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Print all path with max gold In C++
#include <iostream>
                                                Given Input Matrix (arr):
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
                                                 3 2 3 1
using namespace std;
                                                 2 4 6 0
                                                 5 0 1 3
struct Pair {
                                                 9 1 5 1
  int i, j;
  string psf;
                                                Step 1: Initialize dp Table
 Pair(int i, int j, string psf) {
     this->i = i;
                                                        Copy the last column (j = 3) from arr to dp:
     this->j = j;
     this->psf = psf;
                                                 0 0 0 1
                                                 0 0 0 0
};
                                                 0 0 0 3
                                                 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1
void
printMaxGoldPath(vector<vector<int>>&
  int m = arr.size();
                                                Step 2: Fill dp Table from Right to Left
  int n = arr[0].size();
                                                Column 2 (j = 2)
  // dp array to store maximum gold
collected to reach each cell
                                                Each dp[i][j] = arr[i][j] + max(dp[i][j+1], dp[i-1][j+1],
  vector<vector<int>> dp(m,
                                                dp[i+1][j+1])
vector < int > (n, 0);
                                                 0 \ 0 \ 4 \ 1 \rightarrow 3 + \max(1) = 4
  // Initialize dp array for the last column
                                                 0 \ 0 \ 9 \ 0 \rightarrow 6 + \max(3,0) = 9
  for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
                                                 0 \ 0 \ 6 \ 3 \rightarrow 1 + \max(3,1) = 6
     dp[i][n - 1] = arr[i][n - 1];
                                                 0 \ 0 \ 8 \ 1 \rightarrow 5 + \max(3) = 8
                                                Column 1 (j = 1)
  // Fill dp array using dynamic
programming approach
                                                 0 \ 11 \ 4 \ 1 \rightarrow 2 + \max(4,9) = 11
  for (int j = n - 2; j \ge 0; j - 0) {
                                                 0 \ 13 \ 9 \ 0 \rightarrow 4 + \max(9,6) = 13
     for (int i = 0; i < m; i++) {
                                                 0 \ 9 \ 6 \ 3 \rightarrow 0 + \max(6,8) = 9
       int maxGold = dp[i][j + 1]; //
                                                 0 \ 14 \ 8 \ 1 \rightarrow 1 + \max(8) = 14
Maximum gold by going right from current
cell
       if (i > 0) {
                                                Column 0 (j = 0)
          maxGold = max(maxGold, dp[i -
1][j + 1]); // Maximum gold by going
                                                  13 11 4 1 \rightarrow 3 + max(11,13) = 13
diagonal-up-right
                                                  15 13 9 0 \rightarrow 2 + max(13,9) = 15
                                                  18 9 6 3 \rightarrow 5 + max(9,14) = 18 \checkmark (Expected
       if (i < m - 1) {
                                                max value)
          maxGold = max(maxGold, dp[i +
                                                 23 14 8 1 \rightarrow 9 + max(14) = 23
1][j + 1]); // Maximum gold by going
diagonal-down-right
                                                Step 3: Find Maximum Gold in Column 0
       dp[i][j] = arr[i][j] + maxGold; //
Total gold collected to reach current cell
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```
// Find the maximum gold collected in
the first column
  int maxGold = dp[0][0];
  int maxRow = 0;
  for (int i = 1; i < m; i++) {
    if (dp[i][0] > maxGold) {
       maxGold = dp[i][0];
       maxRow = i;
  // Print the maximum gold collected
  cout << maxGold << endl;</pre>
  // Queue to perform BFS for path tracing
  queue<Pair> q;
  q.push(Pair(maxRow, 0,
to_string(maxRow))); // Start from the cell
with maximum gold in the first column
  // BFS to print all paths with maximum
gold collected
  while (!q.empty()) {
    Pair rem = q.front();
    q.pop();
    if (rem.j == n - 1) {
       cout << rem.psf << endl; // Print
path when reaching the last column
    } else {
       int currentGold = dp[rem.i][rem.j];
       int rightGold = dp[rem.i][rem.j + 1];
       int diagonalUpGold = (rem.i > 0)?
dp[rem.i - 1][rem.j + 1] : -1;
       int diagonalDownGold = (rem.i < m
- 1)? dp[rem.i + 1][rem.j + 1]: -1;
       // Add paths to queue based on the
direction with maximum gold
       if (rightGold == currentGold -
arr[rem.i][rem.j + 1]) {
         q.push(Pair(rem.i, rem.j + 1,
rem.psf + " H")); // Move horizontally to the
right
       if (diagonalUpGold == currentGold
- arr[rem.i - 1][rem.j + 1]) {
         q.push(Pair(rem.i - 1, rem.j + 1,
rem.psf + " LU")); // Move diagonally up-
right
```

• The maximum gold collected is 18 at row 2.

Step 4: Find All Paths (Using BFS)

Starting from dp[2][0] = 18:

- 1. dp[2][1] = 9
- 2. dp[3][1] = 14
- 3. dp[3][2] = 8
- 4. dp[3][3] = 1

Valid Path:

$$2 \rightarrow LD \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow LU \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow H \rightarrow 1$$

Final Output

Maximum Gold: 18 Path: 2 LD 3 LU 3 H 1

```
if (diagonalDownGold ==
currentGold - arr[rem.i + 1][rem.j + 1]) {
          q.push(Pair(rem.i + 1, rem.j + 1,
rem.psf + " LD")); // Move diagonally down-
right
}
int main() {
  vector<vector<int>> arr = {
     {3, 2, 3, 1},
     \{2, 4, 6, 0\},\
     \{5, 0, 1, 3\},\
     \{9, 1, 5, 1\}
  };
  print Max Gold Path (arr);\\
  return 0;
Output:-
```

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