Execution Results:





Reasoning

- 1. Choice of Technologies: Java was chosen as the primary programming language due to its popularity, strong community support, and extensive libraries for test automation. Selenium WebDriver was selected for browser automation, and Cucumber was used for behavior-driven development (BDD) to enhance collaboration between stakeholders. TestNG was chosen for test execution and reporting due to its robustness and integration capabilities with Maven.
- 2. Framework Design: The framework follows a modular design pattern to ensure maintainability, scalability, and reusability of code. Separation of concerns is achieved by organizing code into packages based on functionality (e.g., step definitions, hooks, utilities). The use of hooks allows for easy management of setup and teardown activities, while the inclusion of utility classes centralizes common functionalities, promoting code reuse. The use of a Selenium wrapper class abstracts WebDriver interactions. Parallel execution is configured to improve test execution time and efficiency.
- 3. Reporting: Cucumber's built-in reporting capabilities provide comprehensive HTML reports with detailed information about test results, including passed, failed, and skipped tests. Screenshots are included in the reports to aid in debugging and troubleshooting failed scenarios, enhancing the visibility of issues and facilitating quicker resolution.

Conclusion

The test automation framework developed provides a robust and scalable solution for UI testing of the calculator application. By leveraging Java, Selenium, Cucumber, and TestNG, the framework enables efficient test creation, execution, and reporting, ultimately improving the quality and reliability of the tested software. The support for parallel execution further enhances the framework's performance and efficiency.