

Python Project  
Subject code: DA514

# ANALYZING DIWALI SALES DATA

Presentation by krishnapal Yadav

Course Instructor - Neeraj Kumar Sharma

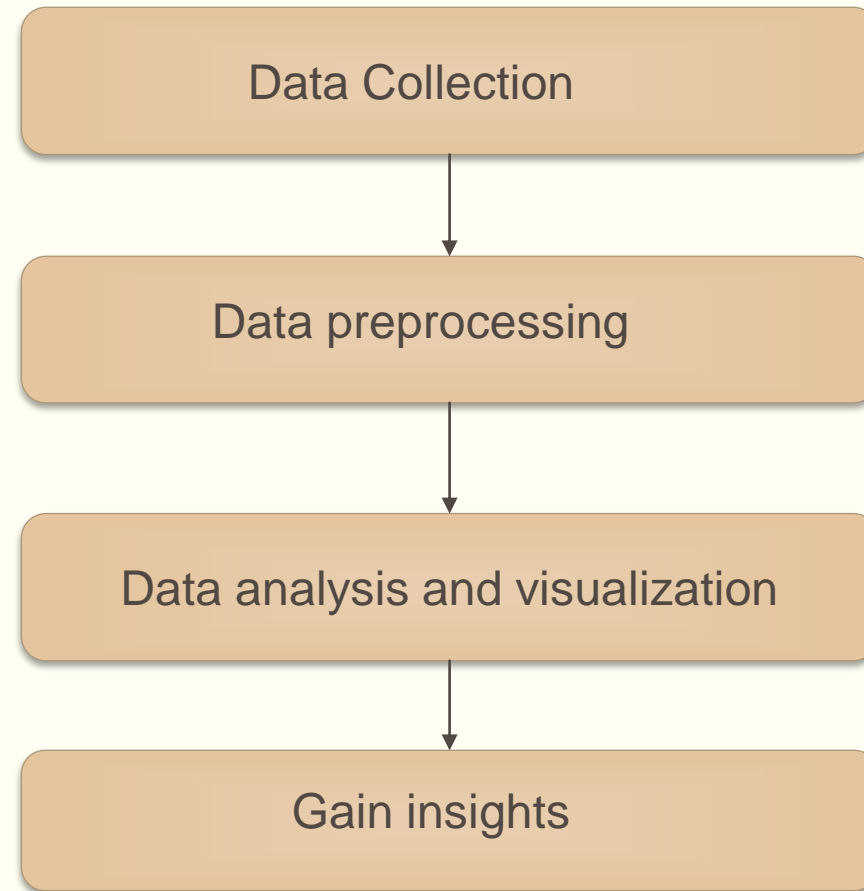
# Motivation

---

Understanding customer purchasing behavior during Diwali To analyze Diwali sales data and gain insights into customer demographics, purchasing behavior, and sales trends to inform strategic business decisions

# Block diagram

---



# Pseudo-code

---

```
Import libraries
Read dataset
Cleanse dataset
```

```
def plot_gender_vs_total_amount()
```

```
def plot_age_distribution()
```

```
def plot_state_wise_sales()
```

```
def plot_product_category_vs_amount()
```

```
def plot_marital_status_vs_amount()
```

```
def plot_stacked_bar_and_pie()
```

```
def plot_zone_vs_total_amount()
```

```
def plot_gender_vs_avg_order_value()
```

```
def plot_age_vs_amount()
```

```
def main():
```

```
    plot_gender_vs_total_amount()
    plot_age_distribution()
    plot_state_wise_sales()
    plot_product_category_vs_amount()
    plot_marital_status_vs_amount()
    plot_stacked_bar_and_pie()
    plot_zone_vs_total_amount()
    plot_gender_vs_avg_order_value()
    plot_age_vs_amount()
    plot_top_10_product_categories()
    plot_order_frequency_by_age_group()
    plot_occupation_vs_zone_sales()
    plot_repeat_orders()
    plot_avg_order_value_by_age_group()
    plot_occupation_vs_state_area()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
```

```
    main()
```

# Snapshots

---

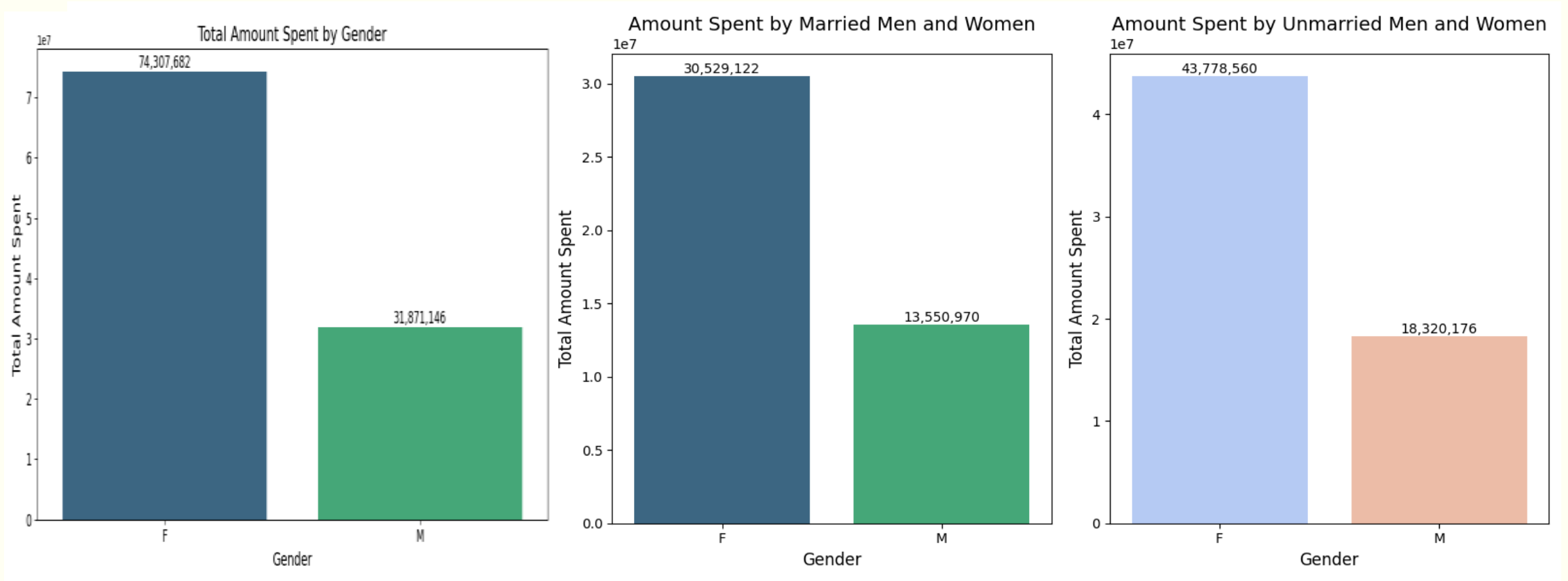
```
1 import pandas as pd
2 import numpy as np
3 import seaborn as sns
4 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
5
6 def read_dataset(filepath="diwali_sales_data.csv"):
7
8     try:
9         df = pd.read_csv(filepath)
10        # dropping the 'User_ID' column
11        df = df.drop(['User_ID'], axis=1)
12
13        df = df.drop_duplicates()
14        print(f"The dimensions of the imported dataset: {df.shape}")
15        return df
```

```
69 median_age = np.median(df['Age'])
70 df['Age'] = np.where(df['Age'] > 100, np.nan, df['Age'])
71 df['Age'].fillna(median_age, inplace=True)
72
73 final_row_count = df.shape[0]
74 print(f"Rows dropped during cleansing: {initial_row_count - final_row_count}")
75
76 return df
```

```
104 def plot_age_distribution(df):
105     plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
106     sns.histplot(df['Age'], bins=10, kde=True)
107
108     plt.title('Age Distribution of Customers', fontsize=16)
109     plt.xlabel('Age', fontsize=14)
110     plt.ylabel('Number of Customers', fontsize=14)
111     plt.xticks(fontsize=12)
112     plt.yticks(fontsize=12)
113     plt.tight_layout()
114     plt.show()
```

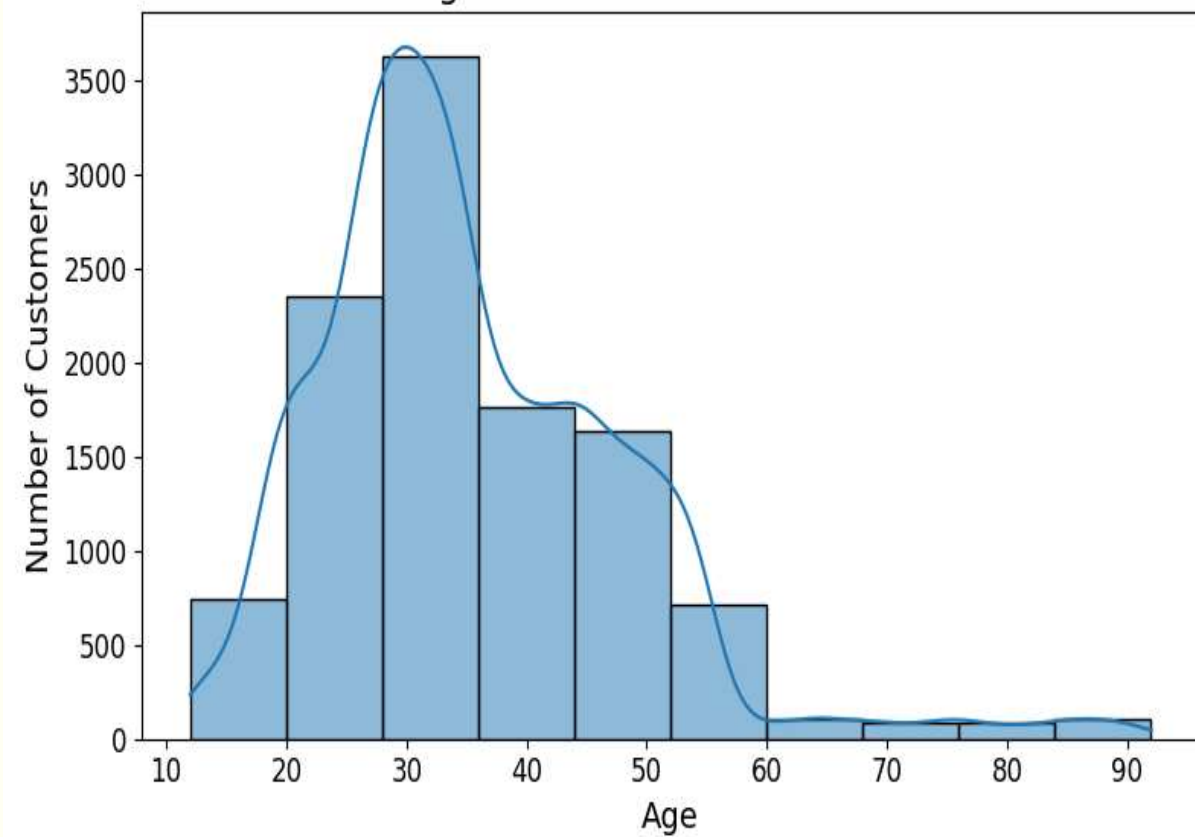
# Results

---

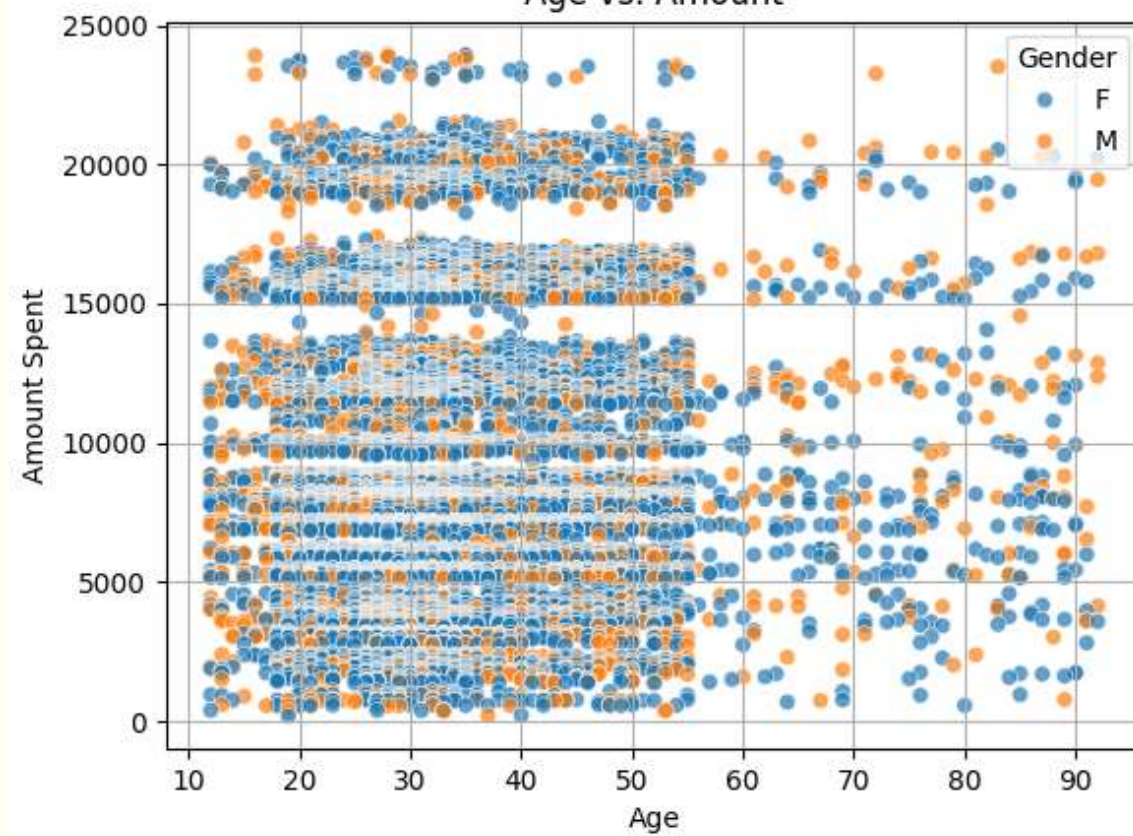


---

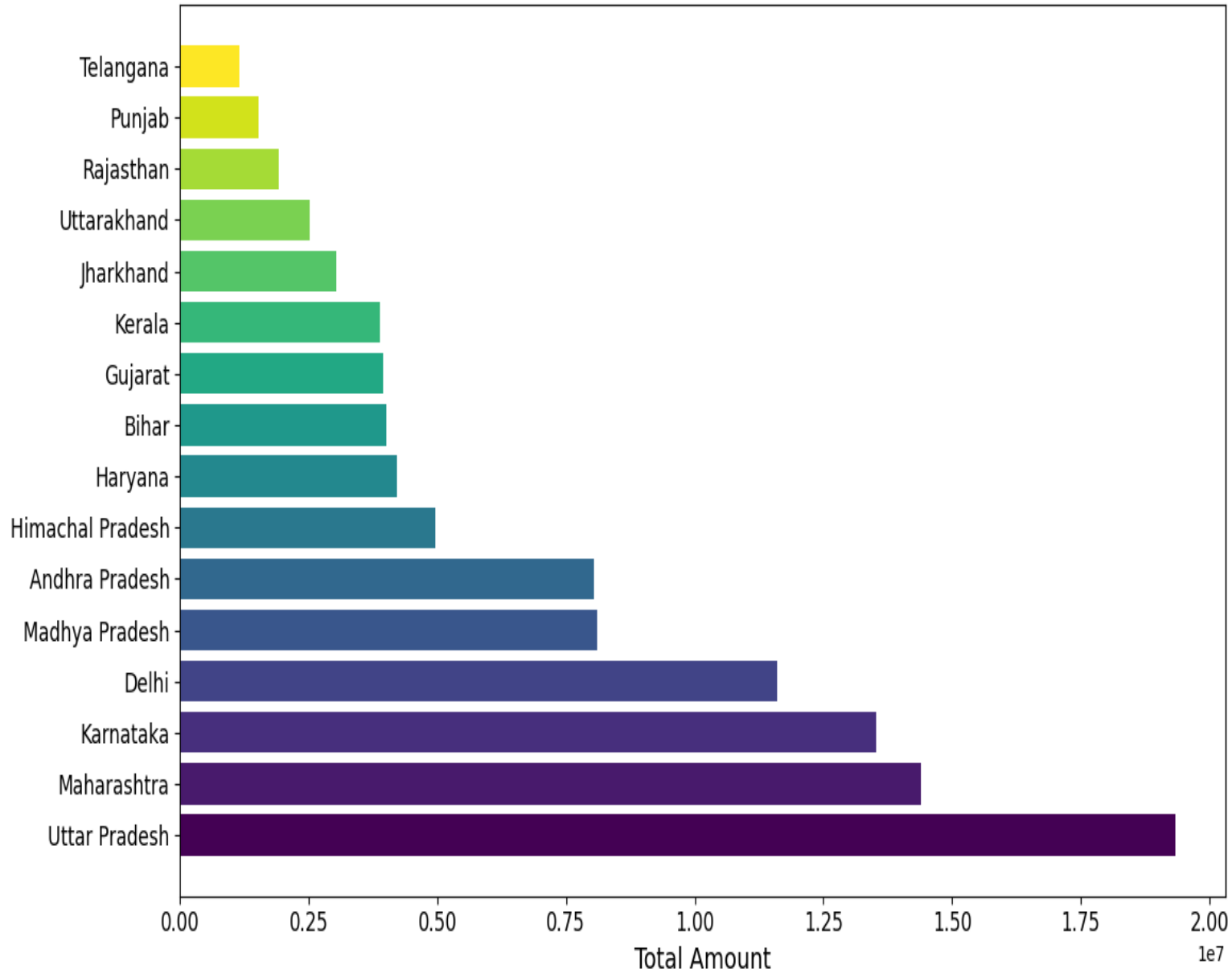
Age Distribution of Customers



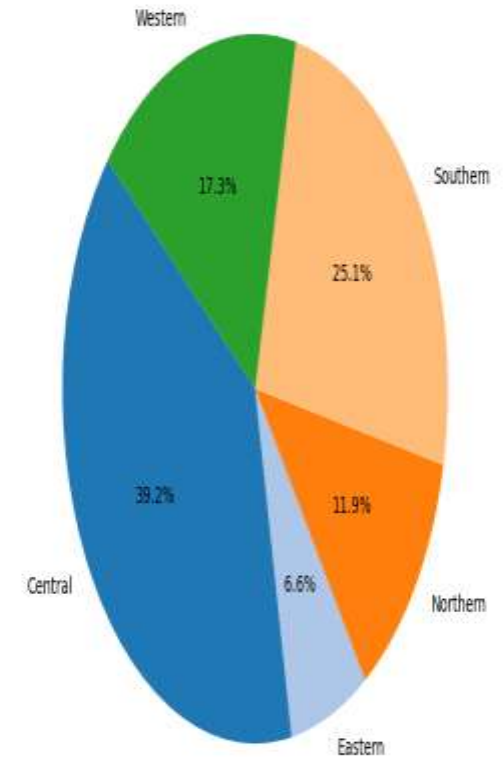
Age vs. Amount



### Total Sales by State

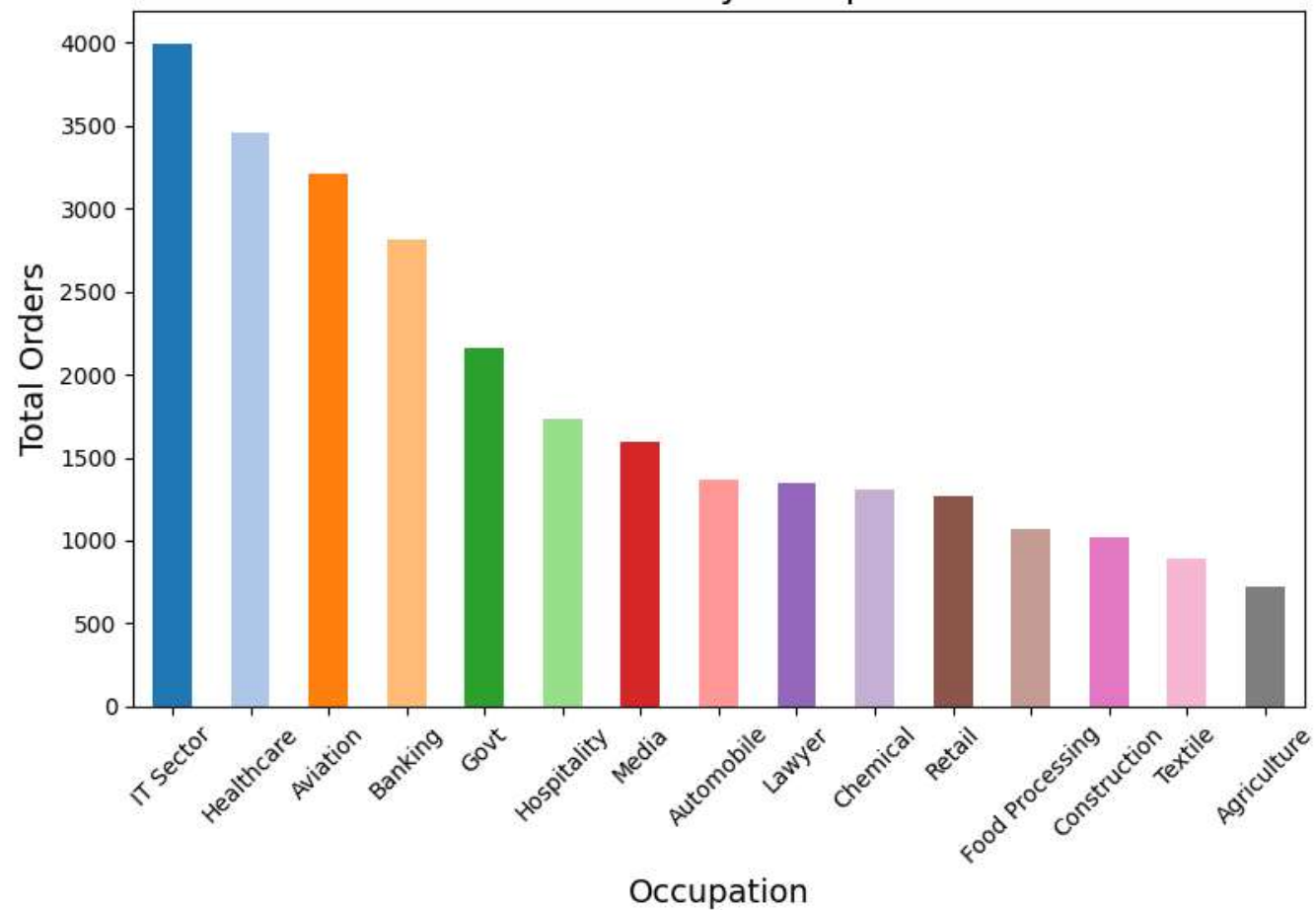


### Total Amount Spent by Zone

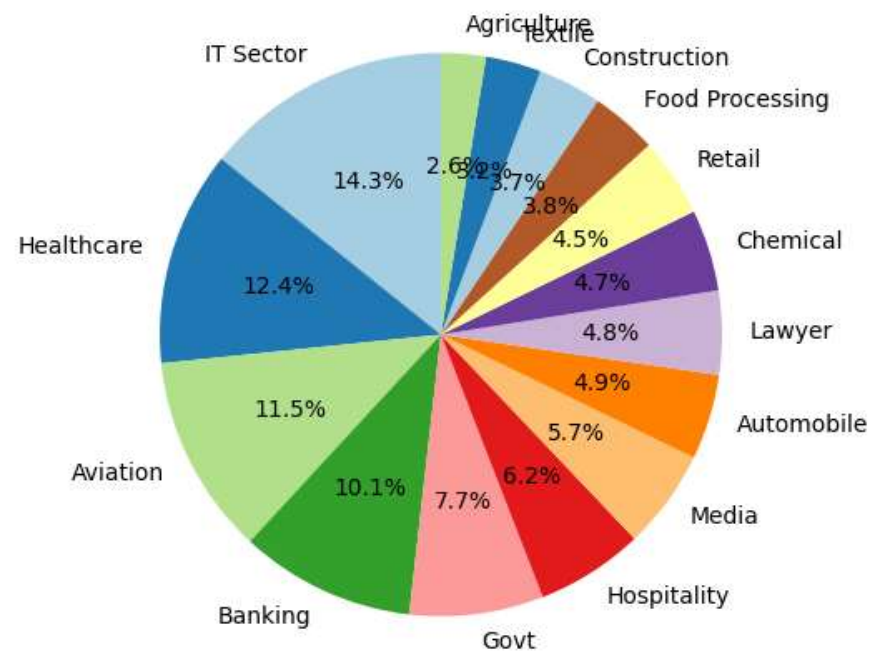




### Total Orders by Occupation

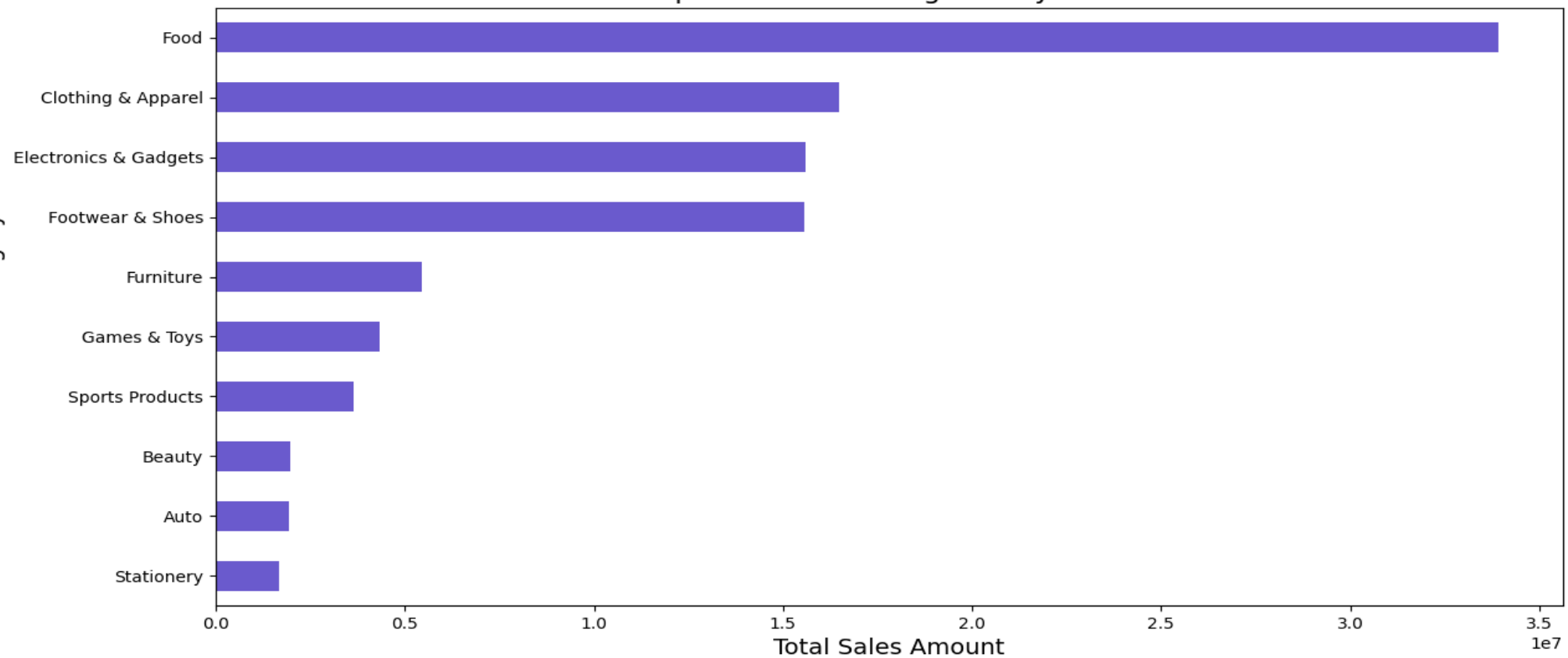


### Total Orders by Occupation (Pie Chart)





Top 10 Product Categories by Sales



## conclusion

---

with this data analysis business decisions for Diwali sales may tend to target marketing which focuses on females who are between 25 to 35 years old working in IT sector and belonging to central zone of the country .

Thank You