

## Swap nodes in pairs in C++

```
#include <iostream>

struct Node {
    int val;
    Node* next;
    Node(int x) {
        val = x;
        next = nullptr;
    }
};

class SwapNodesInPairs {
public:
    Node* swapPairs(Node* head) {
        Node dummy(0);
        dummy.next = head;
        Node* current = &dummy;

        while (current->next != nullptr && current->next->next != nullptr) {
            Node* first = current->next;
            Node* second = current->next->next;

            first->next = second->next;
            second->next = first;
            current->next = second;

            current = first;
        }

        return dummy.next;
    }

    static void printList(Node* head) {
        while (head != nullptr) {
            std::cout << head->val << " -> ";
            head = head->next;
        }
        std::cout << "null" << std::endl;
    }
};

int main() {
    SwapNodesInPairs solution;

    Node* head = new Node(1);
    head->next = new Node(2);
    head->next->next = new Node(3);
    head->next->next->next = new Node(4);

    Node* result = solution.swapPairs(head);
    SwapNodesInPairs::printList(result);

    // Free the allocated memory
    Node* curr = result;
    while (curr != nullptr) {
        Node* temp = curr;
        curr = curr->next;
        delete temp;
    }
}
```

for input:

1 -> 2 -> 3 -> 4

The goal is to swap every two adjacent nodes. So, the expected output is:

2 -> 1 -> 4 -> 3

### 🧠 Key Pointers:

- dummy is a placeholder node that simplifies head manipulation.
- current starts at dummy.
- first and second are the two nodes to be swapped.
- The loop continues as long as there are at least 2 nodes ahead of current.

### 🔄 Dry Run Table:

Iteration	current Points To	first	second	Operation	List After Swap
1	dummy (0) → 1	1	2	Swap 1 and 2	2 → 1 → 3 → 4
				first->next = 3	
				second->next = 1, current->next = 2	
				current = first → moves to node 1	
2	current → 1	3	4	Swap 3 and 4	2 → 1 → 4 → 3
				first->next = nullptr	
				second->next = 3, current->next = 4	
				current = first → moves to node 3	

### ✓ Final Output:

<pre>return 0; }</pre>	2 -> 1 -> 4 -> 3 -> null
Output:- 2 -> 1 -> 4 -> 3 -> null	