CopyListwithRandomPointers in C++ #include <iostream> #include <unordered_map> // Definition for a Node. Given input: struct Node { int val; 1 -> 2 -> 3Node* next; 1 1 Node* random; v v 3 1 Node(int val) { val = val;next = nullptr; random = nullptr; **}**; Node* copyRandomList(Node* head) { if (head == nullptr) return nullptr; std::unordered_map<Node*, Node*> map;

// First pass: create all nodes and store them in the

// Second pass: assign next and random pointers.

map[curr] = new Node(curr->val);

map[curr]->next = map[curr->next]; map[curr]->random = map[curr->random];

std::cout << "Node(" << head->val << ")";

std::cout << " [Random(" << head->random-

if (head->random != nullptr) {

Node* curr = head;

while (curr != nullptr) {

curr = curr->next;

while (curr != nullptr) {

curr = curr -> next;

void printList(Node* head) { while (head != nullptr) {

std::cout << " -> ";

head = head->next;

std::cout << "null" << std::endl;

Node* head = new Node(1); head->next = new Node(2);head->next->next = new Node(3);head->random = head->next->next; head->next->random = head;

Node* result = copyRandomList(head);

return map[head];

curr = head:

map.

}

>val << ")]";

int main() {

}

}

Goal: Deep copy a linked list where each node has next and random pointers.

★ Step-by-Step Dry Run Table

Step	Operation	Affected Node	Explanation
First Pass	map[1] = new Node(1)	Node 1	Creates a copy of node 1
	map[2] = new Node(2)	Node 2	Creates a copy of node 2
	map[3] = new Node(3)	Node 3	Creates a copy of node 3
Second Pass	map[1]->next = map[2]	Node 1 copy	Sets next of copied 1 to copied 2
	map[1]- >random = map[3]	Node 1 copy	Sets random of copied 1 to copied 3 (like original)
	map[2]->next = map[3]	Node 2 copy	Sets next of copied 2 to copied 3
	map[2]- >random = map[1]	Node 2 copy	Sets random of copied 2 to copied 1
	map[3]->next = map[nullptr] = null	Node 3	Last node, next is null
	map[3]- >random = map[nullptr]	Node 3	random was not set originally, stays null

♥ Final Output:

Copied list:

1 [Random(3)] -> 2 [Random(1)] -> 3 -> null

```
printList(result);

// Free the allocated memory
Node* curr = result;
while (curr != nullptr) {
    Node* temp = curr;
    curr = curr->next;
    delete temp;
}

return 0;
}

Output:-
```