



## GEETHANJALI INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

(AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION)

(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to JNTUA, Ananthapuramu)

(Accredited by NAAC with "A" Grade, NBA (EEE,ECE & ME) & ISO9001:2008 Certified Institution)

### QUESTIONBANK(DESCRIPTIVE)

**Subject Name with Code:** Cryptography & Network Security(23A0526T)

**Course & Branch:** B.TECHCSE, AIML,CSE(CS)    **Year & Semester:** III-II **Regulation:** RG23

### UNIT - I

S.No.	Question	[BT Level] [CO][ Marks]
<b>2 Marks Questions (Short)</b>		
1.	State the <b>block size and key sizes of AES</b> .	L1/CO1/2M
2.	What is a <b>Transposition Cipher</b> ?	L1/CO1/2M
3.	Define the <b>Symmetric Cipher Model</b> .	L1/CO1/2M
4.	What is meant by a <b>Security Attack</b> ?	L1/CO1/2M
5.	What are <b>Security Mechanisms</b> ? Give two examples.	L1/CO1/2M
6.	List out the Various types of <b>Security Services</b> .	L1/CO1/2M
7.	Distinguish between <b>Passive and Active attacks</b>	L2/CO1/2M
8.	What is <b>Steganography</b> ?	L2/CO1/2M
9.	What is <b>OSI Security Architecture</b> ?	L1/CO1/2M
10.	Define <b>Computer Security</b> and state its objectives.	L2/CO1/2M
11.	<b>Explain OSI Security Architecture.</b> Describe the components of the architecture and their significance.	L2/CO1/10M
12.	Write short notes on i) cryptography and ii) Steganography	L2/CO1/10M
13.	<b>Explain Security Attacks.</b> Classify them into <b>passive and active attacks</b> with suitable examples.	L2/CO1/10M
14.	<b>Explain Security Services</b> provided by network security. Describe authentication, confidentiality, integrity, and non-repudiation	L2/CO1/10M
15.	<b>Explain Security Mechanisms.</b> Discuss how these mechanisms support security services.	L2/CO1/10M
16.	<b>Explain the Model for Network Security</b> with a neat diagram and describe the role of encryption and keys.	L4/CO1/10M
17.	<b>Explain Classical Encryption Techniques.</b> Describe <b>substitution techniques and transposition techniques</b> with examples.	L2/CO1/10M
18.	Explain the encrypt the message "PAY" using hill cipher with the following key matrix and show the decryption to get original plain text.  $k = \begin{pmatrix} 17 & 17 & 5 \\ 21 & 18 & 21 \\ 2 & 2 & 19 \end{pmatrix}$	L2/CO1/10M
19.	<b>Explain the Traditional Block Cipher Structure</b> and describe the <b>Data Encryption Standard (DES)</b> in detail.	L2/CO1/10M
20.	<b>Explain the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES).</b> Describe the AES structure and transformation functions.	L2/CO1/10M

## UNIT - II

S.No.	Question	[BT Level] [CO][ Marks]
<b>2 Marks Questions (Short)</b>		
1.	Define the <b>Euclidean Algorithm</b> .	L1/CO2/2M
2.	What is meant by <b>Modular Arithmetic</b> ?	L1/CO2/2M
3.	State <b>Fermat's Little Theorem</b> ?	L3/CO2/2M
4.	State <b>Euler's Theorem</b> .	L1/CO2/2M
5.	What is the <b>Chinese Remainder Theorem</b> ?	L1/CO2/2M
6.	Define <b>Discrete Logarithm</b> .	L1/CO2/2M
7.	What is a <b>finite field</b> ?	L1/CO2/2M
8.	Define a finite field of the form <b>GF(p)</b> .	L2/CO3/2M
9.	What is <b>Public Key Cryptography</b> ?	L1/CO3/2M
10.	What is <b>Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC)</b> ?	L1/CO3/2M
<b>Descriptive Questions (Long)</b>		
11.	Explain <b>Fermat's Little Theorem</b> and <b>Euler's Theorem</b> , and describe their significance in modular computations	L1/CO2/10M
12.	State Chinese remainder theorem and find X for the given set of congruent equations using CRT (a) $X = 1 \pmod{5}$ (b) $X = 2 \pmod{3}$ $X = 2 \pmod{7}$ $X = 3 \pmod{5}$ $X = 3 \pmod{9}$ $X = 2 \pmod{7}$ $X = 4 \pmod{11}$	L2/CO2/10M
13.	Explain ECC - Diffie Hellman key Exchange with both keys in detail with an example.	L4/CO2/10M
14.	Analyze the <b>Discrete Logarithm Problem</b> and explain why it is computationally hard.	L2/CO2/10M
15.	Explain the RSA algorithm to perform key generation, encryption, and decryption for secure communication and apply RSA algorithm to the following example: $p=7, q=11, e=17, M=8$ . .	L3/CO3/10M
16.	Explain the concept of <b>Finite Fields</b> and describe finite fields of the form <b>GF(p)</b> and <b>GF(2<sup>n</sup>)</b> .	L3/CO2/10M
17.	Analyze the security of RSA based on the integer factorization problem. Explain It?	L4/CO3/10M
18.	Analyze the role of <b>modular arithmetic and finite fields</b> in public key cryptographic algorithms. Briefly Explain it?	L3/CO2/10M
19.	User Alice & Bob User Alice & Bob exchange the key using Diffie Hellman alg. Assume $\alpha=5$ $q=83$ $X_A=6$ $X_B=10$ . Find $Y_A$ , $Y_B$ , $K$ .	L2/CO2/10M
20.	Explain the <b>Euclidean Algorithm</b> and <b>Modular Arithmetic</b> , and discuss their importance in cryptography.	L2/CO2/10M

**Signature of the Staff:**

**Signature of Department Academic Committee Member 1:**

**Signature of Department Academic Committee Member 2:**

**Signature of Department Academic Committee Member 3:**