#### Quality Assurance In Microservice Architectures

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#### Dutline

- ► What is Quality Assurance?
- QA is easy, isn't it?
- QA on Development stage.
- QA on Deployment stage.
- QA after Release.
- Conclusion.

#### Introduction

#### Definition

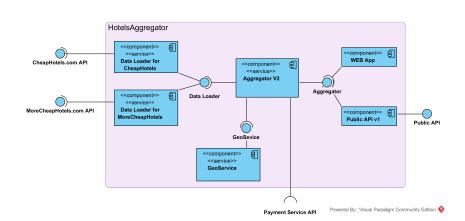
Quality Assurance refers to planned and systematic production processes that provide confidence in a product's suitability for its intended purposes.

- QA must prevent bugs and failures, not identify them.
- QA is wasteful on the last stages of development cycle.

# Introduction Challenges

- unpredictable timely availability for testing
- hard to perform exhaustive integration testing
- separated logs and data storages
- hard to maintain proper configuration of testing environments
- but (!) easy to organize low-level testing and catch most of the bugs early

### Introduction Case Study



#### Test Pyramid A balanced test portfoli

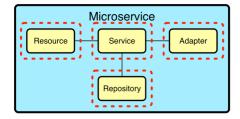
#### Mike Cohen's Test Pyramid



# Types of Tests Applying the layers in a microservice

#### **Unit Tests**

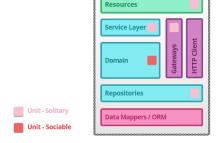
- Coverage limited to individual components
- Useful in services, resources, repositories, and adapters
- "every build should run the tests, and a failed test should fail the build"
- "Solitary Unit Test and Sociable Unit Test"
- "Also a relevant design tool when combined with TDD"



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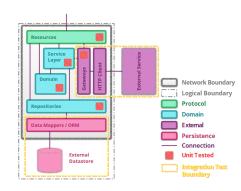
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## Types of Tests Integration,Component and Contract Testing

#### Integration Tests

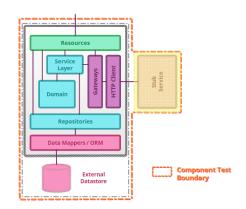
- Covers communication paths and interactions between components to detect interface defects.
- Gateway Integration and Persistence Integration



## Types of Tests Integration, Component and Contract Testing

#### Integration Tests

- A component is any well-encapsulated, coherent and independently replaceable part of a larger system.
- Isolation of the service is achieved by replacing external collaborators with test doubles



line Introduction Challenges Case study **Testing Strategies** Test Scenarios Deployment After Deployment References

## Types of Tests Integration,Component and Contract Testing

#### Contract Tests

- Verifies that the contract expected by a consuming service is met.
- Integration Contract Testing and Consumer Driver Contract Testing.
- The Overall Service contract is the sum of individual contract tests.



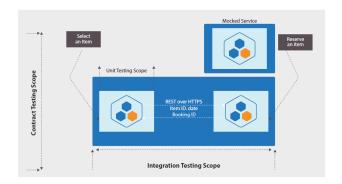
### Types of Tests Non Functional Tests

Non Functional Tests validate the quality characteristics of the component.

- Performance Tests.
- Tests for Scalability.
- Resiliency Tests.
- Security Tests.

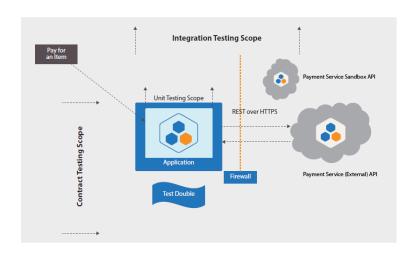
Testing between Microservices internal to an application or residing within the same application

Tasks like Selecting a Hotel and Booking a Hotel.



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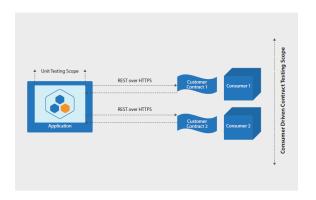
## Testing between an internal microservice and an external API Interaction with a Payment API

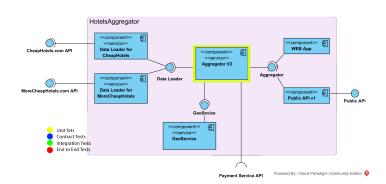


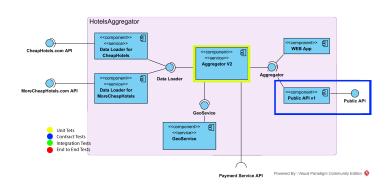
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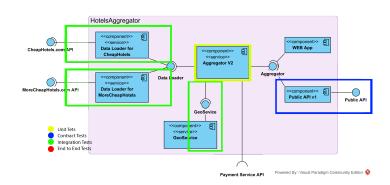
#### Microservice exposed to public domain

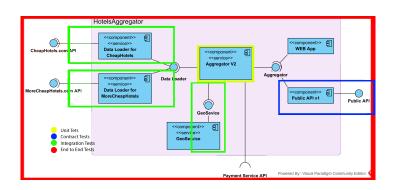
A publicly exposed application which is accessed by a Web API







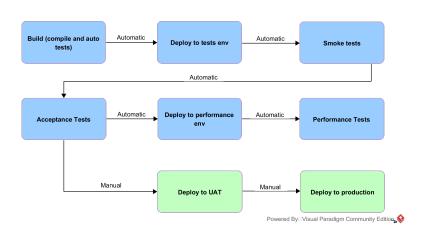




## Deployment Rapid Application Delivery

- ► RAD is a prerequisite for microservices []
- Exhaustive tests could be slow.
- Remedy: Deployment Pipeline.

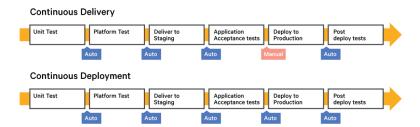
### Deployment Pipeline



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#### Deploymen

#### **Continuous Deployment and Delivery**

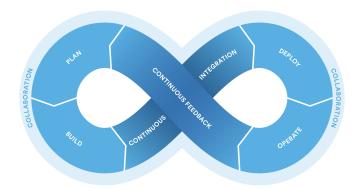


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# Deployment DevOps Culture

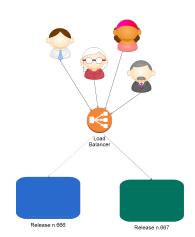
#### DevOps Culture:

- Aim: break silos between development and later stages
- Requirements: shared responsibility and autonomy of teams



### After Deployment Smart releasing strategies

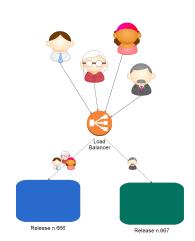
- Smoke Test Suites
- Blue/Green Deployment
- Canary releasing



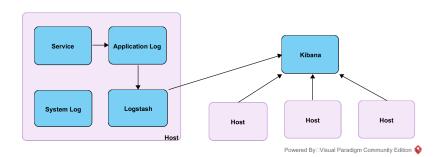


#### After Deployment Smart releasing strategies

- Smoke Test Suites
- Blue/Green Deployment
- Canary releasing



### After Deployment



#### After Deploymen

Monitoring

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