Array Pair Divisible by K in C++

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <unordered_map>
using namespace std;
void sol(const vector<int>& arr, int k) {
  unordered_map<int, int> remainderFreqMap;
  for (int val : arr) {
    int rem = val % k;
    remainderFreqMap[rem]++;
  }
  for (int val : arr) {
    int rem = val % k;
    if (rem == 0) {
       if (remainderFreqMap[rem] % 2 != 0) {
         cout << "false" << endl;
         return;
    else if (2 * rem == k) {
       if (remainderFreqMap[rem] % 2 != 0) {
         cout << "false" << endl;
         return;
    } else {
       if (remainderFreqMap[rem] !=
remainderFreqMap[k - rem]) {
         cout << "false" << endl;
         return;
  cout << "true" << endl;</pre>
int main() {
  vector<int> arr = {22, 12, 45, 55, 65, 78, 88, 75};
  int k = 7:
  sol(arr, k);
  return 0;
```

Step 1: Calculate Remainders

Dry Run

Input:

- Array: {22, 12, 45, 55, 65, 78, 88, 75}
- Divisor (k): 7

Step 1: Calculate Remainders

For each element in the array, calculate the remainder rem = val % k:

Element (val) Remainder (val % k)

```
22
            22 \% 7 = 1
12
            12 \% 7 = 5
45
            45 \% 7 = 3
55
            55 \% 7 = 6
65
            65 \% 7 = 2
78
            78 \% 7 = 1
88
            88 \% 7 = 4
75
            75 \% 7 = 5
```

Remainder Frequency Map:

```
{1: 2, 5: 2, 3: 1, 6: 1, 2: 1, 4: 1}
```

Step 2: Validate Pairing Conditions

Iterate through the array and validate the conditions for pairing:

- 1. For rem = 1:
 - \circ Frequency of 1: freq[1] = 2
 - o Frequency of k 1 (6): freq[6] = 1
 - o Mismatch found: freq[1] \neq freq[6].
 - o Condition failed.

Since the pairing condition fails for rem = 1, we conclude that the array cannot be divided into valid pairs.

Output:

false