#### Even Odd in C++

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

void fun(int x) {
   if ((x & 1) == 0) {
      cout << "even" << endl;
   } else {
      cout << "odd" << endl;
   }
}

int main() {
   int x = 27;
   fun(x);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

### **Input:**

- x = 27
- Binary of 27 = 11011

## • Logic:

```
if ((x \& 1) == 0)
```

- x & 1 checks the least significant bit (LSB)
- If the LSB is  $1 \rightarrow \mathbf{odd}$
- If the LSB is  $0 \rightarrow even$

# **III** Dry Run:

Expression	Value	Explanation
x	27	Decimal input
x (binary)	11011	Binary representation of 27
x & 1	11011 & 00001 = 00001	LSB is $1 \rightarrow \text{odd}$
== 0	false	So it goes to the else block
Output	odd	$ \checkmark $

# **∜** Final Output:

odd

odd