Aim: Implement problems on natural language processing - Part of Speech tagging, N-gram & smoothening and Chunking using NLTK

Short notes:

The **Natural Language Toolkit (NLTK)** is a platform used for building programs for text analysis. One of the more powerful aspects of the NLTK module is the Part of Speech tagging.

Part-of-speech (POS) tagging is a process of converting a sentence to forms – list of words, list of tuples (where each tuple is having a form (word, tag)). The tag in case of is a part-of-speech tag, and signifies whether the word is a noun, adjective, verb, and so on.

keywords:

Corpus: Body of text, singular. Corpora is the plural of this.

Lexicon: Words and their meanings.

Token: Each "entity" that is a part of whatever was split up based on rules.

Tags and their meanings

CD cardinal digit

EX existential there (like: "there is" ... think of it like "there exists")

FW foreign word

IN preposition/subordinating conjunction

JJ adjective 'big'

JJR adjective, comparative 'bigger'

JJS adjective, superlative 'biggest'

NN noun, singular 'desk'

NNS noun plural 'desks'

NNP proper noun, singular 'Harrison'

NNPS proper noun, plural 'Americans'

PDT predeterminer 'all the kids'

POS possessive ending parent's

PRP personal pronoun I, he, she

PRP\$ possessive pronoun my, his, hers

RB adverb very, silently,

RBR adverb, comparative better

RBS adverb, superlative best

RP particle give up

N-grams are continuous sequences of words or symbols or tokens in a document. In technical terms, they can be defined as the neighbouring sequences of items in a document.

Steps for n-gram model:

Explore the dataset

Feature extraction

Train-test split

Basic pre-processing

Code to generate N-grams

Creating unigrams

Creating bigrams

Creating trigrams

```
1 import nltk
 2 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
 3 from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize,sent_tokenize
 4 nltk.download('stopwords')
 5 nltk.download('punkt')
 6 nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger')
 7 stop_words=set(stopwords.words('english'))
 8 #Dummy text
 9 txt="India is my country.All Indians are my brothers and sisters.I love my country."
10
11 # sent_tokenize is one of instances of
12 # PunktSentenceTokenizer from the nltk.tokenize.punkt module
13 tokenized=sent tokenize(txt)
14 for i in tokenized:
15
16
17
18
       # Word tokenizers is used to find the words
19
       # and punctuation in a string
       wordsList=nltk.word tokenize(i)
20
21
22
       # removing stop words from wordList
23
       wordsList=[w for w in wordsList if not w in stop_words]
24
25
26
27
       # Using a Tagger. Which is part-of-speech
28
       # tagger or POS-tagger.
29
       tagged=nltk.pos tag(wordsList)
```

```
print(tagged)
30
31
     [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
                   Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data]
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                   Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
     [nltk data]
                     /root/nltk data...
     [nltk_data]
                   Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk_data]
                       date!
     [('India', 'NNP'), ('country.All', 'NN'), ('Indians', 'NNP'), ('brothers', 'NNS'), (
 1 print(stop_words)
     {"doesn't", 'needn', 'having', 'yourselves', 'into', 'because', 'now', 'when', 'as',
 1 print(tokenized)
     ['India is my country.All Indians are my brothers and sisters.I love my country.']
```

N-gram model

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import pandas as pd
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 plt.style.use(style='seaborn')
5 #get the data from https://www.kaggle.com/ankurzing/sentiment-analysis-for-financial-ne
6 colnames=['Sentiment','news']
7 df=pd.read_csv('all-data.csv',encoding='ISO-8859-1',names=colnames)
8 df.head()
9
10
11
12
13
14
```

Sentiment		news
0	neutral	According to Gran , the company has no plans t
1	neutral	Technopolis plans to develop in stages an area
2	negative	The international electronic industry company
3	positive	With the new production plant the company woul
4	positive	According to the company 's updated strategy f

```
1 df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
   RangeIndex: 4846 entries, 0 to 4845
   Data columns (total 2 columns):
                   Non-Null Count Dtype
        Column
                   -----
    0
        Sentiment 4846 non-null object
    1
        news
                   4846 non-null object
   dtypes: object(2)
   memory usage: 75.8+ KB
1 df['Sentiment'].value_counts()
   neutral
                2879
                1363
   positive
   negative
                604
   Name: Sentiment, dtype: int64
1 y=df['Sentiment'].values
2 y.shape
    (4846,)
1 x=df['news'].values
2 x.shape
    (4846,)
1 #Split train dataset
2 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
3 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.4,random_state=42)
4 print(x_train.shape)
5 print(x test.shape)
6 print(y_train.shape)
7 print(y_test.shape)
8
    (2907,)
    (1939,)
    (2907,)
    (1939,)
1 #Make train dataset as a dataframe
2 df1=pd.DataFrame(x train)
3 df1=df1.rename(columns={0:'news'})
4 df2=pd.DataFrame(y train)
5 df2=df2.rename(columns={0:'Sentiment'})
6 df_train=pd.concat([df1,df2],axis=1)
7 df_train
```

	news	Sentiment	
0	Exel Composites ' long-term growth prospects r	positive	
1	The Samsung Mobile Applications Store was laun	neutral	
2	Altogether CapMan employs approximately 150 pe	neutral	
3	The segments through which the company operate	neutral	
4	UK 's Sarantel to outsource part of its proces	neutral	
2902	The currency effect had a 3.0 pct , or 20 mln	negative	
2903	`` Lidskoe Pivo 's investment program foresees	positive	
2904	Products include Consumer Electronics devices	neutral	
2905	The bridge is part of the highway 14 developme	neutral	
<pre>1 #Make test dataset as a dataframe 2 df3=pd.DataFrame(x_train) 3 df3=df3.rename(columns={0:'news'}) 4 df4=pd.DataFrame(y_train) 5 df4=df4.rename(columns={0:'Sentiment'}) 6 df_test=pd.concat([df3,df4],axis=1) 7 df_test</pre>			

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2905	The bridge is part of the highway 14 developme	neutral
2906	(ADP News) - Oct 1 , 2008 - Finnish consulti	positive

```
1 #removing punctuations
```

2907 rows × 2 columns

.

^{2 #}library that contains punctuation

³ import string

⁴ string.punctuation

```
'!"#$%&\'()*+,-./:;<=>?@[\\]^ `{|}~'
```

```
1 #defining the function to remove punctuation
2 def remove_punctuation(text):
    if(type(text)==float):
3
4
      return text
   ans=""
5
6
   for i in text:
7
      if i not in string.punctuation:
8
         ans+=i
9
    return ans
10
1 text='Welcome to_@sngce'
2 remove_punctuation(text)
     'Welcome tosngce'
1 #storing the puntuation free text in a new column called clean_msg
2 df_train['news']=df_train['news'].apply(remove_punctuation)
3 df_test['news']=df_test['news'].apply(remove_punctuation)
4 df_train.head()
5
6 #punctuations are removed from news column in train dataset
```

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4	UK s Sarantel to outsource part of its process	neutral

```
1 import nltk
2 from nltk.corpus import stopwords
3 nltk.download('stopwords')
    [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
    [nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
   True
1 #method to generate n-grams:
2 #params:
3 #text-the text for which we have to generate n-grams
4 #ngram-number of grams to be generated from the text(1,2,3,4 etc., default value=1)
5 def generate N grams(text,ngram=1):
   words=[word for word in text.split(" ") if word not in set(stopwords.words('english')
   print("Sentence after removing stopwords:",words)
```

```
temp=zip(*[words[i:] for i in range(0,ngram)])
    ans=[' '.join(ngram)for ngram in temp]
    return ans
10
11
 1 generate_N_grams("The sun rises in the east",2)
    Sentence after removing stopwords: ['The', 'sun', 'rises', 'east']
     ['The sun', 'sun rises', 'rises east']
 1 generate_N_grams("The sun rises in the east",3)
    Sentence after removing stopwords: ['The', 'sun', 'rises', 'east']
    ['The sun rises', 'sun rises east']
 1 generate_N_grams("The sun rises in the east",4)
    Sentence after removing stopwords: ['The', 'sun', 'rises', 'east']
     ['The sun rises east']
 1 name=['Krishnaindu','K.S']
 2 s=' '.join(name)
 3 s
     'Krishnaindu K.S'
```

Double-click (or enter) to edit

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