

## Kristen Goh

- Studied public health in Bachelors (UC Irvine) and Masters (UC Davis) degrees
- Currently works in a healthcare organization in the Quality Data & Reporting Analytics Dept.
- First experience in coding was in college working on a diabetes research
- Enjoys long walks, baking, exploring forests, and watching crime-mystery tv shows



## Jonathan Goh

- Grew up in the Greater Los Angeles Area
- Currently a Certified Occupational Therapist Assistant specializing in pediatrics
- Data Science is the window to using all the data we have to create knowledge and wisdom making meaningful and purposeful life.
- My vision is to improve and grow families/children's lives through my Data Science and Occupational Therapy skills



## World Happiness



### Why?

 World happiness is an increasingly important topic for policy-making, health programs, and humanitarian organizations.

#### Goal

- Understand how happiness differs in countries and regions around the world
- Analyze potential indicators that influence happiness

## **Data Sources**

### 1. World Happiness Report up to 2020 (linked here) - Kaggle

 World Happiness Report began in 2012 by the United Nations and is a landmark survey of the stats of global happiness of about 150 countries

### 2. World Development Indicators (linked here)

 Sourced from World Bank's collection of annual development indicators of over 217 economies

### 3. World Health Statistics (linked here) - Kaggle

 Data collected by the World Health Organization (WHO) consisting of health metrics



### Methods

### **Project Phases**

Data Wrangling - Python & Excel

- Combined the three data sets
- Remove unwanted columns
- Convert data into a usable format

Data Analysis - R Studio

- Test the assumptions
- Run ANOVA & Multiple Linear Regression

Data Visualization - Tableau, Excel, & R Studio

Created graphs and mapped findings

Presentation - PowerPoint & Google Drive



### Methods

### **Evaluation Questions**

- How does happiness differ between regions?
- How does happiness change over time for different regions?
- What are the countries with the highest happiness scores?
- What country development indicators influence happiness?

### **Statistical Tests**

- Multiple Linear Regression
- ANOVA

### Variables

#### **Happiness**

 Happiness Score (developed through life evaluations from the Gallup World Poll)

### **Technology**

- Mobile cellular subscriptions (per 100 people)
- Primary reliance on clean fuels and tech (% of pop.)
- Renewable energy consumption

#### **Economy**

- Economy (GDP per Capita)
- Business score (range 0-100)

### **Health**

- Health expenditure (% of GDP)
- Health expenditure (% of general gov. expenditure)
- Prevalence of undernourishment
- Basic sanitization services
- Basic drinking water services
- Fertility rate

#### Misc.

- Secondary education rate
- Rural population (% of total pop.)
- Food insecurity rate

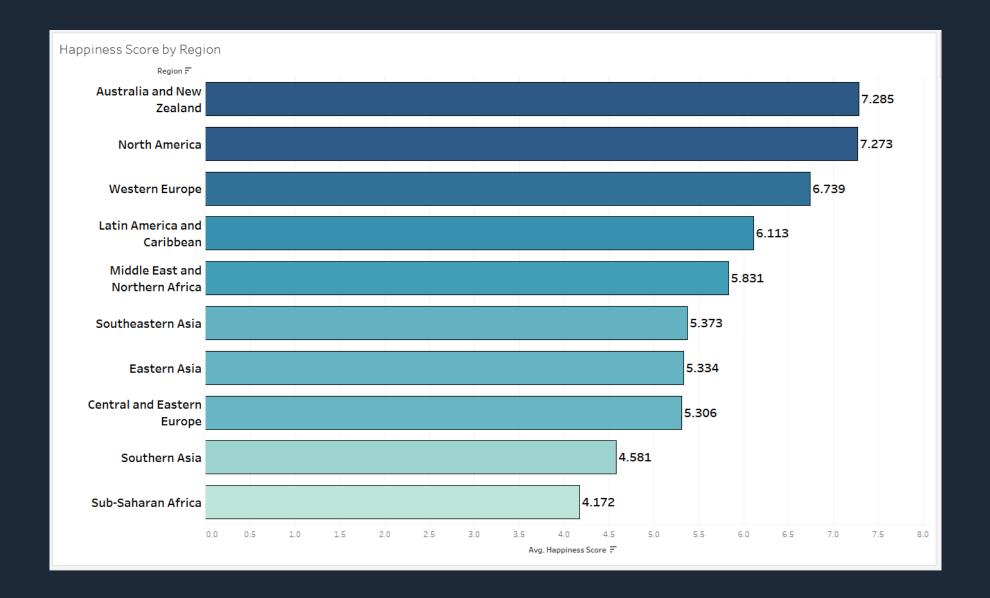
## **Happiness by Country**

- United States ranks #15
- 8 of the 15 countries are from Western Europe
- Mexico and Costa Rica are the only developing countries in the top 15
- Bottom 5 countries are from Africa and Middle East

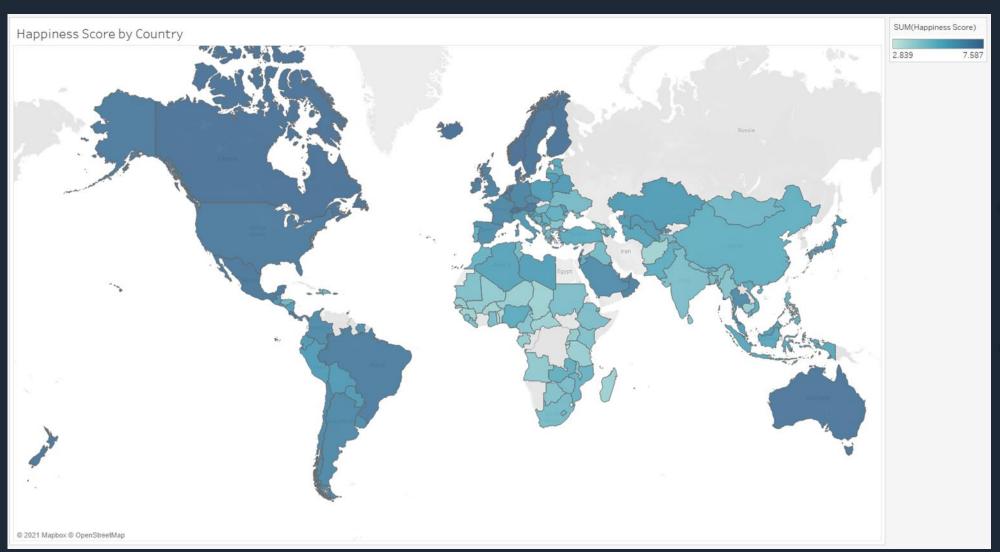
5 Countries w/ Lowest Happiness Scores			
Country	Region		
Rwanda	Sub-Saharan Africa	3.4650	
Benin	Sub-Saharan Africa	3.3400	
Syria	Middle East and Northern Africa	3.0060	
Burundi	Sub-Saharan Africa	2.9050	
Togo	Sub-Saharan Africa	2.8390	

Happiness Score of the Top 15 Countries			
Country	Region		
Switzerland	Western Europe	7.5870	
Iceland	Western Europe	7.5610	
Denmark	Western Europe	7.5270	
Norway	Western Europe	7.5220	
Canada	North America	7.4270	
Finland	Western Europe	7.4060	
Netherlands	Western Europe	7.3780	
Sweden	Western Europe	7.3640	
New Zealand	Australia and New Zealand	7.2860	
Australia	Australia and New Zealand	7.2840	
Israel	Middle East and Northern Africa	7.2780	
Costa Rica	Latin America and Caribbean	7.2260	
Austria	Western Europe	7.2000	
Mexico	Latin America and Caribbean	7.1870	
United States	North America	7.1190	

# Happiness by Region



# **Happiness Score Mapped by Country**



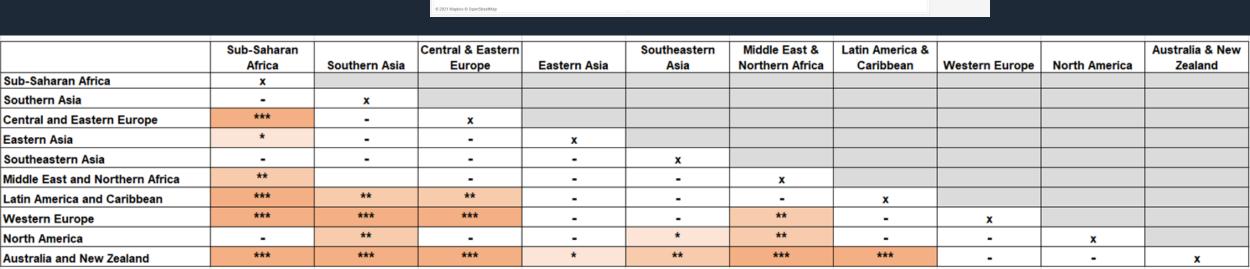


- Darker countries have higher happiness scores
- Greyed out countries were not included in the dataset

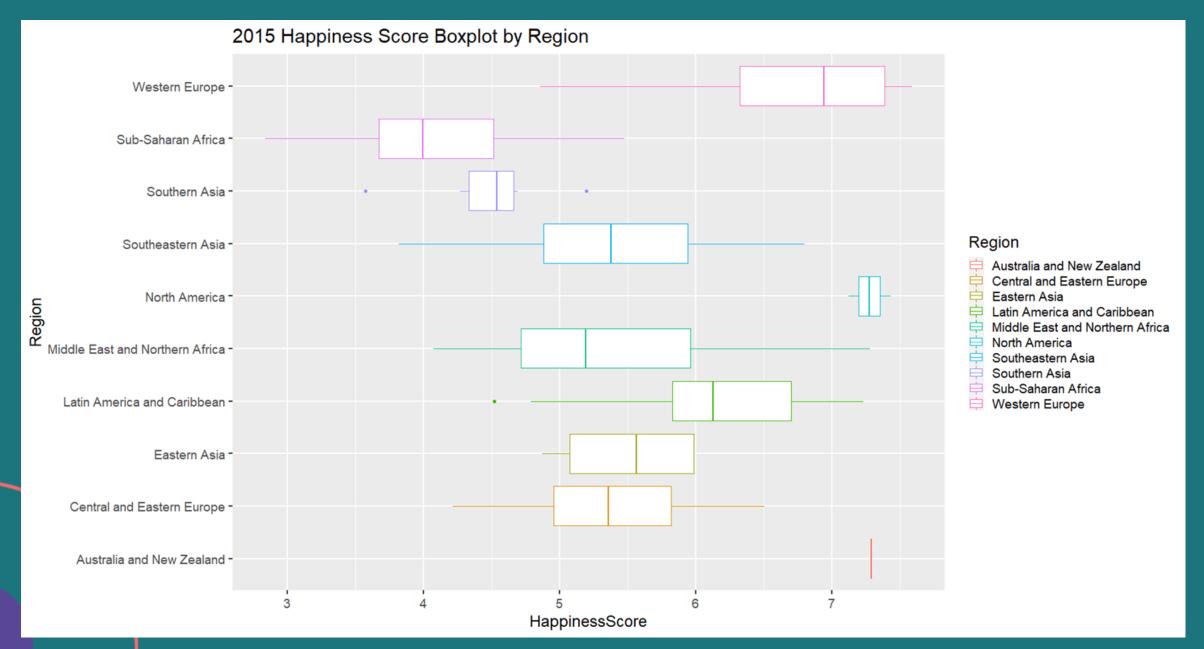
## Regional Differences in Happiness

- Some regions differ significantly between each other
- The regions at each end of the spectrum are significantly different

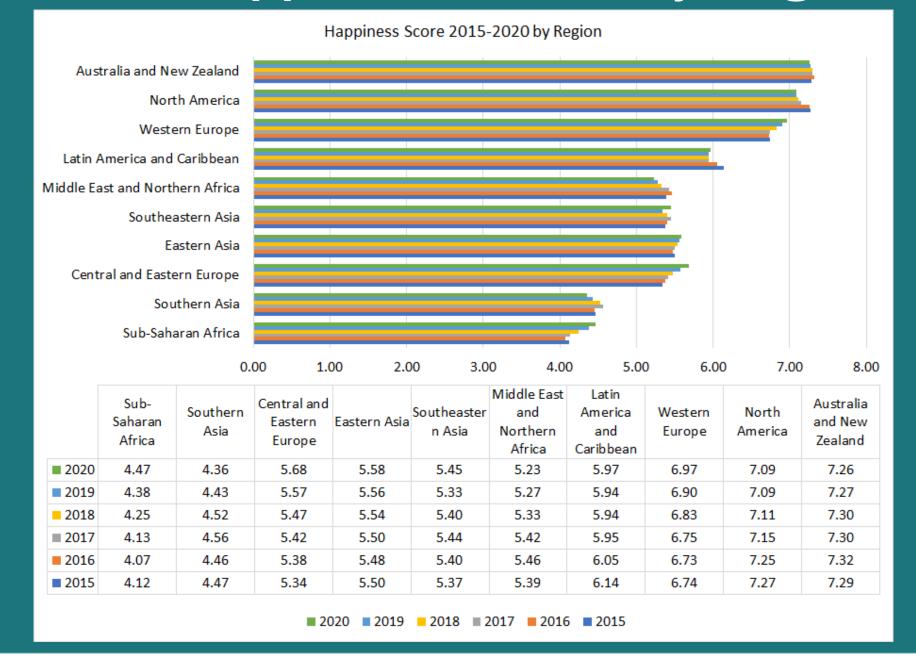




# Happiness Scores by Region

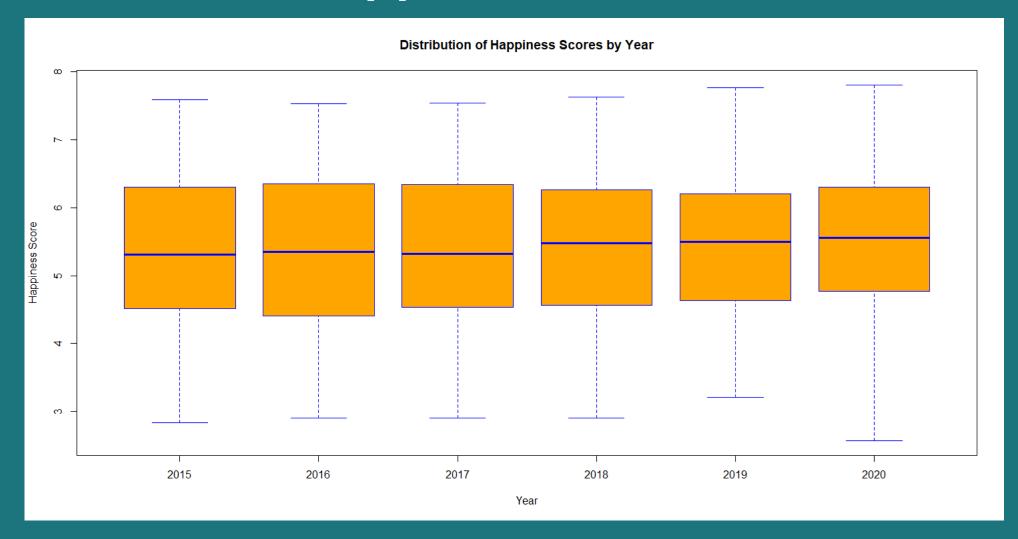


# 2015-2020 Happiness Scores by Region



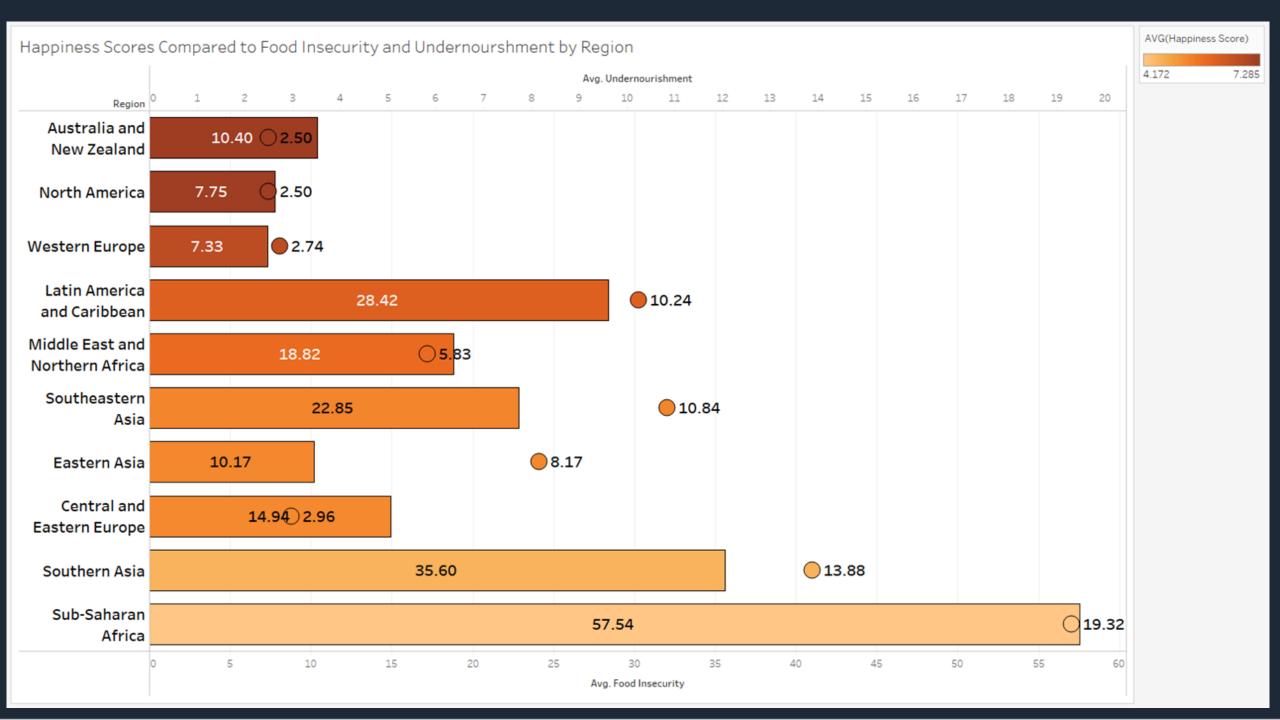
# **Annual Happiness Score**

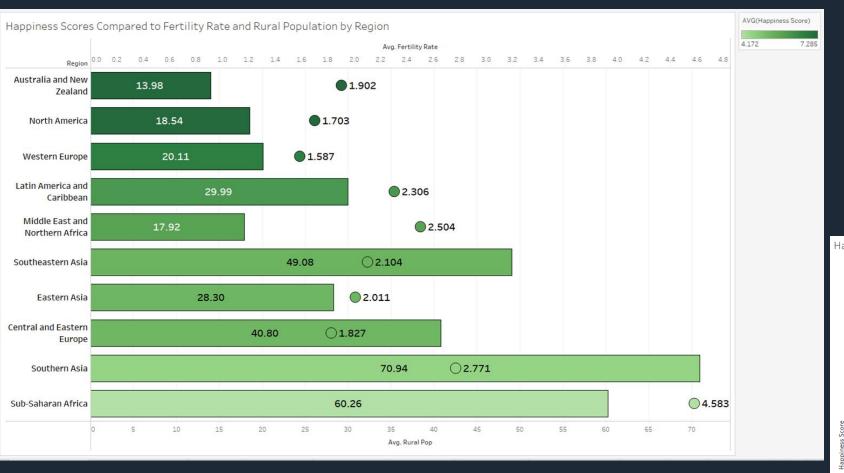
Barely any change in overall happiness scores between 2015-2020



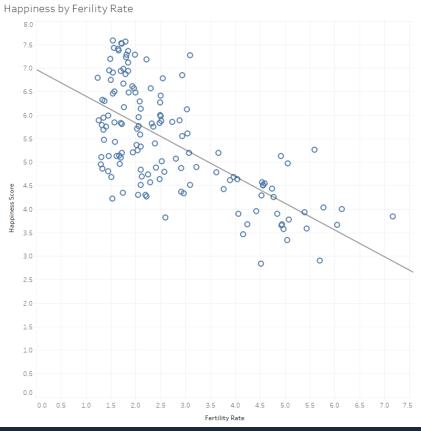
### **Influential Indicators of Happiness**

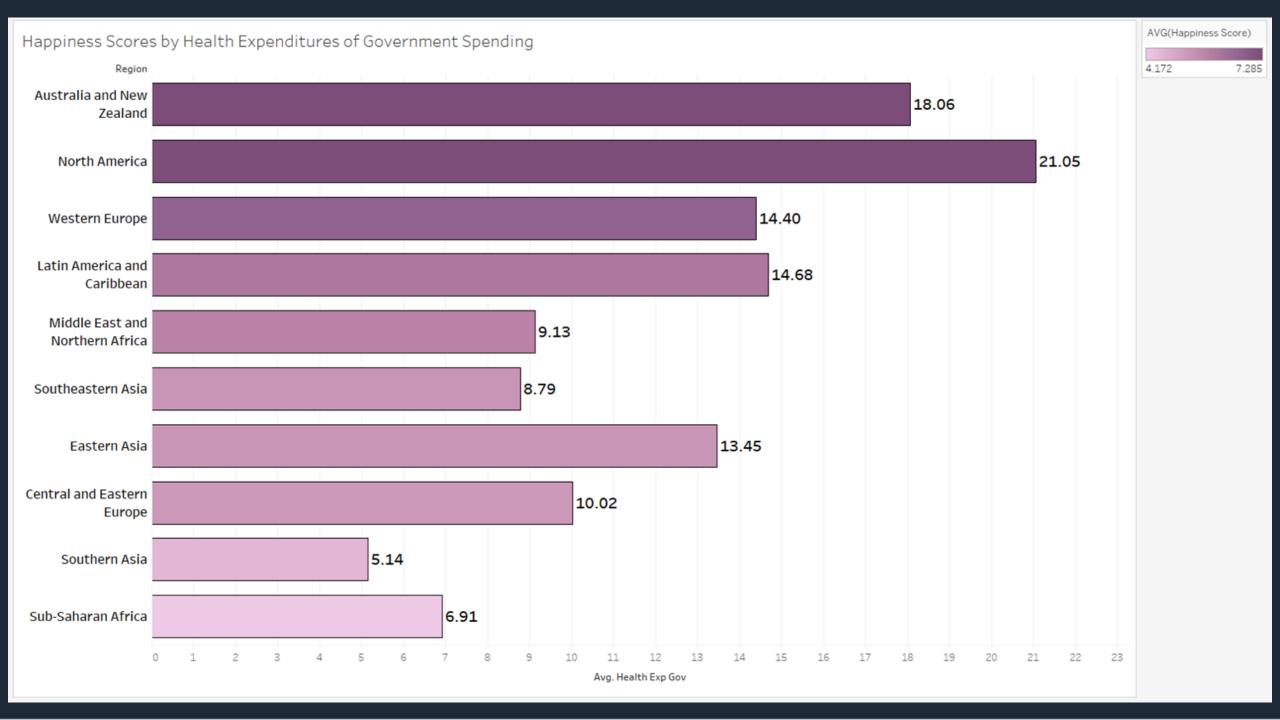
Food			
Undernourishment***	Prevalence of undernourishment (% of population)		
FoodInsecurity**	Prevalence of moderate or severe food insecurity in the population (%)		
Financial			
HealthExpGov***	Domestic general government health expenditure (% of general government expenditure)		
EconomyGDP***	GDP per capita is in terms of Purchasing Power Parity (PPP)		
Population Growth/Distribution			
RuralPop**	Rural population (% of total population)		
FertilityRate*	Fertility rate, total (births per woman)		

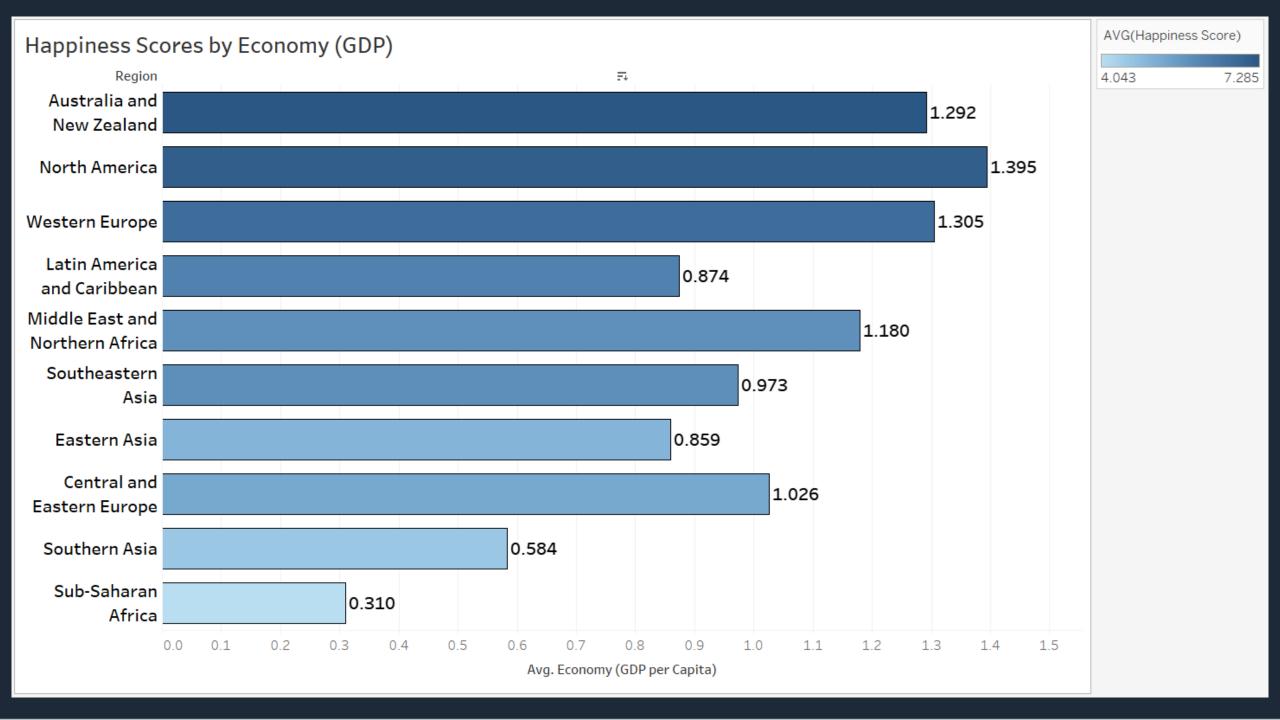












## Summary

#### **Change Over Time**

 Happiness did not drastically change for any of the regions between 2015-2020

### **Highest Happiness Scores**

- The top 3 countries with the highest happiness scores are: 1)
  Switzerland, 2) Iceland, 3) Denmark.
- United States was ranked 15th.
- Sub-Saharan Africa was the lowest ranking region.

#### Influential Variables

 Influential variables that affect happiness: 1) prevalence of undernourishment, 2) food insecurity, 3) rural population, 4) fertility rate, 5) government health expenditures, and 6) economy GDP.

## Conclusions

#### Global Level

 Humanitarian organizations should consider focusing efforts on Sub-Saharan Africa and Southern Asia regions.

#### **National Level**

- Policies and programs that support healthcare and food/nutrition likely have a high impact on happiness.
- Rural populations may need greater access and support to healthy foods, healthcare, and financial services.

#### Individual Level

• If you're thinking about moving abroad, consider moving to Switzerland!





# Thank you!

What questions do you have?



