



Predicting Pneumonia from X-Ray Images

 Gates Foundation Presentation

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Meet Ruth



**2 year old
from Malawi
Mangochi
District**

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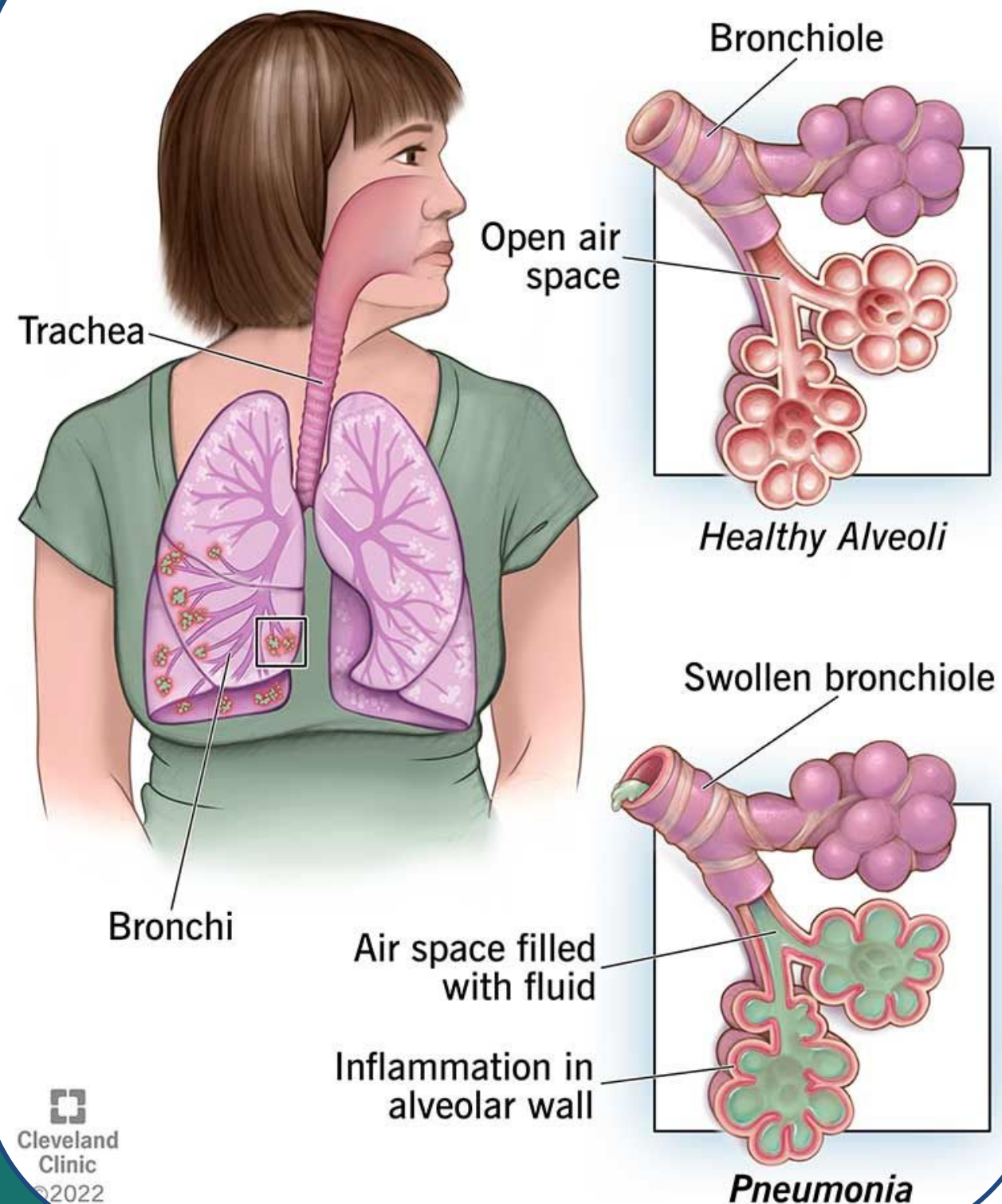
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BKMD Capital

Pneumonia



What is Pneumonia?

Infection of the lungs

> 1 million hospitalizations

> 50,000 deaths

- Causes inflammation and fluid in air sacs
- Alveoli unable to do gas exchange
- Symptoms: cough, fever, shortness of breath, fatigue, chest pain
- Transmission: Bacterial or viral
- Complications: Respiratory failure, sepsis, death
- Treatment: Antibiotics

Diagnosing Pneumonia



(a) Normal



(b) Bacterial Pneumonia

Methods

- Chest X-ray
- Blood tests (CBC)
- Pulse oximetry
- Procalcitonin



Interstitial opacity in upper lobe
(Blurred area indicates infection or fluid)
+ Symptoms

Pediatric Pneumonia in Malawi



226,000 Annual Pediatric Pneumonia Cases

10,000 deaths per year children under 5

HIV/AIDS Highly Prevalent

- 1.1 million Malawians have HIV
- HIV attacks CD4 cells
- Weakens immune systems
- Higher susceptibility to Pneumonia

Why Malawi would benefit from our intervention

- Desperate socio-economic scenario
 - Poverty (more than half of population living on <\$1.25 per day)
 - Disease
 - Environmental Concerns
 - Lack of infrastructure
 - 14% children are orphans with limited healthcare
- **Limited resources** (medical equipment and personnel)

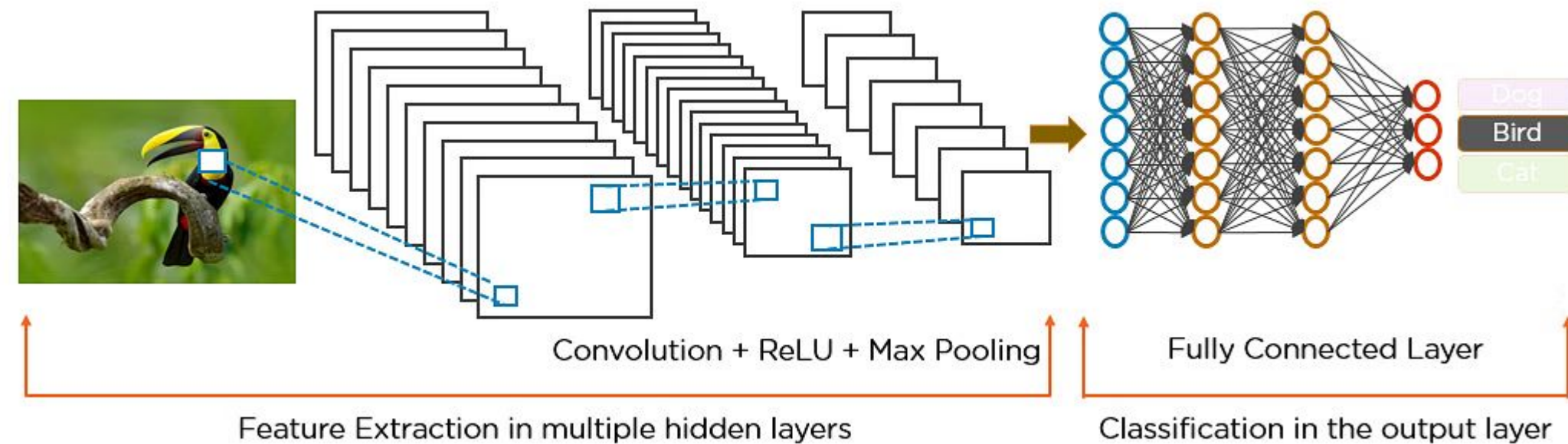


Convolutional Neural Network (CNN)

01

Spatial Hierarchies

Identify high and low level patterns



02

Translate Invariance

Identify patterns no matter location

03

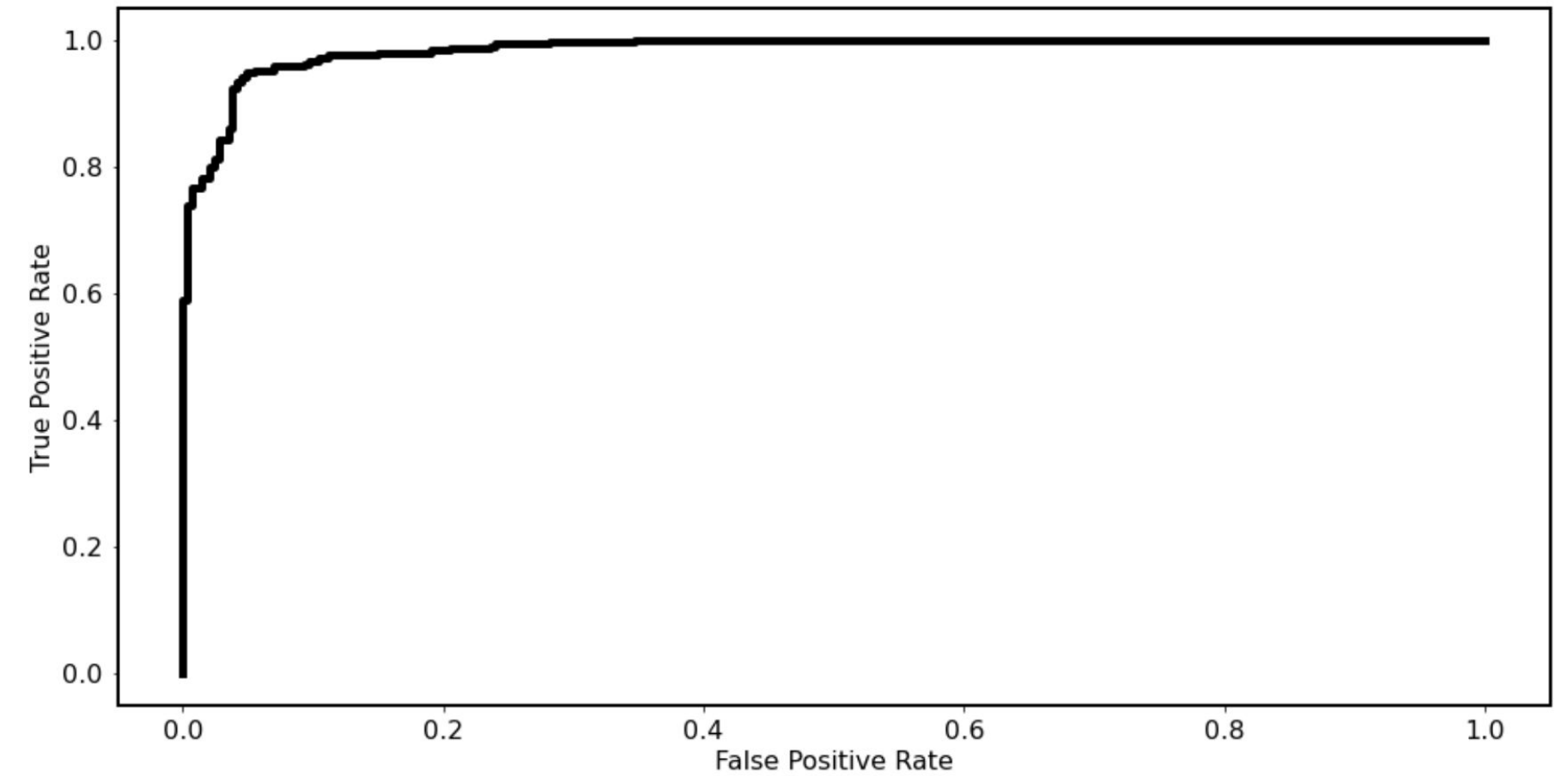
Adaptability

Augmentation allows various size and quality of data

Model Evaluation



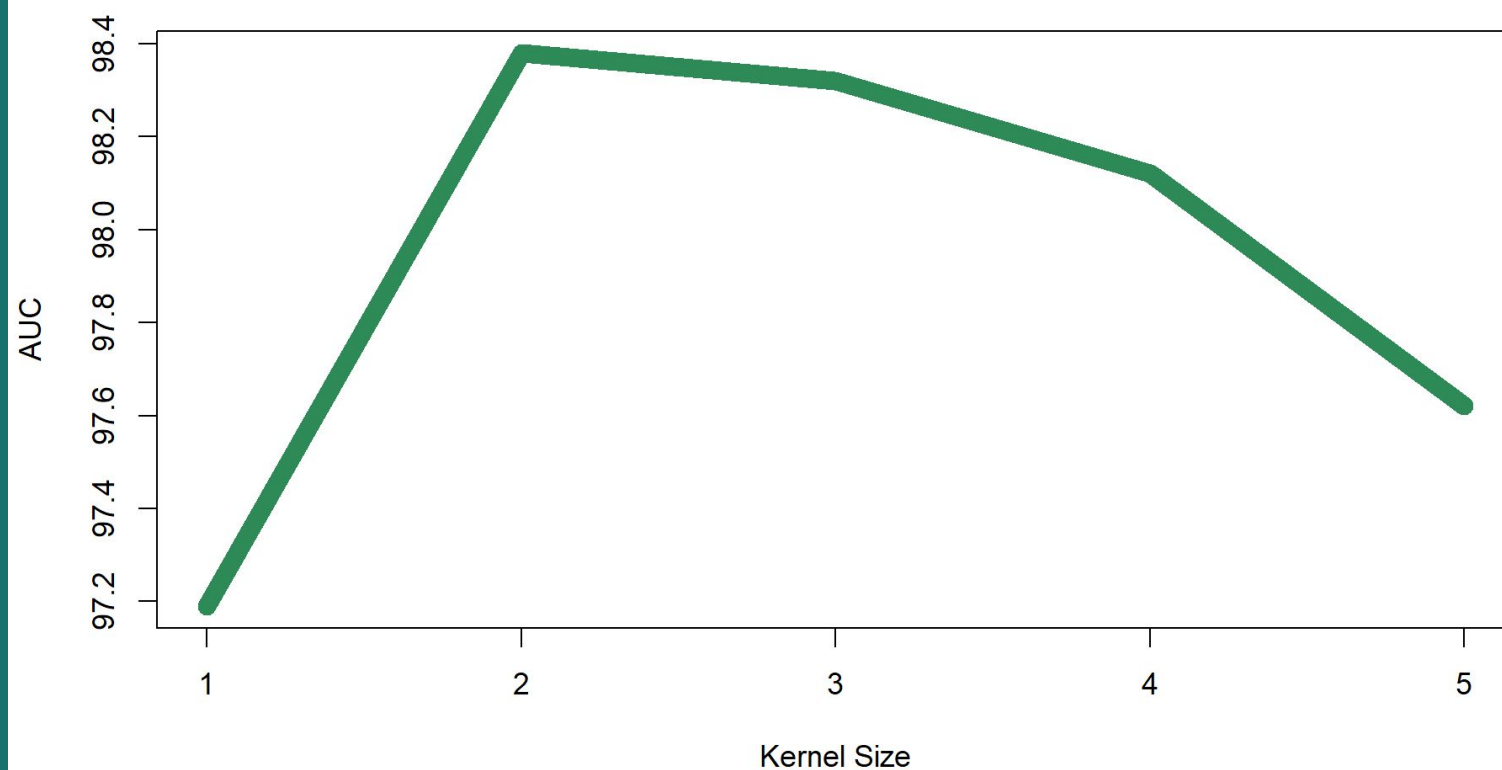
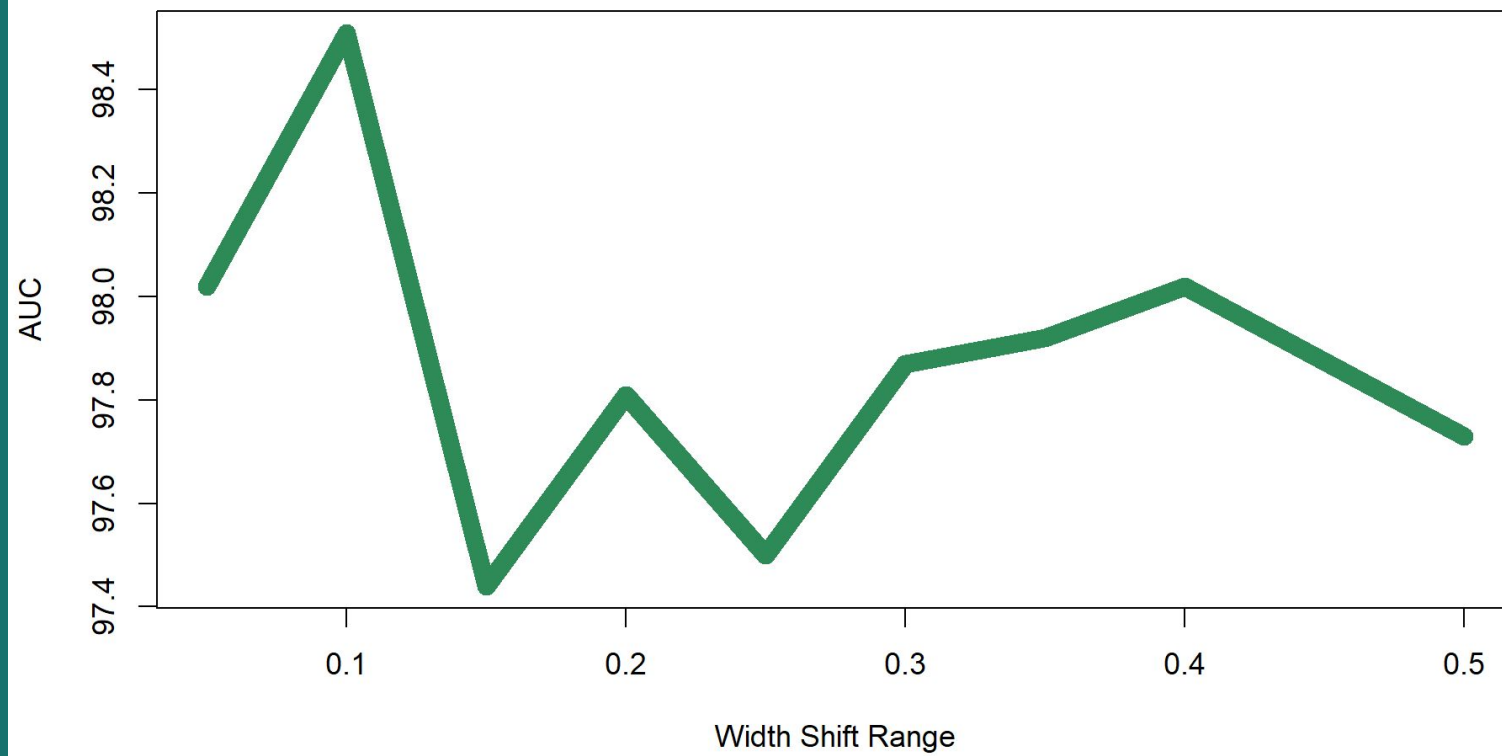
Area Under Curve (AUC)



$$\text{Accuracy} = \frac{\text{Correct Predictions}}{\text{Total Predictions}}$$

AUC > Accuracy

Process



Experimentation

Structured Approach

Isolate each parameter: find optimal
Kernel Size

Balance small and large patterns
Epochs

Give model enough time to learn
Augmentation

Allow model to be adaptable

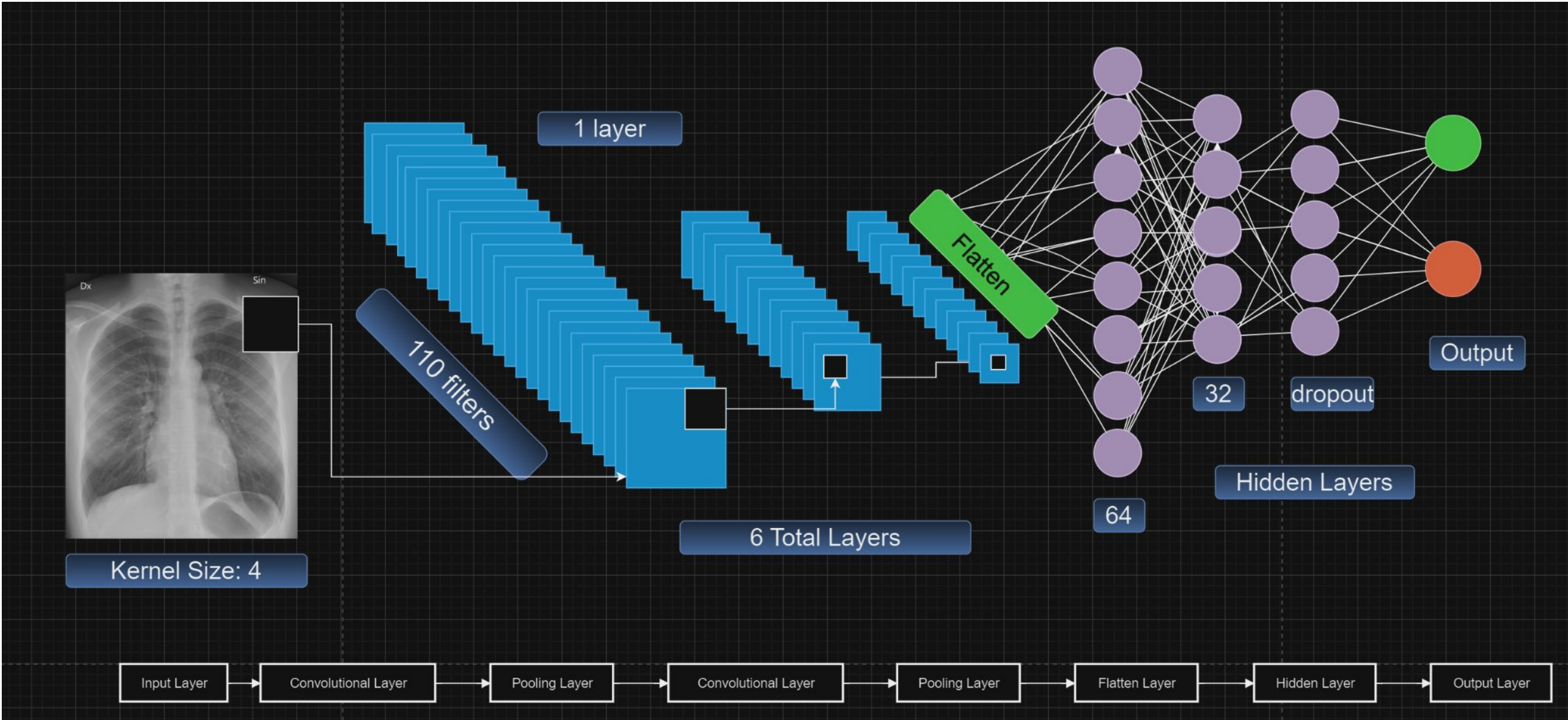
Art and Science

Considered relationships of each parameter

Layers | Epochs

Kernel Size | Max Pooling

Model Architecture

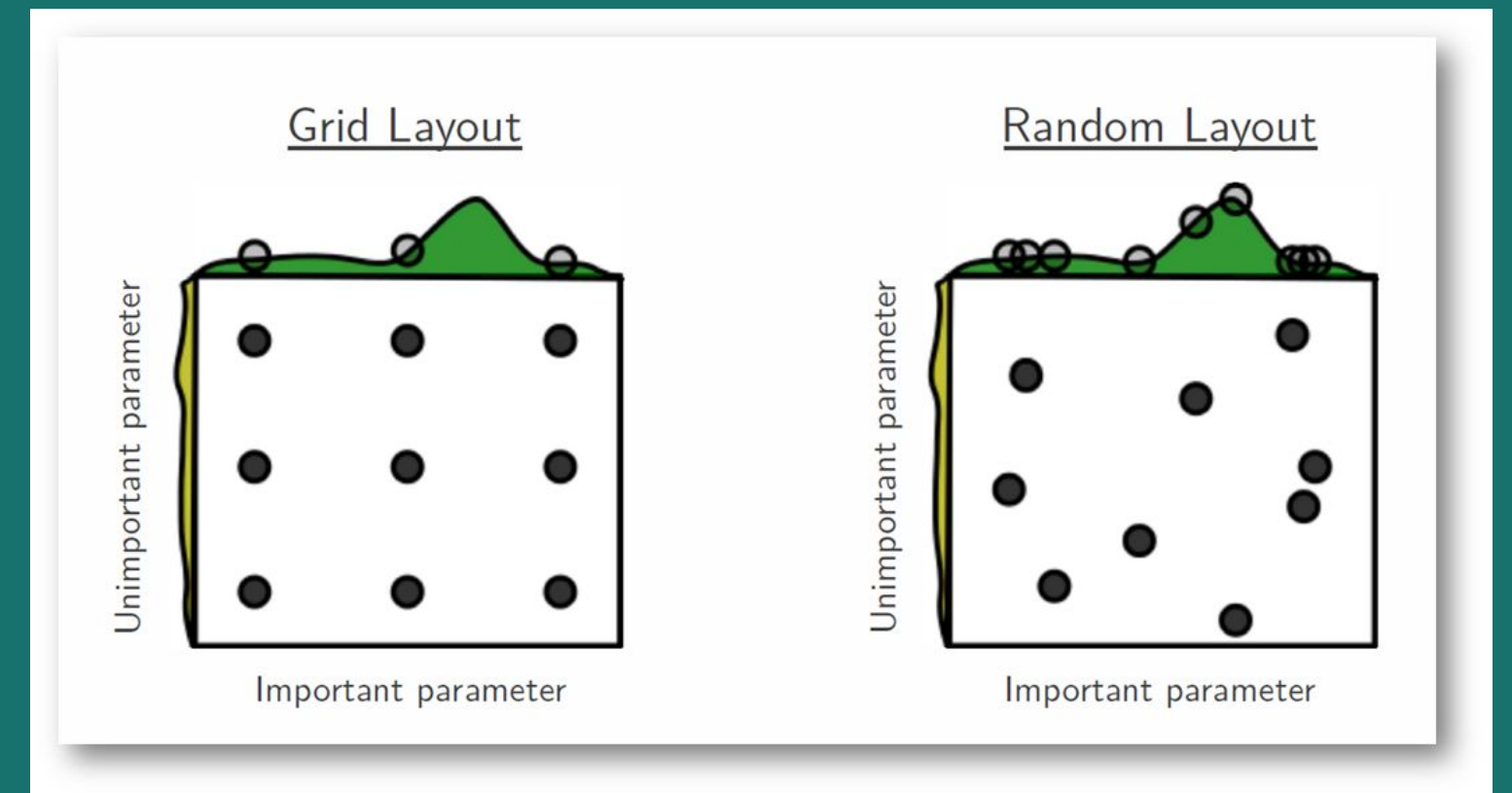


| | |
|--------------------|--------|
| Rotation Range | 15 |
| Width Shift Range | 0.1 |
| Height Shift Range | 0.2 |
| Horizontal Flip | True |
| Vertical Flip | True |
| Shear Range | 0.2 |
| Zoom Range | 0.2 |
| Number of Layers | 6 |
| Number of Filters | 110 |
| Kernel Size | 4 |
| Dropout Value | 0.25 |
| Max Pooling | 2 |
| Number of Classes | 2 |
| Batch Size | 40 |
| Learning Rate | 0.0001 |
| Epochs | 30 |

Next Steps for Model

More Experimentation with Relationships

Grid Search Approach



Intervention

Current State



PATIENT



85% Detection Accuracy



7.5% False Positive
7.5% False Negative

Using our Model to Automate Process



PATIENT



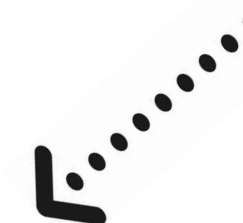
94% Detection Accuracy



4% False Positive
2% False Negative



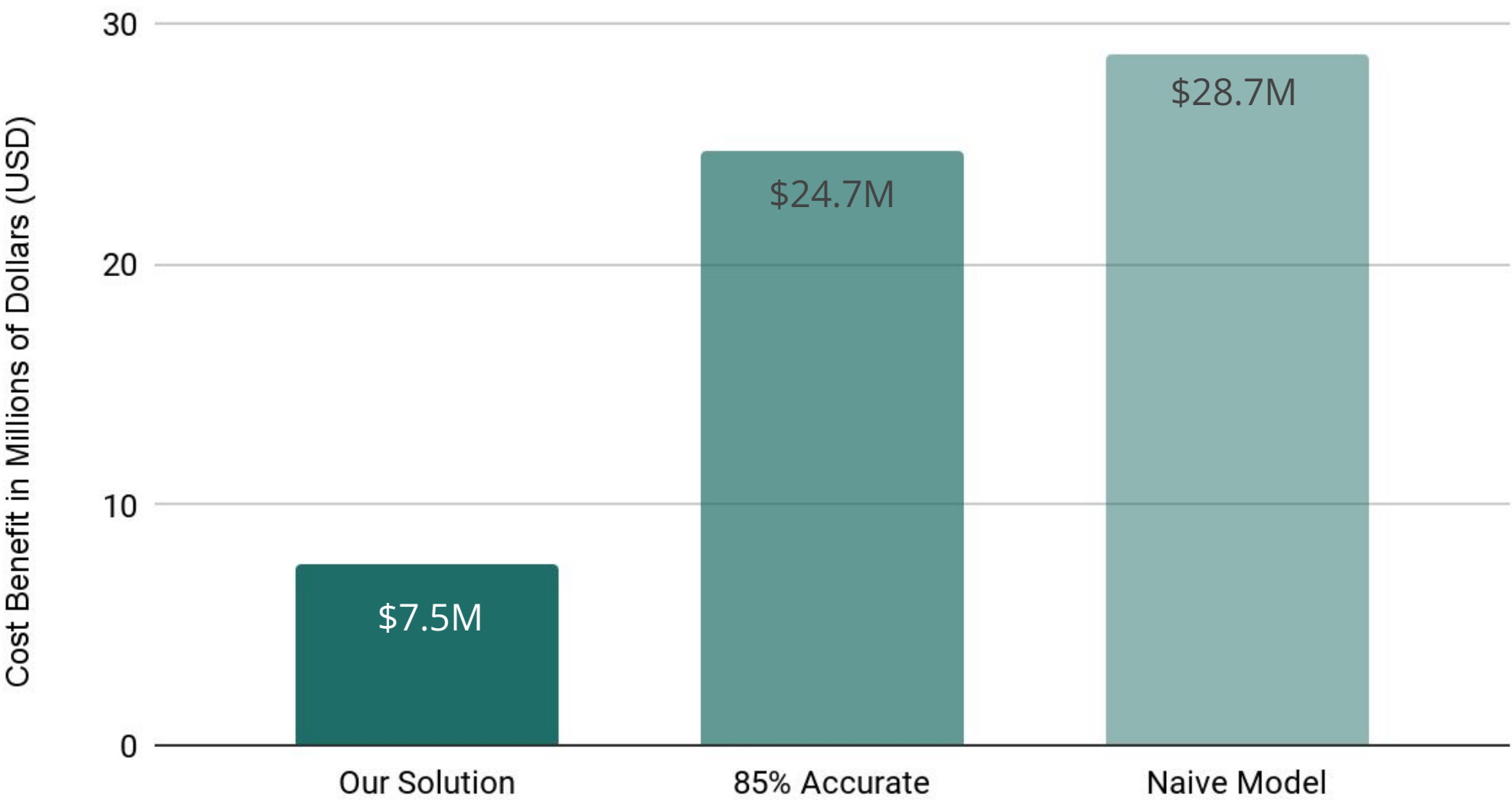
Develops
treatment plan



Cost Benefit Analysis



Total Cost on Healthcare System per Model



Annual Pediatric Pneumonia

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------|
| Malawi Population | 19.890M |
| Children Under 5 in Africa | 207.449M |
| African Population | 1.216B |
| % of Children Under 5 | 17% |
| Children Under 5 in Malawi | 3.393M |
| Pneumonia Rate..... | 6.65% |

225,650 Sick Children

$\$24.7M - \$7.5M = \underline{\$17.2M}$ in Cost Savings with our Model Solution

Cost Benefit Analysis



False Negative Costs

| | |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Oxygen Therapy | \$29.28 |
| Vasopressors | \$18 |
| % of Patients in ICU | 30% |
| ICU Stay | \$3,632.67 |
| Traumatologist Salary | \$13.12 |

\$1,108.04

False Positive Costs

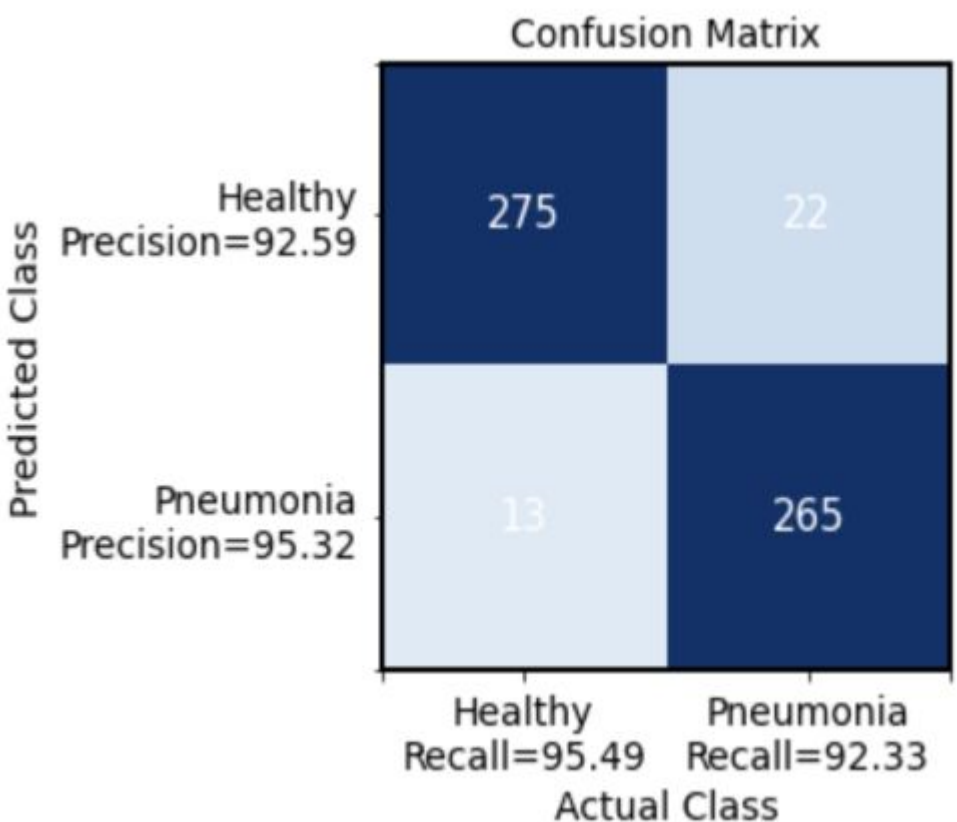
| | |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| Wasted Medication | \$0.46 |
| Healthcare Professional | \$2.25 |
| Non-ICU Hospital | \$119 |
| Respiratory Therapy | \$4 |
| Return to Hospital | \$119 |

\$244.71

Current 85% Accurate Model

False Positives: 43 (7.5%)
False Negatives: 43 (7.5%)
True Positives: 244
True Negatives: 245

\$24.7M



Naive Model

False Positives: 288 (50.1%)
False Negatives: 0 (0%)
True Positives: 287
True Negatives: 0

\$28.7M

Our Solution

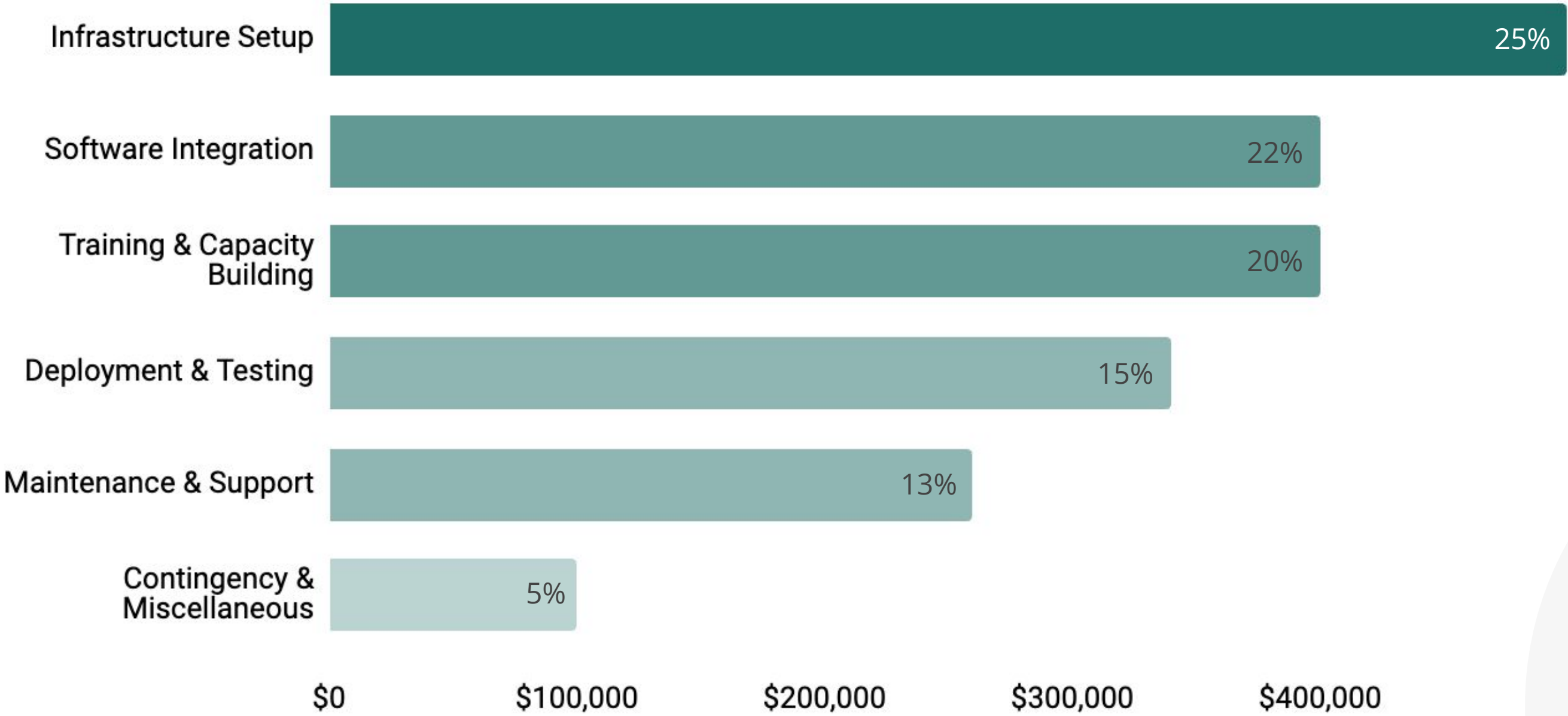
False Positives: 13 (2.26%)
False Negatives: 22 (3.83%)
True Positives: 265
True Negatives: 275

\$7.5M

Cost Breakdown

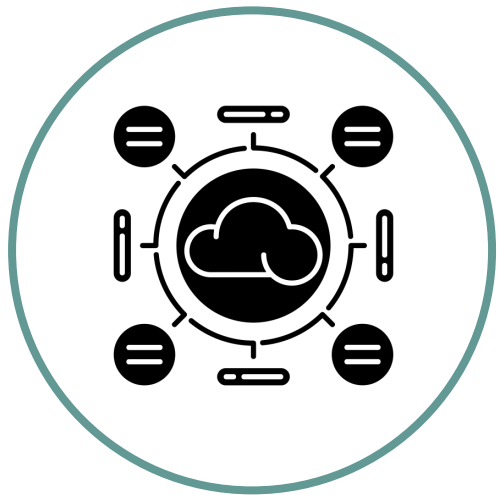
How far will this \$2M go?

Use of Funds in Implementing Our Solution



Cost Breakdown

How far will this \$2M go?



Infrastructure
Setup

\$500K

25%

- Servers, GPUs, & Storage Systems
- Reliable Internet Connectivity & Backup Power
- Cloud solution integration
- Ethical considerations for Data Security

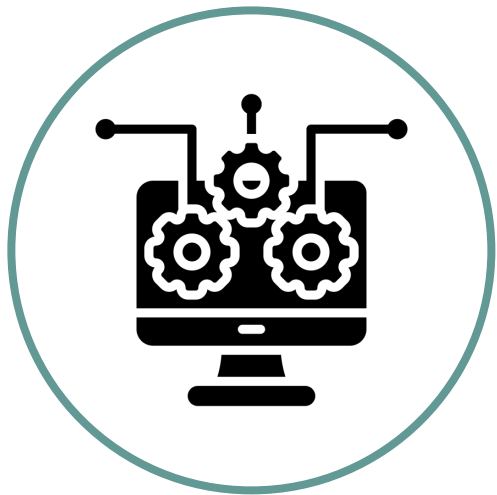


Training & Capacity
Building

\$440K

22%

- Workshops, seminars, & training sessions
- Integrate with U.S. radiologists
- Educational Materials and guides
- Travel allocation to conduct training & oversight



Software
Integration

\$400K

20%

- Integrate CNN model into existing healthcare network
- Customized network if necessary
- Customize user interfaces & dashboards
- Thorough testing
- Further development costs



Deployment &
Testing

\$300K

15%

- Deployment of trained individuals & necessary software
- Establish workflows & protocols for data collection, annotation & feedback
- Train local technicians



Maintenance &
Support

\$260K

13%

- Dedicated Malawi based support team
- Partner with U.S. based team for oversight
- Implement monitoring & alert systems
- constant updates & enhancements



Miscellaneous

\$100K

5%

- Unforeseen expenses & emergencies
- Free Cash to integrate this system into other disease lines or hospital needs

Projected Timeline

Years 1-4

1. Implement technology in Malawi
2. Expand across villages
3. Expand to other countries in Sub-Saharan Africa



Years 5-10

5. Expand the model across other diseases (heart disease)
6. Expand to other countries in Sub-Saharan Africa
7. Expand across villages
8. Expand to other countries in Sub-Saharan Africa
9. Expand across villages
10. Open first fully automated radiologist office, determine if it is possible for an automated clinic



Years 10+

15. Open the first fully automated doctors office in the world
 - Malawi is the perfect test population
20. Expand to other countries



Automated Clinic

WHAT WE COULD DO...



Patient Arrival at Kiosk

The patient will arrive at the kiosk and be able to express how they are feeling and what they have been experiencing



Test Selection Automation

Our model will then provide specific diagnostic tests to be administered to the individual at the clinic



Nurse Intervention

Nurses will be instrumental in assisting this process and properly administering tests (drawing blood, taking blood pressure, etc.),

SOLUTIONS

Malawi Children's Village Partnership



01

What is Malawi Children's Village?

"Our mission is to enhance the lives of orphans by providing health, social and educational resources in 39 villages along the southwest shore of Lake Malawi"

- Village-based care for vulnerable children

02

Expanding our technology

We plan to bring the BKMD technology into places where it can have the most valuable impact on society– hence there is no better place than the Malawi Children's Village to save lives

03

Changing lives

By leveraging our advanced technology we hope to transcend the lives of Sub-Saharan children. We will closely monitor the results of our work and best implement strategies for improvement

Conclusion

Automating Pneumonia Diagnosis

Save Lives

Improve accuracy from 85% to 94%

Increase healthcare accessibility

Help children like Ruth reach their fifth birthday plus many more

Other Benefits

Cost Savings= \$17.2 million cost savings in Malawi alone

Innovation = Opens the door to expand our model to other diseases and countries around the world





THANK YOU

● We Appreciate Your Consideration

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February 2024

Appendix

Calculations

01

| Annual Pediatric Pneumonia Calculation | | |
|--|--|----------------|
| | | |
| Population of Malawi | | 19,890,000.00 |
| Number of kids under 5 in Africa | | 207,449,000.00 |
| Africa population | | 1216000000.00 |
| | | |
| % of kids under 5 | | 0.17 |
| Number of kids under 5 in malawi | | 3,393,224.19 |
| | | |
| 66.5/ 1000 kids get pneumor | | 225,649.41 |

<https://jscholarship.library.jhu.edu/items/69fee8d2-15bb-4e33-8aee-ec1eb8f24f36>
<https://www.statista.com/statistics/1226211/population-of-africa-by-age-group/>
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC3345619/#:~:text=French%20has%20estimated%20that%20the,70%25%20will%20be%20HIV%20associated>

Appendix

02

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Cost of FP | \$ 244.71 |
| Wasted Medication | \$ 0.46 |
| Healthcare professional | \$2.25 |
| Short-term non-ICU hospital | \$119 |
| Repiratory therapy | \$4 |
| Return to hospital to resolve actual problem | \$119 |

At least 40 kg: 500 mg orally every 8 hours or 875 mg every 12 hours, 15 capsules
<https://www.health.gov.za/wp-content/uploads/2021/03/HP02-2019AI-Add-2-15-CPA-Effective-1-April-2020.pdf>

\$0.375 per hour x 6 hours = \$2.25
https://bdeex.com/malawi/?type=medicine#google_vignette

Mean cost per bed/day
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8782501/>

<https://www.erieri.com/salary/job/respiratory-therapy-technician/south-africa>

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8782501/>

Appendix

03

| | |
|--|------------|
| Cost of FN | \$1,108.04 |
| Oxygen therapy | \$29.28 |
| Vasopressors | \$18 |
| ICU stay | \$3,632.67 |
| Traumatologist Salary | \$13.12 |
| Percent of Pneumonia going to critical ICU (multiply this by sum of above costs) | 30% |

Oxygen therapy to treat respiratory failure = \$7.32 per hour, 4 hours, \$29.28,
<https://elifeonline.net/cost-of-oxygen/>

Treat patients in septic shock (norepinephrine and vasopressin), cost \$40, 46% untreated pneumonia chance of going into sepsis = \$18.40
https://bdeex.com/malawi/?type=medicine#google_vignette

ZAR22 870= \$1210.89
3 days of ICU \$3632.67
<https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/30606302/>

4 day cost, 8 hours a day = \$13.12
https://bdeex.com/malawi/?type=medicine#google_vignette

<https://erj.ersjournals.com/content/18/1/151>

Appendix

Model Tuning Process Tracking Sheet

<https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1ktDvrfFREljriblMR7JcYPz3REncYQ32oAgET9th0Mo/edit#gid=0>