

```

CREATE TABLE EventRequest (
  evntNo   CHAR(8)    NOT NULL,
  custNo   CHAR(8)    NOT NULL,
  facNo    CHAR(8)    NOT NULL,
  dateHeld DATE       NOT NULL,
  dateReq  DATE       NOT NULL,
  dateAuth DATE,
  status   CHAR(20)   NOT NULL,
  estCost  DECIMAL(8, 2) NOT NULL,
  estAudience INTEGER NOT NULL,
  budNo    CHAR(30),
  CONSTRAINT EventRequestPK PRIMARY KEY (evntNo),
  CONSTRAINT FK_Facility FOREIGN KEY (facNo) REFERENCES Facility (facNo),
  CONSTRAINT FK_Customer FOREIGN KEY (custNo) REFERENCES Customer (custNo)
);

```

The screenshot shows the SQL Fiddle interface with the following SQL code:

```

44 dateReq DATE NOT NULL,
45 dateAuth DATE,
46 status CHAR(20) NOT NULL,
47 estCost DECIMAL(8, 2) NOT NULL,
48 estAudience INTEGER NOT NULL,
49 budNo CHAR(30),
50 CONSTRAINT EventRequestPK PRIMARY KEY (evntNo),
51 CONSTRAINT FK_Facility FOREIGN KEY (facNo) REFERENCES Facility (facNo),
52 CONSTRAINT FK_Customer FOREIGN KEY (custNo) REFERENCES Customer (custNo)
53

```

The execution results are shown in a table with 10 columns: evntNo, custNo, facNo, dateHeld, dateReq, dateAuth, status, estCost, estAudience, and budNo. The table contains 8 rows of data.

evntNo	custNo	facNo	dateHeld	dateReq	dateAuth	status	estCost	estAudience	budNo
E100	C100	F100	2013-10-25	2013-06-06	2013-06-08	Approved	5000	80000	B1000
E101	C100	F100	2013-10-26	2013-07-28	(null)	Pending	5000	80000	B1000
E102	C100	F100	2013-09-14	2013-07-28	2013-07-31	Approved	5000	80000	B1000
E103	C100	F100	2013-09-21	2013-07-28	2013-08-01	Approved	5000	80000	B1000
E104	C101	F101	2013-12-03	2013-07-28	2013-07-31	Approved	2000	12000	B1000
E105	C101	F101	2013-12-05	2013-07-28	2013-08-01	Approved	2000	10000	B1000
E106	C101	F101	2013-12-12	2013-07-28	2013-07-31	Approved	2000	10000	B1000
E107	C105	F100	2013-11-23	2013-07-28	2013-07-31	Denied	10000	5000	(null)

Record Count: 8, Execution Time: 14ms