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Merge 2 sorted subarrays in C++
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
// Function to merge two sorted subarrays within
array 'a'
vector<int> mergeTwoSortedSubArray(vector<int>&
a, int s, int m, int e) {
  vector<int> temp(e - s + 1);
  int p1 = s;
  int p2 = m + 1;
  int p3 = 0;
  // Merge elements from two subarrays into temp
array
  while (p1 \le m \&\& p2 \le e) \{
    if (a[p1] < a[p2]) {
       temp[p3] = a[p1];
       p3++;
       p1++;
    } else {
       temp[p3] = a[p2];
       p3++;
       p2++;
  }
  // Copy remaining elements of the first subarray, if
any
  while (p1 \le m) {
    temp[p3] = a[p1];
    p3++;
    p1++;
  // Copy remaining elements of the second subarray,
if any
  while (p2 \le e) {
    temp[p3] = a[p2];
    p3++;
    p2++;
  // Copy sorted elements from temp back to original
array 'a'
  for (int i = 0; i < temp.size(); i++) {
    a[s + i] = temp[i];
  return a;
}
int main() {
  // Hard-coded input
  vector\leqint\geq A = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 8\};
  int s = 0;
  int m = 3; // Middle index of the first sorted
subarray
  int e = 7; // End index of the second sorted subarray
```

// Merging the two sorted subarrays

using the input:

$$A = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$$

 $s = 0, m = 3, e = 7$

This means:

- First sorted subarray = $A[0..3] = \{1, 3, 5, 7\}$
- Second sorted subarray = $A[4..7] = \{2, 4, 6,$

Dry Run Table:

Step	p1	p2	temp[] (after step)	Comment
1	0	4	{1}	1 < 2, so copy 1 from left
2	1	4	{1, 2}	2 < 3, so copy 2 from right
3	1	5	{1, 2, 3}	3 < 4, so copy 3 from left
4	2	5	{1, 2, 3, 4}	4 < 5, so copy 4 from right
5	2	6	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}	5 < 6, so copy 5 from left
6	3	6	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}	6 < 7, so copy 6 from right
7	3	7	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7}	7 < 8, so copy 7 from left
8	4	7	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8}	only 8 left, copy from right

Now the merged array looks like:

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8\}$$

♥ Final Output:

Merged array: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8

```
vector<int> result = mergeTwoSortedSubArray(A,
s, m, e);

// Print the result
cout << "Merged array: ";
for (int num : result) {
    cout << num << " ";
}
cout << endl;
return 0;
}

Merged array: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8</pre>
```