Table of contents

- Table of contents
 - AWS CLI TOOL AND BOTO3
 - Using Python pip
 - Permissions to access the Resources in AWS Account
 - EC2 Instance Execution
 - Local Machine Execution
 - Python Code Execution with AWS Services
 - Python boto3 List EC2 Instances
 - Python boto3 List S3 Buckets Information
 - ∘ **V** Tips **V**

AWS CLI TOOL AND BOTO3

• Install python3 using yum

```
whereis python
sudo yum install python3 -y
```

Using Python pip

- **pip** is the package installer for Python. You can use pip to install packages from the Python Package Index.
- To check Python Version use python3 --version
- To validate if a python package is present without going into Python Shell, use:

```
python3 -c "import boto3" sudo python3 -m pip install boto3
```

--

• Using the pip command, install the AWS CLI and Boto3:

```
sudo pip3 install boto3 -U
python3 -c "import boto3"
```

• If there is no error, package is present. If there is any error for above command, revisit the installation of boto3 package using pip

Permissions to access the Resources in AWS Account

EC2 Instance Execution

Go to IAM > Create Role for EC2 service > Assign Service Specific Policies to this
Role (e.g AmazonEC2FullAccess , AmazonS3FullAccess, AmazonRDSFullAccess) > Attach
this Role to EC2 Instance

Local Machine Execution

- Navigate to IAM > Add User > Select Programmatic Access > Attach Service Specific Permissions to this User (e.g AmazonEC2FullAccess, AmazonS3FullAccess, AmazonRDSFullAccess)
- Now that we have a user and credentials, we can finally configure the scripting environment with the AWS CLI tool
- Open any command line utility: For Windows: Open Git Bash

```
aws configure
```

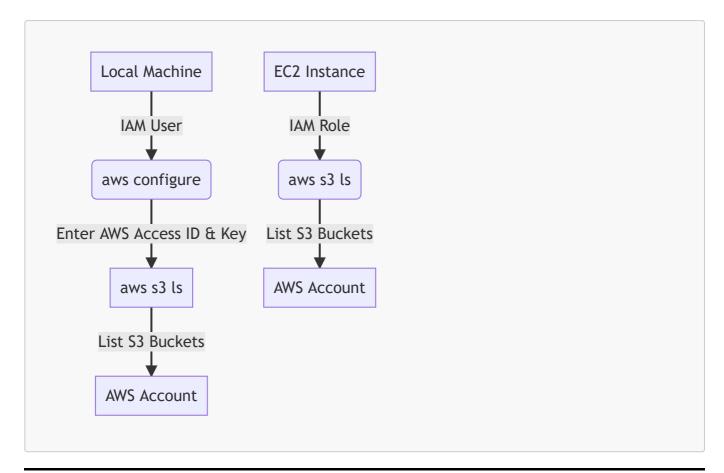
--

- Enter AWS access key ID, AWS secret access key for particular IAM User, default region name, and default output format.
- he region you enter will determine the location where any resources created by your script will be located.

• Now that our environment is all configured, lets test with aws cli tool.

\$ aws ec2 describe-instances

--



- If you already have instances running, output of above command will be the details of those instances. If not, you should see an empty response.
- If there are any errors, validate previous steps particularly the access key ID/Secret access key and Policy attached to IAM User.

Python Code Execution with AWS Services

Python boto3 List EC2 Instances

• First, we'll import the boto3 library. Using the library, we'll create a client object. This is like a handle to the EC2 console that we can use in our script to print the instance ID and state.

Note: Save the below code as <filename.py> and execute using python3 filename.py

__

• List EC2 instances using python boto3

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
import boto3
#Create a client object connection with ec2 service
ec2 = boto3.client('ec2',region_name='us-west-2')

# Execute a function call to describe instances present in aws account
#
https://boto3.amazonaws.com/v1/documentation/api/1.9.42/reference/services/ec2.htm
l#EC2.Client.describe_instances
ec2_dict=ec2.describe_instances()
print("ec2_dict type is",type(ec2_dict))
print("ec2_dict is",ec2_dict)
```

--

• Get list of EC2 instances that are in 'stopped' state and start them.

```
import boto3
ec2 = boto3.client('ec2',region_name='us-west-2')
ec2_dict=ec2.describe_instances()
print("ec2_dict type is",type(ec2_dict))
print("ec2_dict is",ec2_dict)
reservations_list=ec2_dict['Reservations']
print(reservations_list)
print(type(reservations_list))
print(len(reservations_list))
# print("reservations_list is",reservations_list,
type(reservations_list),len(reservations_list))
print("----")
InstanceIdsList=[]
for instances in reservations list:
   # print("instances",instances,type(instances))
   print("instance is of type", type(instances))
   instance id=instances['Instances'][0]['InstanceId']
   instance_state=instances['Instances'][0]['State']['Name']
   print("instance_id is",instance_id)
   print("instance_state is",instance_state)
   if instance_state == 'stopped':
        print(instance_id ,"will be started")
       InstanceIdsList.append(instance_id)
# Check whether list is empty
if not InstanceIdsList:
   print("InstanceIdsList is empty, cannot perform start operation")
else:
    print("Starting all the instances with instance ids: ",InstanceIdsList)
   ec2.start instances(InstanceIds=InstanceIdsList)
```

Python boto3 List S3 Buckets Information

```
import boto3
#Create a client object connection with ec2 service
s3 = boto3.client('s3')
# Execute a function call to get list of S3 buckets in aws account
bucket_dict=s3.list_buckets()
print("Type of bucket_dict is",type(bucket_dict))
bucket_list=bucket_dict['Buckets']
print("Type of bucket_list is",type(bucket_list))
print("Len of bucket_list is",len(bucket_list))
for bucket_info in bucket_list:
    print("Type of bucket_info is",type(bucket_info))
    print("Bucket Name is ",bucket_info['Name'])
```



- Do not remember every function/method names for each service in AWS, just search the documentation for the same.
- It is expected that you know how to use list/dictionary traversal in python.