## #include <iostream> #include <algorithm> using namespace std; class Item { public: int wt, val; Item(int w, int v) { wt = w;val = v: bool operator<(const Item& i) const { return (double)val / wt > (double)i.val / i.wt; } **}**; double fracKnapsack(Item arr[], int n, int W) { sort(arr, arr + n);double res = 0.0; for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) { if $(arr[i].wt \le W)$ { res += arr[i].val;W = arr[i].wt;} else { res += (arr[i].val \* (double)W) / arr[i].wt; break; return res; int main() { Item $arr[] = \{Item(10, 60), Item(40,$ 40), Item(20, 100), Item(30, 120)}; int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);int W = 50; cout << fracKnapsack(arr, n, W) <<

endl;

return 0;

## Fractional Knapsack in C++

### **Problem Summary:**

You are given:

- Items with weight wt and value val
- A maximum capacity W of the knapsack
- You can take fractions of items

Goal: Maximize the total value in the knapsack.

### **I**nput

```
 \begin{split} & \text{Item arr}[] = \{ \text{Item}(10,\,60),\, \text{Item}(40,\,40),\, \text{Item}(20,\,100),\, \text{Item}(30,\,120) \}; \\ & \text{int } W = 50; \end{split}
```

# ➤ Step 1: Calculate Value/Weight Ratio and Sort Descending

### Item Weight Value Value/Weight

0	10	60	6.00
1	40	40	1.00
2	20	100	5.00
3	30	120	4.00

### ズ After Sorting by Value/Weight (Descending):

Index Weight		Value	Value/Weight				
0	10	60	6.00				
2	20	100	5.00				
3	30	120	4.00				
1	40	40	1.00				

### Step 2: Fill the Knapsack

Initial: W = 50, res = 0.0

#### ➤ Iteration Table

	Iteration	Item	Weight	Value	Can Take Fully?	Action	New W	res	
(	0	0	10	60	l	Take full item: res += 60, W -= 10	40	60.0	
	1	2	20	100	∜ Yes	Take full	20	160.0	

Iteration	Item	Weight	Value	Can Take Fully?	Action	New W	res
					item: res += 100, W -= 20		
2	3	30	120	1	Take fraction: res += 120 * 20/30 = 80.0	0	240.0
3	1	-	-	-	Not processed (knapsack full)	0	240.0
∜ Final Ot 240	utput						