

All palindromic partition in C++

```
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
using namespace std;

class AllPalindromicPartition {
public:
    static void main() {
        string str = "abba";
        sol(str, "");
    }

    static void sol(string str, string asf) {
        if (str.length() == 0) {
            cout << asf << endl;
            return;
        }

        for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
            string prefix = str.substr(0, i + 1);
            string ros = str.substr(i + 1);
            if (isPalin(prefix)) {
                sol(ros, asf + "(" + prefix + ")");
            }
        }
    }

    static bool isPalin(string s) {
        int li = 0;
        int ri = s.length() - 1;
        while (li < ri) {
            if (s[li] != s[ri]) {
                return false;
            }
            li++;
            ri--;
        }
        return true;
    }
};

int main() {
    AllPalindromicPartition::main();
    return 0;
}
```

Dry Run for Input "abba"

We will track the recursive calls with:

- str: Remaining string to process
- prefix: Currently selected prefix
- ros: Remaining string after prefix
- asf: Accumulated string so far
- Action: What's happening

Step	str	prefix	ros	asf	Action / Reason
1	abba	a	bba	(a)	'a' is palindrome → recurse
2	bba	b	ba	(a)(b)	'b' is palindrome → recurse
3	ba	b	a	(a)(b)(b)	'b' is palindrome → recurse
4	a	a	""	(a)(b)(b)(a)	✓ 'a' is palindrome → print
5	ba	ba	—	—	not palindrome ✗
6	bba	bb	a	(a)(bb)	✓ 'bb' is palindrome → recurse
7	a	a	""	(a)(bb)(a)	✓ 'a' is palindrome → print
8	bba	bba	—	—	not palindrome ✗
9	abba	ab	—	—	not palindrome ✗
10	abba	abb	—	—	not palindrome ✗
11	abba	abba	""	(abba)	✓ 'abba' is palindrome → print

✓ **Final Output**

(a)(b)(b)(a)
(a)(bb)(a)

	(abba)
Output:- (a)(b)(b)(a) (a)(bb)(a) (abba)	