Principles of Java Language with Applications, PIC20a E. Ryu Winter 2018



Homework 6 Due 5pm, Friday, March 16, 2017

Write your code into the main function of class YelpAnalysis. Submit YelpAnalysis.java. Submit Business.java if you use it. You are free to modify Business.java. Put everything in the package hw6, including the class YelpAnalysis.

Problem 1: (Big Yelp data analysis)

Go to

https://www.yelp.com/dataset_challenge/dataset

and agree to the terms and conditions. However, do not download their data set. Use the processed data set we provide.

yelpDatasetParsed_full.txt contains Yelp reviews from 85,538 out of their 66,000,000 business listings. The file has the following format:

```
{businessID, businessName, businessAddress, reviews} {businessID, businessName, businessAddress, reviews} ....
```

of documents in corpus containing word w

of times w appears in the corpus

The reviews consists of lowercase English letters and spaces without any punctuation or non-English characters. While programming and debugging, you may want to use the smaller file yelpDatasetParsed_short.txt, which only contains the first 100 businesses.

The goal of this assignment is to process this data set and extract meaningful words from the Yelp reviews that represent the businesses.

1. Read the file, and create a Business Object for each business. Each Business should contain its reviews as a String. You may use the class Business provided in Business.java.

n make constructor in business class

We will determine whether or not a word meaningfully represents a business with the number of times it appears in the reviews. However words like "a", "that", "is", or "and" are most frequent, and these words clearly do not say much about the business.

String reviews -> might want to use array instead

Therefore, we use the term frequency-inverse document frequency (tf-idf) score:

```
\text{tf-idf}(w,D) = \frac{\text{number of times word } w \text{ appears in document } D}{\text{number of documents in the entire corpus that contain word } w}
```

The tf-idf score is high if a rare word appears many times in a certain document. The numerator is the "term frequency", and the denominator is the "document frequency".

- 2. For each word, count the number of documents the word appears in.
- 3. For the top 10 Businesses with the most characters in their reviews, output (to the command line) the top 30 words with the highest tf-idf scores.

When you do so, you'll notice that some words with high tf-idf scores are so rare that they appear in 1 or 2 documents. Some of these words are misspellings or slangs that only make sense to locals. Filter these out.

4. If a word appears in less than 5 documents, assign a tf-idf score of 0.

Poorly written code will take too long to process the full data set. Perform some optimization.

5. Optimize your code so that it runs on the full data set within 10 minutes.

Your code could look something like

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
                          keeps track of number of
                        documents an integer appears in
                                                 creates a map from strings to integers
  Map < String , Integer > corpusDFCount = ???;
  List < Business > businessList = ???;
  while (true) {
    Business b = readBusiness(???);
    if (b==null) //end of file and processed all businesses
      break;
                                     *start by trying to get first three lines of while loop working
    businessList.add(b);
  }
  for (Business b : businessList)
    addDocumentCount(corpusDFCount,b);
  //sort by character count
  Collections.sort(businessList, ???);
  //for the top 10 businesses with most review characters
  for (int i=0; i<10; i++) {</pre>
    Map < String , Double > tfidfScoreMap =
            getTfidfScore(corpusDFCount, businessQueue.remove(), 5);
    //Entry is a static nested interface of class Map
    List < Map. Entry < String, Double >> tfidfScoreList
                          = new ArrayList <>(tfidfScoreMap.entrySet());
    sortByTfidf(tfidfScoreList);
    System.out.println(businessList.get(i));
    printTopWords(tfidfScoreList, 30);
  }
}
```

```
(bacchanals,2.73)
                                                              (buffet,1.48)
                                                            (baccahanal,1.17)
                                                            (bachannal,1.07)
                                                              (buffets,1.06)
                                                             (bacchanel,1)
                                                             (bachanal, 0.92)
This code can be further optimized using a PriorityQueue
                                                             (ginseng,o.q1)
                                                              (alvaro,0.89)
public static void main(String[] args) {
                                                             (baccanal, 0.89)
                                                             (carving, 0.84)
  Map < String , Integer > corpusDFCount = ???;
                                                             (legsclaws, 0.83)
  PriorityQueue < Business > businessQueue = ??macarons,o.74)
                                                             (oysters, 0.64)
  while (true) {
                                                          (platinumdiamond, 0.6)
                                                              (virkelig,o.6)
                                                                                (bacchanal,10.75)
     Business b = readBusiness(???);
     if (b==null) //end of file and processed acchanging inesses buffet, 1.48)
                                                                                (bacchanals, 2.73)
                                                                                (baccahanal,1.17)
                                                              (crab, 0.54)
                                                                                (bachannal,1.07)
     addDocumentCount(corpusDFCount,b);
                                                                                 (buffets,1.06)
                                                             (dionysus,o.5)
     businessQueue.add(b);
                                                              (fastpass, 0.5)
                                                                                (bacchanel,1.00)
                                                                                 (bachanal, 0.92)
                                                              (wicket,o.5)
     if (businessQueue.size()>10)
                                                              (gelato, 0.48)
                                                                                 (ginseng,o.91)
                                                                                 (alvaro, 0.89)
        businessQueue.remove();
                                                              (legs,0.46)
                                                             (bucchanal, 0.45)
  }
                                                               (the, 0.45)
                                                                                 (baccanal, 0.89)
                                                            (maccaroons, 0.44)
                                                                                 (carving, 0.84)
                                                              (jonah, 0.44)
                                                                                (legsclaws, 0.83)
                                                                                  (kuo,o.8o)
                                                            (vomitorium, 0.44)
  //for the top 10 businesses with most review characters (macarons,0.74)
                                                                    (oysters, o.64) (platinum diamond, o.60) (virkelig, o.60)
  for (int i=0; i<10; i++) {</pre>
                                                                                 (wicked,o.57)
     Business currB = businessQueue.remove();
                                                                               (bacchanalian, 0.56)
     Map < String , Double > tfidfScoreMap =
                                                                                  (crab, 0.54)
               getTfidfScore(corpusDFCount, currB, 5);
                                                                                 (dionysus, 0.50)
                                                                                 (fastpass, 0.50)
     //Entry is a static nested interface of class Map
                                                                                 (wicket, 0.50)
     List < Map. Entry < String, Double >> tfidfScoreList
                                                                                 (gelato, 0.48)
                                = new ArrayList <> (tfidfScoreMap.entrySet());
     sortByTfidf(tfidfScoreList);
                                                                                  (the, 0.45)
                                                                               (maccaroons, 0.44)
     System.out.println(currB);
                                                                                 (jonah, 0.44)
     printTopWords(tfidfScoreList, 30);
  }
(This code is just a suggestion provided to clarify the instructions.)
Your output should look something like
Business ID: 60454
Business Name: Bacchanal Buffet
Business Address: Caesars Palace Las Vegas Hotel And Casino 3570 Las Vegas Boul
evard South The Strip Las Vegas NV 89109
Character Count: 3780749
(bacchanal, 10.75) (bacchanals, 2.73) (buffet, 1.48) (baccahanal, 1.17) (bachannal,
1.07) (buffets, 1.06) (bacchanel, 1) (bachanal, 0.92) (ginseng, 0.91) (alvaro, 0.89)
(baccanal, 0.89) (carving, 0.84) (legsclaws, 0.83) (macarons, 0.74) (oysters, 0.64)
(platinumdiamond, 0.6) (virkelig, 0.6) (wicked, 0.57) (bacchanalian, 0.56) (crab, 0.
54) (dionysus, 0.5) (fastpass, 0.5) (wicket, 0.5) (gelato, 0.48) (legs, 0.46) (bucch
anal,0.45) (the,0.45) (maccaroons,0.44) (jonah,0.44) (vomitorium,0.44)
```

(bacchanal,10.75)

.------

Business ID: 20187

Business Name: Mon Ami Gabi

Business Address: 3655 Las Vegas Blvd S The Strip Las Vegas NV 89109

Character Count: 3481415

. . .

Hint. When optimizing your code, consider the following advice.

- Instead of directly using java.io.FileInputStream, java.io.BufferedInputStream, or java.io.Reader, use java.io.BufferedReader with java.io.FileReader.
- You can read a line of the dataset with readLine() of BufferedReader. You can separate a String about commas with split(...) of String.
- Strings are immutable, and using + to concatenate Strings is inefficient. When you're building up a large string, use java.lang.StringBuffer or java.lang.StringBuilder.
- If you add additional fields to class Business, make sure your additional fields aren't too large. In particular, you're doing something wrong if each Business owns (as a field) a Collection or a Map.

Remark. As a point of reference, my code runs in 90 seconds. Almost all of this time is spent in the while loop reading the Businesses and accumulating the document count.

Remark. The suggested code for this assignment is not very object-oriented, and that's fine. Object-oriented programming is a tool, and a tool should only be used when it fits the task.

Remark. In our data analysis, we entirely ignore the grammar the reviews were written in. Natural language processing is a field of artificial intelligence that studies how to process human language with a computer. Techniques from natural language processing would use the grammatical information and produce better results.

Acknowledgements. We thank Yelp, Inc. for generously providing their data. The original data set can be found at

https://www.yelp.com/dataset_challenge

Our use of the data set in this assignment is academic in nature and thus is allowed by Yelp, Inc. This data set was processed by Swati Arora into the provided format. You may not redistribute this processed data set.

String.split()
String.substring()

ArrayList<String>
d = new ArrayList<Strings>();

can also read character by character in BufferedInputString

hash Maps <String, Integer> m = new HashMap <String, Integer>)(;

Use s.split(", ") — will look for instances of <comma space > (reviews have been formatted without punctuations)

int []

read each line, split by ", ", split reviews by " "

int

Closing Streams

be careful about passing around objects and strings and stuff

when you open a stream, you should always close it

- otherwise all memory allocated to that stream will remain allocated until the program terminates, which can add up if your program needs a lot of Streams

- best to close them immediately

try(catch)finally construct

- inside of try block, program will try to do what you tell it to do

- if it throws an error, instead of going straight to console it will check whether any catch blocks are willing to handle it
 - catch(FileNotFoundException e)
- finally, it will execute the finally block —> close stream here, because this block will run unless the program terminates