Largest after k swaps in C++

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
string max_str;
void findMaximum(string str, int k) {
  // Base case: When k swaps are used up
  if (k == 0) {
    return;
  int n = str.length();
  // Find the maximum digit available for
current position
  for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
       // If digit at position j is greater than
digit at position i, swap them
       if (str[j] > str[i]) 
          swap(str[i], str[j]);
          // Check if current string is larger
than previously found max
          if (str > max_str) {
            max_str = str;
          // Recur for k-1 swaps on the
modified string
          findMaximum(str, k - 1);
          // Backtrack: Swap again to revert
to original string
          swap(str[i], str[j]);
       }
  }
}
int main() {
  string str = "1234567";
  int k = 4;
  // Initialize max_str with the original
string
  max_str = str;
  // Find the maximum number possible after
k swaps
  findMaximum(str, k);
  // Print the maximum number found
  cout << max_str << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

Explanation of the Algorithm:

- For every pair (i, j) where i < j, if str[j] > str[i], swap i and i.
- After each swap, check if the new number is greater than the current max_str.
- Recurse with k 1.
- Backtrack (swap back) to explore other options.

Call#	k	Swap Made	str After	max_str	max_str	Remarks
Call#	K	Made (i⇔j)	Swap	Before	After	itemai Ks
1	4	0↔6	7234561	1234567	∜ 7234561	New max
2	3	1↔5	7634521	7234561	∜ 7634521	New max
3	2	2↔4	7654321	7634521	∜ 7654321	Final max
4	1	No beneficial swap	-	7654321	7654321	Stop recursion
5	3	1↔4	7534261	7654321	×	Not greater
6	3	1↔3	7435261	7654321	×	Not greater
7	2	2↔3 (from 7435261)	7453261	7654321	×	Still not better
	-					Many paths explored

We only continue recursion when beneficial. As you can see, once 7654321 is reached, **no further recursion produces a better result**, so that becomes the final output.

Final Output:

7654321

Output:-7654321