

Floor and Ceil in C++

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class BSTFloorCeil
{
public:
    struct Node
    {
        int data;
        Node *left;
        Node *right;

        Node(int item)
        {
            data = item;
            left = nullptr;
            right = nullptr;
        }
    };

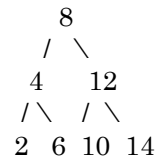
    Node *root;

    Node *Floor(Node *node, int x)
    {
        Node *res = nullptr;
        while (node != nullptr)
        {
            if (node->data == x)
            {
                return node;
            }
            if (node->data > x)
            {
                node = node->left;
            }
            else
            {
                res = node;
                node = node->right;
            }
        }
        return res;
    }

    int Ceil(Node *node, int x)
    {
        if (node == nullptr)
        {
            return -1;
        }
        if (node->data == x)
        {
            return node->data;
        }
        if (node->data < x)
        {
            return Ceil(node->right, x);
        }
        int ceil = Ceil(node->left, x);
        return (ceil >= x) ? ceil : node->data;
    }
};
```

BST Structure

Let's first visualize the tree:



You're querying for:

- **Floor of 7**
- **Ceiling of 7**

▼ Floor Function Walkthrough
(tree.Floor(tree.root, 7))

Node* Floor(Node* node, int x)

We need the **largest value** ≤ 7 .

Step	Current Node	Comparison (data vs 7)	Action	Floor Candidate
1	8	$8 > 7$	Go left	nullptr
2	4	$4 < 7$	Save 4, go right	4
3	6	$6 < 7$	Save 6, go right	6
4	null	-	Exit loop	6

✓ **Result:** Floor of 7 is **6**

▲ Ceil Function Walkthrough (tree.Ceil(tree.root, 7))

We need the **smallest value** ≥ 7 .

int Ceil(Node* node, int x)

It's a recursive function.

Step	Node	Comparison (data vs 7)	Action	Result
1	8	$8 > 7$	Check left subtree	Left = 4
2	4	$4 < 7$	Recurse right $\rightarrow 6$	

<pre> }; int main() { BSTFloorCeil tree; // Construct the BST tree.root = new BSTFloorCeil::Node(8); tree.root->left = new BSTFloorCeil::Node(4); tree.root->right = new BSTFloorCeil::Node(12); tree.root->left->left = new BSTFloorCeil::Node(2); tree.root->left->right = new BSTFloorCeil::Node(6); tree.root->right->left = new BSTFloorCeil::Node(10); tree.root->right->right = new BSTFloorCeil::Node(14); // Find floor and ceiling BSTFloorCeil::Node *floorNode = tree.Floor(tree.root, 7); int floorValue = (floorNode != nullptr) ? floorNode-> data : -1; cout << "The floor is: " << floorValue << endl; int ceilValue = tree.Ceil(tree.root, 7); cout << "The ceiling is: " << ceilValue << endl; return 0; } </pre>	Step	Node	Comparison (data vs 7)	Action	Result
	3	6	6 < 7	Recurse right → null	Return -1
	Back	4	ceil = -1, node.data=4	return node.data = 4	Not >= 7 → fail
	Back	8	ceil = 4	4 < 7 → return 8	✓ Match
✓ Result: Ceiling of 7 is 8					
📄 Final Output The floor is: 6 The ceiling is: 8					
The floor is: 6 The ceiling is: 8					