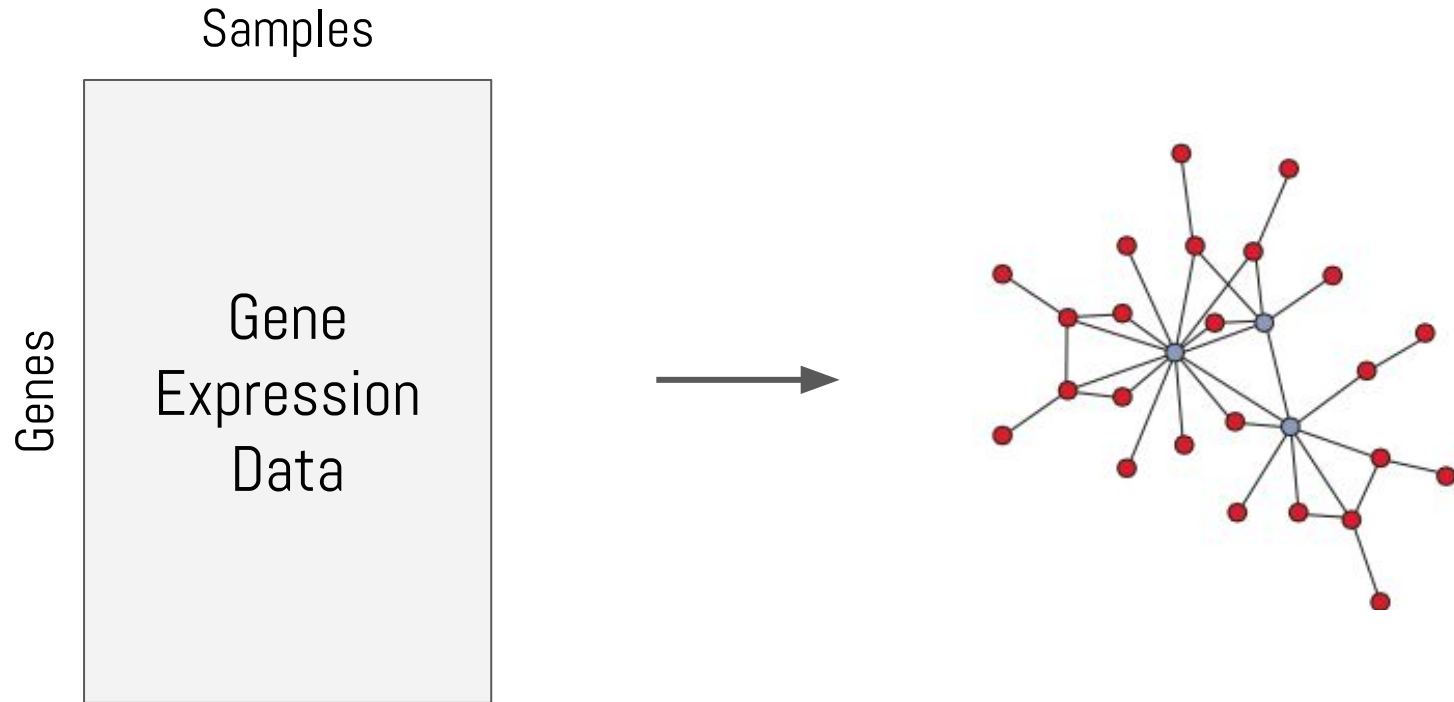


Large-scale biological networks

Network ...

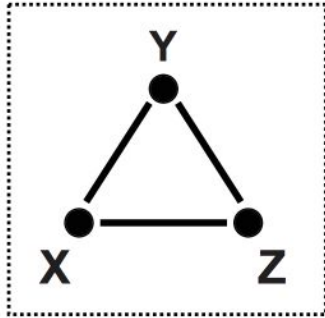
- Topology
- Motifs
- Rewiring
- Reconstruction
- Propagation

Reconstructing networks from observational data

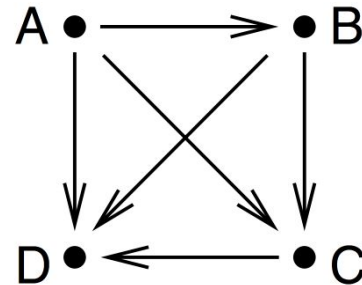
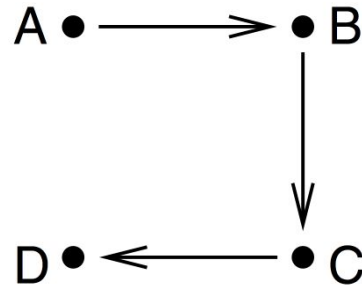
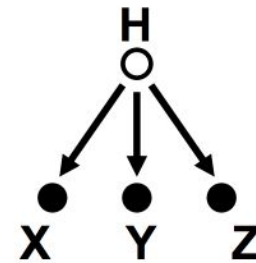
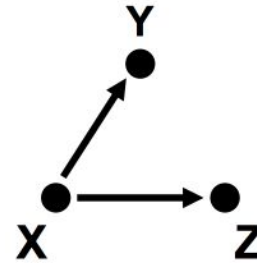
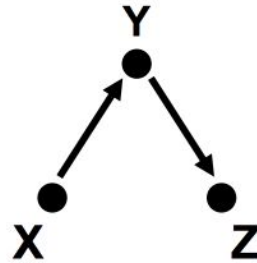


Reconstructing networks from observational data

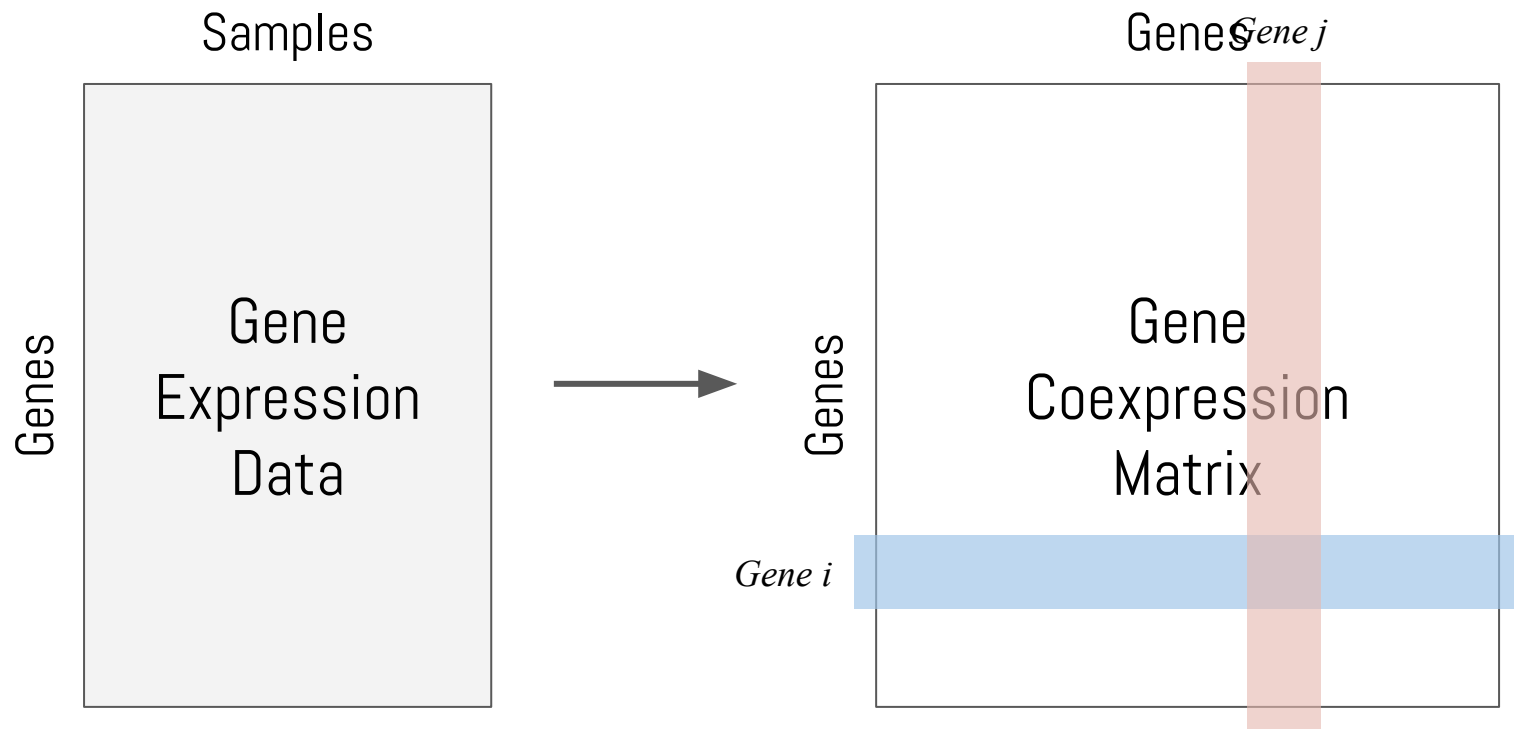
Coexpression



Regulatory network

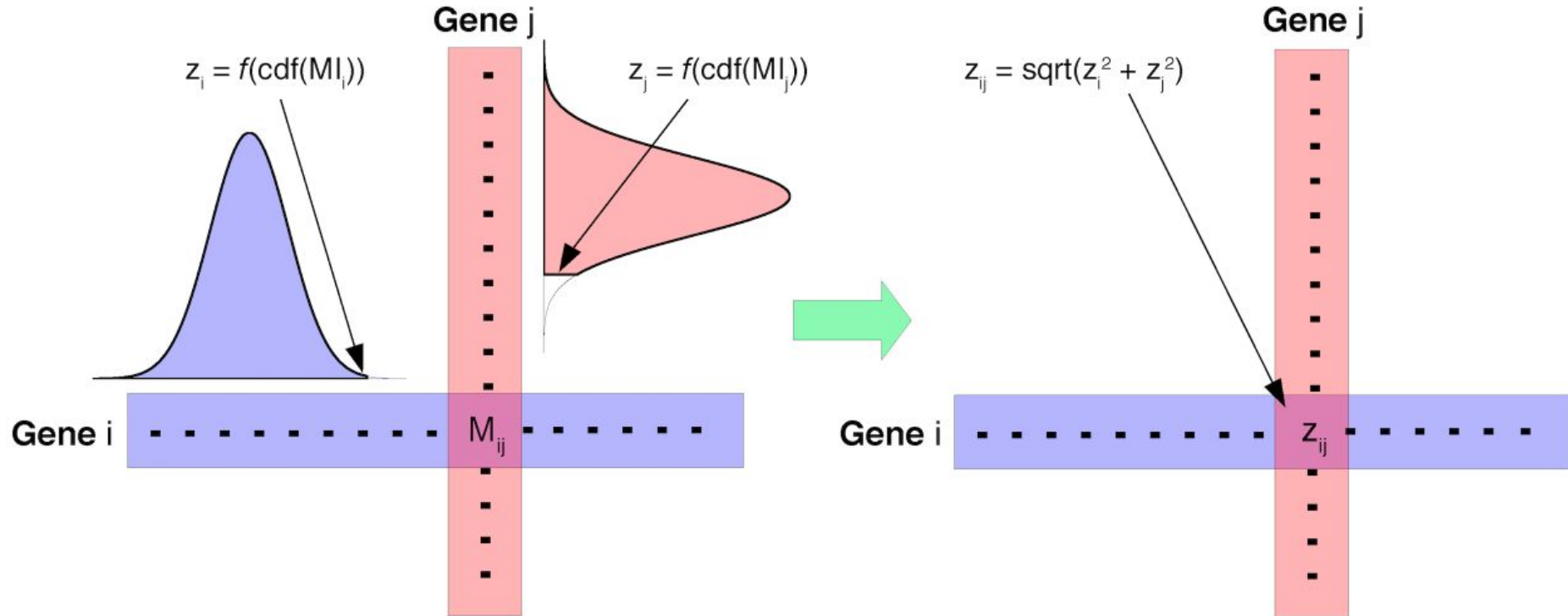


Reconstructing networks from observational data

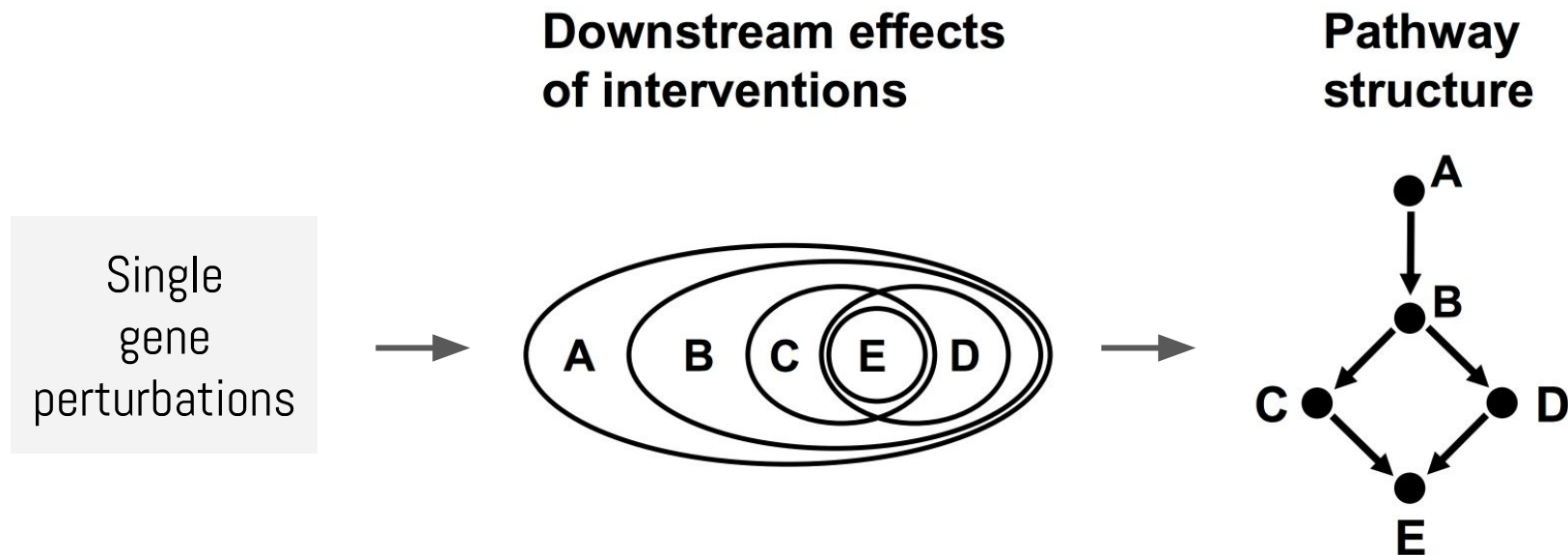


Reconstructing networks from observational data

Context likelihood relatedness

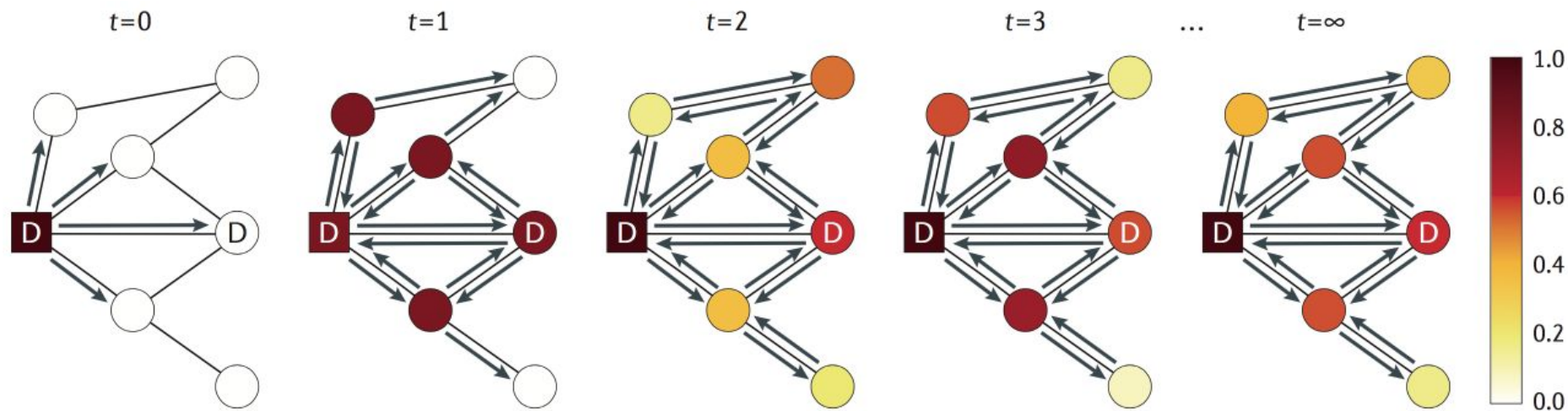


Reconstructing networks from observational data



Network propagation

Tracing the flow of information through a network over time.



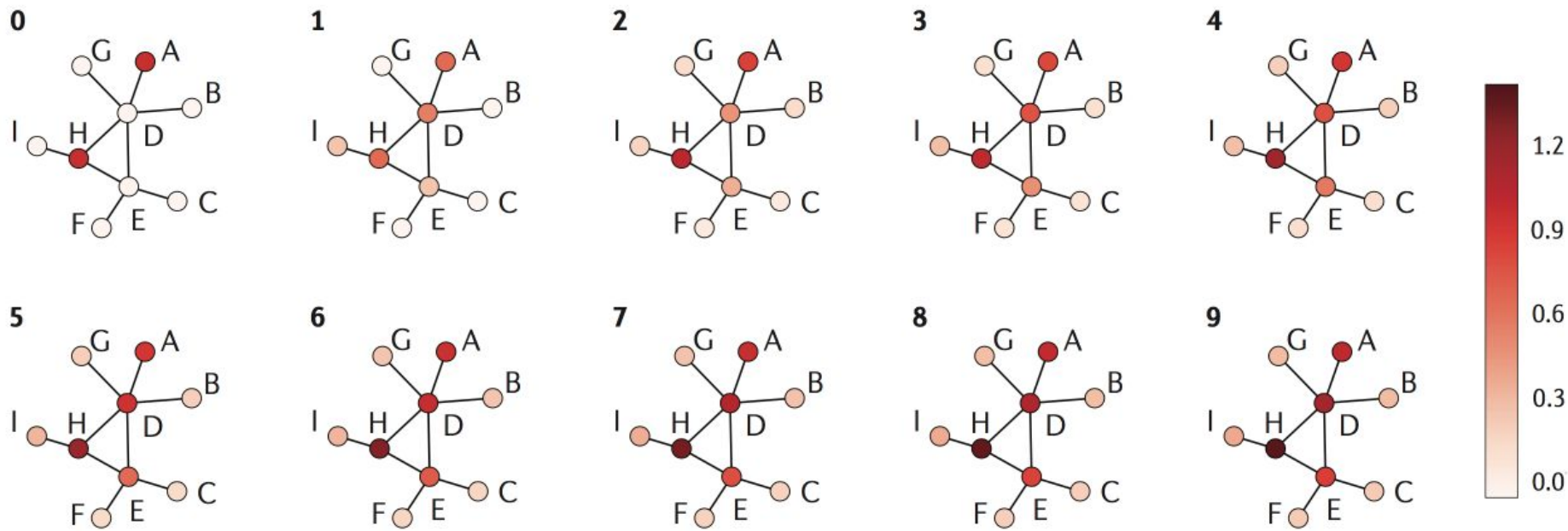
Random walk

A mathematical formalization of the paths resulting from successive random steps a 'walker' takes from **one node to another** with a probability that is **proportional to the weight of the edge** connecting the nodes.

Network propagation

Tracing the flow of information through a network over time.

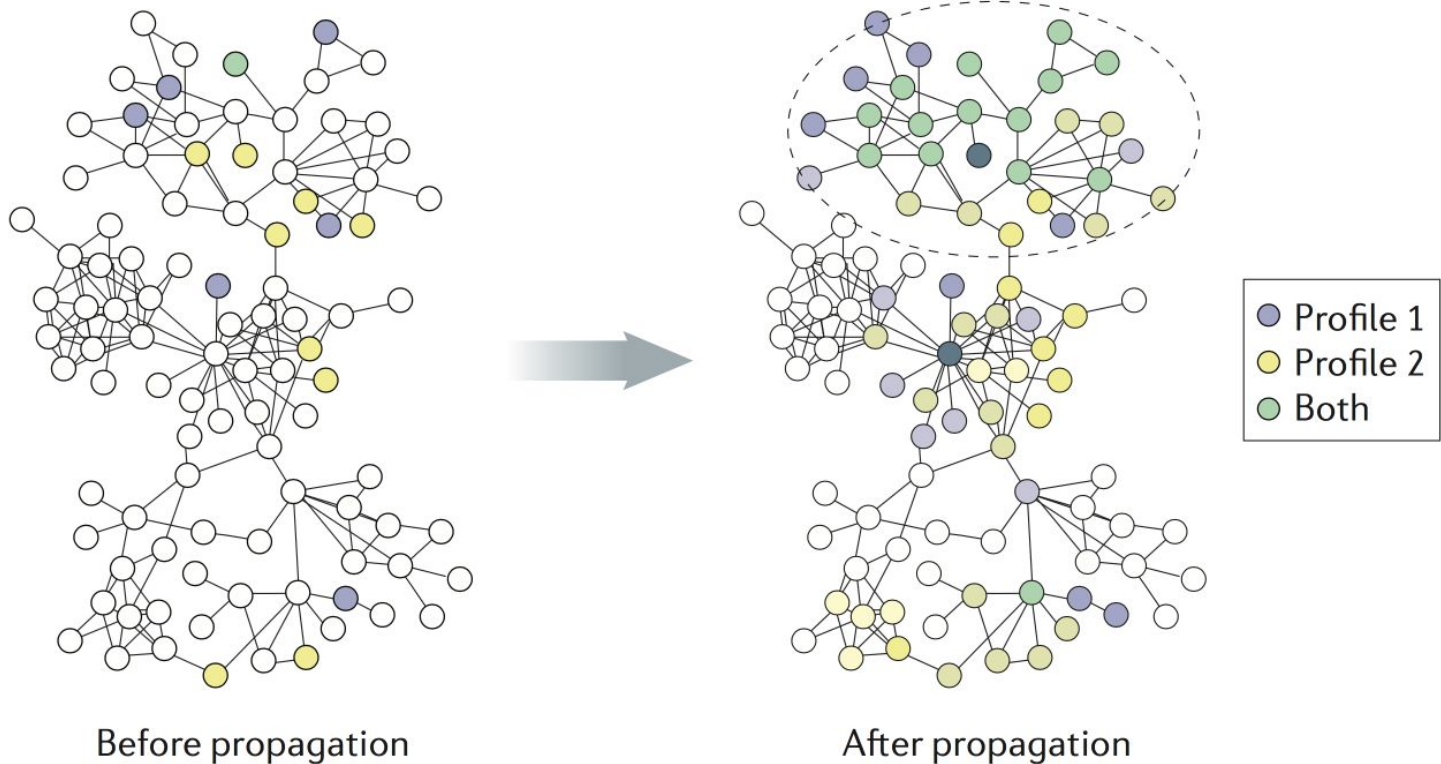
Initial node scores... (e.g. expression in a condition or association with a disease)



Convergence...

Network propagation

Tracing the flow of information through a network over time.



Network propagation

Random Walk

$p_0(v)$: Vector of initial node scores representing experimental measurements or our prior knowledge (e.g. expression in a condition or association with a disease)

$p_k(v)$: node scores at time-step k .

$w(u,v)$: (normalized) weight or the confidence of the interaction between u and v .

W : normalized adjacency matrix (stochastic).

$$p_0(v)$$

$$p_k(v) = \sum_{u \in N(v)} p_{k-1}(u) w(u, v)$$

$$p_k = W p_{k-1}$$

$$p_k = W^k p_0$$

Network propagation

Random Walk with Restart (RWR)

$\mathbf{p}_0(\mathbf{v})$: Vector of initial node scores representing experimental measurements or our prior knowledge (e.g. expression in a condition or association with a disease)

$\mathbf{p}_k(\mathbf{v})$: node scores at time-step k .

\mathbf{W} : normalized adjacency matrix (stochastic).

α : user-defined parameter that specifies the trade-off between prior information and network smoothing

$$p_0(v)$$

$$p_k = \alpha p_0 + (1 - \alpha) W p_{k-1}$$

Network propagation

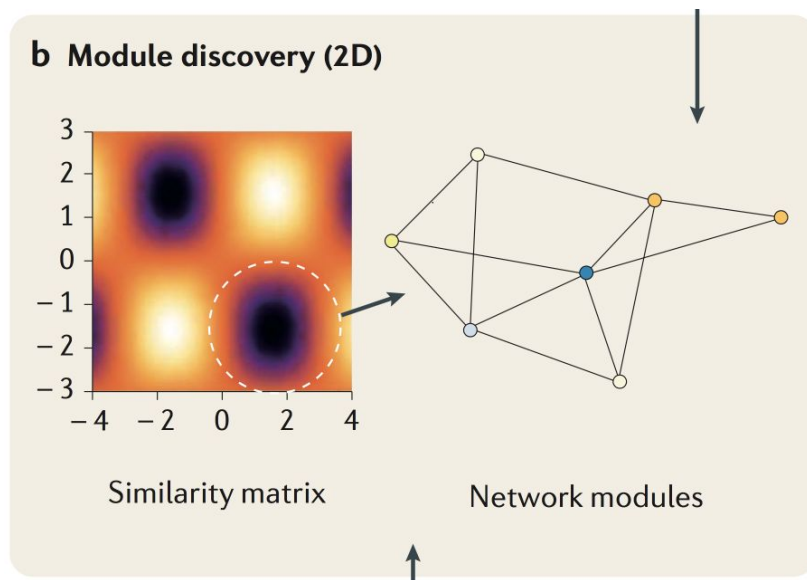
Random Walk & RWR

p : steady-state distribution of node scores.

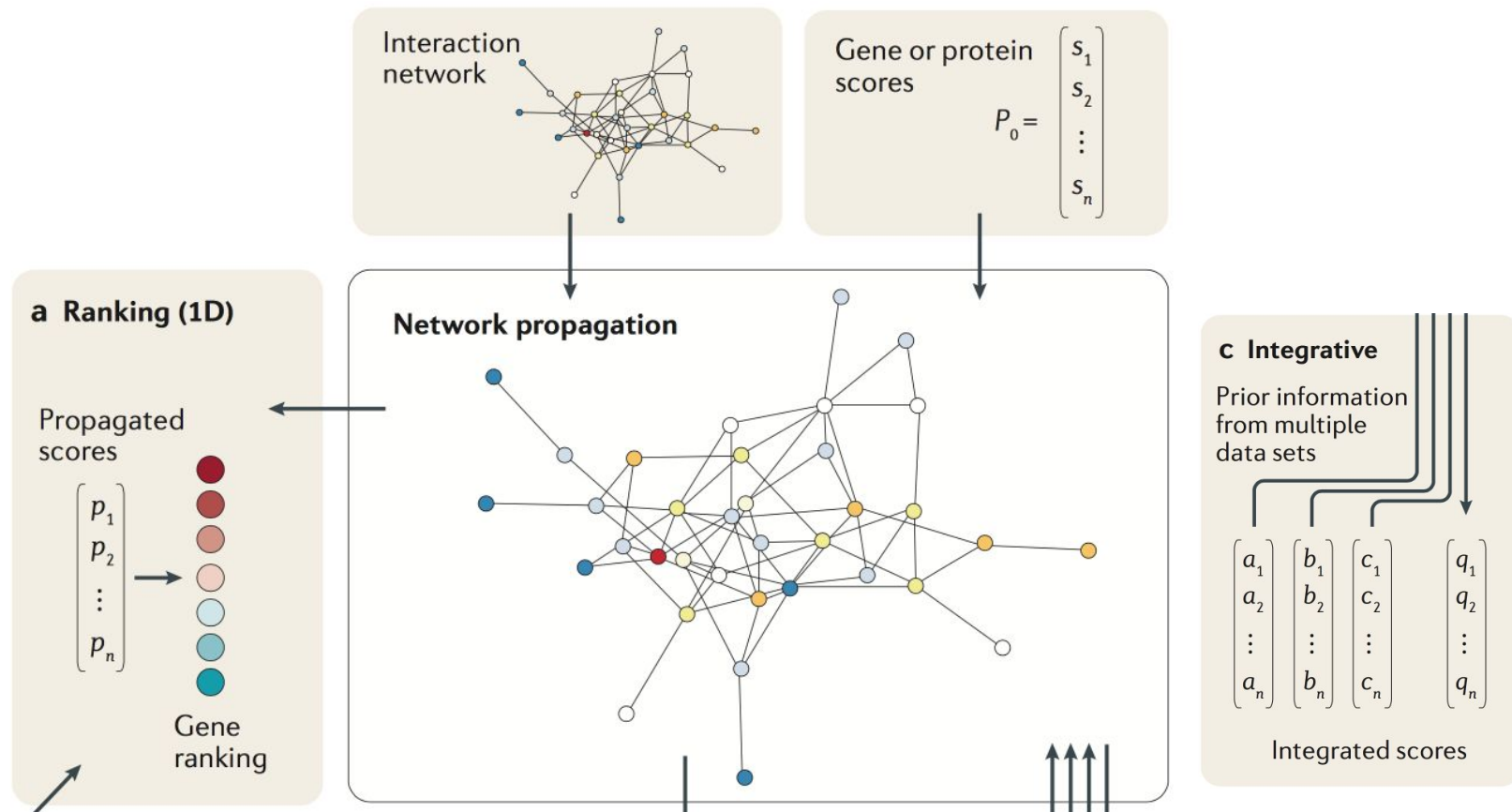
S : Can be interpreted as a similarity matrix.

- S_{ij} : the amount of information propagated to node i , given that the initial ranking p_0 is an elementary vector with 1 at entry j and 0 elsewhere.

$$p = Sp_0$$



Network propagation



Network propagation

