

Started on	Tuesday, 26 August 2025, 10:00 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Tuesday, 26 August 2025, 10:11 AM
Time taken	11 mins 2 secs
Marks	20.00/30.00
Grade	66.67 out of 100.00

Question 1

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

1. In AWS, what is the maximum number of VPCs per region (by default)?

- ☒ a. 1
- ☐ b. 10
- ☐ c. 20
- ☐ d. 5

Question 2

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

2. Which CIDR block is invalid for a VPC?

- ☐ a. 224.0.0.0/16
- ☐ b. 192.168.0.0/16
- ☒ c. 172.16.0.0/12
- ☐ d. 10.0.0.0/16

Question 3

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

3. What happens if you do not associate a custom route table with a subnet in a VPC?

- ☐ a. The subnet is assigned a default IGW
- ☐ b. The subnet cannot be used
- ☐ c. Traffic is blocked
- ☒ d. It automatically uses the main route table

Question 4

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

4. Which AWS service is used to connect on-premises data centers securely to a VPC?

- ☒ a. VPC Endpoint
- ☐ b. Transit Gateway
- ☐ c. Direct Connect
- ☐ d. NAT Gateway

Question 5

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

5. Which of the following is true about public subnets?

- ☒ a. They require a route to an Internet Gateway
- ☐ b. They must use a NAT Gateway
- ☐ c. They cannot have Security Groups
- ☐ d. They must be in different AZs

Question 6

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

6. You create a subnet with CIDR block 10.0.1.0/24 inside a VPC with CIDR 10.0.0.0/16. Which of the following IP addresses can be assigned to an EC2 in that subnet?

- ☐ a. 10.0.1.0
- ☐ b. 10.0.1.255
- ☒ c. 10.0.1.1
- ☐ d. 10.0.2.5

Question 7

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

7. Reserved IP addresses in each subnet include all except:

- ☐ a. Network address
- ☐ b. Router address
- ☐ c. Broadcast address
- ☒ d. DHCP address

Question 8

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

8. If you want to host a web application across multiple AZs, what should you create?

- ☐ a. Subnet groups within one AZ
- ☐ b. NAT subnet per AZ
- ☐ c. One subnet across multiple AZs
- ☒ d. Multiple subnets in different AZs

Question 9

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

9. An Internet Gateway is used to:

- ☐ a. Encrypt traffic in transit
- ☒ b. Enable VPC communication with the internet
- ☐ c. Connect two private VPCs
- ☐ d. Connect EC2 instances to EBS volumes

Question 10

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

10. What is required to make an EC2 instance in a public subnet accessible from the internet?

- ☐ a. Associate a Security Group only
- ☐ b. Only enable Source/Destination Check
- ☒ c. Attach an Internet Gateway + Route Table entry + Elastic IP/Auto-assigned public IP
- ☐ d. Attach a NAT Gateway

Question 11

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

11. How many IGWs can you attach to a VPC at a time?

- ☐ a. 1
- ☒ b. Unlimited
- ☐ c. 5
- ☐ d. 2

Question 12

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

12. If you delete the Internet Gateway of a VPC, what happens to the instances in its public subnets?

- ☒ a. They lose internet access
- ☐ b. Nothing changes
- ☐ c. They are migrated to private subnets
- ☐ d. They stop running

Question 13

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

13. A NAT Gateway allows:

- ☒ a. Private subnets to initiate outbound internet traffic
- ☐ b. Public subnets to connect to the internet
- ☐ c. VPN connections
- ☐ d. VPC peering

Question 14

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

14. Which is NOT true about a NAT Gateway?

- ☒ a. It allows inbound connections from the internet
- ☐ b. It scales automatically
- ☐ c. It requires an Elastic IP
- ☐ d. It is managed by AWS

Question 15

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

15. NAT Gateway must be deployed in:

- ☒ a. A public subnet
- ☐ b. Any subnet
- ☐ c. A private subnet
- ☐ d. Separate VPC

Question 16

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

16. What is the alternative to NAT Gateway for cost saving?

- ☐ a. NAT Instance
- ☐ b. IGW
- ☒ c. VPC Peering
- ☐ d. Transit Gateway

Question 17

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

17. If you want to connect a private subnet to the internet via a NAT Gateway, which entry must be in the private subnet's route table?

- ☒ a. 0.0.0.0/0 → NAT Gateway
- ☐ b. 10.0.0.0/16 → IGW
- ☐ c. 0.0.0.0/0 → IGW
- ☐ d. 0.0.0.0/0 → VPC Endpoint

Question 18

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

18. Which route is automatically created in every route table?

- ☒ a. VPC CIDR → local
- ☐ b. 0.0.0.0/0 → IGW
- ☐ c. VPC Peering → local
- ☐ d. 0.0.0.0/0 → NAT Gateway

Question 19

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

19. If you want two VPCs to communicate, what must be updated?

- ☐ a. NAT Gateway
- ☐ b. Security Groups only
- ☒ c. Route Tables and VPC Peering
- ☐ d. Elastic IP

Question 20

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

20. A custom route table can be associated with:

- ☐ a. Multiple subnets
- ☐ b. One VPC only
- ☒ c. One subnet only
- ☐ d. Multiple VPCs

Question 21

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

21. Which is true about Security Groups?

- ☐ a. They are stateful
- ☐ b. They allow both inbound and outbound by default
- ☒ c. They support DENY rules
- ☐ d. They must be attached at the subnet level

Question 22

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

22. Which rule allows SSH access to an EC2 instance from anywhere?

- ☒ a. TCP 22, Source 0.0.0.0/0
- ☐ b. TCP 22, Source ::1/128
- ☐ c. TCP 22, Source VPC CIDR
- ☐ d. TCP 22, Source 127.0.0.1/32

Question 23

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

23. You associate a new Security Group to an EC2 instance without rules. What happens?

- ☐ a. All outbound traffic is denied, inbound allowed
- ☒ b. Both inbound and outbound denied
- ☐ c. All traffic is allowed
- ☐ d. All inbound traffic is denied, outbound allowed

Question 24

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

24. Difference between Security Groups and NACLs?

- ☐ a. SGs are stateless, NACLs are stateful
- ☐ b. SGs support DENY rules, NACLs don't
- ☐ c. Both SGs and NACLs work only at the VPC level
- ☒ d. SGs are applied at instance level, NACLs at subnet level

Question 25

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

25. Which EC2 purchasing option provides the biggest discount but requires a long-term contract?

- ☒ a. Reserved Instances
- ☐ b. Dedicated Hosts
- ☐ c. On-Demand Instances
- ☐ d. Spot Instances

Question 26

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

26. Which option ensures EC2 instances maintain the same private IP even after stop/start?

- ☒ a. Elastic IP
- ☐ b. Placement Group
- ☐ c. Auto Scaling
- ☐ d. ENI (Elastic Network Interface)

Question 27

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

27. Which feature allows attaching multiple network interfaces to a single EC2?

- ☐ a. Security Group
- ☐ b. Route Table
- ☐ c. VPC Peering
- ☒ d. Elastic Network Interface (ENI)

Question 28

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

28. What is the default behavior when you terminate an EC2 instance with an attached EBS root volume?

- ☐ a. The root volume is preserved
- ☒ b. The root volume is deleted
- ☐ c. It is moved to S3
- ☐ d. The root volume becomes read-only

Question 29

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

29. Which placement group is best for low-latency, high-throughput applications?

- ☒ a. Dedicated
- ☐ b. Spread
- ☐ c. Cluster
- ☐ d. Partition

Question 30

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

30. To scale EC2 instances automatically based on CPU usage, you use:

- ☐ a. Placement Groups
- ☐ b. EC2 Image Builder
- ☒ c. Auto Scaling Group + CloudWatch Alarm
- ☐ d. Elastic Beanstalk