Be Heart Smart

The Healthy Healthcare Enthusiasts (Collaborators):

(Final-Project Group 7)

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Cardiovascular Disease (CVDs)

Disorders of the heart and blood vessels including coronary heart disease, cerebrovascular disease, rheumatic heart disease and other conditions.

Leading cause of death globally ~ 40% deaths in the US.

Leading Behavioral Risk Factors:

- Unhealthy diet,
- Physical inactivity
- Tobacco use
- Harmful use of alcohol

Effects of behavioral risk factors:

- Raised blood pressure,
- Raised blood glucose,
- Raised blood lipids,
- Overweight and
- Obesity.

A healthy heart is a happy heart

The purpose of this project is to spread awareness. Embracing a healthy lifestyle at any age can help prevent heart disease, and lower the risks for heart attack or stroke.





About the data

Website : <u>Cardiovascular Disease dataset</u> (Kaggle)

Description:

Three types of input features

- > Objective
- > Examination
- Subjective

Objective	Examination	Subjective
Age (days)	Systolic Blood Pressure	Smoking
Height (cm)	Diastolic Blood Pressure	Alcohol Intake
Weight (kg)	Cholesterol	Physical Activity
Gender	Glucose	

Target Variable: Presence or Absence of Cardiovascular Disease

Database

- Amazon web service was employed to create a PosgreSQL server
- The server, PostgreRDS, hosts the Be-Heart-Smart database
- All team members can connect using PGAdmin
- SQL scripting was written to create tables to hold the Be-Heart-Smart project data
- BMI table and Cardio_cleaned tables were joined on id to produce the Cardio_cleaned_with bmi table which contains data required to perform the analysis



Initial Assessment of Data

- Downloaded data has values separated by semicolon. Converted to csv file using Microsoft Excel.
- > 70000 observations
- > 11 features

Descriptive stats on the continuous variables

```
# Summary statistics of the continuous variables
cardio_df.select("id", "age", "height", "weight", "systolic_bp", "diastolic_bp").describe().show()
                                                                (in kg) weight| systolic bp|
                       id
                                  (in days) age
                                                 (in cm) height
                                                                                                         diastolic bp
 summary
                     70000
                                       70000
                                                         70000
                                                                           70000
                                                                                              70000
                                                                                                                70000
  count
                49972.4199 19468.865814285713 164.35922857142856
                                                               74.20569000015259
 stddev
        28851.302323172928 2467.2516672413917
                                       10798
                                                          55.0
                                                                            10.0
    min
                                                                                             -150.0
                                                                                                                -70.0
                                       23713
                                                         250.0
                                                                           200.0
                                                                                            16020.0
```

Data Pre-processing, Exploratory Data Analysis and Data Processing

Data Pre-processing:

- → 70,000 observations
 - Few observations have values not observed in human adults (eg. diastolic bp: 11000)
 - ♦ Negative values (eg. systolic bp: -150)
 - ◆ Categorical variables given values (eg. Glucose: 1-normal, 2-above normal, 3-well above normal)
- → Various reasons for above numbers
- → Observations with probable values for human adults will be retained
 - ♦ Height: 135 215 cm
 - Weight: 25 200 kg
 - ◆ Systolic bp: 80 180
 - Diastolic bp: 40 120
- → Decision will taken with respect to negative numbers during Data Processing. May keep the absolute value but change sign, or may remove the datapoint entirely

Initial trial of data pre-processing in Excel had brought down the total number of observations to 60,510.

Questions we hope to answer with the data:

- ★ Is a person at risk of heart disease?
- ★ What are the potential risk factors for heart disease--smoking, alcohol consumption, obesity, etc?
- ★ Which factors are the best predictors of heart disease?

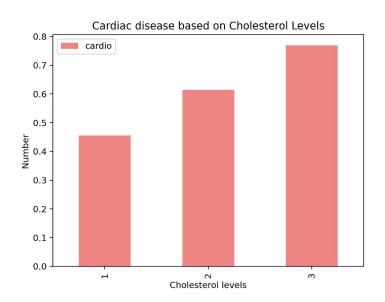
Classification model to predict risk (Yes/No) of heart disease based on different factors

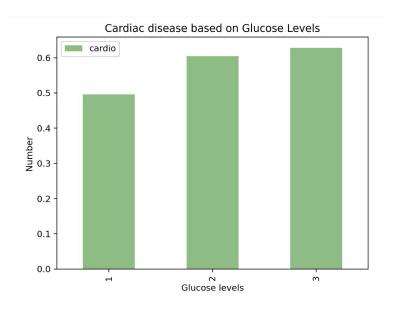
- Supervised Machine Learning
 - Logistic Regression
 - > Random Forest
- Basic Neural Network
- Deep Neural Network

Data Processing, and Exploratory Data Analysis

Exploratory Data-Analysis:

Performed on the initial trial pre-processed data on Excel

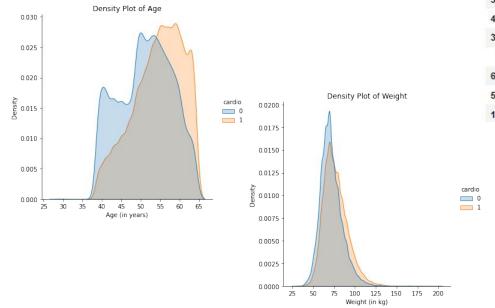




Data Processing, and Exploratory Data Analysis

Exploratory Data-Analysis:

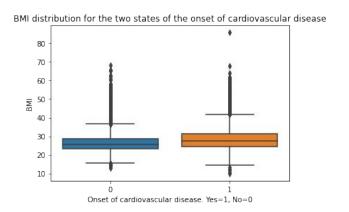
Performed on the cleaned up data



Created a new table of BMI (using information from CDC.gov)

	id	BMI	weight_status	obesity_status
35363	77629	22.0	normal	no
41697	81468	29.8	overweight	yes
37065	55211	24.2	normal	no
2697	1778	19.8	normal	no
67862	73893	26.3	overweight	no
56957	13361	22.0	normal	no
16793	94697	31.2	obese	yes

BMI_df	f["BMI"].describe()				
count	68297.000000				
mean	27.420065				
std	5.184147				
min	9.900000				
25%	23.900000				
50%	26.300000				
75%	30.100000				
max	85.800000				
Name:	BMI, dtype: float64				



Supervised Machine Learning

Logistic Regression

Comparison of preliminary logistic regression on raw and cleaned data

	Raw Data	Cleaned Data	Merged Data
Accuracy	69.1%	71.7%	72.6%

Dashboard

Analysis of be-heart-smart data to predict the presence or absence of cardiovascular disease based on:

- Three types of input features and eleven data elements
 - Objective Age (days), Height (cm), Weight (kg), Gender
 - Examination- Systolic Blood Pressure, Diastolic Blood Pressure, Cholesterol, Glucose
 - Subjective Smoking, Alcohol Intake, Physical Activity
- Supervised Machine Learning to analyze different input features and data elements to predict presence or absence of cardiovascular disease will provide the data and graphics to highlight the outcomes from performing
 - Logistic Regression
 - Random Forest
 - Basic Neural Network
 - Deep Neural Network
- The dashboard will be created using Tableau