

```

SELECT DISTINCT
Customer.city,
Customer.state,
Customer.zip
FROM Customer;

```

The screenshot shows the SQL Fiddle web application interface. The left pane contains a MySQL schema definition for a table named 'Customer'. The right pane contains a SQL query to select distinct city, state, and zip from the Customer table. Below the query editor, the results of the query are displayed as a table with 2 rows. At the bottom, a status bar shows the record count and execution time.

Schema Definition:

```

1 CREATE TABLE Customer (
2   custNo CHAR(8) NOT NULL,
3   custName VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
4   address VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
5   internal CHAR(1) NOT NULL,
6   city VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
7   zip VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,
8   state VARCHAR(2) NOT NULL,
9   contact VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
10  phone VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,
11  CONSTRAINT CustomerPk PRIMARY KEY (custNo)
12 );
13
14
15

```

Query:

```

1 SELECT DISTINCT
2   Customer.city,
3   Customer.state,
4   Customer.zip
5 FROM Customer;

```

Results:

city	state	zip
Boulder	CO	80309
Louisville	CO	80027

Record Count: 2; Execution Time: 1ms [View Execution Plan](#) [link](#)

Did this query solve the problem? If so, consider donating \$5 to help make sure SQL Fiddle will be here next time you need help with a database problem. Thanks!