# **ASSIGNMENT REPORT**

Musical Chairs

24.02.2020 OPERATING SYSTEMS

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#### PLAGIARISM STATEMENT

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Date: 25 -Feb - 2020

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#### **PROBLEM**

The school arranges n-1 chairs at random places in the ground. n players will be standing in the ground at random places. The game iterates n-1 times. In each of the ith lap, the umpire starts lap by ensuring that all players are ready. Once all players are ready the umpire starts the game by starting music. Each of the players keeps running around in the ground until the music plays. When music is stopped by the umpire, each of the players quickly chooses a chair to occupy it. But if the chair is already occupied, the player steps back and chooses another free chair, and so on. One player will not get any chair as there is one less chair, so this player is out of the game. The umpire stops the lap by ensuring that one player is knocked out, all other players are up from the chairs and a chair is removed from the game to start the next lap.

Write a program to mimic this game by creating one thread for the umpire and one thread for each of n players. The umpire thread works with all the player threads in lockstep synchronization. Each iteration, one player thread exits. The main thread waits for umpire thread and the n players to join back and declares who has won the game.

### **APPROACH**

We used std::mutex, std::unique\_lock, std::conditional variable for synchronization. And std::thread for thread creation. The umpire thread works with all the player threads in lockstep synchronization.

#### WORKING

We create one umpire thread and 'n' player threads. Each player thread executes player\_main function and umpire executes umpire\_main function. Umpire takes the input commands and signals the players accordingly. Player\_main has a while loop that all player threads execute. Umpire starts the lap by ensuring all the players are ready, then players start running as the music plays. When music\_stop command is given, the umpire signals all the players to start acquiring chairs by setting the global variable 'i' to 1 and umpire waits in the condition variable 'music'. All player threads acquire chairs

and wait in the conditional variable 'laps'. The last thread that could not acquire chair, prints the result of the lap, updates the running player count, notifies the umpire waiting on the condition variable, and then breaks out of the while loop and terminates. In this manner, umpire ensures that one player is kicked out and restores the variable 'i' to 0 so that other players don't try to acquire chairs. Now, umpire stops the lap and notifies all the player threads for the next lap. This happens till all but one player thread is left. When umpire\_sleep <sleeptime> is taken as input, the umpire sleeps for the specified time. For player\_sleep input, we maintain a global array with size as the number of players that contains the sleep time corresponding to each player indexed with the respective player id (plid). When umpire reads player\_sleep, it populates this array with specified sleep time. Each player before starting lap checks this array and sleeps for the respective time in the array. After waking up, it puts zero in its position of the array and starts execution.

### DATA

INPUT TYPE	NUMBER OF PLAYER THREADS	UMPIRE SLEEP	PLAYER SLEEP	TIME TAKEN(us)
Input rand fast	500	no	no	4364960
Input rand	4	yes	no	1001596
Input player sleep	4	no	yes	11084
Input all	7	yes	yes	2009483

#### TEST CASES

1

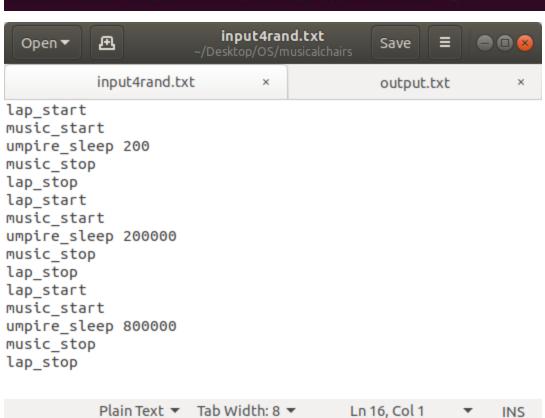
```
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572: ~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572: ~\S cd Desktop/OS/musicalchairs/
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572: ~\Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$ g++ uncharted.cpp -pth
read -o musicalchairs
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572: ~\Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$ ./musicalchairs --np 5
00 < input500randfast.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572: ~\Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$ ./musicalchairs --np 5
00 < input500randfast.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572: ~\Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$ ./musicalchairs --np 5
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572: ~\Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$ ./musicalchairs --np 5
```

```
output.txt
 Open ▼
Musical Chairs: 500 player game with 499 laps.
====== lap# 1 ======
499 could not get chair
********
====== lap# 2 ======
481 could not get chair
*********
====== lap# 3 ======
473 could not get chair
*******
.....
====== lap# 497 ======
78 could not get chair
********
====== lap# 498 ======
171 could not get chair
*******
====== lap# 499 ======
225 could not get chair
*************
Winner is 417
Time taken for the game: 4364960 us
                                               Plain Text ▼ Tab Width: 8 ▼
```

krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$ ./musicalchairs --np 4
 < input4rand.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$ ./musicalchairs --np 4
 < input4rand.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs\$

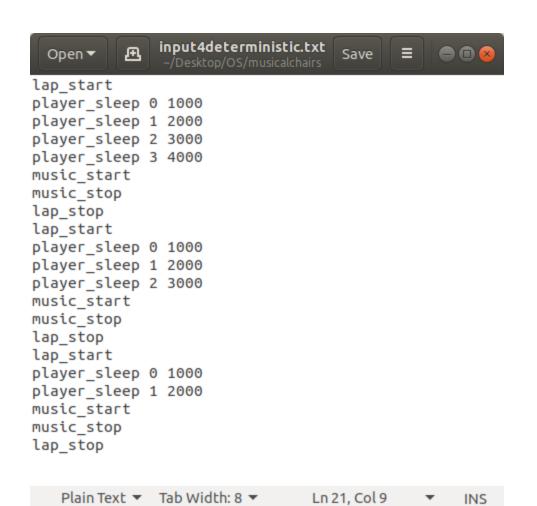




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3

```
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs$ ./musicalchairs --np 4
< input4deterministic.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs$ ./musicalchairs --np 4
< input4deterministic.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs$ [
```

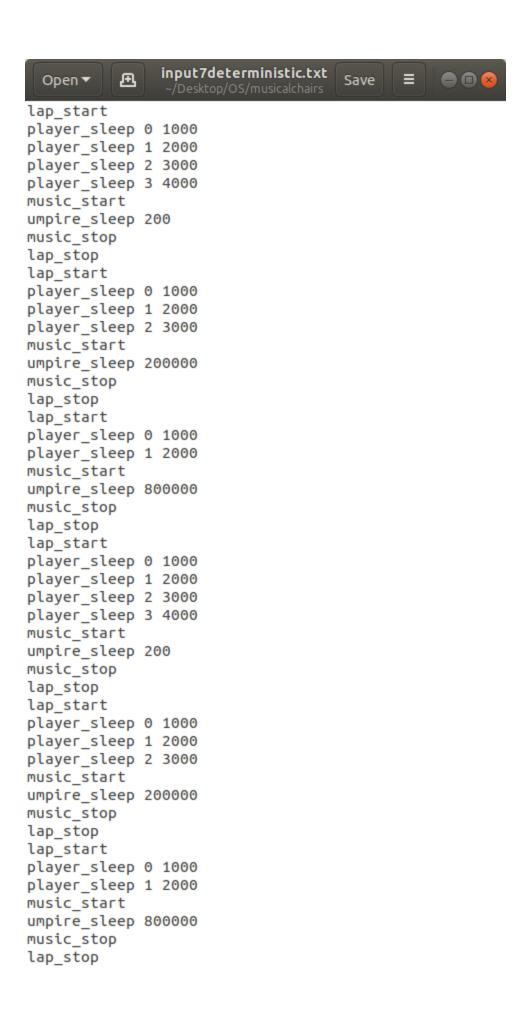


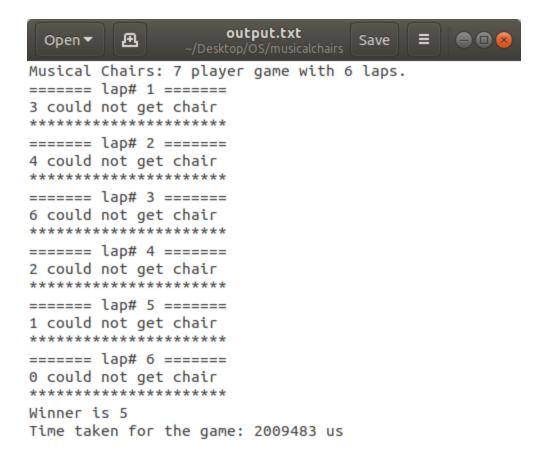


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4

```
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs$ ./musicalchairs --np 7
  < input7deterministic.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs$ ./musicalchairs --np 7
  < input7deterministic.txt > output.txt
krishna@krishna-Inspiron-7572:~/Desktop/OS/musicalchairs$
```





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### **OBSERVATIONS**

- 1. With no sleep commands, the program runs normally and the winner is non-deterministic.
- 2. When umpire sleeps, the players get no signal so, keep running (or waiting). It just delays the program.
- 3. When players sleep, the umpire does not wait for all threads to be ready for executing music\_start instruction because umpire only does synchronization and waits for all players to be ready when lap\_start is called, not during music\_start.
- 4. So, in a lap, when music\_start is called, it just signals the players irrespective of whether they are sleeping.
- 5. But again, umpire synchronizes all players when lap\_stop is called.

6.	However, in the 3rd test case above, the order is deterministic since, in each particular lap, the thread with larger id waits for a longer time than the others.