

Employees Under Manager in C++

```
#include <iostream>
#include <unordered_map>
#include <unordered_set>
#include <string>

using namespace std;

int getSize(unordered_map<string,
unordered_set<string>>& tree, const
string& manager, unordered_map<string,
int>& result) {
    if (tree.find(manager) == tree.end()) {
        result[manager] = 0;
        return 1;
    }
    int size = 0;
    for (const string& employee :
tree[manager]) {
        int currentSize = getSize(tree,
employee, result);
        size += currentSize;
    }
    result[manager] = size;
    return size + 1;
}

void findCount(unordered_map<string,
string>& map) {
    unordered_map<string,
unordered_set<string>> tree;
    string ceo = "";

    for (const auto& entry : map) {
        string employee = entry.first;
        string manager = entry.second;

        if (manager == employee) {
            ceo = manager;
        } else {
            tree[manager].insert(employee);
        }
    }

    unordered_map<string, int> result;
    getSize(tree, ceo, result);

    for (const auto& entry : result) {
        cout << entry.first << " " <<
entry.second << endl;
    }
}

int main() {
    unordered_map<string, string> map;
    map["A"] = "C";
    map["B"] = "C";
    map["C"] = "F";
    map["D"] = "E";
    map["E"] = "F";
    map["F"] = "F";
```

Step 1: Construct tree and Identify CEO

- Input mapping:
 - A -> C
 - B -> C
 - C -> F
 - D -> E
 - E -> F
 - F -> F (CEO identified)
- Constructing tree:
 - C -> {A, B}
 - F -> {C, E}
 - E -> {D}
- CEO Identified: F

Step 2: Recursive Calls of getSize(tree, manager, result)

Function Call	Processing Employee Set	Recursive Calls	Result Updates (result[manager])	Return Value
getSize(tree, "F", result)	{C, E}	getSize(tree, "C"), getSize(tree, "E")	F → 5	6
getSize(tree, "C", result)	{A, B}	getSize(tree, "A"), getSize(tree, "B")	C → 2	3
getSize(tree, "A", result)	{ } (Base Case)	-	A → 0	1
getSize(tree, "B", result)	{ } (Base Case)	-	B → 0	1
getSize(tree, "E", result)	{D}	getSize(tree, "D")	E → 1	2
getSize(tree, "D", result)	{ } (Base Case)	-	D → 0	1

Step 3: Output Values

Final result map:

```
mathematica
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A → 0
B → 0
C → 2
```

<pre>findCount(map); return 0; }</pre>	<p>D → 0 E → 1 F → 5</p> <p>Final Output</p> <p>A 0 B 0 C 2 D 0 E 1 F 5</p>
<p>Output: F 5 E 1 B 0 A 0 D 0 C 2</p>	