Лабораторная работа 8. Элементы операционного исчисления. Выполнила Криштафович Карина Дмитриевна, гр. 053501 Вариант 1

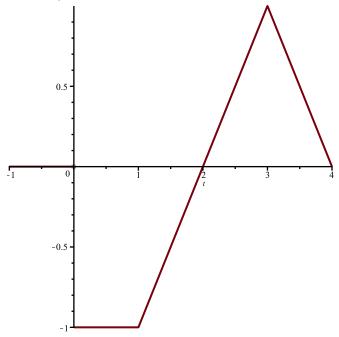
>
$$f := piecewise \left(t \le 0, 0, 0 < t \le a, -1, a < t \le 3 a, \frac{t-2a}{a}, 3 a < t \le 4 a, \frac{4a-t}{a} \right)$$
#исходная функция

$$f := \begin{cases} 0 & t \le 0 \\ -1 & 0 < t \le a \\ \frac{t - 2a}{a} & a < t \le 3a \\ \frac{4a - t}{a} & 3a < t \le 4a \end{cases}$$
 (1)

(2)

$$a := 1$$

a := 1:> plot(f, t = -1 ..4, discont = true)



- > with(inttrans): > assume(k, positive):

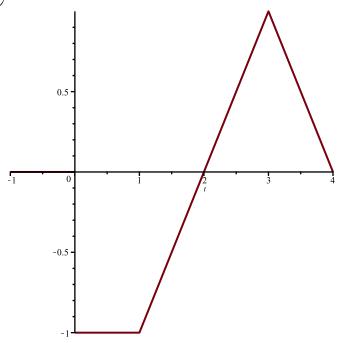
>
$$Fp := laplace\left(\left(-\text{Heaviside}(t) + \frac{1}{k} \text{ Heaviside}(t-k) \cdot (t-k) - \frac{2}{k} \text{ Heaviside}(t-3k) \cdot (t-k)\right)\right)$$

$$Fp := -\frac{1}{k} + \frac{e^{-pk^2} - 2e^{-3pk^2}}{e^{-2k}}$$

$$Fp := -\frac{1}{p} + \frac{e^{-p \, k \sim} - 2 \, e^{-3 \, p \, k \sim}}{k \sim p^2}$$
 (3)

>
$$plot\left(-\text{Heaviside}(t) + \frac{1}{k} \text{ Heaviside}(t-k) \cdot (t-k) - \frac{2}{k} \text{ Heaviside}(t-3k) \cdot (t-3k), t=-1\right)$$

..4, $discont = true$



$$\frac{4p+5}{(p-2)(p^2+4p+5)}$$
 :#исходное изображение

> #исходный и полученный графики совпадают

>
$$\frac{4p+5}{(p-2)(p^2+4p+5)}$$
 :#исходное изображение

> invlaplace $\left(\frac{(4p+5)}{(p-2)\cdot(p^2+4p+5)}, p, t\right)$

$$\frac{13 e^{2t}}{17} + \frac{(-13 \cos(t) + 16 \sin(t)) e^{-2t}}{17}$$
(4)

#проверим некоторые промежуточные вычисления

>
$$dsolve\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{\mathrm{d}\,t^2}\left(y(t)\right) - 2\frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\,t}\left(y(t)\right) + y(t) = 0\right)$$
#однородное уравнение
$$y(t) = _C1 \,\mathrm{e}^t + _C2 \,\mathrm{e}^t \,t \tag{6}$$

 $\overline{|}$ > $dsolve\left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}(y(t)) - 2\frac{d}{dt}(y(t)) + y(t) = \frac{e^t}{1+t^2}\right)$ #общее решение $y(t) = e^{t} C2 + e^{t} t C1 - \frac{e^{t} (-2 \arctan(t) t + \ln(t^{2} + 1))}{2}$ **(7)**

with(inttrans):

>
$$laplace\left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2}(y(t)) - 2\frac{d}{dt}(y(t)) + y(t) = 1, t, p\right)$$

 $p^2 \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, p) - D(y)(0) - py(0) - 2p\mathcal{L}(y(t), t, p) + 2y(0) + \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, p) = \frac{1}{p}$ (8)

>
$$obr := invlaplace \left(\frac{1}{p \cdot (p-1)^2}, p, t\right)$$

 $obr := 1 + (t-1) e^t$ (9)

 $dif := \frac{\mathrm{d}}{\mathrm{d}\,t}(obr)$

$$dif := e^t + (t - 1) e^t$$
 (10)

 $\begin{vmatrix} dy & -c & + t \\ \\ \end{vmatrix}$ $\begin{vmatrix} d^2 & d^2 \\ dt^2 \end{vmatrix} (y(t)) + y(t) = 6e^{-t} : \#ucxodhoe уравнение$

$$dsolve \left\{ \frac{d^2}{dt^2} (y(t)) + y(t) = 6e^{-t}, y(0) = 3, y'(0) = 1 \right\}$$

$$y(t) = 4\sin(t) + 3e^{-t}$$
(11)

#проверим некоторые промежуточные вычисления

>
$$laplace \left(\frac{d^2}{dt^2} (y(t)) + y(t) = 6e^{-t}, t, p \right)$$

$$p^2 \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, p) - D(y)(0) - p y(0) + \mathcal{L}(y(t), t, p) = \frac{6}{1+p}$$
(12)

>
$$invlaplace \left(\frac{3p^2 + 4p + 7}{(p+1) \cdot (p^2 + 1)}, p, t \right)$$

$$4 \sin(t) + 3e^{-t}$$
(13)

>
$$dsolve\left(\left\{\frac{d}{dt}(x(t)) = x(t) + 3y(t) + 2, \frac{d}{dt}(y(t)) = x(t) - y(t) + 1, x(0) = -1, y(0) = 2\right\}\right)$$

$$\left\{x(t) = \frac{15e^{2t}}{8} - \frac{13e^{-2t}}{8} - \frac{5}{4}, y(t) = \frac{5e^{2t}}{8} + \frac{13e^{-2t}}{8} - \frac{1}{4}\right\}$$
(14)

#проверим некоторые промежуточные вычисления

> solve
$$\left\{ p \cdot x + 1 = x + 3 \ y + \frac{2}{p}, p \cdot y - 2 = x - y + \frac{1}{p} \right\}$$
 $\left\{ p = p, x = -\frac{p^2 - 7 \ p - 5}{p \ (p - 2) \ (p + 2)}, y = \frac{2 \ p^2 - 2 \ p + 1}{p \ (p - 2) \ (p + 2)} \right\}$ (15)

>
$$convert \left(-\frac{p^2 - 7p - 5}{p(p-2)(p+2)}, parfrac \right) -\frac{13}{8(p+2)} - \frac{5}{4p} + \frac{15}{8(p-2)}$$
 (16)

>
$$convert \left(\frac{2p^2 - 2p + 1}{p(p-2)(p+2)}, parfrac \right)$$
 (17)

$$= \frac{1}{p} invlaplace \left(-\frac{p^2 - 7p - 5}{p(p-2)(p+2)}, p, t \right)$$

$$= \frac{\cosh(2t)}{4} + \frac{7\sinh(2t)}{2} - \frac{5}{4}$$

$$= \frac{18}{2}$$

$$= invlaplace \left(\frac{2p^2 - 2p + 1}{p(p-2)(p+2)}, p, t \right)$$

$$= \frac{5e^{2t}}{8} + \frac{13e^{-2t}}{8} - \frac{1}{4}$$
(19)

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Japanue 2 Orobuque, remo f (b) = n/6-e) no 7. o zenezoo be delle f(b)=-p(b) + p(b-a) +-Perenen Menego gosabua & muerory 9- year fill) = t-20 418-0) Nonyous Мелері адо общинть значений при воза me f(b). +-20 y(b-0)+f3(b)=0 f3(b) -- 8-10 y(b-30) f(6) - g(8) + g(8-10) + + 10 g(6-10) - t-20 g(8-30) DoSubury R we grapuege fy (6) = 40-6 y (6-50) f(b) = -9(b) + = (b-a) y(b-a) - 2 (b-3a) y b-3a) р-уче вклопозучения тахпиртор вапана и террина о земозрования и Fip) = - 1 + 1 e - ap 1 - 2 e - 3 e / 2

Вогине г. Найрите григиная по зарешний изобратению Ba dely 4p+5 (p-2)1p2+4p+5) Perenne (p-2)(p24p+5) = A + Bp+C = X p²: |A + B = 0 | A = 13 p: 94A - 2B + C - 4 =) | B = -13 p° | 5A - 2l = 5 | C < -10 X= 13 1 + 1 13p + 10

X= 18 p-2 14 p2+ 4p+5

Boenone zyewcze madaenjew npeodpez languece

Downwar 1 = e 2+ $\frac{13p+10+3\cdot 3}{(p+2)^2+1} = \frac{13}{(p+2)^2+1} = \frac{16}{(p+2)^2+1} = \frac{$ (p+2)2+1 => e-2+cos+ (p+2)2+1 => e-26 sin 6 Mai Morpe operanon: f(b)= 13e2b-13e-26gt+16e-#sinb 30 pareire 3 Hargume poureure gropp ype ygobs yenting y(0) = 0 4 4'(0)=0, onepamoprour memogram (Duoquen) u memogram clarparime. Coaburuse pezyssminos a repararime. C2 = 1+x C, = / - X 4 - 24 0 y = 24 16x2 Pemenne Oguspopuse D3 y" - 2y +y20 910)20 1 = 1 kpiemocnu 2 Morge ostype personne 42C, ex + Cxex Mycme C(x) C(x) - populyand woods against Cocm cucrossing | C, 'ex + C, xex = 0 2 C, 'ex + C, '(sex + xex) - & X 1+x fleigen G'u e; C/ = - x C2 => - x C2 + C2 (1+x) = 1

12 1+x => C1 = - X Morpe Cz= gdx + Cz anetpx+ Cz C= [-x dx + C, = -1 ln 11+x]+ G Byee pewerne: y, C, ex + 1 bil+12/ex + Gxex + arebyx. Lex 30000 Rown 410)=0 416)=0 9(0) =70 = C, => y = 1 ln |1+x = |ex + Czex x + xex encbex + Czex y'2 - 1. (2 ex + ln |1+x = |ex | + Czex x + xex) + C, + x arctox ex + ex arctox + x arctox + x exceptex + xex y'(0)=0 0=-1(2)+C2+C,=> C2=D M.e y= -1 ln 19+x2/2 + are 6px. x. en Unepa mopusi memop / mme you Dosmens) 9"-2y+y= = y(0)=y(0)=0 y(6) = 9(p) y (6) = p y (p) - y (0) = p y (p) 4 "16) = p2 4(p) -p14) - y10) =p24(p) 1) Nycmi uzbecmuo peuienne y, (b) pn + f16) = 1 Morpe p2 4s - 2p4, +4, 2 =

(p-1) 29, 2 1 4. 1 PIP-1)2 P P P-1 (2-1)2 = /f(u) y' (8-4) du = (48) eb / 1 du - eb / 4 du = eb / 1 b - 4 du = eb / 1 = e borebet - Le bles/62+1)

of your 4 Oregonoguou Memogour persume 14"+4=60 9410)=3 4'10)=5 118) = p (p) - y(0) - p y(p) - 3 118) = p 2 y(p) - py(0) - y(0) - p y(p) - 3p - 1 - p 2 y(p) - gp - 1 Mospo nongress onegampous ypobuenes 4(p) -3p+ 4(p) - 6 Sip), 6+40+4+8(3p+1)4p+10+12p+20 Jep1= = 3p+1 = 3p2+4p+8 = Ap+13 p2+1 = (p2+1)(p1) = p+1 1,0

1118) = 451/16 + 82" evenly Dy onepanopious wingsy Bapaure 5 Permine Chapte 1x'=x+3y+2 x(0)=-/ 2y'=x-y+1 y(0)=2. Persence Mycms x(b) = Xp)

x'(b) = p X(p) - x(0) = p X + 3 20(6) Morpo coomb onepamopues aucheur npullem 1849 1 pX+3= X+39+ 2 9 py-2=X-4+1 9(8)= (X(p-1) - 342 2-P Omben 2 9 (p+1) - X + 1+4p P Floriger X 4 9 1 X = 9(p+1) - 1+2p 9(p+1)(p-1) - 1+2p.(p-1)-34=2-p 19= 2p2-2p+1 X = - P (p-2)/P+2)

X= - P2-7p-5 - A B + P1-2p P2-2p P: [A+13+C=-1] [C, -13 P: [2B-2C=4] =) B. 15 P: [-4A.5] QA: -5 4 $9(8) = -\frac{1}{4} + \frac{5}{8}e^{2l} + \frac{13}{3}e^{-2l}$ Omben: $100(6) = \frac{15}{8}e^{2b} - \frac{15}{8}e^{-2l} + \frac{5}{4}e^{2l}$ $24(6) = \frac{13}{3}e^{-2l} + \frac{5}{8}e^{2l} + \frac{1}{4}e^{-2l}$