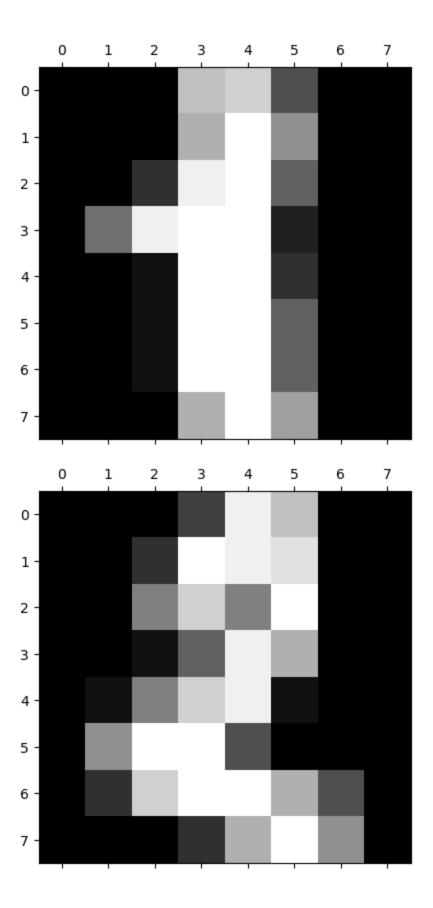
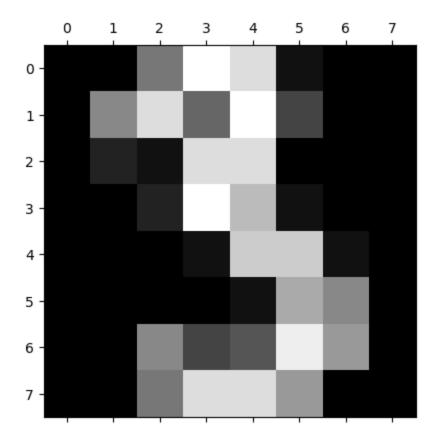
Experiment 9: Implement Random Forest Classifier by using Digit Dataset

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        from sklearn.datasets import load digits
        digits = load digits()
In [3]: dir(digits)
Out[3]: ['DESCR', 'data', 'feature_names', 'frame', 'images', 'target', 'target_nam
In [6]: # digits.data
        digits.target_names
Out[6]: array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
In [8]: %matplotlib inline
        plt.gray()
        for i in range(4):
            plt.matshow(digits.images[i])
       <Figure size 640x480 with 0 Axes>
                        2
                              3
                                          5
       1 -
       2 -
```

3 -

5 -





```
In [12]: df = pd.DataFrame(digits.data)
    df.head()
```

Out[12]:		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	 54	55	56	57	58	
	0	0.0	0.0	5.0	13.0	9.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.0	13
	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.0	13.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1:
	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	15.0	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	 5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3
	3	0.0	0.0	7.0	15.0	13.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	 9.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.0	13
	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	11.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2

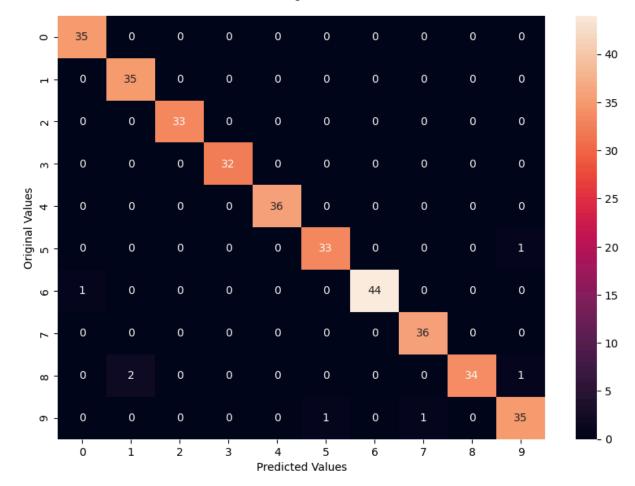
 $5 \text{ rows} \times 64 \text{ columns}$

```
In [14]: df['target'] = digits.target
    df.head()
```

```
1
                        2
                             3
                                         5
                                                  7
                                                                                      59
Out[14]:
               0
                                             6
                                                                  55 56
                                                                            57
                                                                                58
          0 0.0 0.0 5.0 13.0
                                  9.0
                                       1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                  0.0 0.0 0.0 6.0 13.0 1
                                                              ...
          1 0.0 0.0 0.0 12.0 13.0
                                       5.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                  0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                                   11.0
                                                              ...
          2 0.0 0.0 0.0
                            4.0 15.0 12.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                  0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                                      3.0
                                                               ...
          3 0.0 0.0 7.0 15.0 13.0
                                       1.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 8.0
                                                                  0.0 0.0 0.0
                                                                               7.0 13.0
                                       0.0 \quad 0.0 \quad 0.0 \quad 0.0 \quad 0.0 \quad \dots \quad 0.0 \quad 0.0 \quad 0.0 \quad 0.0
          4 0.0 0.0 0.0
                            1.0 11.0
                                                                                      2.0 1
         5 \text{ rows} \times 65 \text{ columns}
In [16]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
          x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(df.drop(['target'], axis
In [18]: len(x train)
          # len(x test)
Out[18]: 1437
In [20]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
          model = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=200, criterion='entropy')
          model.fit(x train, y train)
Out[20]:
                               RandomForestClassifier
         RandomForestClassifier(criterion='entropy', n_estimators=200)
In [24]: model.score(x test, y test)
Out[24]: 0.9805555555555555
In [26]: y pred = model.predict(x test)
In [28]: from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
          cm = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
In [30]: cm
                            0,
                                Θ,
                                     Θ,
                                             0,
                                                  0,
                                                      0,
                                                          0],
Out[30]: array([[35, 0,
                                         0,
                  [ 0, 35,
                            0,
                                Θ,
                                     0,
                                         0,
                                             0,
                                                  0,
                                                      0,
                                                          0],
                  [ 0, 0, 33,
                                0,
                                     0,
                                         0,
                                             0,
                                                  0,
                                                      0,
                                                          0],
                  [ 0,
                        0,
                            0, 32,
                                     0,
                                         0,
                                             0,
                                                  0,
                                                      0,
                                                          0],
                  [ 0,
                        0,
                            0,
                                0, 36,
                                         0,
                                             0,
                                                  0,
                                                      0,
                                                          0],
                                     0, 33,
                                                      0.
                  [ 0,
                        0,
                            0,
                                Θ,
                                             0,
                                                  0,
                                                          11.
                  [ 1,
                        0,
                            Ο,
                                0,
                                     0,
                                         0, 44,
                                                  Θ,
                                                      0,
                                                          0],
                  [ 0,
                       Θ,
                            Θ,
                                0,
                                     0,
                                         0,
                                             0, 36,
                                                      0,
                                                          0],
                            Θ,
                                Θ,
                  [ 0,
                        2,
                                             Θ,
                                                  0, 34,
                                     0,
                                         Θ,
                                                          1],
                                0,
                                            0, 1, 0, 35]], dtype=int64)
                  [ 0, 0,
                                         1,
                                     0,
```

```
In [38]: import seaborn as sns
  plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))
  sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True)
  plt.xlabel('Predicted Values')
  plt.ylabel('Original Values')
```

Out[38]: Text(95.722222222221, 0.5, 'Original Values')



This notebook was converted with convert.ploomber.io