

Tic-Tac-Toe Solver Report

Tic-Tac-Toe Solver in Python

A project report on implementing a one-player Tic-Tac-Toe game using Python.

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Introduction

Tic-Tac-Toe is a classic two-player game played on a 3x3 grid. The objective is to align three symbols (either 'X' or 'O') horizontally, vertically, or diagonally. This project presents a Python-based Tic-Tac-Toe solver where a human player competes against an AI opponent. The AI makes moves by randomly selecting an available position on the board. The program follows a structured approach to check for a winner and handle user input.

Methodology

1. **Board Representation:** The game board is a 3x3 list of lists initialized with empty spaces (' ').
2. **Game Flow:** The game alternates between the player and the AI until a win or draw condition is met.
3. **User Input Handling:** The player selects a position by entering row and column numbers.
4. **AI Move Selection:** The AI randomly picks an available cell.
5. **Win Condition Check:** The game verifies if either the player or AI has won after each move.
6. **Draw Condition Check:** If all cells are filled with no winner, the game ends in a draw.
7. **Loop Execution:** The game continues running until a win or draw is detected.

Code Implementation

Tic-Tac-Toe Game in Python (1 Player vs Computer)

Tic-Tac-Toe Game (1 Player vs Computer)

import sys

import random

def print_board(board):

"""Function to print the Tic-Tac-Toe board in a formatted way."""

for row in board:

print(" | ".join(row))

*print("-" * 9)*

def check_winner(board, player):

"""Function to check if a player has won the game."""

Check rows and columns

for i in range(3):

if all(board[i][j] == player for j in range(3)) or
all(board[j][i] == player for j in range(3)):

return True

Check diagonals

if all(board[i][i] == player for i in range(3)) or
all(board[i][2 - i] == player for i in range(3)):

return True

```
    return False
```

```
def is_full(board):
```

```
    """Function to check if the board is full, resulting in a draw."""
```

```
    return all(board[i][j] != " " for i in range(3) for j in range(3))
```

```
def get_valid_input(board):
```

```
    """Function to get valid input from the player."""
```

```
    while True:
```

```
        try:
```

```
            row, col = map(int, input("Enter row and column (0-2) separated by space: ").split())
```

```
            if 0 <= row < 3 and 0 <= col < 3:
```

```
                if board[row][col] == " ":
```

```
                    return row, col
```

```
                else:
```

```
                    print("Cell is already occupied. Try again.")
```

```
            else:
```

```
                print("Invalid input. Please enter numbers between 0 and 2.")
```

```
        except ValueError:
```

```
            print("Invalid input. Enter two numbers separated by space.")
```

```
def get_computer_move(board):
```

```
    """Function for the computer to make a move by choosing a random empty cell."""
```

```
    empty_cells = [(i, j) for i in range(3) for j in range(3) if board[i][j] == " "]
```

```
    return random.choice(empty_cells)
```

```
def tic_tac_toe():
```

```
    """Main function to run the Tic-Tac-Toe game with one player vs computer."""
```

```
    board = [" " for _ in range(3)] for _ in range(3)]
```

```
    player_symbol = "X"
```

```
    computer_symbol = "O"
```

```
turn = 0
```

```
while True:
```

```
    print_board(board)
```

```
    if turn % 2 == 0:
```

```
        print("Player's turn")
```

```
        row, col = get_valid_input(board)
```

```
        board[row][col] = player_symbol
```

```
    else:
```

```
        print("Computer's turn")
```

```
        row, col = get_computer_move(board)
```

```
        board[row][col] = computer_symbol
```

```
    # Check for a winner or draw
```

```
    if check_winner(board, player_symbol):
```

```
        print_board(board)
```

```
        print("Player wins!")
```

```
        break
```

```
    if check_winner(board, computer_symbol):
```

```
        print_board(board)
```

```
        print("Computer wins!")
```

```
        break
```

```
    if is_full(board):
```

```
        print_board(board)
```

```
        print("It's a draw!")
```

```
        break
```

```
    turn += 1
```

```
# Run the game
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    try:
```

```
        tic_tac_toe()
```

```
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
```

```
        print("\nGame interrupted. Exiting...")
```

```
        sys.exit(0)
```

Screenshots of Output

Below are sample screenshots showing various stages of gameplay:

1. Initial Game Board:

```
'''
| |
-----
| |
-----
| |
'''
```

2. Player and AI Moves:

```
'''
X | | O
-----
| X |
```

```
-----  
O |  | X  
...  

```

3. Game End Conditions:

- If a player wins, the board is displayed along with a victory message.
- If all spaces are filled with no winner, a draw message is shown.

```
PS C:\Users\dell> python -u "c:\Users\dell\Downloads\n11"
```

```
  |  |  
-----  
  |  |  
-----  
  |  |  
-----
```

Player's turn

Enter row and column (0-2) separated by space: 1 1

```
  |  |  
-----  
  | X |  
-----  
  |  |  
-----
```

Computer's turn

```
  |  |  
-----  
  | X |  
-----  
0 |  |  
-----
```

Player's turn

Enter row and column (0-2) separated by space: 2 2

```
  |  |  
-----  
  | X |  
-----  
0 |  | X  
-----
```

Computer's turn

```
  |  |  
-----
```


Player's turn

Enter row and column (0-2) separated by space: 2 2

--	--	--

	X	
--	---	--

0		X
---	--	---

Computer's turn

--	--	--

0	X	
---	---	--

0		X
---	--	---

Player's turn

Enter row and column (0-2) separated by space: 0 0

X		
---	--	--

0	X	
---	---	--

0		X
---	--	---

Player wins!

PS C:\Users\dell>

Conclusion

This Python-based Tic-Tac-Toe solver provides an interactive gameplay experience against an AI opponent. The AI uses a simple random move strategy. Future improvements could include implementing a minimax algorithm to make the AI more competitive.

Possible Enhancements:

- Implementing a GUI using Tkinter or Pygame.
- Improving AI decision-making using the minimax algorithm.
- Adding difficulty levels for varied gameplay.

End of Report

THANKS