

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

Los Angeles

Improving the Throughput
of Connectionless Datagram Protocols
over Networks with Limited Bandwidth

A dissertation submitted in partial satisfaction
of the requirements for the degree
Doctor of Philosophy in Computer Science

by

Richard Bert Wales

1993

© Copyright by
Richard Bert Wales
1993

ABSTRACT OF THE DISSERTATION

Improving the Throughput
of Connectionless Datagram Protocols
over Networks with Limited Bandwidth

by

Richard Bert Wales
Doctor of Philosophy in Computer Science
University of California, Los Angeles, 1993
Professor Jack W. Carlyle, Chair

(Abstract omitted for brevity)

The dissertation of Richard Bert Wales is approved.

Robert M. Stevenson

Richard L. Baker

David G. Cantor

Mario Gerla

Jack W. Carlyle, Committee Chair

University of California, Los Angeles

1993

*To my mother . . .
who—among so many other things—
saw to it that I learned to touch-type
while I was still in elementary school*

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Introduction	1
	References	3

LIST OF FIGURES

LIST OF TABLES

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

(Acknowledgments omitted for brevity.)

CHAPTER 1

Introduction

Filing services are one of the most user-visible parts of the operating system, so it is not surprising that many new services are proposed by researchers and that a variety of third parties are interested in providing these solutions. Of the many innovations which have been proposed, very few have become widely available in a timely fashion. We believe this delay results from two deficiencies in practices of current file-system development. First, file systems are large and difficult to implement. This problem is compounded because no good mechanism exists to allow new services to build on those which already exist. Second, file systems today are built around a few fixed interfaces which fail to accommodate the change and evolution inherent in operating systems development. Today's filing interfaces vary from system to system, and even between point releases of a single operating system. These differences greatly complicate and therefore discourage third-party development and adoption of filing extensions.

These problems raise barriers to the widespread development, deployment, and maintenance of new filing services. The thesis of this dissertation is that a layered, *stackable* structure with an *extensible* interface provides a much better methodology for file-system development. We propose construction of filing services from a number of potentially independently developed modules. By stackable, we mean that these modules are bounded by identical, or *symmetric*, interfaces above and below. By extensible, we mean that these interfaces can be independently changed by multiple parties, without invalidating existing or future work.

To validate this thesis we developed a framework supporting stackable file-systems and used that framework to construct several different filing services. This dissertation describes the design, implementation, and evaluation of this system. [1]

REFERENCES

- [1] P. Chari, K. Kabra, D. Karinca, S. Lahiri, D. Srivastava, K. Kulkarni, T. Chen, M. Can-
nesson, L. Jalilian, and A. Kadambi, “Diverse R-PPG: Camera-based heart rate estima-
tion for diverse subject skin-tones and scenes,” *arXiv preprint arXiv:2010.12769*, 2020.