

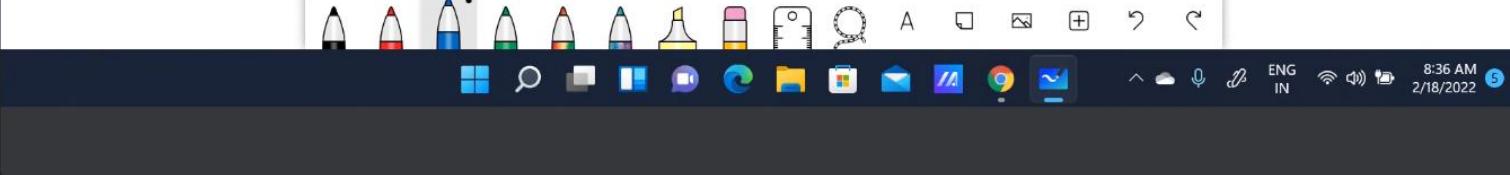


Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

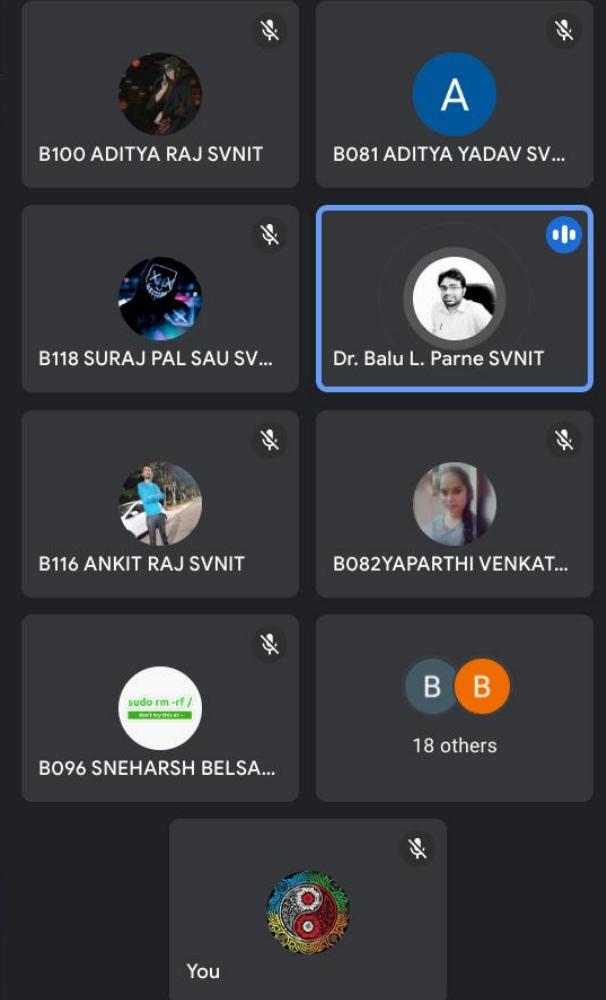
Microsoft Whiteboard

→ An expression which represent the regular language is called as regular expression.

$\rightarrow //$   
 $\rightarrow | * - - -$   
           $- - - * |$



8:36 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...





Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

U  
ε  
0001  
↑  
 $\{0, 1\}$   
 $\{\epsilon, 1, 11, 111, \dots\}$  k occurrence of ↑ k ≥ 0



8:38 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT  
B081 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT  
B118 SURAJ PAL SAU SVNIT  
B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT  
BO82YAPARTHI VENKAT...  
BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...  
You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

0  
ε  
0001  
1\*  
 $(0001) \cdot 1^*$

q\*  
 $\{ \epsilon \}$   
 $\{ 0, 01 \}$   
 $\{ \epsilon, 1, 11, 111, \dots \}$  k occurrence of 1  $k \geq 0$   
 $\{ 0, 01, 011, 0111, \dots \}$

8:39 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



Microsoft Whiteboard

B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT

A

B081 ADITYA YADAV SV...

B118 SURAJ PAL SAU SV...

Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT

B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT

B082 YAPARTHI VENKAT...

B096 SNEHARSH BELSA...

B B

24 others

You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

of strings in an algebraic fashion.

R is said to be a regular expression (RE) if R has one of the following forms :-

Regular Expression  
(R)



8:41 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



The video call interface displays a grid of participant thumbnails. In the top row, there are two thumbnails: 'B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT' and 'B081 ADITYA YADAV SV...'. In the second row, there are three thumbnails: '#CAMPUSUG', 'B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT', and 'Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT', which is highlighted with a blue border. In the third row, there are two thumbnails: 'B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT' and 'B082 YAPARTHI VENKAT...'. In the bottom row, there are two thumbnails: 'BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...' and 'B'. The whiteboard view shows handwritten text in blue ink: 'of strings in an algebraic fashion.' and 'R is said to be a regular expression (RE) if R has one of the following forms :-'. Below this, the title 'Regular Expression (R)' is written in a larger, bold font. The whiteboard also features a toolbar at the bottom with various drawing tools and a color palette.



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Regular Expression

(R)

$\emptyset$

Language  
 $L(R)$

{ }  
}

The language does not  
contain any string



8:42 AM 2/18/2022

8:42 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



A video grid interface showing nine participants in a video conference. The participants are arranged in three rows of three. Each participant has a circular profile picture, a microphone icon, and a video camera icon. The participants are identified by their names and student IDs:

- Row 1: B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT, A081 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT, Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- Row 2: #CAMPUSUG, B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT, B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT
- Row 3: #CAMPUSUG, B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT, BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA... (highlighted with a blue border), 25 others

At the bottom of the video grid, there is a participant labeled "You" with a colorful circular profile picture.



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Regular Expression  
(R)

$\emptyset$

$\epsilon$

Language  
 $L(R)$

$\{\}$  → The language does not contain any string

$\{\epsilon\}$  → The language which contains empty string  $\epsilon$ .

$\emptyset, \epsilon, \alpha \in \Sigma$



B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT

B081 ADITYA YADAV SV...

#CAMPUSUG

B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT

Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT

B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT

B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT

sudo rm -rf /

BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...

26 others

You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

(R)

L(R)

φ

{ } → The language does not contain any string

ε

{ε} → The language which contains an empty string ε.

α

{α}

α ∈ Σ

Union of two regular expression  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  is regular E.



8:44 AM 2/18/2022

8:44 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



Microsoft Whiteboard

B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT

A

B081 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT

B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT

Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT

B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT

B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT

BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...

B

29 others

You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

c

L

contains empty string  $\epsilon$ .

a

{a}

$a \in \Sigma$

Union of two regular expression  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  is regular E.

$R_1 \cup R_2$

$L(R_1) \cup L(R_2)$   
{a+b}

a ∪ b



ENG IN 8:45 AM 2/18/2022

8:45 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT

A

B081 ADITYA YADAV SV...



B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT



B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT



B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT



B096 SNEHARSH BELSA...



30 others



You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Union of two regular expression  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  is regular.

$R_1 \cup R_2$

$L(R_1) \cup L(R_2)$   
 $\{a+b\}$

$a \cup b$

Concatenation of two R.E.  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  is a regular Expression

$R_1 \cdot R_2$

$L(R_1) \cdot L(R_2)$



ENG IN 8:46 AM 2/18/2022

8:46 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



Microsoft Teams participant grid showing 10 participants:

- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- B081 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT
- B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...
- You (highlighted with a blue border)
- 31 others



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Union of two regular expression  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  is regular L.

$R_1 \cup R_2$

$L(R_1) \cup L(R_2)$

$a \cup b$

$\{a \cup b\}$

Concatenation of two R.E.  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  is a regular Expression

$R_1 \cdot R_2$

$L(R_1) \cdot L(R_2)$

$a \cdot b$

$\{ab\}$

Closure of R.E. R written as  $R^*$



8:46 AM 2/18/2022

8:46 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



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The video conference grid displays nine participant icons and one 'You' icon. The participants are arranged in three rows of three. The first row contains icons for B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT, BO86 Rajan, SVNIT, and Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (which is highlighted with a blue border). The second row contains icons for B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT, B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT, and BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT. The third row contains icons for BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA... and 32 others. The 'You' icon is located at the bottom center of the grid.



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

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$K_1 \cdot K_2$

$a \cdot b$

$\dots \cdot a \cdot b \cdot \dots$

{ab}

Closure of R.E. R written as  $R^*$  is also a R.E.

$R = q$

$R^* = \{ \epsilon, q, qq, qqq, \dots \}$

/



ENG IN 8:47 AM 2/18/2022

8:47 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



The video grid displays nine participant thumbnails, each with a name and a small profile picture. The participants are:

- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT
- BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA... (with a green circular overlay showing 'sudo rm -rf /')
- 32 others
- You (with a decorative background image)



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

IF  $L$  is a language represented by the regular expression  $R$   
then the kleen closure of  $L$  is denoted as  $L^*$  and is

given as

$$L^* = \bigcup_{i=0}^{\infty} L^i$$



ENG IN 8:48 AM 2/18/2022

8:48 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



41

The video grid displays nine participants and one 'You' participant. The participants are arranged in three rows of three. The first row contains B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT and B086 Rajan, SVNIT. The second row contains B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT and Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border). The third row contains B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT and B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT. The 'You' participant is shown in the bottom right corner.



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

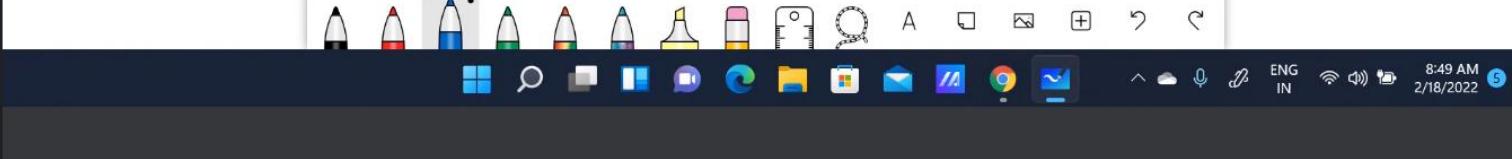
Microsoft Whiteboard

Given as

$$L^* = \bigcup_{i=0}^{\infty} L^i$$

The Positive closure of  $L$ , denoted as  $L^+$

$$L^+ = \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} L^i$$



8:49 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...





Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

$$L^+ = \bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} L^i$$

$(R)^*$

⇒ Regular expression over  $\Sigma$  is precisely those obtained recursively by the application of the above rules once or several times.





Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

recursively by the application of the above rule once or several times.

⇒ Algebraic expression always represents numeric values.  $\therefore R = (0+1) \cdot 0 = 0$

Regular expression always represents Regular Language.

$$R = (0+1) \cdot 0 = \{00, 10\}$$





Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

=> Algebraic expression always represents numeric values.  
 $\therefore R = (0+1) \cdot 0 = 0$

Regular expression always represents Regular Language.

$$R = (0+1) \cdot 0 = \{00, 10\}$$

→ For every regular expression  $R$  there is a unique language  $L(R)$  corresponding it.



ENG IN 8:54 AM 2/18/2022

8:54 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



The video conference interface shows a grid of 10 participant thumbnails and one 'You' icon. The participants are:

- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT
- BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA... (with a green status bar)
- 35 others
- You (with a decorative background image)



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Vq1aer-

$$\therefore R = (0+1) \cdot 0 = \Sigma$$

Regular expression always represents Regular Language

$$R = (0+1) \cdot 0 = \{00, 10\}$$

→ For every regular expression  $R$  there is a unique language  $L(R)$  corresponding to it. However, the converse is not true.



8:55 AM 2/18/2022

The video call interface shows a Microsoft Whiteboard window on the left and a grid of participant thumbnails on the right. The thumbnails include:

- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT
- BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...
- You (with a decorative background image)

At the bottom of the video call interface, there are additional controls and a timestamp of 8:55 AM.



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

For every regular expression  $R$  there is a unique language  $L(R)$  corresponding to it. However, the converse is not true.

⇒ Precedence of the operators / symbols }

( ) → Highest

\*

.

U



ENG IN 8:56 AM 2/18/2022

8:56 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...





Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Language

{ w | w has a single 1 }  
0 0 0 / 0 0 0

{ w | w has atmost 9 single  
1 }

Regular Expression

$$0^* 1 0^*$$



9:00 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:...



B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT



BO86 Rajan, SVNIT



B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT



B116 ANKIT RAJ SVNIT



BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT



BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...



35 others



You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

L 000/000

{ w / w has atmost, a single  
1 }  
either only one  
or no one {  
w / |w| is divisible by 3 }

c 1 0

$$0^* + 0^* 1 0^*$$

(0+1) (0+1) (0+1)





Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

{ there is only one  
or no one }  
or  $|w|$  is divisible by 3 }

{  $w$  has a 1 at every  
odd position and  $|w|$  is odd }

$$\left( \underbrace{(0+1)}_{\text{one}}, \underbrace{(0+1)}_{\text{one}}, \underbrace{(0+1)}_{\text{one}} \right)^*$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \left( \underbrace{(0+1)}_{\text{one}}, \frac{1}{r} \right)^*$$





Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard



closure :-  
The R.E. satisfy with closure property with  
respect to union and concatenation.

If  $R_1, R_2$  be the two regular expression then  
both  $R_1 \cup R_2$  and  $R_1 R_2$  are also a regular expression



Hand cursor icon



Pencil icon



Eraser icon



Crayon icon



Marker icon



Highlighter icon



Scissors icon



Eraser icon



Image icon



Plus icon



Left arrow icon



Right arrow icon



Cloud icon



Microphone icon



Speaker icon



Battery icon



Signal icon



Clock icon



Battery icon



Clock icon



Battery icon



Clock icon

9:07 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



You



BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...



B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT



BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT



BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...



33 others



You



BO81 ADITYA YADAV SV...



BO86 Rajan, SVNIT



B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT



BO100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT



BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT



BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...



33 others



You



BO81 ADITYA YADAV SV...



BO86 Rajan, SVNIT



B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT



BO100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT



BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT



BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...



33 others



You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

The R.E. satisfy the associative property w.r.t to union and concatenation.

$$R_1 + (R_2 + R_3) = (R_1 + R_2) + R_3$$

$$(R_1 + R_2) + R_3 = R_1 + (R_2 + R_3)$$

$$R_1 \cdot (R_2 \cdot R_3) = (R_1 \cdot R_2) \cdot R_3$$

$$(R_1 \cdot R_2) \cdot R_3 = (R_1 \cdot R_2) (R_2 \cdot R_3)$$



A video conference interface showing a grid of participants. The participants are identified by their names and student IDs:

- BO81 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...
- 35 others
- You (with a decorative profile picture)



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

$$(R_1 \cdot R_2) \cdot R_3 = (R_1 R_3) (R_2 R_3)$$

Identity:

$$R + n = R$$

$$R \cdot n = R$$

$$R + n = R \Leftrightarrow n = \phi$$



A video conference interface showing a list of participants and a shared whiteboard. The whiteboard displays handwritten mathematical identities. The participant list includes:

- A (BO81 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT)
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...
- 33 others
- You (with a decorative background image)



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Annihilator :

$R + n = n$   $\therefore$  then  $n$  is an Annihilator

$R \cdot n = n$

$R + n = n \iff n = ?$  No Annihilator with respect  
to "+".



9:12 AM 2/18/2022

9:12 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



A

BO81 ADITYA YADAV SV...

BO86 Rajan, SVNIT

B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT

Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT

B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT

B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT

BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...

34 others

You



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

$R + n = n$  & then  $n$  is an Annihilator  
 $R \cdot n = n$   
 $R + n = n \iff n = ?$  No Annihilator with respect  
to '+'.  
 $R \cdot n = n \iff n = \phi$   $\phi$  is an Annihilator w.r.t  
concatenation.

A

BO81 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT

BO86 Rajan, SVNIT

B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT

Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT

B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT

BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT

BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...

34 others

You

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9:13 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...

Microphone icon

CC icon

Hand icon

Upload icon

More options icon

Red phone icon

Information icon

Profile icon

Comment icon

Upvote icon



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Commutative :

Regular expression are commutative w.r.t to Union  
but not with respect to Concatenation .

$$\gamma_1 + \gamma_2 = \gamma_2 + \gamma_1$$

$$\gamma_1 \cdot \gamma_2 \neq \gamma_2 \cdot \gamma_1$$



A video conference interface showing participants in a grid. The participants include:

- BO81 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- B095 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...
- 35 others
- You (with a decorative background image)

The whiteboard area contains handwritten notes about regular expression properties.

Meet - Div-B | CS208 | AFL

meet.google.com/mgm-znko-mhc?pli=1&authuser=2

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Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

The regular expression satisfies the distributive property wrt to concatenation and they Union.

$(R_1 + R_2) \cdot R_3 = R_1 R_3 + R_2 R_3 \rightarrow$  Right distributive

$R_1 \cdot (R_2 + R_3) = R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_3 \rightarrow$  Left distributive

Regular expression are not distributive wrt TO Union and they concatenation.

9:17 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...

9:17 AM 9:17 AM 2/18/2022

BP

A B081 ADITYA YAD... B086 Rajan, SVNIT B109 CH ADITHY...

Dr. Balu L. Parne ... B100 ADITYA RAJ... B095 AARTI OTA...

B096 SNEHARSH ... 35 others You

44



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

$$R_1 \cdot (R_2 + R_3) = R_1 R_2 + R_1 R_3 \rightarrow \text{True}$$

Regular expression are not distributive wrt to Union and they concatenation.

$$(R_1 \cdot R_2) + R_3 \neq (R_1 + R_3) \cdot (R_2 + R_3)$$

$$R_1 + (R_2 \cdot R_3) \neq (R_1 + R_2) \cdot (R_1 + R_3)$$



A video conference interface showing a grid of participants. The participants are identified by their names and student IDs:

- A (BO81 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT)
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA... (with a green circular overlay)
- You (with a colorful circular overlay)
- 35 others



Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Idemotent :-

Regular expression satisfies the idempotent property w.r.t union but not w.r.t to concatenation.

$$R + R = R$$

$$R \cdot R \neq R$$



ENG IN 9:20 AM 2/18/2022

9:20 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...



The screenshot shows a video conference interface with a whiteboard on the left and participant thumbnails on the right. The whiteboard contains handwritten notes about regular expression properties. The participant list includes:

- A (BO81 ADITYA YADAV SVNIT)
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...
- 34 others
- You (with a decorative profile picture)

At the bottom of the participant list, there is a message from a participant named "sudo rm -rf /" with the text "Don't try this at home".



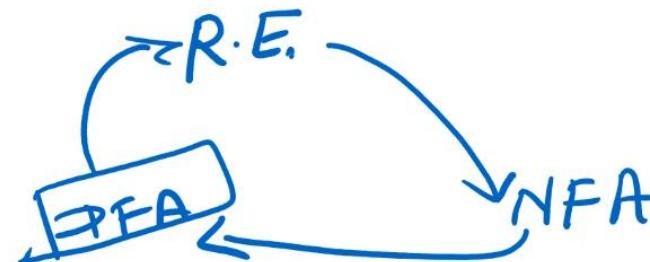
Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

Property w.r.t to union but not concatenation.

$$R + R = R$$

$$R \cdot R \neq R$$



The video conference interface displays a grid of participant thumbnails. The participants listed are:

- B097 GUNJAN SHINDE
- BO86 Rajan, SVNIT
- B109 CH ADITHYA SVNIT
- Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT (highlighted with a blue border)
- B100 ADITYA RAJ SVNIT
- BO95 AARTI OTARI SVNIT
- BO96 SNEHARSH BELSA...
- You (with a decorative background image)
- 35 others

Meet - Div-B | CS208 | AFL

meet.google.com/mgm-znko-mhc?pli=1&authuser=2

Dr. Balu L. Parne SVNIT is presenting

Microsoft Whiteboard

100  
17th march

Mid Sem → 30  
End Sem → 50

Internal Assessment → 20

Tutorial → 25

Attendance  
Quiz  
Assignments

125

100

BO97 GUNJAN S...  
BO86 Rajan, SVNIT  
Dr. Balu L. Parne ...  
BO98 Neelagiri Vi...  
BO95 AARTI OTA...  
BO96 SNEHARSH ...  
B109 CH ADITHY...  
34 others  
You

9:26 AM | Div-B | CS208 | AFL Theory Class | 18.02.2022 @8:3...

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