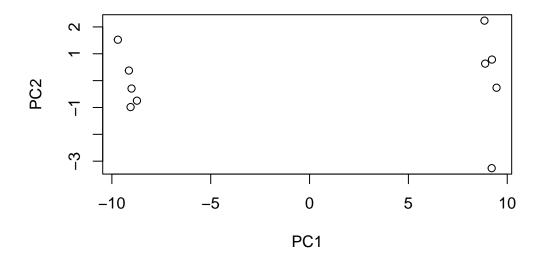
Class 08

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##Mini Project: Unsupervised Leaning with PCA and Clustering Before we get stuck into project work we will have a quick look at Read the data from lab 7:

```
url2 <- "https://tinyurl.com/expression-CSV"</pre>
  rna.data <- read.csv(url2, row.names =1)</pre>
  head(rna.data)
       wt1 wt2
                wt3 wt4 wt5 ko1 ko2 ko3 ko4 ko5
       439 458
                408 429 420
                               90
                                   88 86
                                           90
gene1
gene2 219 200
                204 210 187 427 423 434 433 426
gene3 1006 989 1030 1017 973 252 237 238 226 210
gene4 783 792
                829 856 760 849 856 835 885 894
                204 244 225 277 305 272 270 279
gene5
      181 249
gene6
       460 502 491 491 493 612 594 577 618 638
Q. How many genes are in this data set?
  nrow(rna.data)
[1] 100
100 \text{ rows}
##Run PCA
  pca <- prcomp(t(rna.data), scale = TRUE)</pre>
  plot(pca$x[,1], pca$x[,2], xlab="PC1", ylab="PC2")
```



summary(pca)

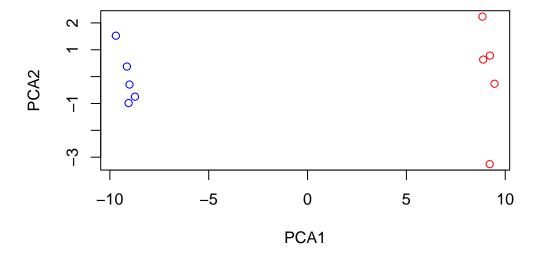
Importance of components:

PC4 PC5 PC1 PC2 PC3 PC6 PC7 Standard deviation 9.6237 1.5198 1.05787 1.05203 0.88062 0.82545 0.80111 Proportion of Variance 0.9262 0.0231 0.01119 0.01107 0.00775 0.00681 0.00642 Cumulative Proportion 0.9262 0.9493 0.96045 0.97152 0.97928 0.98609 0.99251 PC8 PC9 PC10 Standard deviation 0.62065 0.60342 3.457e-15 Proportion of Variance 0.00385 0.00364 0.000e+00 Cumulative Proportion 0.99636 1.00000 1.000e+00

pca\$x

```
PC1
                 PC2
                           PC3
                                     PC4
                                              PC5
                                                        PC6
wt1 -9.697374 1.5233313 -0.2753567
                               0.7322391 -0.6749398
                                                  1.1823860
wt2 -9.138950 0.3748504 1.0867958 -1.9461655
                                         0.7571209 -0.4369228
wt3 -9.054263 -0.9855163 0.4152966
                               1.4166028 0.5835918 0.6937236
wt4 -8.731483 -0.7468371
                      wt5 -9.006312 -0.2945307 -1.8498101 -0.4303812 0.8666124 -0.2496025
```

```
ko1 8.846999 2.2345475 -0.1462750 -1.1544333 -0.6947862 0.7128021
ko2 9.213885 -3.2607503 0.2287292 -0.7658122 -0.4922849 0.9170241
ko3 9.458412 -0.2636283 -1.5778183 0.2433549 0.3654124 -0.5837724
ko4 8.883412 0.6339701 1.5205064 0.7760158 1.2158376 -0.1446094
ko5 9.225673 0.7845635 0.0103574 0.9017667 -0.3860869 -0.8186668
           PC7
                      PC8
                                 PC9
                                            PC10
wt1 -0.24446614 1.03519396 0.07010231 3.073930e-15
wt2 -0.03275370 0.26622249 0.72780448 1.963707e-15
wt3 -0.03578383 -1.05851494 0.52979799 2.893519e-15
wt4 -0.52795595 -0.20995085 -0.50325679 2.872702e-15
wt5 0.83227047 -0.05891489 -0.81258430 1.693090e-15
ko1 -0.07864392 -0.94652648 -0.24613776 4.052314e-15
ko2 0.30945771 0.33231138 -0.08786782 3.268219e-15
ko3 -1.43723425 0.14495188 0.56617746 2.636780e-15
ko5 1.56584821 0.19140827 0.62950330 3.379241e-15
  #We have 5 WT and 5 KO samples
  mycols <- c(rep("blue", 5), rep("red", 5))</pre>
  mycols
 [1] "blue" "blue" "blue" "blue" "red" "red" "red" "red"
  plot(pca$x[,1], pca$x[,2], xlab="PCA1", ylab= "PCA2", col= mycols)
```



I could examine which genes contribute most to this first PC

```
head(sort(abs(pca$rotation[,1]), decreasing = T))
```

```
gene100 gene66 gene45 gene68 gene98 gene60 0.1038708 0.1038455 0.1038402 0.1038395 0.1038372 0.1038055
```

#Analysis of Breast Cancer FNA (Fine Needle Aspirations) Data

The data itself comes from the Wisconsin Breast Cnacer Diagnostic Data Set.

Values in this data set describe characteristics of the cell nuclei present in digitzed images of a fine needle aspiration (FNA) of a breast mass.

First, we need to read the data:

```
# Save your input data file into your Project directory
fna.data <- "WisconsinCancer.csv"

# Complete the following code to input the data and store as wisc.df
wisc.df <- read.csv(fna.data, row.names=1)
head(wisc.df)</pre>
```

```
diagnosis radius_mean texture_mean perimeter_mean area_mean
842302
                          17.99
                                        10.38
                                                       122.80
                                                                 1001.0
                 М
                 М
                          20.57
                                        17.77
842517
                                                       132.90
                                                                 1326.0
84300903
                 Μ
                          19.69
                                        21.25
                                                       130.00
                                                                 1203.0
84348301
                 Μ
                          11.42
                                        20.38
                                                       77.58
                                                                  386.1
84358402
                 Μ
                          20.29
                                        14.34
                                                       135.10
                                                                 1297.0
843786
                 Μ
                          12.45
                                        15.70
                                                       82.57
                                                                  477.1
         smoothness_mean compactness_mean concavity_mean concave.points_mean
842302
                 0.11840
                                   0.27760
                                                    0.3001
                                                                         0.14710
842517
                 0.08474
                                   0.07864
                                                    0.0869
                                                                         0.07017
84300903
                 0.10960
                                   0.15990
                                                                         0.12790
                                                    0.1974
84348301
                 0.14250
                                   0.28390
                                                    0.2414
                                                                         0.10520
84358402
                 0.10030
                                   0.13280
                                                    0.1980
                                                                         0.10430
843786
                 0.12780
                                   0.17000
                                                    0.1578
                                                                         0.08089
         symmetry_mean fractal_dimension_mean radius_se texture_se perimeter_se
842302
                0.2419
                                        0.07871
                                                   1.0950
                                                               0.9053
                                                                              8.589
842517
                0.1812
                                        0.05667
                                                   0.5435
                                                               0.7339
                                                                              3.398
84300903
                0.2069
                                        0.05999
                                                   0.7456
                                                               0.7869
                                                                              4.585
84348301
                0.2597
                                        0.09744
                                                   0.4956
                                                               1.1560
                                                                              3.445
84358402
                0.1809
                                        0.05883
                                                   0.7572
                                                               0.7813
                                                                              5.438
843786
                0.2087
                                        0.07613
                                                   0.3345
                                                               0.8902
                                                                              2.217
         area se smoothness se compactness se concavity se concave.points se
                       0.006399
842302
          153.40
                                        0.04904
                                                     0.05373
                                                                         0.01587
842517
           74.08
                       0.005225
                                        0.01308
                                                     0.01860
                                                                         0.01340
84300903
           94.03
                       0.006150
                                        0.04006
                                                     0.03832
                                                                         0.02058
           27.23
84348301
                       0.009110
                                        0.07458
                                                     0.05661
                                                                         0.01867
84358402
           94.44
                       0.011490
                                        0.02461
                                                     0.05688
                                                                         0.01885
843786
           27.19
                       0.007510
                                        0.03345
                                                     0.03672
                                                                        0.01137
         symmetry_se fractal_dimension_se radius_worst texture_worst
842302
             0.03003
                                  0.006193
                                                   25.38
                                                                  17.33
                                                   24.99
842517
             0.01389
                                  0.003532
                                                                  23.41
                                  0.004571
84300903
             0.02250
                                                   23.57
                                                                  25.53
84348301
             0.05963
                                  0.009208
                                                   14.91
                                                                  26.50
84358402
             0.01756
                                  0.005115
                                                   22.54
                                                                  16.67
843786
             0.02165
                                  0.005082
                                                   15.47
                                                                  23.75
         perimeter worst area worst smoothness worst compactness worst
842302
                  184.60
                              2019.0
                                                0.1622
                                                                   0.6656
842517
                  158.80
                              1956.0
                                                0.1238
                                                                   0.1866
84300903
                  152.50
                              1709.0
                                                0.1444
                                                                   0.4245
84348301
                   98.87
                               567.7
                                                0.2098
                                                                   0.8663
84358402
                  152.20
                              1575.0
                                                0.1374
                                                                   0.2050
843786
                  103.40
                               741.6
                                                0.1791
                                                                   0.5249
         concavity_worst concave.points_worst symmetry_worst
```

842302	0.7119	0.2654	0.4601
842517	0.2416	0.1860	0.2750
84300903	0.4504	0.2430	0.3613
84348301	0.6869	0.2575	0.6638
84358402	0.4000	0.1625	0.2364
843786	0.5355	0.1741	0.3985
	<pre>fractal_dimension_worst</pre>		
842302	0.11890		
842517	0.08902		
84300903	0.08758		
84348301	0.17300		
84358402	0.07678		
843786	0.12440		

Note that the first column here wisc.df\$diagnosis is a pathologist provided expert diagnosis

```
diagnosis <- as.factor(wisc.df$diagnosis)</pre>
```

Now I want to make sure I remove that column from my dataset for analysis

```
# We can use -1 here to remove the first column
wisc.data <- wisc.df[,-1]
head(wisc.data)</pre>
```

	radius_mean text	ure_mean	perimet	er_mean	$area_mean$	smoothr	ness_mean
842302	17.99	10.38		122.80	1001.0		0.11840
842517	20.57	17.77		132.90	1326.0		0.08474
84300903	19.69	21.25		130.00	1203.0		0.10960
84348301	11.42	20.38		77.58	386.1		0.14250
84358402	20.29	14.34		135.10	1297.0		0.10030
843786	12.45	15.70		82.57	477.1		0.12780
	compactness_mean	concavit	ty_mean	concave.	points_mea	n symme	etry_mean
842302	0.27760		0.3001		0.1471	.0	0.2419
842517	0.07864		0.0869		0.0701	.7	0.1812
84300903	0.15990		0.1974		0.1279	0	0.2069
84348301	0.28390		0.2414		0.1052	20	0.2597
84358402	0.13280		0.1980		0.1043	30	0.1809
843786	0.17000		0.1578		0.0808	9	0.2087
	fractal_dimension	n_mean ra	adius_se	texture	e_se perime	ter_se	area_se
842302	C	.07871	1.0950	0.9	9053	8.589	153.40
842517	C	.05667	0.5435	0.7	7339	3.398	74.08
84300903	C	.05999	0.7456	0.7	7869	4.585	94.03

84348301		0.09744	0.4956	1.15	60	3.445	27.23
84358402		0.05883	0.7572	0.78	13	5.438	94.44
843786		0.07613	0.3345	0.89	02	2.217	27.19
S	smoothness_se o	compactness	s_se cond	cavity_se	concave.	points_s	se
842302	0.006399	0.04		0.05373		0.0158	
842517	0.005225	0.01	1308	0.01860		0.0134	40
84300903	0.006150	0.04	1006	0.03832		0.020	58
84348301	0.009110	0.07	458	0.05661		0.0186	37
84358402	0.011490	0.02	2461	0.05688		0.0188	35
843786	0.007510	0.03	3345	0.03672		0.0113	37
S	symmetry_se fra	ctal_dimer	sion_se	radius_w	orst text	ure_wors	st
842302	0.03003	C	0.006193	2	5.38	17.3	33
842517	0.01389	C	0.003532	2	4.99	23.4	41
84300903	0.02250	C	0.004571	2	3.57	25.5	53
84348301	0.05963	C	0.009208	1	4.91	26.5	50
84358402	0.01756	C	0.005115	2	2.54	16.6	37
843786	0.02165	C	0.005082	1	5.47	23.	75
]	perimeter_worst	area_wors	st smooth	ness_wor	st compac	tness_w	orst
842302	184.60	2019.	. 0	0.16	22	0.6	3656
842517	158.80	1956.	. 0	0.12	38	0.3	1866
84300903	152.50	1709.	. 0	0.14	44	0.4	1245
84348301	98.87	567.	7	0.20	98	0.8	3663
84358402	152.20	1575.	. 0	0.13	74	0.2	2050
843786	103.40	741.	6	0.17	91	0.5	5249
(concavity_worst	concave.p	oints_wo	rst symm	etry_wors	t	
842302	0.7119)	0.2	2654	0.460	1	
842517	0.2416	3	0.1	.860	0.275	0	
84300903	0.4504		0.2	2430	0.361		
84348301	0.6869			2575	0.663		
84358402	0.4000		0.1	.625	0.236		
843786	0.5355		0.1	741	0.398	5	
3	fractal_dimensi	_					
842302		0.11890					
842517		0.08902					
84300903		0.08758					
84348301		0.17300					
84358402		0.07678					
843786		0.12440					

Q1. How many observations are in this dataset?

length(wisc.data)

[1] 30

Q2. How many of the observations have a malignant diagnosis?

```
table(wisc.df$diagnosis)
```

B M 357 212

212 have malignant diagnosis

Q3. How many variables/features in the data are suffixed with _mean?

```
length(grep("_mean", colnames(wisc.data)))
```

[1] 10

##Principal Component Analysis

Here we will use 'prcomp()' on the 'wisc.data' object - the one without the diagnosis column.

First we have to decide whether to use the 'scale=TRUE' argument when we run 'prcomp()'.

We can look at the means and sd of each column. If they are similar then we are all good to go. If not we should use 'scale = TRUE'.

colMeans(wisc.data)

radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean
1.412729e+01	1.928965e+01	9.196903e+01
area_mean	${\tt smoothness_mean}$	compactness_mean
6.548891e+02	9.636028e-02	1.043410e-01
${\tt concavity_mean}$	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean
8.879932e-02	4.891915e-02	1.811619e-01
fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se
6.279761e-02	4.051721e-01	1.216853e+00
perimeter_se	area_se	${\tt smoothness_se}$
2.866059e+00	4.033708e+01	7.040979e-03
compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
2.547814e-02	3.189372e-02	1.179614e-02

```
fractal_dimension_se
                                                         radius_worst
         symmetry_se
        2.054230e-02
                                 3.794904e-03
                                                         1.626919e+01
       texture_worst
                             perimeter_worst
                                                           area_worst
        2.567722e+01
                                 1.072612e+02
                                                         8.805831e+02
    smoothness_worst
                           compactness_worst
                                                      concavity_worst
        1.323686e-01
                                 2.542650e-01
                                                         2.721885e-01
concave.points_worst
                              symmetry_worst fractal_dimension_worst
        1.146062e-01
                                 2.900756e-01
                                                         8.394582e-02
```

apply(wisc.data, 2, sd)

radius_mean	texture_mean	perimeter_mean
3.524049e+00	4.301036e+00	2.429898e+01
area_mean	${\tt smoothness_mean}$	compactness_mean
3.519141e+02	1.406413e-02	5.281276e-02
concavity_mean	concave.points_mean	symmetry_mean
7.971981e-02	3.880284e-02	2.741428e-02
fractal_dimension_mean	radius_se	texture_se
7.060363e-03	2.773127e-01	5.516484e-01
perimeter_se	area_se	smoothness_se
2.021855e+00	4.549101e+01	3.002518e-03
compactness_se	concavity_se	concave.points_se
1.790818e-02	3.018606e-02	6.170285e-03
symmetry_se	fractal_dimension_se	radius_worst
8.266372e-03	2.646071e-03	4.833242e+00
texture_worst	perimeter_worst	area_worst
6.146258e+00	3.360254e+01	5.693570e+02
smoothness_worst	compactness_worst	concavity_worst
2.283243e-02	1.573365e-01	2.086243e-01
concave.points_worst	symmetry_worst	fractal_dimension_worst
6.573234e-02	6.186747e-02	1.806127e-02

They are very different so we should scale=TRUE.

```
wisc.pr<- prcomp(wisc.data, scale=T)
summary(wisc.pr)</pre>
```

Importance of components:

PC1 PC2 PC3 PC4 PC5 PC6 PC7 Standard deviation 3.6444 2.3857 1.67867 1.40735 1.28403 1.09880 0.82172

```
Proportion of Variance 0.4427 0.1897 0.09393 0.06602 0.05496 0.04025 0.02251
Cumulative Proportion 0.4427 0.6324 0.72636 0.79239 0.84734 0.88759 0.91010
                           PC8
                                  PC9
                                         PC10
                                                PC11
                                                         PC12
                                                                 PC13
                                                                         PC14
Standard deviation
                       0.69037 0.6457 0.59219 0.5421 0.51104 0.49128 0.39624
Proportion of Variance 0.01589 0.0139 0.01169 0.0098 0.00871 0.00805 0.00523
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.92598 0.9399 0.95157 0.9614 0.97007 0.97812 0.98335
                          PC15
                                  PC16
                                          PC17
                                                   PC18
                                                           PC19
                                                                   PC20
Standard deviation
                       0.30681 0.28260 0.24372 0.22939 0.22244 0.17652 0.1731
Proportion of Variance 0.00314 0.00266 0.00198 0.00175 0.00165 0.00104 0.0010
Cumulative Proportion
                       0.98649 0.98915 0.99113 0.99288 0.99453 0.99557 0.9966
                          PC22
                                  PC23
                                         PC24
                                                 PC25
                                                          PC26
                                                                  PC27
                                                                          PC28
Standard deviation
                       0.16565 0.15602 0.1344 0.12442 0.09043 0.08307 0.03987
Proportion of Variance 0.00091 0.00081 0.0006 0.00052 0.00027 0.00023 0.00005
                       0.99749 0.99830 0.9989 0.99942 0.99969 0.99992 0.99997
Cumulative Proportion
                          PC29
                                  PC30
Standard deviation
                       0.02736 0.01153
Proportion of Variance 0.00002 0.00000
Cumulative Proportion
                       1.00000 1.00000
```

Q4. From your results, what proportion of the original variance is captured by the first principal components (PC1)?

44.27%

- Q5. How many principal components (PCs) are required to describe at least 70% of the original variance in the data? 3 PCs capture 72.6% of the original variance.
- Q6. How many principal components (PCs) are required to describe at least 90% of the original variance in the data? 7 PCs capture 91.01% of the original variance

##Plotting the PCA results

```
#biplot(wisc.pr)
```

Q7. What stands out to you about this plot? Is it easy or difficult to understand? Why? It is extremely difficult to understand, because every point of data is clustered together and you can't see what you are interpreting.

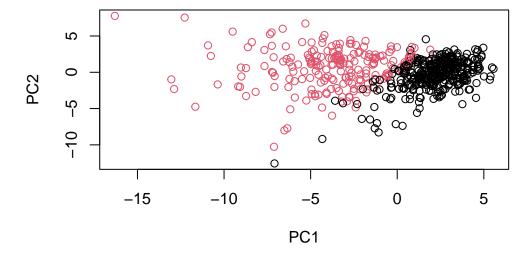
```
attributes(wisc.pr)
```

```
$names
```

[1] "sdev" "rotation" "center" "scale" "x"

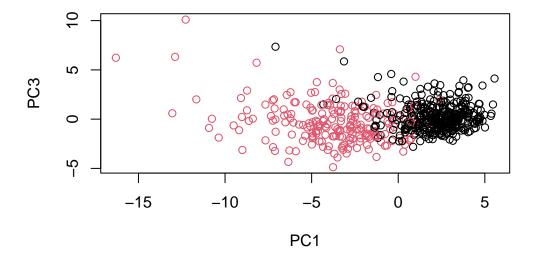
```
$class
[1] "prcomp"
```

```
#Scatter plot observations by components 1 and 2
plot(wisc.pr$x[,1], wisc.pr$x[,2], col=diagnosis, xlab="PC1", ylab= "PC2")
```



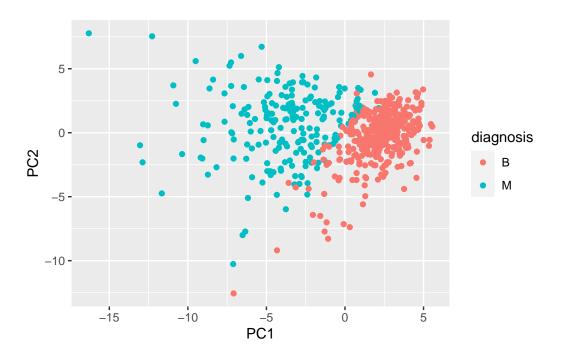
Q8. Generate a similar plot for principal components 1 and 3. What do you notice about these plots?

```
plot(wisc.pr$x[,1], wisc.pr$x[,3], col=diagnosis, xlab="PC1", ylab= "PC3")
```



These plots are much easier to interpret and read, and there is much more distinct clustering in these plots than in the dist.plot function.

```
library(ggplot2)
pc <- as.data.frame(wisc.pr$x)
ggplot(pc) +
   aes(PC1, PC2, col = diagnosis) +
   geom_point()</pre>
```



Q9. For the first principal component, what is the component of the loading vector (i.e. wisc.pr\$rotation[,1]) for the feature concave.points_mean?

```
wisc.pr$rotation["concave.points_mean",1]
```

[1] -0.2608538

-0.2608538 is the component of the loading vector.

Q10. What is the minimum number of principal components required to explain 80% of the variance of the data?

```
tbl <- summary(wisc.pr)
which(tbl$importance[3,]>0.8)[1]
```

PC5

5

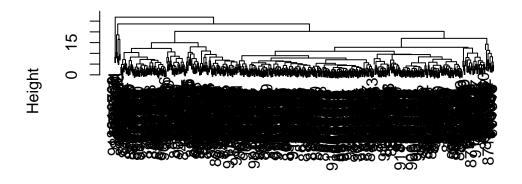
5 PCs are needed to capture 80% of the variance of the data.

#Hierarchical Clustering

The main function of the Hiearchercal clustering is called 'hclust()', it takes a distance matrix as input.

```
d <- dist(scale(wisc.data))
wisc.hclust <- hclust(d)
plot(wisc.hclust)</pre>
```

Cluster Dendrogram

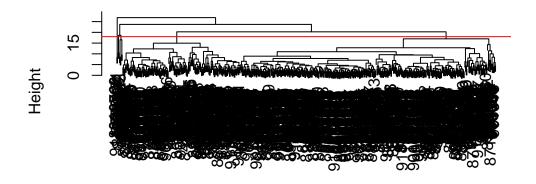


d hclust (*, "complete")

Q11. Using the plot() and abline() functions, what is the height at which the clustering model has 4 clusters?

```
plot(wisc.hclust)
abline(h=18, col ="red")
```

Cluster Dendrogram



d hclust (*, "complete")

grps <- cutree(wisc.hclust, h=18)
table(grps)</pre>

grps 1 2 3 4 5 177 5 383 2 2

grps

84458202	844359	843786	84358402	84348301	84300903	842517	842302
1	1	1	1	2	1	1	1
84799002	84667401	846381	846226	84610002	845636	84501001	844981
1	1	3	1	1	3	2	1
851509	8511133	8510824	8510653	8510426	849014	84862001	848406
1	1	3	3	3	1	1	3
853612	853401	853201	852973	852781	852763	852631	852552
1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1
855138	855133	854941	854268	854253	854039	854002	85382601
1	3	3	1	1	1	1	1
85715	85713702	857010	85638502	856106	855625	855563	855167

3	1	1	1	1	1	3	1
857155		857343					
3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3
857637	857793	857810	858477	858970	858981	858986	859196
1	1	3	3	3	3	1	3
85922302	859283	859464	859465	859471	859487	859575	859711
1	1	3	3	4	3	1	3
859717	859983	8610175	8610404	8610629	8610637	8610862	8610908
1	1	3	3				3
861103	8611161	8611555			8612399		86135502
3	1						1
861597	861598	861648				862028	
3	1	_				_	1
86211		862485					
3	3			3			
862989	863030			86355			86408
3	1			1			3
86409	864292		864685				865128
3	3			3			
865137		865423					866203
3	1	_		_	3		3
866458		866714					
1	1			1			
868223	868682		868871				869224
3	3		3				
869254		869691					
3	3						3
8710441		8711002					871149
0711561	3	3 871201				_	0710700
8711561 3				0/12209			
8712766	0710052	87139402					
1		3					
_	•	873357	•	_	ū	•	•
3	1			1			
		874217					
		3					
		87556202					
3		1					1
		878796					
3	3		1				3
		881046502					
1	3		3				1
-	Ū	•	J	Ŭ	J	-	-

8811523	8811779	8811842	88119002	8812816	8812818	8812844	8812877
3	3	1	1	3	3	3	1
8813129	88143502	88147101	88147102	88147202	881861	881972	88199202
3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3
88203002	88206102	882488	88249602	88299702	883263	883270	88330202
3	1	3	3	1	1	3	1
88350402	883539	883852	88411702	884180	884437	884448	884626
3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3
88466802	884689	884948	88518501	885429	8860702	886226	886452
3	3	1	3	1	3	1	3
88649001	886776	887181	88725602	887549	888264	888570	889403
1	1	1	1	1	3	1	3
889719	88995002	8910251	8910499	8910506	8910720	8910721	8910748
1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3
8910988	8910996	8911163	8911164	8911230	8911670	8911800	8911834
1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
8912049	8912055	89122	8912280	8912284	8912521	8912909	8913
1	3	1	1	3	3	3	3
8913049	89143601	89143602	8915	891670	891703	891716	891923
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
891936	892189	892214	892399	892438	892604	89263202	892657
3	3	3	3	1	3	1	3
89296	893061	89344	89346	893526	893548	893783	89382601
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
89382602	893988	894047	894089	894090	894326	894329	894335
3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3
894604	894618	894855	895100	89511501	89511502	89524	895299
3	3	3	1	3	3	3	3
8953902	895633	896839	896864	897132	897137	897374	89742801
1	1	1	1	3	3	3	1
897604	897630	897880	89812	89813	898143	89827	898431
3	1	3	1	3	3	3	1
89864002	898677	898678	89869	898690	899147	899187	899667
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
899987	9010018	901011	9010258	9010259	901028	9010333	901034301
1	1	3			3		
901034302		9010598		9010877	901088	9011494	9011495
3	3	3	3	3	1	1	3
9011971		9012315					901303
1	1	1		1	1		
901315	9013579	9013594					
3	3		1				
902727	_	902975					
							2 2 2 2 2 0

3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3
903507					90401602		
1	_	3		3			
90439701	904647	904689	9047	904969	904971	905189	905190
1	3	3	3			3	3
90524101	905501	905502	905520	905539	905557	905680	905686
1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
905978	90602302	906024	906290	906539	906564	906616	906878
3	1	3	3	3	1	3	3
907145	907367	907409			90769602	907914	907915
3	3	3	3	3	3	1	3
908194		908469	908489	908916	909220	909231	909410
1	_	3	1				
909411	909445						9110944
3	-	3	3				
911150	911157302						
3	1	3		3			
9112366					911296202		
3	_	3			5		3
911320502					911366		
3	_	3		1		_	3
911384					911673		
3	_	3	3				
912193		912519					913505
3	3	3					_
913512		91376701					914333
3	-	3	3				
914366					91504		
1	3	1	_	_		_	_
915186					915460		
015601	_	01504600	016001			_	
915691	915940 3					917062	917080
017000	91762702						
317092							
	918465						
							919555
	919812						
31313101		321032					
	922576						
322231					323403		323760
	924342						
924004		924632	924934 3				
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

925292	925311	925622	926125	926424	926682	926954	927241
3	3	1	1	1	1	3	1
92751							
3							

The height at which the model has 4 clusters is at height 18.

Q12. Can you find a better cluster vs diagnoses match by cutting into a different number of clusters between 2 and 10?

```
better <- cutree(wisc.hclust, h=9)
table(better, diagnosis)</pre>
```

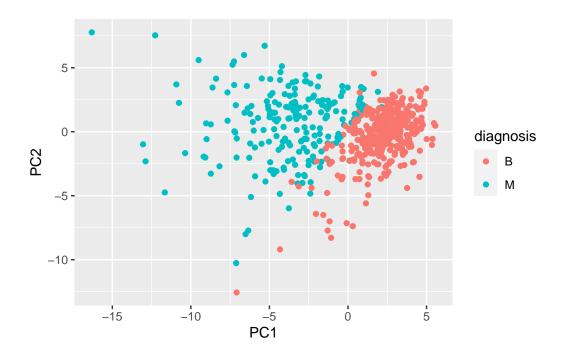
diagnosis							
better	В	M					
1	0	24					
2	0	45					
3	0	3					
4	0	11					
5	12	46					
6	9	15					
7	0	2					
8	197	6					
9	0	5					
10	2	15					
11	89	3					
12	19	0					
13	11	0					
14	1	0					
15	3	0					
16	0	12					
17	0	1					
18	0	6					
19	7	0					
20	0	1					
21	1	0					
22	0	6					
23	4	0					
24	0	2					
25	0	1					
26	0	8					
27	2	0					

Yes, if I cut into 9 I find a better match.

Q13. Which method gives your favorite results for the same data.dist dataset? Explain your reasoning. ward.D2 clusters based on the sum of squared differences within all clusters, versus single and complete cluster based on the minimum/maximum distances. Average clusters based on average data. Hence, if we do single/complete, we may not be grouping our data by its actual similarity. Average will not give any meaningful data.

Come back here later to see how our cluster groups correspond to M or B groups.

```
ggplot(pc) +
  aes(PC1, PC2, color = diagnosis) +
  geom_point()
```



##5. Combining methods

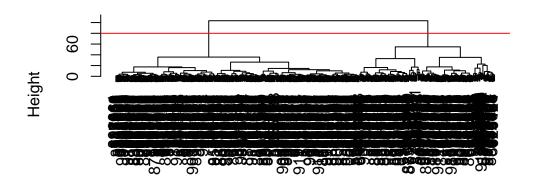
Here we will perforom clustering on our PCA results rather than the original data.

In other words we will cluster using 'wisc.pr\$x' - our new better variables or PCs. We can choose as many or as few PCs to use as we'd like. It's your call!

```
d.pc <- dist (wisc.pr$x[,1:3])
wisc.pr.hclust <- hclust(d.pc, method= "ward.D2")</pre>
```

```
plot(wisc.pr.hclust)
abline(h=80, col ="red")
```

Cluster Dendrogram



d.pc hclust (*, "ward.D2")

```
grps <- cutree(wisc.pr.hclust, h=80)
table(grps)</pre>
```

grps 1 2 203 366

We can use 'table()' function to make a cross-table as well as just a count table.

```
table(diagnosis)
```

diagnosis B M 357 212

table(grps, diagnosis)

```
diagnosis
grps B M
1 24 179
2 333 33
```

From these cross-table results, it is indicated that our cluster 1 mostly captures cancer (M) and our cluster 2 mostly captures healthy (B) samples/individuals.

Q15. How well does the newly created model with four clusters separate out the two diagnoses?

It does very well, and concisely groups the 4 clusters.

Q16. How well do the k-means and hierarchical clustering models you created in previous sections (i.e. before PCA) do in terms of separating the diagnoses? Again, use the table() function to compare the output of each model (wisc.km\$cluster and wisc.hclust.clusters) with the vector containing the actual diagnoses.

```
wisc.hclust.clusters <- cutree(wisc.pr.hclust, h=35.5)
  table(wisc.hclust.clusters, diagnosis)
                     diagnosis
wisc.hclust.clusters
                        В
                            М
                        0 111
                      24 68
                    3 184
                           32
                    4 149
  wisc.km <- kmeans(wisc.data, centers= 2, nstart= 20)</pre>
  table(wisc.km$cluster, diagnosis)
   diagnosis
      В
          Μ
  1 356 82
      1 130
```

Q17. Which of your analysis procedures resulted in a clustering model with the best specificity? How about sensitivity?

```
111/212 #hclust sensitivity
[1] 0.5235849
```

```
130/212 #kmeans sensitivity
```

[1] 0.6132075

```
149/357 #hclust specificity
```

[1] 0.4173669

```
356/357 #kmeans specificity
```

[1] 0.9971989

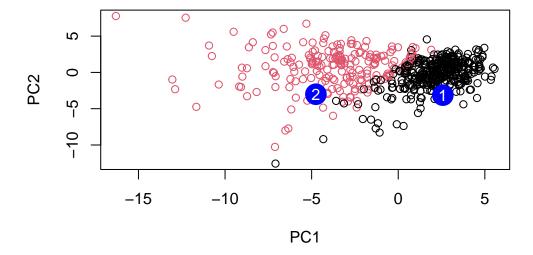
The best sensitivity and specificity was the wisc.kmean.

Q18. Which of these new patients should we prioritize for follow up based on your results?

```
#url <- "new_samples.csv"
url <- "https://tinyurl.com/new-samples-CSV"
new <- read.csv(url)
npc <- predict(wisc.pr, newdata=new)
npc</pre>
```

```
PC1
                   PC2
                             PC3
                                       PC4
                                                PC5
                                                          PC6
                                                                    PC7
[1,] 2.576616 -3.135913 1.3990492 -0.7631950 2.781648 -0.8150185 -0.3959098
[2,] -4.754928 -3.009033 -0.1660946 -0.6052952 -1.140698 -1.2189945
                   PC9
                             PC10
                                      PC11
                                               PC12
[1,] -0.2307350 0.1029569 -0.9272861 0.3411457 0.375921 0.1610764 1.187882
[2,] -0.3307423 0.5281896 -0.4855301 0.7173233 -1.185917 0.5893856 0.303029
                  PC16
                              PC17
                                         PC18
                                                    PC19
[1,] 0.3216974 -0.1743616 -0.07875393 -0.11207028 -0.08802955 -0.2495216
PC24
                                                   PC25
         PC21
                   PC22
                              PC23
[1,] 0.1228233 0.09358453 0.08347651 0.1223396 0.02124121 0.078884581
[2,] -0.1224776 0.01732146 0.06316631 -0.2338618 -0.20755948 -0.009833238
           PC27
                                  PC29
                      PC28
[1,] 0.220199544 -0.02946023 -0.015620933 0.005269029
[2,] -0.001134152  0.09638361  0.002795349 -0.019015820
```

```
plot(wisc.pr$x[,1:2], col=diagnosis)
points(npc[,1], npc[,2], col="blue", pch=16, cex=3)
text(npc[,1], npc[,2], c(1,2), col="white")
```



Patient 2