

1.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
struct node
```

```
{
```

```
    int data;
```

```
    struct node* left;
```

```
    struct node* right;
```

```
};
```

```
struct node* new Node (int data)
```

```
{
```

```
    struct node* node = (struct node*)
```

```
        malloc (size of (struct node));
```

```
    node->data = data;
```

```
    node->left = NULL;
```

```
    node->right = NULL;
```

```
    return(node);
```

```
}
```

```
void print Post order (struct node* node)
```

```
{
```

```
    if (node == NULL)
```

```
        return;
```

```
    print Post order(node->left);
```

```
    print Post order(node->right);
```

```
    print f ("%d ", node->data);
```

```
}
```

```
void print In order (struct node* node)
```

```

{
    if (node == NULL)
        return;
    print In order(node->left);
    print f ("%d ", node->data);
    print In order(node->right);
}

void print Pre order (struct node* node)
{
    if (node == NULL)
        return;
    print f ("%d ", node->data);
    print Pre order(node->left);
    print Pre order(node->right);
}

int main ()
{
    struct node * root  = new Node (0);
    root->left          = new Node (2);
    root->right          = new Node (5);
    root->left->left      = new Node (7);
    root->left->right     = new Node (9);

    print f("\n Pre order traversal of binary tree is \n");
    print Pre order (root);

    print f("\n In order traversal of binary tree is \n");
    print In order(root);
}

```

```

    print f("\n Post order traversal of binary tree is \n");

    print Post order(root);

    return 0;
}

```

Output :-

Pre order traversal of binary tree is

0 2 7 9 5

In order traversal of binary tree is

7 2 9 0 5

Post order traversal of binary tree is

7 9 2 5 0

..... program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.

2.

```

#include<stdio.h>

```

```

#include<stdlib.h>

```

```

struct node

```

```

{

```

```

    int key;

```

```

    struct node *left, *right;

```

```

};

```

```

struct node *new Node (int item)

```

```

{

```

```

    struct node *temp = (struct node *)malloc (size of(struct node));

```

```

    temp->key = item;

```

```

    temp->left = temp->right = NULL;

```

```

    return temp;
}

void in_order (struct node *root)
{
    if (root != NULL)
    {
        In_order(root->left);

        Print f("%d \n", root->key);

        In_order(root->right);
    }
}

struct node* insert (struct node* node, int key)
{
    if (node == NULL) return new Node(key);

    if (key < node->key)
        node->left = insert(node->left, key);

    else if (key > node->key)
        node->right = insert(node->right, key);

    return node;
}

int main ()
{
    struct node *root = NULL;

    root = insert (root, 10);

    insert (root, 20);

    insert (root, 30);

    insert (root, 50);

```

```

insert (root, 70);

insert (root, 80);

insert (root, 100);

in order(root);

return 0;

}

```

Output :-

```

10
20
30
50
70
80
100

```

... Program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.

3.

```

#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

int a[20][20],reach[20],n;

void dfs(int v) {

    int i;

    reach[v]=1;

    for (i=1;i<=n;i++)

        if(a[v][i] && !reach[i]) {

            print f("\n %d->%d",v,i);

            dfs(i);

```

```

    }
}

void main() {
    int i, j, count=0;

    print f("\n Enter number of vertices:");

    scan f("%d",&n);

    for (i=1;i<=n;i++) {
        reach[i]=0;

        for (j=1;j<=n;j++)

            a[i][j]=0;

    }

    Print f("\n Enter the adjacency matrix:\n");

    for (i=1;i<=n;i++)

        for (j=1;j<=n;j++)

            scan f("%d",&a[i][j]);

    dfs (1);

    print f("\n");

    for (i=1;i<=n ;i++) {

        if(reach[i])

            count++;

    }

    if(count==n)

        print f("\n matrix is connected");

    else

        print f("\n matrix is not connected");

    getch();
}

```

Enter number of vertices : 2

Enter the adjacency matrix :

1

1

1

0

1->2

Matrix is connected

.... Program finished with exit code 255

Press ENTER to exit console.

4.

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<conio.h>
```

```
int a[20][20],q[20],visited[20],n,i,j,f=0,r=-1;
```

```
void bfs(int v) {
```

```
    for (i=1;i<=n;i++)
```

```
        if(a[v][i] && !visited[i])
```

```
            q[++r]=i;
```

```
    if(f<=r) {
```

```
        visited[q[f]]=1;
```

```
        bfs(q[f++]);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
void main() {
```

```
    int v;
```

```
    printf("\n Enter the number of vertices:");
```

```

scanf("%d",&n);

for (i=1;i<=n;i++) {

    q[i]=0;

    visited[i]=0;

}

printf("\n Enter graph data in matrix form:\n");

for (i=1;i<=n;i++)

    for (j=1;j<=n;j++)

        scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);

printf("\n Enter the starting vertex:");

scanf("%d",&v);

bfs(v);

printf("\n The node which are reachable are:\n");

for (i=1;i<=n;i++)

    if(visited[i])

        printf("%d\t",i); else

        printf("\n Bfs is not possible");

getch();

}

```

Output:-

Enter the number of vertices : 3

Enter graph data is matrix form :

1

0

0

0

1

0

0

0

1

Enter the starting vertex:2

The node which are reasonable are:

Nfs is not possible2

Nfs is not possible

... program finished with exit code 255

Press ENTER to exit console.

5.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int array[100], search, i, n;
```

```
    printf("Enter number of elements in array\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    printf("Enter %d integers\n",n);
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        scanf("%d", &array[i]);
```

```
    printf("Enter a number to search\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &search);
```

```
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    if (array[i] == search)
    {
        printf("%d is found in the array %d.\n", i+1);
        break;
    }
}
if (i == n)
    printf("%d is not found in the array.\n");

return 0;
}
```

Output:-

Main.c:21:41: warning : format '%d' expects a matching 'int' argument [-Wformat=]

Main.c:26:14: warning : format '%d' expects a matching 'int' argument [-Wformat=]

Enter number of elements in array

4

Enter 4 integers 1

2

3

4

Enter a number to search

2

2 is found in the array 2.

... program finished with exit code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.

6.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i,first,last,middle,n,search,array[100];
```

```
    printf("Enter the number of elements\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    printf("Enter %d elements\n", n);
```

```
    for ( i= 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
        scanf("%d", &array[i]);
```

```
    printf("Enter the element to search\n");
```

```
    scanf("%d", &search);
```

```
    first = 0;
```

```
    last = n - 1;
```

```
    middle = (first+last)/2;
```

```
    while (first <= last) {
```

```
        if (array[middle] < search)
```

```
            first = middle + 1;
```

```
        else if (array[middle] == search) {
```

```
    printf("%d is found in the array %d.\n", middle+1);  
    break;  
}  
else  
    last = middle - 1;  
  
    middle = (first + last)/2;  
}  
if (first > last)  
    printf("%d is not found in the array.\n", search);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

Output:-

Main.c:25:41:warning: format '%d' expects a matching 'int' argument [-wformat=]

Enter the number of elements

4

Enter 4 elements

1

2

3

4

Enter the element to search

4

4 is found in the array 4.

... program finished with code 0

Press ENTER to exit console.