Valid Anagram in C++ #include <iostream> #include <string> #include <unordered_map> class ValidAnagrams { public: static bool sol(const std::string& s1, const std::string& s2) { std::unordered_map<char, int> map; for (char ch:s1) { map[ch]++; for (char ch: s2) { if (map.find(ch) == map.end()) { return false; $}$ else if (map[ch] == 1) { map.erase(ch); } else { map[ch]--; return map.empty(); **}**; int main() { std::string s1 = "abbcaad"; std::string s2 = "babacda";

std::cout << (ValidAnagrams::sol(s1, s2)? "true":

"false") << std::endl; return 0;

Dry Run Table for ValidAnagrams::sol(s1,

Input:

```
s1 = "abbcaad";
s2 = "babacda";
```

Step 1: Build Character Frequency Map (s1)

Iteration	Character (ch)	map[ch] (Updated)	map State
0	'a'	1	{ 'a': 1 }
1	'b'	1	{ 'a': 1, 'b': 1 }
2	'b'	2	{ 'a': 1, 'b': 2 }
3	'c'	1	{ 'a': 1, 'b': 2, 'c': 1 }
4	'a'	2	{ 'a': 2, 'b': 2, 'c': 1 }
5	'a'	3	{ 'a': 3, 'b': 2, 'c': 1 }
6	'd'	1	{ 'a': 3, 'b': 2, 'c': 1, 'd': 1 }

Final map after processing s1:

```
{ 'a': 3, 'b': 2, 'c': 1, 'd': 1 }
```

Step 2: Validate Using s2

Iteration	Character (ch)	Action	map[ch] (Updated)	map State
0	'b'	Decrement	1	{ 'a ': 3, 'b': 1, 'c': 1, 'd': 1 }
1	'a'	Decrement	2	{ 'a ': 2, 'b': 1, 'c': 1, 'd': 1 }

Iteration	Character (ch)	Action	map[ch] (Updated)	map State
2	'b'	Remove from map		{ 'a ': 2, 'c': 1, 'd': 1 }
3	'a'	Decrement	1	{ 'a ': 1, 'c': 1, 'd': 1 }
4	'c'	Remove from map		{ 'a ': 1, 'd': 1 }
5	'd'	Remove from map		{ 'a ': 1 }
6	'a'	Remove from map		{}

Final map state: Empty {}, meaning both strings are anagrams.

⊘ Output: "true"

Output:true