

# ***DAT-A-VENGERS***

- 1.Total credits give to every participants for whole game **75,000**.
- 2.On every click the credits for that feature will automatically deductued.So be patient after a click.

## **So lets get to the work !!**

Options you are getting:-

### **Null values**

- 1.Show columns that has null (CREDITS COST:-**1500**)
  - It will give you a list of total no. of columns with True(if there is a null element in the column) OR False(if the column is full).
- 2.Number Of Null in cols (CREDITS COST:-**300**)
  - You have to choose the column in which you want to check the total no. Of null elements
- 3.Number Of columns Having Null (CREDITS COST:-**800**)
  - This will give the total number of columns which have atleast one empty data.

## **NORMALIZATION**

Here you have to select a column name and normalistion way.

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (X - \bar{X})^2}{N}}$$

where  $S$  = the standard deviation of a sample,  
 $\Sigma$  means "sum of,"  
 $X$  = each value in the data set,  
 $\bar{X}$  = mean of all values in the data set,  
 $N$  = number of values in the data set.

### **1ST Way (CREDITS COST:-400)**

The every element( $x$ ) will be replaced by **( $x$  - Mean) / Deviation**.

Where Mean is the mean of the data of whole column.

Deviation is the standard deviation of the data.

### **2ND Way (CREDITS COST:-400)**

The every element( $x$ ) will be replaced by  $(x - \text{Mean})$

Where Mean is the mean of the data of whole column.

### **3RD Way (CREDITS COST:-400)**

The every element( $x$ ) will be replaced by  $x / \text{Deviation}$ .

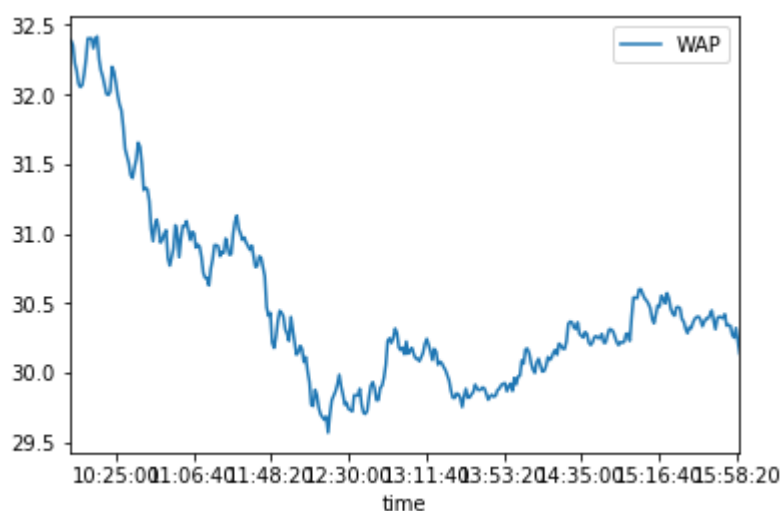
Where Deviation is the standard deviation of the data.

## **DATA VISUALIZATION**

Here you have to select a graph type and column name

### **LINE (CREDITS COST:-300)**

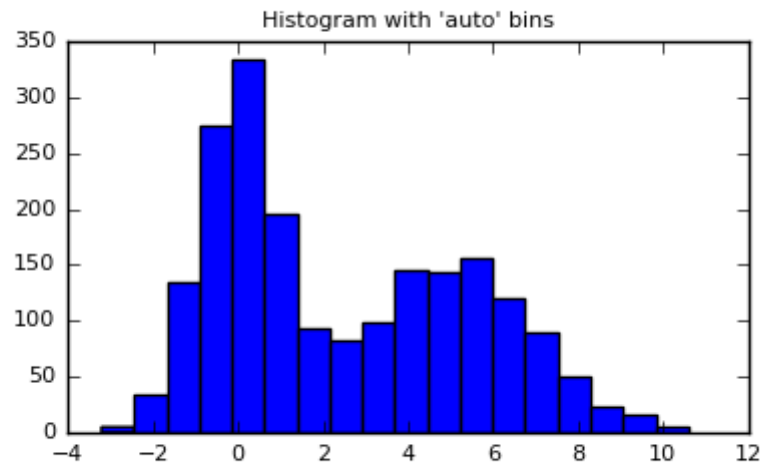
-you will get the graph of values of column vs entry number.



### **HISTOGRAM (CREDITS:-250)**

-it will give you the the graph between column entry and frequency.

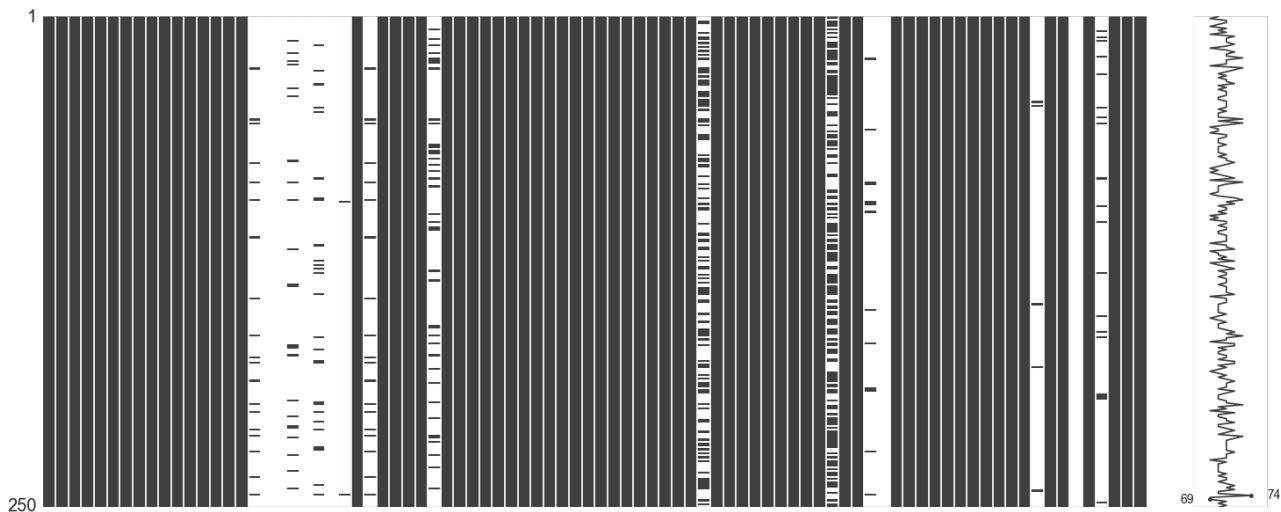
It would look like..



## MISSING NUMBER VISUALISATION

### Matrix (CREDITS:-600)

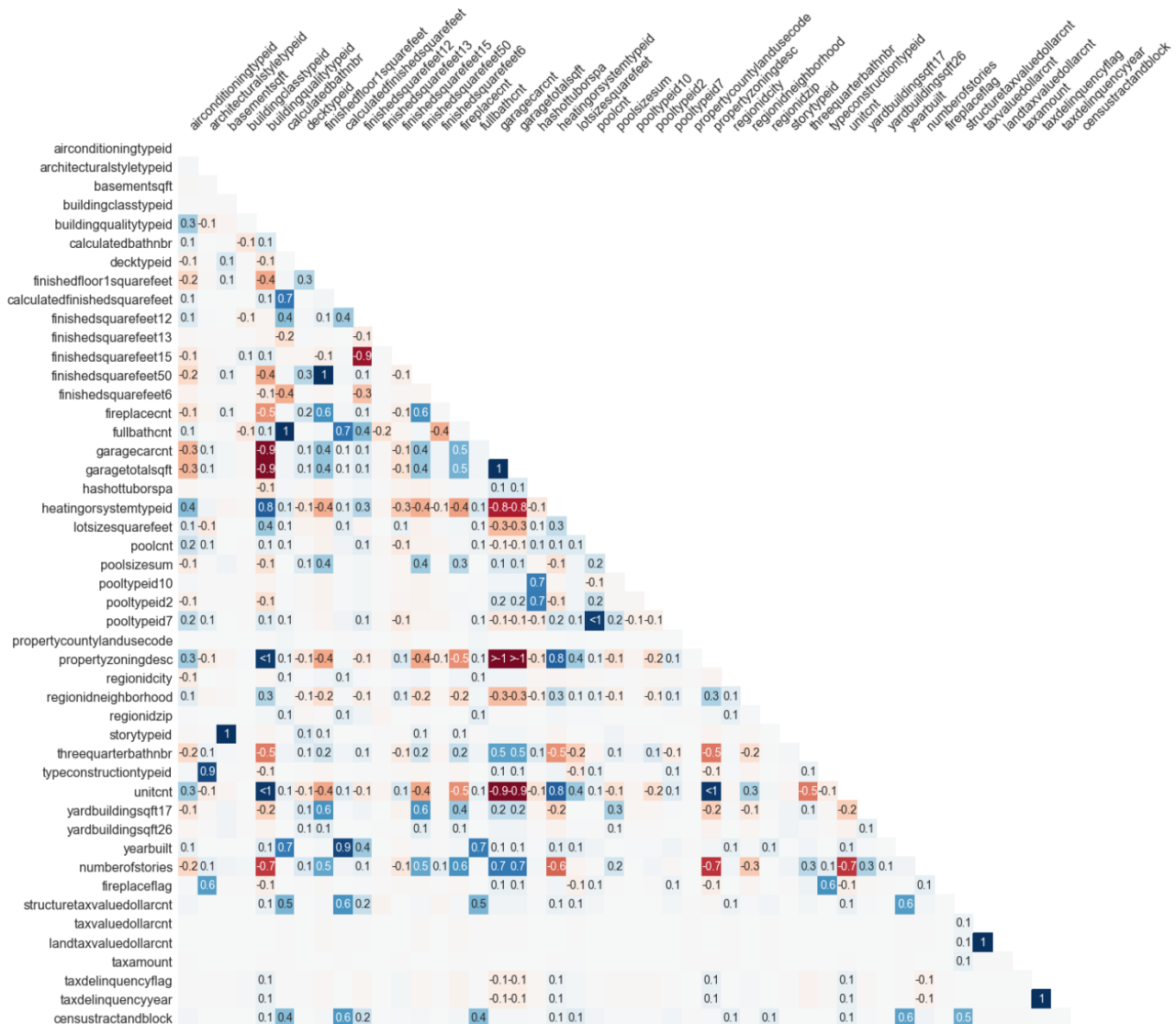
- The nullity matrix gives you a data-dense display which lets you quickly visually pick out the missing data patterns in the dataset.



### HEATMAP (CREDITS:-1000)

- This map describes the degree of nullity relationship between the different features. The range of this nullity correlation is from -1 to 1 ( $-1 \leq R \leq 1$ ). Features with no missing value are excluded in the *heatmap*. If the nullity correlation is very close to zero (-

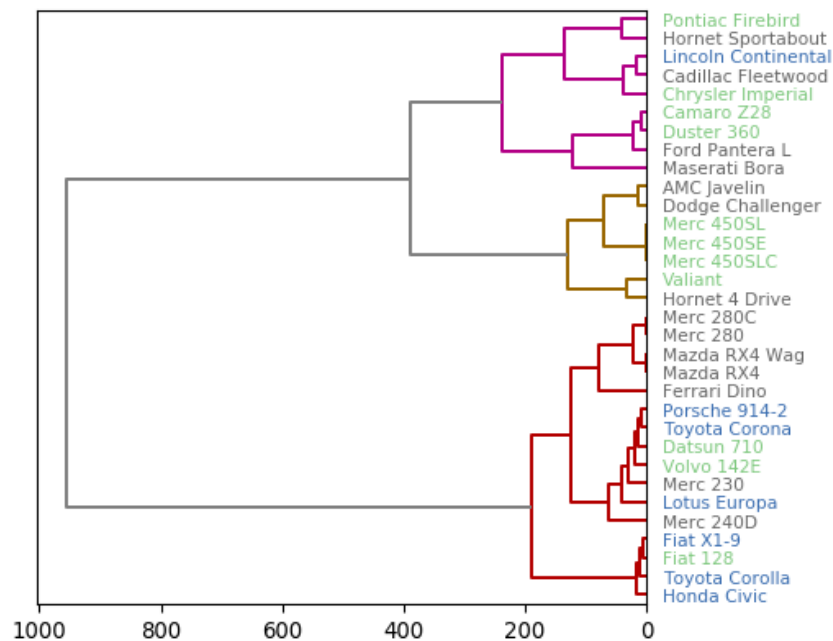
0.05 < R < 0.05), no value will be displayed. Also, a perfect positive nullity correlation (R=1) indicates when the first feature and the second feature both have corresponding missing values while a perfect negative nullity correlation (R=-1) means that one of the features is missing and the second is not missing.



## DENDROGRAM (CREDITS:-700)

-Its a hierarchical clustering analysis used to analyse the order of dependencies of partially filled columns

The sample graph wold look like the below.

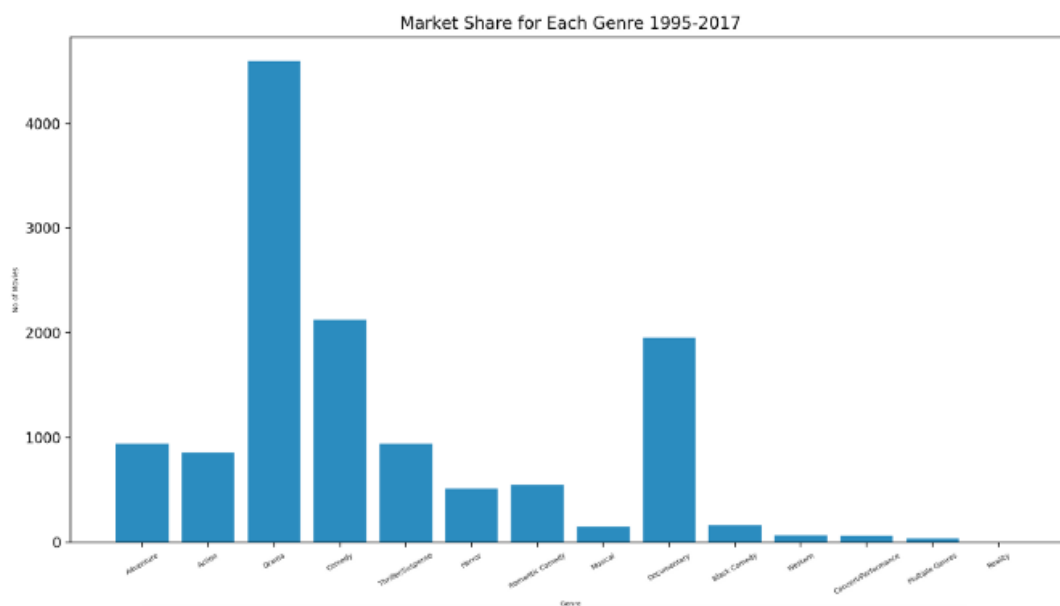


## BAR (CREDITS:-900)

-Its a bar graph of all the cols vs the fraction of non empty data in that col.



Figure 1



## FILL NULL VALUES

Here you have to select a column name and normalistion way.

## Mean (CREDITS:-300)

The every element(x) will be replaced by **Mean**  
Where Mean is the mean of the data of whole column.

### **Zero (CREDITS:-300)**

The null element will be replaced by **Zero**

### **Standard Deviation (CREDITS:-300)**

The every null element will be replaced by **Standard Deviation**.  
Where Deviation is the standard deviation of the data.

### **LINEAR REGRESSION (CREDITS:-5 per row and after 3 linear regression 3000 per call)**

- Here your model will be trained and then everytime you have to pick the no of data you want (one row is one data).

### **DROP COLUMN (CREDITS:-700)**

- It drops the column from the dataset. It helps to remove the useless data to get more accurate answer.

### **CHECKPOINT (CREDITS:-2000)**

- Whenever you clicks on checkpoint it stores your current situation and deduct the credit.

### **REVERT (CREDITS:-500)**

- It takes you back to your position of your checkpoint.

### **TEST ACCURACY (Only be used thrice in a event no credits)**

- It gives the accuracy of your model on our test set (test data).

