```
In [1]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARIMA
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
from statsmodels.tools.eval_measures import rmse
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
matplotlib inline
```

In [2]:

```
no_confirmed = pd.read_csv("time_series_covid19_confirmed_global.csv")
no_deaths = pd.read_csv("time_series_covid19_deaths_global.csv")
no_recovered = pd.read_csv("time_series_covid19_recovered_global.csv")
```

In [3]:

```
no_confirmed.rename(columns={'Country/Region':'Country'}, inplace=True)
no_recovered.rename(columns={'Country/Region':'Country'}, inplace=True)
no_deaths.rename(columns={'Country/Region':'Country'}, inplace=True)
```

In [4]:

```
no_confirmed = no_confirmed.melt(id_vars=["Province/State","Country","Lat","Long"],var_
no_deaths = no_deaths.melt(id_vars=["Province/State","Country","Lat","Long"],var_name = no_recovered = no_recovered.melt(id_vars=["Province/State","Country","Lat","Long"],var_
```

In [5]:

```
no_confirmed["Deaths"] = no_deaths.Deaths
no_confirmed["Recovered"] = no_recovered.Recovered
```

In [6]:

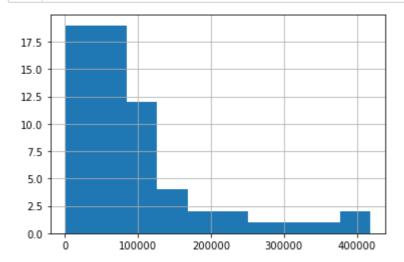
```
1  X = no_confirmed
2  X.Date = pd.to_datetime(X.Date)
```

In [7]:

```
confirmed = X.groupby('Date').sum()['Confirmed']
deaths = X.groupby('Date').sum()['Deaths']
recovered = X.groupby('Date').sum()['Recovered']
```

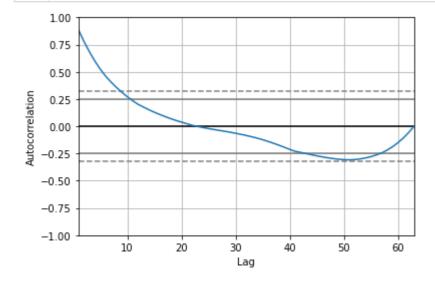
In [8]:

- 1 **from** pandas **import** read_csv
- 2 from matplotlib import pyplot
- 3 confirmed.hist()
- 4 pyplot.show()



In [9]:

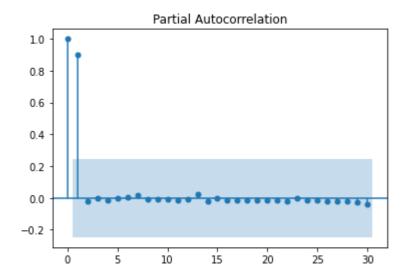
- 1 import pandas
- 2 from pandas.plotting import autocorrelation_plot
- 3 autocorrelation_plot(confirmed)
- 4 pyplot.show()

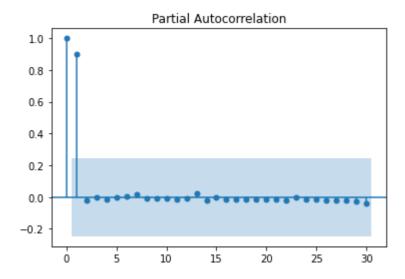


In [10]:

```
import statsmodels.api as sm
sm.graphics.tsa.plot_pacf(confirmed,lags='30')
```

Out[10]:





In [11]:

```
con = ARIMA(confirmed, order=(6,2,2))
fitting_con = con.fit(disp=0)
```

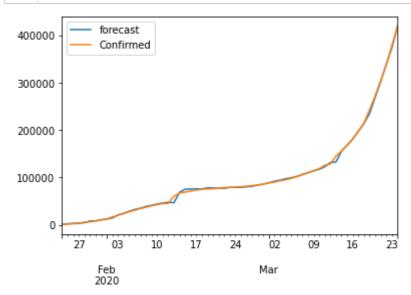
- 3 print(fitting_con.summary())

ARIMA Model Results						
=======================================	========	:=======	========	=======	=======	
Dep. Variable:	D2.Con	firmed No.	. Observatio	ns:		
61						
Model:	ARIMA(6,	2, 2) Log	g Likelihood		-57	
7.718						
Method: 8.549	C	302				
Date:	Fri 14 Ma	117				
5.436	Fri, 14 May 2021 AIC					
Time:	09:59:03 BIC			119		
6.545						
Sample:	01-24-2020 HQIC 118					
3.709	- 03-24-2020					
=======================================	========			=======		
========	_			- I I	F0 00-	
0 0751	coef	std err	Z	P> z	[0.025	
0.975]						
const	656.3385	604.876	1.085	0.278	-529.196	
1841.873						
ar.L1.D2.Confirmed	1.2910	0.130	9.900	0.000	1.035	
1.547 ar.L2.D2.Confirmed	-0.2019	0.210	-0.961	0.337	0.614	
0.210	-0.2019	0.210	-0.901	0.337	-0.614	
ar.L3.D2.Confirmed	-0.1114	0.212	-0.526	0.599	-0.527	
0.304						
ar.L4.D2.Confirmed	-0.0913	0.213	-0.429	0.668	-0.508	
0.326						
ar.L5.D2.Confirmed	-0.1052	0.210	-0.501	0.616	-0.516	
0.306 ar.L6.D2.Confirmed	0.1200	0.143	0.838	0.402	-0.161	
0.401	0.1200	0.145	0.050	0.402	0.101	
	-1.8377	0.153	-11.986	0.000	-2.138	
-1.537						
ma.L2.D2.Confirmed	0.9994	0.164	6.089	0.000	0.678	
1.321		D t				
=======================================		Roots				
===						
R	eal	Imaginary	Мо	dulus	Freque	
ncy		_ ,				
 AD 1	C 4 4	0.0000=	a	C C A A	0.5	
AR.1 -1.6	b44	-0.0000j	1	.6644	-0.5	
	-0.4981		1.6088		-0.3	
001	-U.470I		_		3.5	
	-0.4981		1	1.6088		
001						
	378	-0.4886j	1	.2383	-0.0	
646						

AR.5 646	1.1378	+0.4886j	1.2383	0.0
AR.6 000	1.2615	-0.0000j	1.2615	-0.0
MA.1 644	0.9194	-0.3941j	1.0003	-0.0
MA.2 644	0.9194	+0.3941j	1.0003	0.0
4)

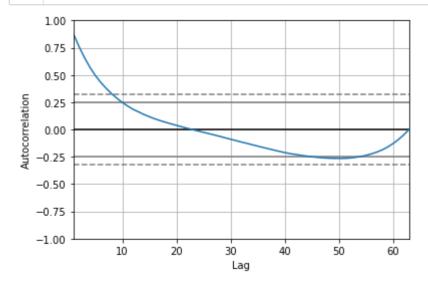
In [12]:

```
fitting_con.plot_predict(dynamic=False)
plt.show()
```



In [13]:

import pandas
from pandas.plotting import autocorrelation_plot
autocorrelation_plot(deaths)
pyplot.show()

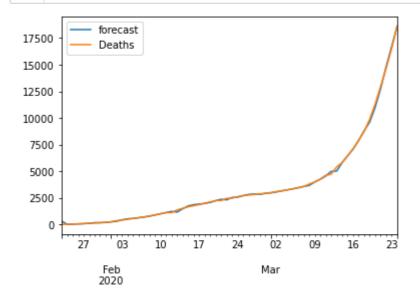


```
In [14]:
 death = ARIMA(deaths, order=(6,1,0))
fitting_death = death.fit(disp=0)
  3 print(fitting_death.summary())
                                     ARIMA Model Results
```

==========	========		========	:=======			
====		D D 11					
Dep. Variable: 62			No. Observations:				
Model: 4.967	ARI	MA(6, 1, 0)	Log Likelihood -38				
Method:		css-mle		S.D. of innovations			
1.520 Date:	Fri, 14 May 2021		AIC	78			
5.934 Time:		09:59:06	BIC		80		
2.951 Sample:		01-23-2020	HQIC		79		
2.615							
- 03-24-2020							
======							
0.975]		std err					
const	300.2159	nan	nan	nan	nan		
nan ar.L1.D.Deaths	0.5306	nan	nan	nan	nan		
nan ar.L2.D.Deaths	0.7470	nan	nan	nan	nan		
nan	0 2020						
ar.L3.D.Deaths nan	0.2028	nan	nan	nan	nan		
ar.L4.D.Deaths	-0.0580	nan	nan	nan	nan		
ar.L5.D.Deaths	-0.1488	nan	nan	nan	nan		
ar.L6.D.Deaths	-0.2735	nan	nan	nan	nan		
nan Roots							
=======================================							
===	Real	Imagina	arv	Modulus	Freque		
ncy		J	,				
AR.1 000	1.0001	1.0001 -0.000		1.0001	-0.0		
AR.2	1.0033	-0.000	0j 1.0033		-0.0		
000 AR.3	-1.1732	-0.578	1j 1.3079		-0.4		
271 AR.4	-1.1732	+0.578	1j 1.3079		0.4		
271 AR.5	-0.1005	-1.455	59j	1.4594	-0.2		
610 AR.6	-0.1005	+1.455	-	1.4594	0.2		
610			J		***		

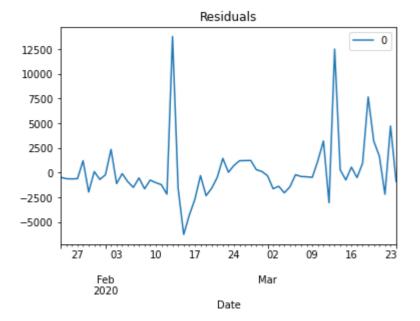
In [15]:

fitting_death.plot_predict(dynamic=False)
plt.show()



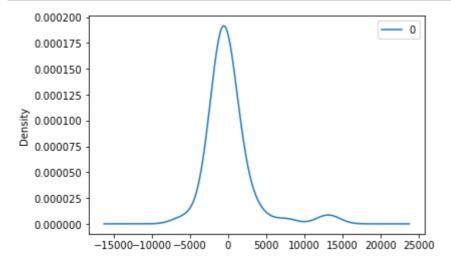
In [16]:

residuals = pd.DataFrame(fitting_con.resid)
residuals.plot(title="Residuals")
pyplot.show()



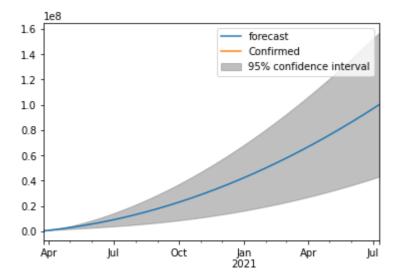
In [17]:

```
1 residuals.plot(kind="kde",ylabel="Density")
2 pyplot.show()
```



In [18]:

```
start_index = '2020-03-25'
end_index = '2021-07-10'
forecast = fitting_con.plot_predict(start=start_index, end=end_index)
#plt.show()
```



```
In [19]:
    arima_prediction = fitting_con.predict(dynamic=False)
    arima_prediction
```

```
Out[19]:
```

```
2020-01-24
               656.338482
2020-01-25
               813.528750
2020-01-26
               821.344159
2020-01-27
               729.979546
2020-01-28
               631.988677
                 . . .
2020-03-20
            -1524.624216
2020-03-21
             1224.438624
2020-03-22
              2393.517191
2020-03-23
              4168.957077
2020-03-24
              -434.023733
Freq: D, Length: 61, dtype: float64
```

In [20]:

```
1 y=confirmed[2:]
2 x=np.cumsum(arima_prediction.values)
3 print(x)
```

```
656.33848168 1469.86723152 2291.21139098 3021.19093703
 3653.17961367 3544.86898584 4916.64085909 5222.60353534
 5854.66441686 6145.81436884 5589.66257292 6604.75079133
7251.65627192 8152.66729925 9119.20462516 9881.91151908
10930.97715201 11519.15871223 12157.32897627 12705.73214098
13675.84715734 6611.2127623
                              8481.33036753 12823.55105426
15353.71158981 15492.22544277 16442.63294873 18076.46331559
18616.25037838 18301.48876863 16889.95249754 16367.45483597
15400.71880777 14317.75262019 13463.08730787 13173.22153306
13587.97016204 14357.37551633 15558.22673631 17527.30585773
19308.49005109 21224.1696324 22577.26897921 23090.29843605
23444.78032072 23709.15989581 23768.90252289 22808.94909967
21044.7360424 22935.8462124 16689.08814507 17878.11740764
20088.68161255 22041.57167631 23271.4011582 25658.20015757
24133.57594128 25358.01456562 27751.53175617 31920.48883336
31486.46510029]
```

In [21]:

```
1 mse = rmse(y,x)
2 print('RMSE: %f' % mse)
```

RMSE: 118943.297054

In [22]:

```
1 MAE=metrics.mean_absolute_error(y,x)
2 print(f'Mean Absolute Error:{MAE}')
```

Mean Absolute Error:83258.48511524936

In [23]:

```
EPSILON = 1e-10

def _error(actual: np.ndarray, predicted: np.ndarray):
    return actual - predicted

def _percentage_error(actual: np.ndarray, predicted: np.ndarray):
    return _error(actual, predicted) / (actual + EPSILON)
```

In [24]:

```
def rrse(actual: np.ndarray, predicted: np.ndarray):
    return np.sqrt(np.sum(np.square(actual - predicted)) / np.sum(np.square(actual - ng))

RRSE=rrse(y,x)
print(f'Root Relative Squared Error:{RRSE}')
```

Root Relative Squared Error:1.3013154221448553

In [25]:

```
def mape(actual: np.ndarray, predicted: np.ndarray):
    return np.mean(np.abs(_percentage_error(actual, predicted)))

MAPE=mape(y,x)
print(f'Mean Absolute Percentage Error:{MAPE}')
```

Mean Absolute Percentage Error:0.7330245186537612

In []:

1