



Save it



Like it



ngOnChanges Vs ngDoCheck



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Triggering Mechanism

NgOnChanges

Called only when an input property bound with @Input changes

NgDoCheck

called during every change detection cycle, which allows for custom change detection logic.

Purpose

NgOnChanges

To perform actions based on changes to input properties.

NgDoCheck

To implement custom change detection logic.



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Parameters

NgOnChanges

Receives a SimpleChanges object containing previous and current values of input properties.

SimpleChange is a simple class with 3 properties:

previousValue:any

Previous value of the input property.

currentValue:any

Does not receive any parameters, allowing for more general custom change detection logic.

FirstChange():boolean

Boolean value, which tells us whether it was the first time the change has taken place

NgDoCheck

Does not receive any parameters.



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Performance

NgOnChanges

Generally efficient as it's only triggered for input property changes.

NgDoCheck

Can be performance-intensive if not used carefully, as it's called frequently.



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When to Use Which

NgOnChanges

Ideal for handling changes in input properties and performing actions based on those changes.

NgDoCheck

Used when Angular's default change detection isn't sufficient and you need custom logic to detect changes. However, use it cautiously due to performance implications



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ngOnChange Example

● ● ● childcomponent.ts

```
import { Component, Input, OnChanges, SimpleChanges } from
 '@angular/core';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-child-on-changes',
  template: `<p>{{ name }}</p>`,
})
export class ChildOnChangesComponent implements OnChanges {
  @Input() name: string;

  ngOnChanges(changes: SimpleChanges): void {
    if (changes['name']) {
      const prevValue = changes['name'].previousValue;
      const currValue = changes['name'].currentValue;
      console.log(`name changed from ${prevValue} to ${currValue}`);
    }
  }
}
```



ngOnChanges Example

● ● ● parentcomponent.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-parent',
  template: `
    <button (click)="changeName()">Change Name</button>
    <app-child-on-changes [name]="parentName"></app-child-on-changes>
  `,
})
export class ParentComponent {
  parentName: string = 'Initial Name';

  changeName(): void {
    this.parentName = 'Updated Name';
  }
}
```



ngDoCheck Example

● ● ● childcomponent.ts

```
import { Component, Input, DoCheck } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-child-do-check',
  template: `<p>{{ name }}</p>`,
})
export class ChildDoCheckComponent implements DoCheck {
  @Input() name: string;
  private previousName: string;

  ngDoCheck(): void {
    if (this.name !== this.previousName) {
      console.log(`name changed from ${this.previousName} to
        ${this.name}`);
      this.previousName = this.name;
    }
  }
}
```



ngDoCheck Example

● ● ● parentcomponent.ts

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-parent',
  template: `
    <button (click)="changeName()">Change Name</button>
    <app-child-do-check [name]="parentName"></app-child-do-check>
  `,
})
export class ParentComponent {
  parentName: string = 'Initial Name';

  changeName(): void {
    this.parentName = 'Updated Name';
  }
}
```



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