

# Financial Anomalies

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# Preface

The article is designed to study financial anomalies

# 1 Introduction

Fama and MacBeth (1973) : Two-parameter risk-return regression equation is based on Equation 1:

$$x_{im} \equiv \frac{\text{total market value of all units of assets } i}{\text{total market value of all assets}} \quad (1.1)$$

where asset( $i$ ) in the portfolio( $m$ )

Equation 1 refers to the market equilibrium (market portfolio) is always efficient (Black (1972)).

Expected Return is given by Equation 1,  $\beta_i$  is the risk of the asset  $i$  of the portfolio  $m$ , measured relative to  $\sigma^2(\tilde{R}_m)$

$$E(\tilde{R}_i) = [E(\tilde{R}_m) - S_m \sum \tilde{R}_m] + S_m \sigma(\tilde{R}_m) \beta_i, \quad (1.2)$$

where,

$$\beta_i \equiv \frac{\text{cov}(\tilde{R}_i, \tilde{R}_m)}{\sigma^2(\tilde{R}_m)} = \frac{\sigma_{j=1}^N x_{jm} \sigma_{ij}}{\sigma^2(\tilde{R}_m)} = \frac{\text{cov}(\tilde{R}_i, \tilde{R}_m) \sigma(\tilde{R}_m)}{\sigma(\tilde{R}_m)}$$

$$S_m = \frac{E(\tilde{R}_m) - E(\tilde{R}_0)}{\sigma(\tilde{R}_m)} \quad (1.3)$$

$$\text{hence } E(\tilde{R}_i) = E(\tilde{R}_0) + [E(\tilde{R}_m) - E(\tilde{R}_0)] \beta_i$$

Hence, Equation 1 refers that expected return on security  $i$  is  $E(\tilde{R}_0)$ , the expected return on a security that is riskless in the portfolio  $m$ , plus a risk premium that is  $\beta_i$  times the difference between  $E(\tilde{R}_m)$  and  $E(\tilde{R}_0)$

For each period of  $t$ , the cross sectional regression is given by

$$R_{pt} = \tilde{\gamma}_{0t} + \tilde{\gamma}_{1t} \tilde{\beta}_{p,t-1} + \tilde{\gamma}_{2t} \tilde{\beta}_{p,t-1}^2 + \tilde{\gamma}_{3t} \tilde{s}_{p,t-1} \tilde{\epsilon}_i + \tilde{\eta}_{pt}, \quad (1.4)$$

$p = 1, 2, \dots, t$

In Equation 1 the independent variable  $\tilde{\beta}_{p,t-1}$  is the average of the  $\tilde{\beta}_i$  for securities in portfolio  $p$ ,  $\tilde{\beta}_{p,t-1}^2$  is the average of the squared values of these  $\tilde{\beta}_i$ ,  $\bar{s}_{p,t-1}\tilde{\epsilon}_i$  is the average of  $s\tilde{\epsilon}_i$  for portfolio  $p_i$

## 2 Summary

In summary, this book has no content whatsoever.

## References

- Black, Fischer. 1972. "Capital Market Equilibrium with Restricted Borrowing." *The Journal of Business* 45 (3): 444–55.
- Fama, Eugene F, and James D MacBeth. 1973. "Risk, Return, and Equilibrium: Empirical Tests." *Journal of Political Economy* 81 (3): 607–36.