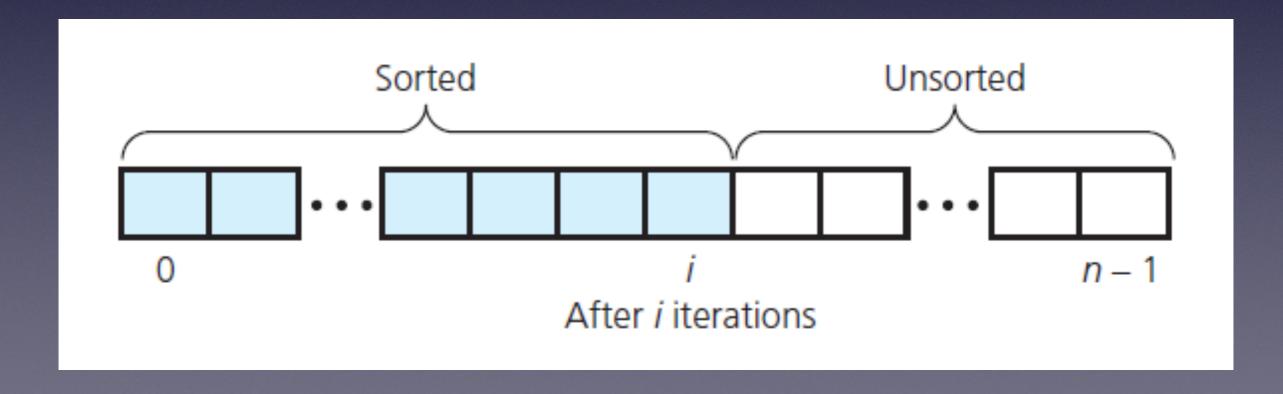
### Insertion Sort

CS110C Max Luttrell, CCSF

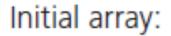
- Take the first item from the unsorted region, and insert it into the correct space in the sorted region
- In the beginning, the sorted region is simply the first element (an array with one element is always sorted)

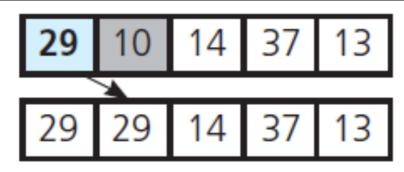


Initial array:



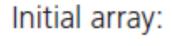
Copy 10

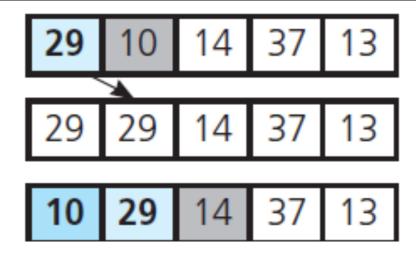




Copy 10

Shift 29

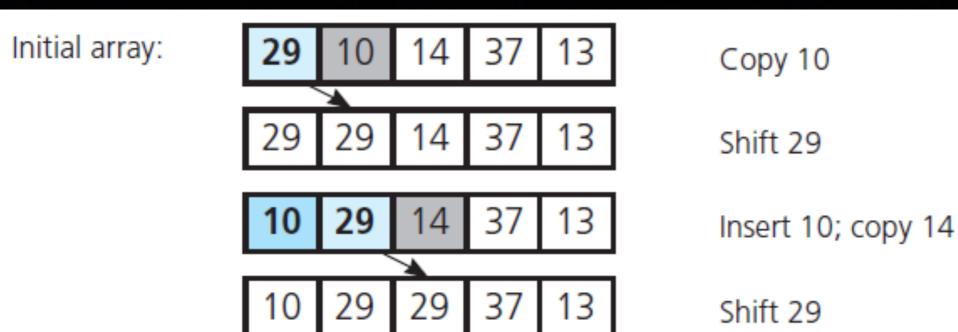


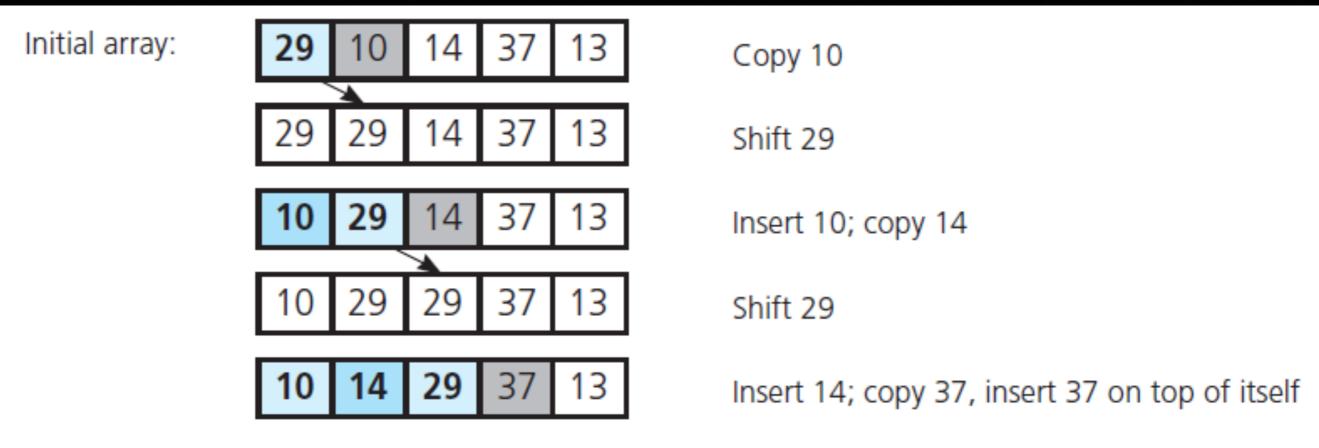


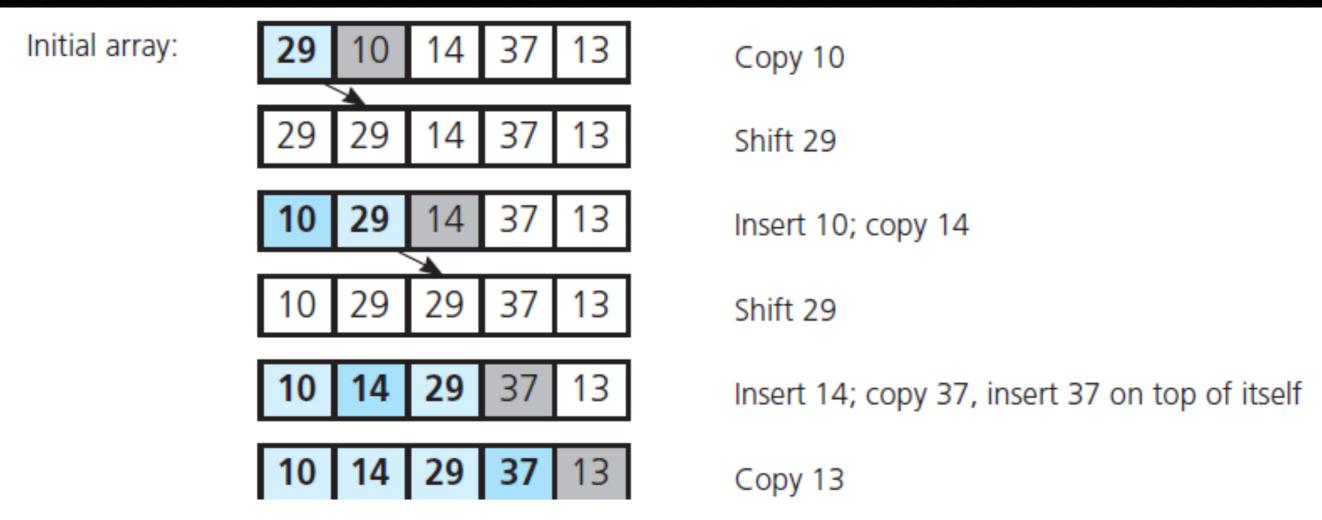
Copy 10

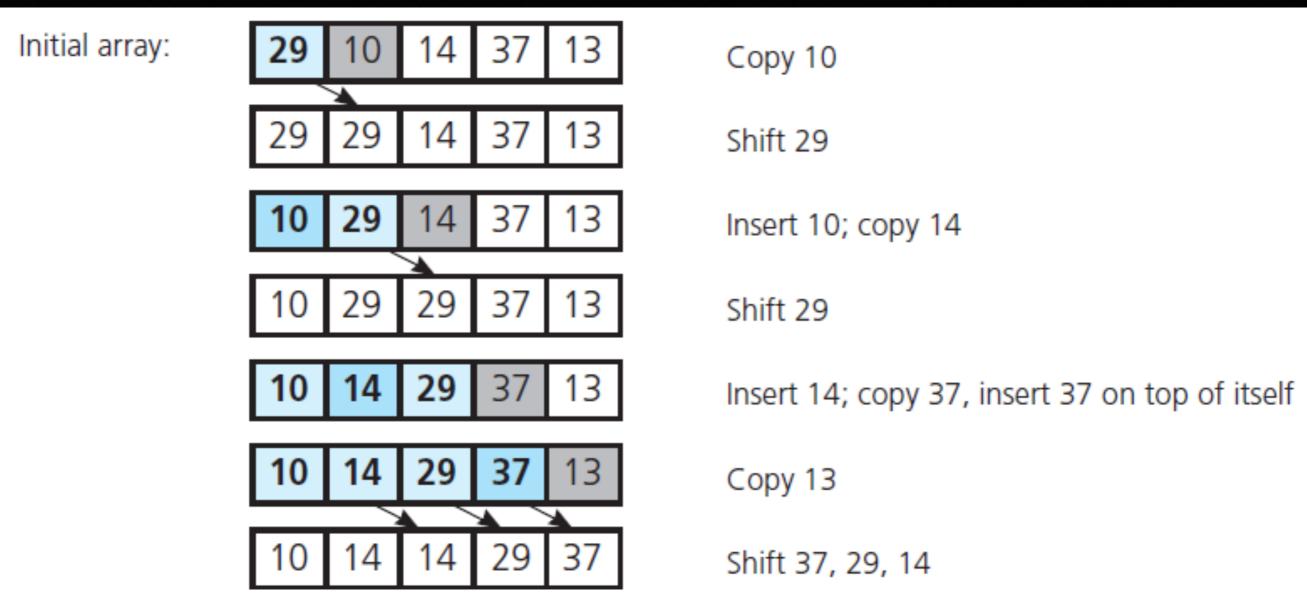
Shift 29

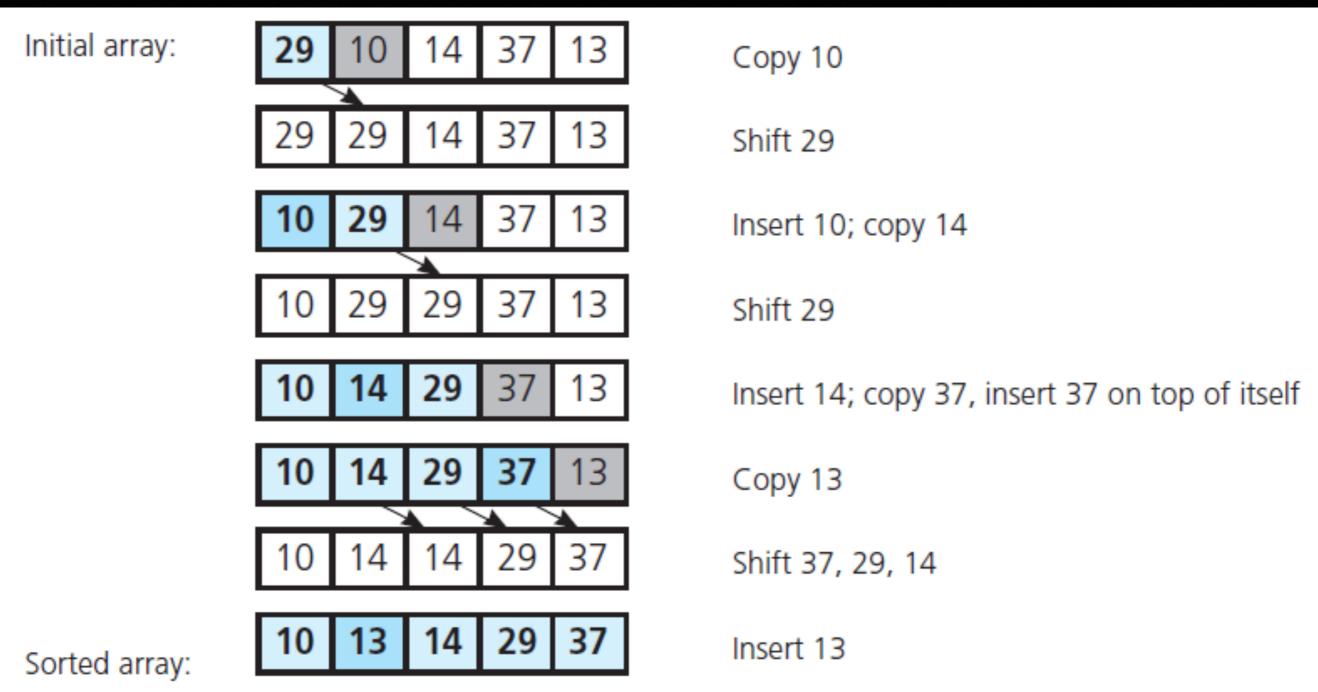
Insert 10; copy 14











Blue: sorted -- White: unsorted

```
void insertionSort(int theArray[], int n)
// unsorted = first index of the unsorted region,
// loc = index of insertion in the sorted region,
// nextItem = next item in the unsorted region.
// Initially, sorted region is theArray[0],
// unsorted region is theArray[1..n-1].
// In general, sorted region is theArray[0..unsorted-1],
// unsorted region theArray[unsorted..n-1]
for (int unsorted = 1; unsorted < n; unsorted++)
   // At this point, theArray[0..unsorted-1] is sorted.
   // Find the right position (loc) in theArray[0..unsorted]
   // for theArray[unsorted], which is the first entry in the
   // unsorted region; shift, as necessary, to make room
   int nextItem = theArray[unsorted];
   int loc = unsorted;
   while ((loc > 0) && (theArray[loc - 1] > nextItem))
      // Shift theArray[loc - 1] to the right
      theArray[loc] = theArray[loc - 1];
      loc--;
   } // end while
   // At this point, theArray[loc] is where nextItem belongs
   theArray[loc] = nextItem; // Insert nextItem into sorted region
  // end for
// end insertionSort
```