Crl.A.Nos.516 of 2015 & 763 of 2016 and Crl.A

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS

Reserved on: 13.12.2023 Pronounced on: 21 .12.2023

Coram:

THE HONOURABLE Dr. JUSTICE G.JAYACHANDRAN

Crl.A.Nos.516 of 2015 & 763 of 2016 & Crl.A.No.1402 of 2023

Crl.A.No.516 of 2016:-

State represented by: The Public Prosecutor, High Court, Madras.

... Appellant/Complainant

/versus/

Kalyanasundaram, Male Aged 34 years (A-1),
S/o.Thangavelu @ Periannan,
No.53, Maariamman Kovil Street,

Karuvaddikuppam,

Pondicherry. Respondents/Accused [A1]

Prayer: Criminal Appeal has been filed under Section 378 of Cr.P.C., pleas to set aside the judgment of acquittal passed in Crl.A.No.17 of 2013 (comm judgment passed in Crl.Appeal Nos.16/2013, 17/2013 & 18/2023], dated 24.07.2013 by the Hon'ble II Additional District and Sessions Judge, Tindivanam against C.C.No.32 of 2012, Judicial Magistrate-I, Tindivanam and

convict the respondent/accused [A-1] as charged.

For Appellant : Mr.Babu Muthu Meeran,

Additional Public Prosecutor.

Auditional Public Pros

For Respondent : Mr.R.John Sathyan, Senior Couns

for Mr.Swami Subramanian

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Crl.A.No.763 of 2016:-

State represented by: The Public Prosecutor, High Court, Madras.

... Appellant/Complainant

1

/versus/

Rajinikanth, Male Aged 33 years [A-3],

S/o.Annamalai,
No.9, Meenatchi Amman Kovil Street,
Tindivanam,
(At present) No.3, Vanidhasan Kurukku Street,
Kamaraj Nagar, Pondicherry. ... Respondent/Accused [A-3]

Prayer: Criminal Appeal has been filed under Section 378 of Cr.P.C., pleas to set aside the judgment of acquittal passed in Crl.A.No.18 of 2013 (comm judgment passed in Crl.Appeal Nos.16/2013, 17/2013 & 18/2023], dated 24.07.2013 by the Hon'ble II Additional District and Sessions Judge, again C.C.No.32 of 2012, Judicial Magistrate-I, Tindivanam and convict the respondents/accused [A-1 to A-3] as charged.

For Appellant : Mr.Babu Muthu Meeran,

Additional Public Prosecutor.

For Respondent : Mr.V.Balamurugane.

Crl.A.No.1402 of 2023:-

State represented by: The Public Prosecutor, High Court, Madras.

... Appellant/Complainant

/versus/

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Aathavan, Male, Aged/40 years (A-2), S/o.Ponnusamy, No.22-A, Udaya Nagar, Chennai Main Road, Tindivanam. ... Responde

... Respondent/Accused [A-2]

Prayer: Criminal Appeal has been filed under Section 378 of Cr.P.C., pleas to set aside the judgment of acquittal passed in Crl.A.No.16 of 2013 (comm judgment passed in Crl.Appeal Nos.16/2013, 17/2013 & 18/2013], dated 24.07.2013 by the Hon'ble II Additional District and Sessions Judge, Tindivanam and convict the respondent/accused [A-1] as charged.

For Appellant : Mr.Babu Muthu Meeran,

Additional Public Prosecut

For Respondent : Mr.S.Ashok Kumar, Senior C

for Mr.P.Palaninathan.

COMMONJUDGMENT

These three Criminal Appeals are preferred by the Stat

against the Lower Appellate Court judgment of acquittal reversing the tria

Court judgment of conviction.

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2. The case of the prosecution:-

On 30/09/2011, P.Kuppusamy (P.W.1), the Chief Education

Officer, in-charge of Villupuram and Tindivanam District was on duty at

Chennai in connection with preparation of text books. At about, 10.15 a.m,

P.W.1 received a call from an unknown person in his Mobile phone and the

caller informed him that at Tagore Higher Secondary School, Tindivanam

instead of the Student by name P.Kalyanasundaram, somebody else is writing

the supplementary examination for the 10th standard Social Science exam. T

caller also informed P.W-1 that, even on the previous day (29/09/2011) for

Science exam only the impersonator wrote the examination instead of

P.Kalyanasundaram

3. Immediately P.W.1 called P.W.2 Mr.Shanmugam, the Di

Education Officer at Tindivanam and instructed him to visit Tagore Higher

Secondary School and verify the hall tickets and identity card and find ou

whether there is any impersonation.

Accordingly, P.W.2 went t

Higher Secondary school and

found

P.Kalyanasundaram did not take up his examination on 30/09/2011 and in the

that stud

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attendance register he was shown as 'absent'. However, he found that, the

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address of the P.Kalyanasundaram was shown as P.Aathavan (guardian), Udaya

Nagar, Chennai Road, Tindivanam. The said Aathavan is the Teacher at

Singanur Government Higher Secondary School and he was the room

Science exam on 29/09/2011. In the ledger for the exam dated 29/09/2011, t

supervisor of the Hall No:14 in which the said P.Kalyanasundaram wrote his

entries were made by the Chief Invigilator for the rest of the halls in bl

ink but for Hall No:14, it was in red colour ink. With these observations

forwarded his report to the Director of School Examination and to the Chie

Education Officer (P.W.1)

4. P.W-2 in his proceedings dated 16/09/2011 had appoi

Invigilators. Over phone, the School Management had sought for one more

invigilator. So, P.W-2 had included the name of Mr.Karthick as 23rd Invigi

for Tagore Higher Secondary School and issued proceedings Ex.P.9. While so

Rajinikanth (A-3) the Clerk in D.E.O Office without the knowledge of P.W-2

had substituted the proceedings with Ex.P.10 by deleting the name of Karth

at Serial No:23 and wrote the name of Aathavan (A-2). Rajinikanth (A-3) ha

affixed the facsimile signature of P.W-2 and rubber stamp. The said false

document prepared by Rajinikanth to facilitate Aathavan to be in the Hall

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Invigilator. To aid and assist P.Kalyasundaram wrote his exam in writing t

examination by collecting answers over phone.

5. With the false document prepared by Rajinikanth (A-

Aathavan (A-2) along with Kartick had met Mrs.Rajalakhsmi (P.W-4), the

Headmistress of Tagore Higher Secondary School and produced the fake

proceedings without the relieving order from their respective Schools. The

promised to produce it later. Aathavan (A-2) was allotted room No:9. He di

not report duty on 28/09/2011. He came on 29/09/2011 but did not produce h

relieving order from his School. He informed P.W-4 that, his School

Headmaster was on leave, so he will produce it next day. On 29/09//2011

Aathavan was allotted Room No:14 for invigilation. On 30/09/2011, he was

allotted room No:5 for invigilation.

6. Through P.W-10, Tmt.Kanaga, the Head Mistress, in-c

Adi Dravidar Higher secondary School, Singanur, it has been confirmed that

Aathavan (A-2) did not attend the School on 29/09/2011. He did not intimat

about his deputation for exam duty. There is no proceedings received from

D.E.O office intimating deputation of Aathavan for exam duty at Tagore Hig

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Secondary School.

7. The School Education department conducted prelimina

enquiry through Jayashree Ragunanthan (P.W.19), the State Planning Officer

and Director of School Education. She, in her report submitted that from h

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enquiry, prima facie case of forging the proceedings nominating Aathavan a

invigilator for Tagore Higher Secondary School made out. She also noticed

malpractice during the examination and recommended for detailed enquiry.

Meanwhile, the Director of School Examination P.W.55 Vasundra Devi, based

on the enquiry took action against the students indulged in malpractice an

blacklisted Tagore Higher Secondary School besides recommended action

against the Headmistress Rajalakshmi.

8. On the complaint given by P.W.1 Kuppusamy, Chief

Educational Officer, case was registered by the Crime Branch, Sub Inspecto

Police, Pramilasasi Kumari P.W.52 for the offences under section 465, 466,

468, 471, 473, 419, 420 r/w 120(b) IPC in Crime No.74/2011. The

investigation was conducted by the Inspector of Police Mr.Shankar P.W.56.

He, in the course of investigation recorded the statements of staff of Tag

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Higher Secondary School, the Invigilators who were on examination duty for

the supplementary 10th Standard examination held during the 4th week of

September 2011 at Tagore Higher Secondary School examination centre, the

members of flying squad and the students who wrote examination on 29th and

30th September, 2011 in Hall No:14 and the Officials of Directorate of Sch

Examination. He collected the admitted signatures and writings of

P.Kalyanasundaram (A-1) and Rajinikanth (A-3), sent them along with the

questionable writings and signatures for Forensic examination by expert. T

Associates of P.Kalyanasundaram, who helped him in filing the application

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were examined and their statements were recorded.

9. On completion of investigation, P.W.56 Shankar, Ins

Police, being satisfied that, pursuant to the conspiracy hatched, to facil

P.Kalyanasundaram (A-1) the then Minister for Education in the Government

of Pondicherry, to complete X-Standard and pursue his further studies, his

associates particularly, P.W-39 Jayasankar @ Kalaipuli Sankar advised A-1

take up the supplementary exam at Tindivanam and provided his cousin

Aathavan A-2's address at Tindivanam so that, A-1 will be allotted Examina

centre at Tindivanam. Aathavan (A-2) a School Teacher in the Adi Dravida

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School near Tindivanam sought the help of Rajinikanth (A-3) a Clerk in the

D.E.O office. In furtherance of the conspiracy, A-3 Rajinikanth, fabricate

false document viz., the proceedings of D.E.O (P.W-2) by including the nam

of Aathavan A-2 as one of the invigilators for Tagore Higher Secondary

School. Affixed the facsimile signature of D.E.O and gave it to A-2 to use

genuine document so as to gain entry in the Examination Hall and aid A-1

providing answers. Thus, using the false document Ex.P-10 as genuine, A-2

himself allotted to the Room No:14 as invigilator in which, A-1 wrote his

examination on 29/09/2011 and aided him by providing answers by consulting

outsiders through his mobile phone.

10. Charges and trial court findings:-

On the basis of material relied by the prosecution, th

Magistrate, Tindivanam framed the following

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Kalyanasundaram (A-1), Aathavan (A-2) and Rajinikanth (A-3).

P.Kalyanasundaram (A-1):-

Sections 120(b) of I.P.C, Section 468 r/w 109 I.P.C an Section 471 r/w 109 I.P.C

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Aathavan (A-2):-

Sections 120(b) of I.P.C, Section 468 r/w 109 I.P.C an Section 471of I.P.C

Rajinikanth (A-3):-

Sections 120(b) of I.P.C, Section 468 of I.P.C and Sec r/w 109 I.P.C of I.P.C

11. On the side of the prosecution, 56 witnesses (P.W. were examined, 67 Exhibits (Ex.P.1 to Ex.P.67) were marked and one mark stamp of D.E.O was marked as material object. On the side of the defence, letters date 30/09/2011 wrote by Tmt.Rajalakshmi P.W.4 to the Chief Educational Officer marked as defence exhibit.

12. The trial Court held the charges against A1 to A3 sentenced them to undergo punishment as under:

Accused Offences under Section Conviction and Sentence passed A-1 120(b) of I.P.C, 471 r/w To undergo two years S.I.

109 of I.P.C

468 r/w 109 of I.P.C To undergo two years S.I and to

in default of payment of fine t

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Accused Offences under Section Conviction and Sentence passes

A-2 120(b) of I.P.C and 471 To undergo two years S.I.

of I.P.C

468 r/w 109 of I.P.C To undergo two years S.I and t in default of payment of fine

A-3 120 (b) of I.P.C and 471 To undergo two years S.I $_{\mbox{r/w}}$ 109 of I.P.C

468 of I.P.C To undergo two years S.I and t in default of payment of fine

13. Being aggrieved by the judgement of conviction by Court, Appeal was preferred by the accused and they were taken up for consideration before the II Additional District and Sessions Judge, Tindiv in Criminal Appeal Nos.16 of 2013, 17 of 2013 and 18 of 2013.

14. The Appellate Court, on re-appreciating the eviden the prosecution has failed to prove conspiracy among the accused. Though there is strong suspicion about the manner in which A-2 entered the examination centre as Invigilator for Hall No.14 in Tagore Higher Secondar School, Tindivanam, on 29/09/2011 and A-1 (P.Kalyanasundaram) declaring the address of A-2 (Aathavan) to get the centre at Tindivanam, the same hablossomed into proof to sustain the conviction. Therefore, the Criminal Apwere allowed and the judgement of the trial Court was set aside, resulting

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acquittal of all the accused.

15. Prose The Learned Additional Public Appellant/State Mr.Babu Muthu Meeran, submitted that, the Lower Court ought not have reversed the well considered judgement of the trial Court, ignoring the clinching evidence through Ex.P.3 application form of (A1) mentioning the address as P.Kalyanasundaram, C/o.P.Aathavan, No.22/A, Udaya Nagar, Chennai Main Road, Tindivanam. The said address is that of A2 (Aathavan) and same is proved through the documents like surrender application and memo of appearance filed on behalf of accused with his signature. The First accused, Eduction Minister of Pondicherry, having his residence at Pondicherry. There is no necessity to give a temporary addres the address of (A-2), who was the Invigilator for the room in which, A1 wr his exam at Tagore Higher Secondary School. Having proved that, Ex.P.10 proceedings issued in the name of D.E.O is a document fabricated by A-3 an used by A-2 as genuine to be with the A-1 in the Examination Hall to assis is adequate proof and material to attract offence of conspiracy, fabricati document and used the fabricated document as genuine.

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appellant/State further submitted that, P.W.2 D.E.O has identified Ex.P.10 had categorically deposed that the proceedings marked as Ex.P.10 was not issued on his instruction. The facsimile signature and his name affixed by without his knowledge and intimation. The correction in the said proceeding inserting the name of A2 as one of the Invigilator did not emanate on his

instruction. This piece of evidence is strong and sufficient to hold that,

abusing his office as a Clerk in the D.E.O Office had fabricated a proceed

in the name of P.W.2, which attract the offence under Section 468 of I.P.C

committing this offence, A1 & A2 had abetted A3. Hence, they both are liab

to be punished for the offences under Section 468 r/w 109 of I.P.C.

17. According to P.W.4 Rajalakshmi, the Headmistress of

Higher Secondary School and the Chief Examiner/Superintendent for the

Supplementary Exam held during September 2011 had deposed that, A2

Aathavan along with another Invigilator by name Karthick P.W.12 came to th

Tagore Higher Secondary School with Ex.P.10 and reported that, they have

been nominated as Invigilator.

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and

18. It is contended by the Additional Public Prosecuto

Appellant/State that the trial Court, while rightly ignoring the fact that

56 witnesses, 26 witnesses were turned hostile, since they are interested

witnesses and held that, the evidence of P.W.3, P.W.10, P.W.56 are suffici

to hold that the A-3 had fabricated proceedings of D.E.O appointing

Invigilators for the examination held in Tagore Higher Secondary School an

that fabricated document was used as genuine by A-2. His presence in the H

No.14, on 29.09.2011 as Invigilator

Student/examination candidate been spoken by witnesses, who were present i

the Hall and wrote exam.

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11

A1/Kalyanas

19. P.Kalyansundaram (A-1) had given the address of A-Application Form and same never denied. The surrender application and Memo of Appearance are the documents filed before the Court by him through his Advocate. These documents are admission in nature and cannot be ignored. Unfortunately, the Lower Appellate Court erred in ignoring the admission.

20. Per contra, the Learned Senior Counsel for the res submitted that, upon an unanimous call alleging impersonation in the Tagor

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Higher Secondary School, Tindivanam, Examination Centre, the Higher

Officials of School Education Department had immediately inspected

Examination Centre and the Hall No.14 in particular. The information about the impersonation of a candidate by name P.Kalyasundaram found to be false since on 30.09.2011, the candidate P.Kalyasundaram, (A-1) did not take up examination and he was shown as absent in the attendance register. The D.E who had conducted inspection had brought to the notice of the Senior Office particularly P.W.1 that, though P.Kalyasundaram did not take up examination on 30.09.2011, he had taken up his Social Science examination on 29.09.2011 in that centre at Hall No.14. Also, he has collected certain materials regimal practice in that centre which was probed by the Departmental Higher Officials. The police having failed to find material for impersonation had prosecuted the respondent/accused on the premise that, the presence of P.Kalyasundaram as a candidate in Tagore Higher Secondary School and A-2

as Invigilator of the room in which Kalyasundaram wrote examination is

consequence of conspiracy. Therefore, it is alleged that, the proceedings

name of D.E.O marked as Ex.P.10 is a fabricated document and that fabricat

document was done by A-3 Rajinikanth. Using that fabricated document, A-2

was assigned as an Invigilator for room No.14 on 29.09.2011. On that day,

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wrote his Social Science examination in the Hall No.14. The Hall Ticket an

other documents of A-1 show that, he has given the address of A-2 (Aathava

21. However, the prosecution has failed to prove that,

Aathavan who was shown as Guardian of A-1 (P.Kalyanasundaram) in the

Application Form Ex.P.3 is the Aathavan, who was secured and tried before

Court as A2.

22. While the trial Court ignored the evidence of P.W.

Jayasankar @ Kalaipulisankar, who had categorically deposed that, the

Application Form Ex.P.3 was filled by the Office Assistant of A-1, since A

felt that being an Education Minister, writing examination for X-Standard

be a headlines news and will give room to comment and criticism. Therefore

he wanted to write up the examination somewhere outside Pondicherry. A-1

was suggested to write the examination at Tindivanam and he provided his

cousins address, whose name was also Aadhavan but that Aathavan is not the

Aathavan, who is present in the Court as A2.

23. Regarding the address shown in the Memo of Appeara

Surrender Petition of A-1, it was contended that they are not the document

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emanated from the accused maintained in the ordinary course but were prepa

by the respective Counsels based on the F.I.R and therefore, the entries f

in those documents are not at all reliable and that is not the proof for t

resident of the accused.

24. The Appellate Court has rightly considered this fa

absence of reliable evidence for the proof of identity of the Aathavan, wh

mentioned in the Application form Ex.P.3, the acquittal of the petitioners

the charge of conspiracy is sustainable.

25. Regarding the alleged fabrication of proceedings E

Learned Senior Counsels for the respondent argued that, except P.W.2, ther

no evidence to show that, it is a fabricated document. Even P.W.2 admits t

he use to issue orders affixing his facsimile signature, he also admits th

case, if he is out of station, he will instruct the office to issue the or

name by affixing the facsimile signatures. Later, he will come back and ra

the order or proceedings issued on his instruction in his absence.

26. The Appellate Court has rightly taken into account

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that, the Management of Tagore Higher Secondary School wrote letter to D.E

seeking additional Invigilators. The Management of that School has felt th

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the proceedings of D.E.O dated 16.09.2011 nominating 22 Invigilators might

not be sufficient. This has spoken by the prosecution witnesses P

Rajalakshmi as well as P.W.12 Karthick. In response to the request to allo

additional Invigilators Karthick (P.W.12) and P.Aathavan (A-2) were

nominated as Invigilators.

27. Ex.P.9 is the proceedings initially issued includi

Karthick P.W.12. Ex.P.10 is the proceedings in the name of A-2 (P.Aathavan

D.E.O showing A-2 as the 23rd Invigilator in the place of Karthick.

prosecution witness had also spoken that, P.W.10 Kanaga, was in-charge of

A-2 School as Headmistress, due to causal leave of the regular Headmaster

Madhivanan and had admitted in the cross examination that, before attending

the examination duty, A-2 sought for permission but she refused to grant t

said permission since she was not the Competent Authority to grant leave '

Duty' in the absence of the regular Headmaster.

28. Further, the Learned Senior Counsels for the respo

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submitted that the alleged information received by P.W.1 over phone about

impersonation turned to be hoax. Including the members of the flying squad

had deposed that there was nothing untoward happened on 29.09.2011 and on

30.09.2011. When sudden inspection conducted on receipt of the unanimous

phone call, it was found that the said P.Kalyasundaram had not even attend

the exam. Despite that, the prosecution been launched due to political enm

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The error in appreciating the evidence by the trial Court was revisited by Lower Appellate Court. When two views are possible, then view which is in

favour of the accused has to be taken into account.

29. Finding:-

As per the prosecution, the presence of A-1 in the Hal

where A-2 was assigned to be an invigilator on 29.09.2011 is the consequen

of the conspiracy hatched by the accused persons few days earlier to the

examination, when they met in a hotel.

30. Further, the case of the prosecution is that, A-3

proceedings in the name of A-2. The said proceedings Ex.P.10 was used as

genuine by A-2. The perusal of Ex.P.10 reveals that the name of A-2 alone

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written in hand by A-3, while rest of the 22 Invigilators names are typed.

Ex.P.9, are also in respect of appointing of Invigilators to the Tagore Hi

While the other two proceedings of A-2 which are marked as Ex.P.8 and

Secondary School, Tindivanam, Examination Centre No.5303. These two

proceedings are signed by A-2 manually. In Ex.P.10 the facsimile signature

P.W.2 is fixed. P.W.2 had categorically deposed that, Ex.P.10 proceedings

not issued by him. He did not permit to include Aathavan as one of the

Invigilators for Tagore Higher Secondary School, Tindivanam. His name has

been written in hand by A-3, a Clerk working at D.E.O Office.

31. Further, the case of the prosecution is that Ex.P.

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16.09.2011 is the genuine proceedings issued by P.W.2 duly signed manually by him. In the proceedings, Court finds that, 23rd Invigilator name (Kathi been written manually below the names of the Invigilators in typed format. this proceedings Ex.P.9 one Karthick is added as Invigilator for Tagore Hi Secondary School, Tindivanam. Using the proceedings Ex.P.9, Karthick (P.W.12) had attended the Invigilator duty at Tagore Higher Secondary Scho Tindivanam on 23.09.2011, 24.09.2011, 26.09.2011, 29.09.2011. This witness had further deposed that, on 29.09.2011, he was

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allotted Hall No.12. P.W.12 was not aware who was the Invigilator for room No.14 on 29.09.2011.

32. The use of facsimile signature of D.E.O in the pronot banned or barred as per P.W.2. He admits that, at the time of exigency facsimile signatures was allowed to be used on his consent and ratification. Whether, in this case such consent or rectification took place or not is more for evidence. The defence had probablise that the facsimile found in Ex.P. was affixed by A3 on consent of P.W.2 since there was dire need of addition. Invigilators and the D.E.O was out of station. Ex.P.10 was prepared on his instruction by A-3 and despatched.

33. To link A2 and A1, the address declared by A-1 in application form and the address in the surrender application and memo of appearance filed on his behalf of A-2 is the only evidence. While the tria Court has accepted the same as a reliable evidence, the Lower Appellate Co

has declined to accept the information furnished in the Memo of Appearance

and Surrender Petition as a proof of A-2's residential address. Except the

piece of evidence which were emanated after registration of the complaint.

Investigating Officer in the course of the investigation, not collected an

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reliable piece of evidence for proof of address. The prosecution ought to

collected material regarding the residence of A2 and the proximity between

and A2. The only witness which the prosecution rely is evidence of P.W.39,

who is the friend of A1. This witness had categorically deposed before the

Court that, he has provided the address of his cousin by name Aathavan to

P.A, who filled up the Application form Ex.P.3. He had stated that the A-2

present in the Court is not his cousin Aathavan. This witness was treated

hostile and cross examined by the State, but nothing could be elucidated i

favour of the prosecution to hold P.W.39 had turned hostile to favour A1 o

34. It is noted that P.W.5 Vijayakumar the member of t

squad had deposed that, on 29.09.2011, he inspected Tagore Higher Secondar

School, Tindivanam and found nothing to attribute malpractice in examinati

Hall. P.W.20 to P.W.34 are students, who wrote Supplementary Examination a

Tagore Higher Secondary School during the 4th week of September 2011 and

they have identified A-1 as one of the candidate, who wrote the examination

the Hall No.14 and some of them had identified A-2 also as the Invigilator

none of them had deposed that, A-1 aided A-2 to write answers. They all we

declared as hostile witnesses by the prosecution because they did not supp

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their earlier statement given to the Police.

35. The material placed by the prosecution only prove

Ex.P.3 application form, A-1 gave his address as C/o.Aathavan, No.22/A,

Udhaya Nagar, Chennai Main Road, Tindivanam. A-1 wrote his Social Science

examination on 29.09.2011 at Tagore Higher Secondary School. Though, A-1

was supposed to take up his science exam on 30.09.2011 also, he did not tu

up to take the examination. There is nothing untoward on 29.09.2011 in the

Examination Centre as per the evidence of the Chief Superintendent or Memb

of the Flying Squad or any Invigilators or by students. The opinion given

P.W.47 the hand writing expert is marked as Ex.P.43. It does not incrimina

A1. The answer script and signature in the Hall Ticket attendance are all

A-1, to show that there was no impersonation and answers were written by A

and nonelse. There is no evidence to show that for writing this exam, ther

external aid for A1. Specifically from A-2, who was the Invigilator of Roo

No.14 on 29.09.2011.

36. The prosecution has failed to collect call details

whether while on duty as invigilator, A2 called or received any phone to s

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that he collected answers from outside and aided to A-1.

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genuine i.e., for the offences under Section 468 and 471 of I.P.C. Having proved the fact that, Ex.P.10 is a forged document by A-3 without knowledg and consent of P.W.2, the admission of P.W.2 that the practice of affixing facsimile signature in proceedings and getting post ratification from him vogue in his office, renders the prosecution case and evidence not reliabl convict the accused (A1 to A3), for the offence under Section 468 or Secti 471 of I.P.C.

38. In the said circumstances, the view of the Appella judgment is more probable and possible. Hence, these Criminal Appeal Nos.516 of 2015 & 763 of 2016 and Crl.A.No.1402 of 2023 are dismissed. The judgment passed by the II Additional District and Sessions Judge, Tindivan in Crl.A.Nos.16 to 18 of 2013, dated 24.07.2013 are hereby confirmed.

21.12.20

Index :Yes/No.
Internet :Yes/No.

bsm

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Crl.A.Nos.516 of 2015 & 763 of 2016 and Crl.A.

Copy To:-

- 1. The II Additional District and Sessions Judge, Tindivanam.
- 2. The Judicial Magistrate-I, Tindivanam
- 3. The Public Prosecutor, High Court, Madras.

DR.G.JAYACHANDRAN, J.

bsm Pre-delivery common judgment made in Crl.A.Nos.516 of 2015 & 763 of 2016 21.12.2023 _____ https://www.mhc.tn.gov.in/judis