# Defensive Security Project by: Jennifer, Cesar, Kristina and Ivan

#### **Table of Contents**

This document contains the following resources:

01

02

03

**Monitoring Environment** 

**Attack Analysis** 

Project Summary
& Future
Mitigations

# Monitoring Environment

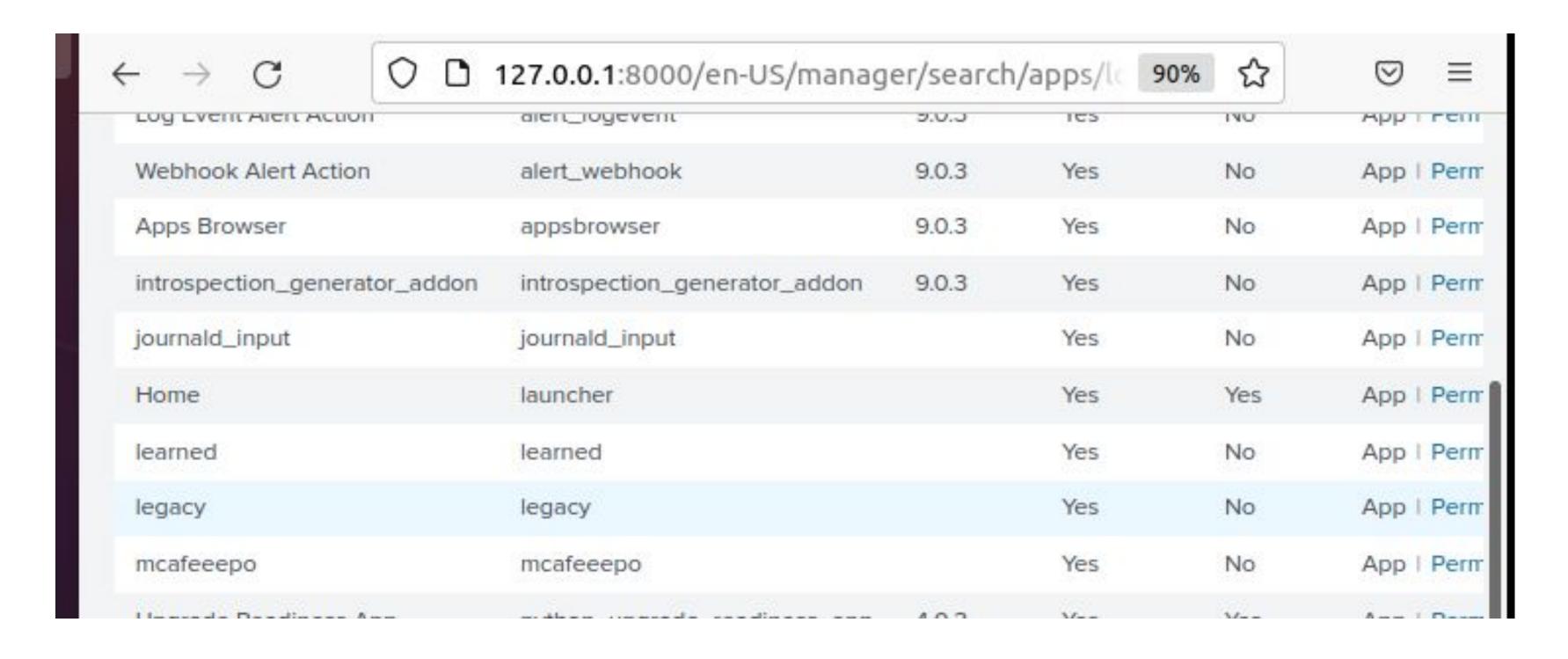
#### Scenario

- In this project we use Splunk to monitor and analyze logs of VSI by:
- a. Loading and analyzing logs
- b. Creating Alerts, Reports and Dashboards
- c. Installing Splunk add-on app

The Splunk McAfee ePO Add-On App is an add-on app for the Splunk platform that provides integration with the McAfee ePolicy Orchestrator (ePO) security management platform. The add-on app enables organizations to collect and analyze security-related data from McAfee ePO and to use that data to gain insights into the security of their systems and networks.

- 1. The add-on app collects data from the McAfee ePO database, including information on threats, vulnerabilities, security incidents, and policy compliance.
- 2. The collected data is indexed and made searchable in Splunk, allowing users to quickly find and analyze relevant data.
- 3. The add-on app provides a range of visualizations, including graphs, tables, and charts, to help users understand and explore the security-related data.
- 4. The Splunk McAfee ePO Add-On App can be integrated with other security tools, such as firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and endpoint security solutions, to provide a comprehensive view of the security of an organization's systems and networks.

#### Installed and setup



#### Logs Analyzed

1

#### Windows Logs

This data contains activity to the Windows server that has Intellectual property for VSI. All the user activities based time, login, and their activity is captured in this data including timeframe of their activity.



#### **Apache Logs**

This has the information about activities on the public facing website of VSI vsi-company.com. This activities entail GET, POST, DELETE, PUT methods of HTTP request communications with the Apache Server.

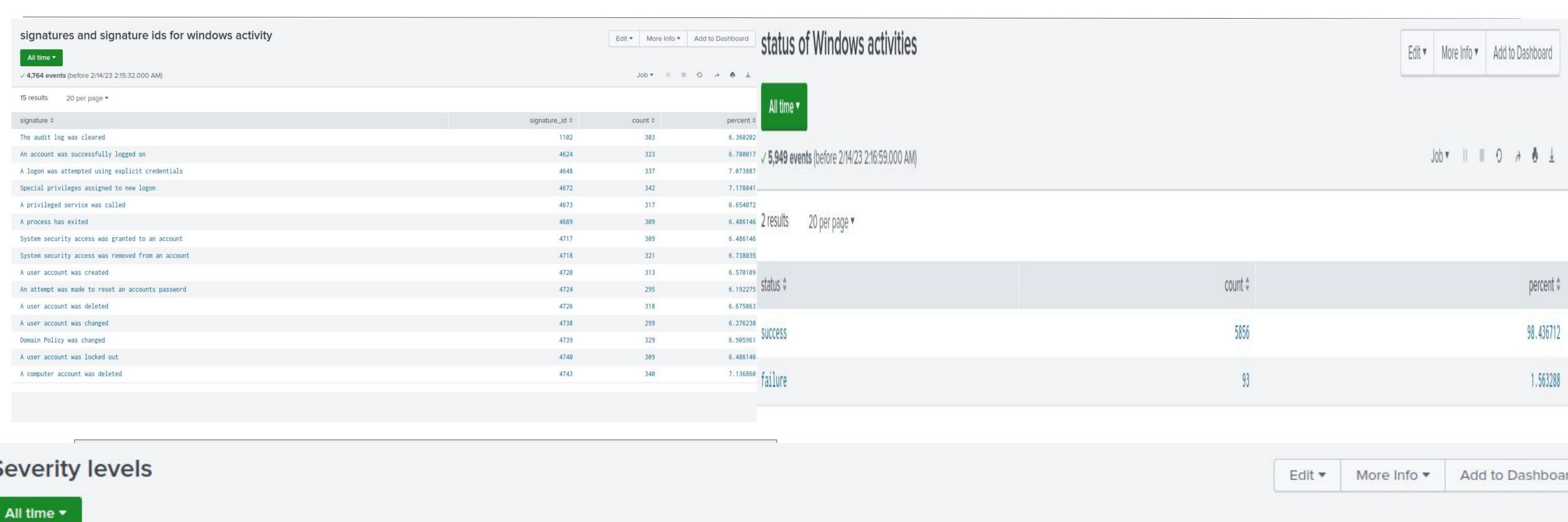
# Windows Logs

## Reports—Windows

Designed the following Reports:

| Report Name                 | Report Description                                 |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Signatures and Signature ID | Contained windows activity signatures and their ID |
| Severity levels             | It has severity levels, count and percentage       |
| Status                      | Has success and failures of activities             |
|                             |  |

## Images of Reports—Windows





#### Alerts-Windows

#### Designed the following alerts:

| Alert Name                     | <b>Alert Description</b>   | Alert Baseline     | <b>Alert Threshold</b> |
|--------------------------------|--|--------------------|------------------------|
| Failed status alert            | Triggered when threshold for hourly level of failed Windows activity is reached. Mail is triggered to SOC@VSI-company. com | 20                 | High                   |
| When an ale                    | rt is triggered, it can  | notify an operator | or take                |
| automated ac<br>remediation sc | tion, such as sending ript.  | an email or trigge | ering a                |

#### **Alerts—Windows**

Designed the following alerts:

| Alert Name              | <b>Alert Description</b>   | Alert Baseline | Alert Threshold |
|-------------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Successful Log-on alert | Triggered when threshold is reached. Mail is triggered to SOC@VSI-company. com | 47             | High            |
|                         |  |                |                 |

When an alert is triggered, it can notify an operator or take automated action, such as sending an email or triggering a remediation script.

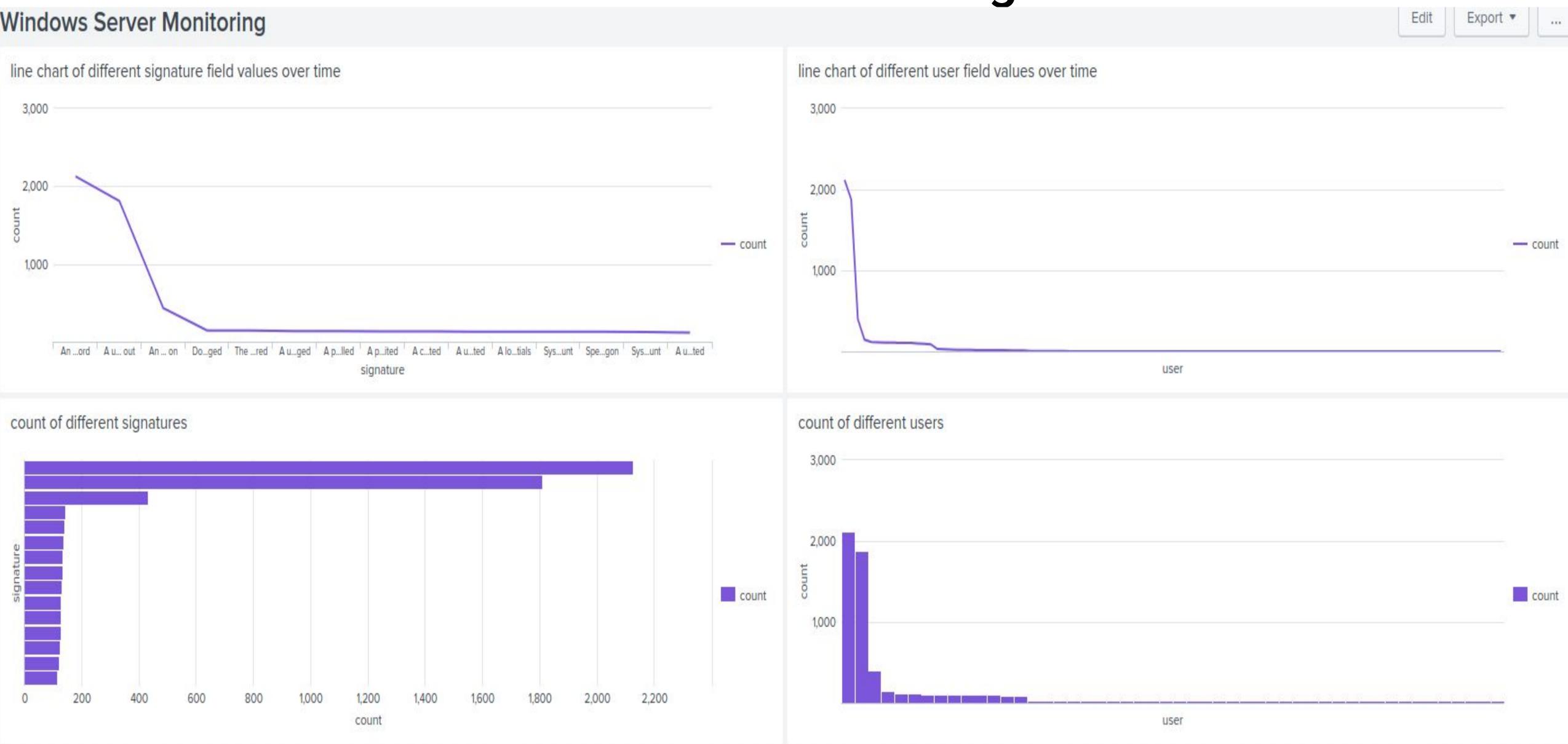
#### **Alerts—Windows**

#### Designed the following alerts:

| Alert Name   | <b>Alert Description</b>                       | Alert Baseline | Alert Threshold |
|--------------|--|----------------|-----------------|
| Signature ID | When a user account is deleted, its triggered. | 30             | High            |

When the signature "a user account was deleted", an alert will be set off and an email notification will be sent.

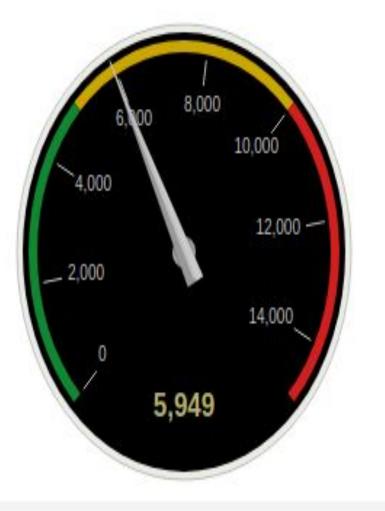
## Dashboard—Windows Server Monitoring



## Dashboard—Windows Server Monitoring

radial gauge of total stats count

stats count of different users



| user \$ | count \$ | percent \$ |
|---------|----------|------------|
| user_1  | 708      | 7.430730   |
| user_a  | 564      | 5.919395   |
| user_m  | 550      | 5.772460   |
| user_i  | 542      | 5.688497   |
| user_f  | 540      | 5.667506   |
| user_h  | 538      | 5.646516   |
| user_e  | 538      | 5.646516   |
| user_c  | 534      | 5.604534   |
| user_d  | 528      | 5.541562   |

5.520571

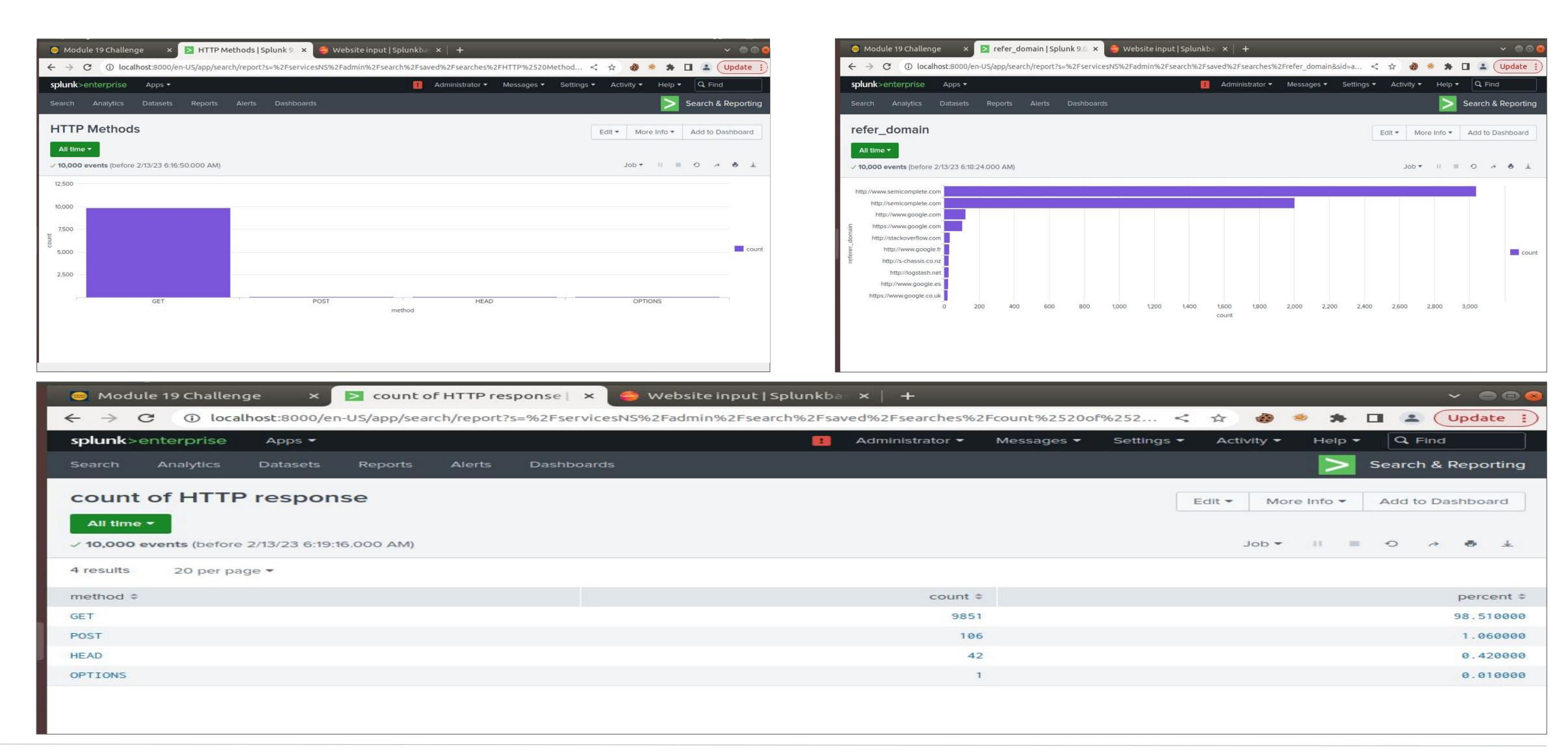
# Apache Logs

## Reports—Apache

Designed the following reports:

| Report Name | Report Description                        |
|-------------|---|
| http        | Has http table of get, post, head methods |
| domains     | Has top 10 domains activities             |
| http count  | Has http-count of response code           |
|             |   |

## Images of Reports—Apache



#### Alerts—Apache

Designed the following alerts:

| Alert Name         | <b>Alert Description</b>            | Alert Baseline | Alert Threshold |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Out of US activity | monitor activity from outside of US | 80             | 180             |

Once the threshold is reached an email is triggered when the area triggering and activity to VSI is outside United States.

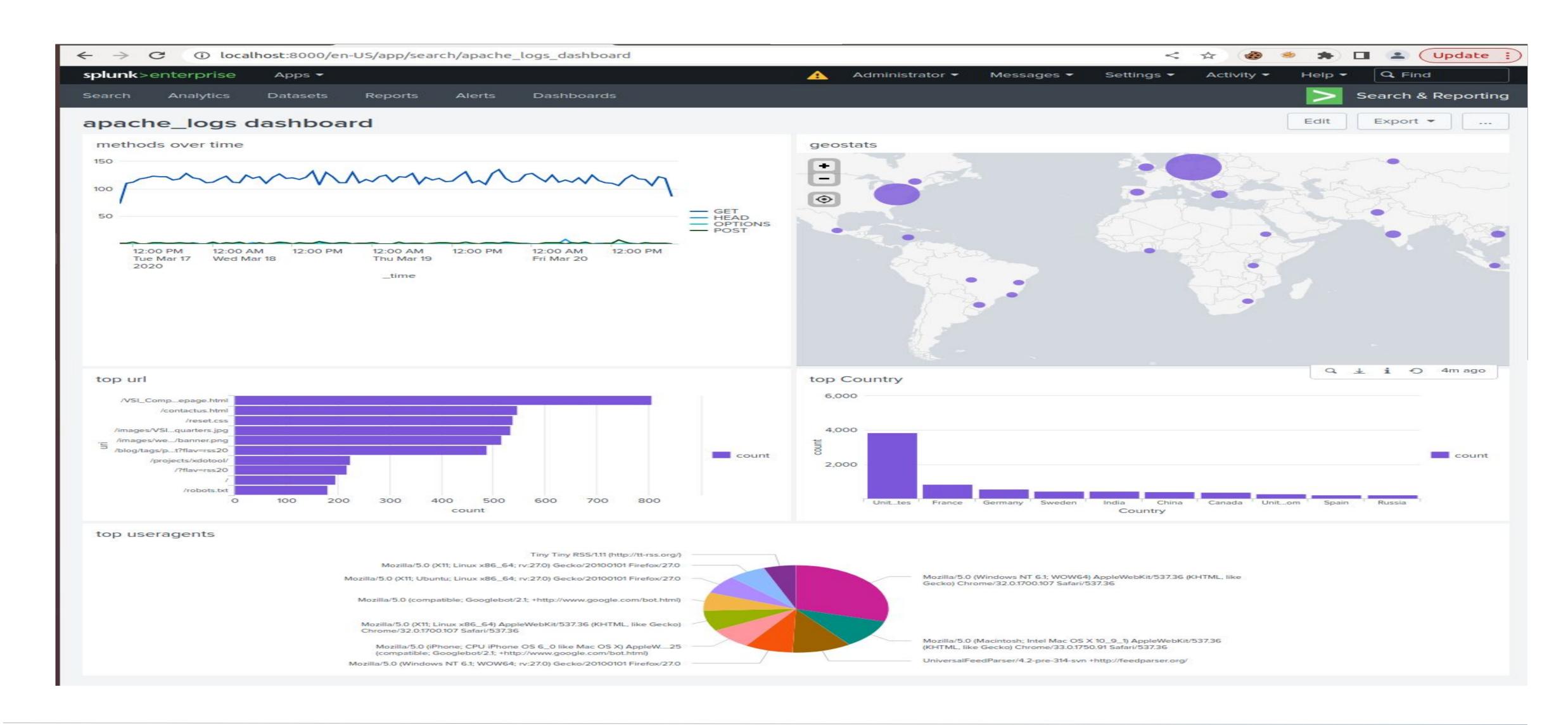
#### Alerts—Apache

Designed the following alerts:

| Alert Name      | <b>Alert Description</b>                              | Alert Baseline | Alert Threshold |
|-----------------|---|----------------|-----------------|
| http post alert | An alert is triggered when hourly HTTP POSTS exceeds. | 2              | 15              |

The baseline for hourly HTTP post method count is 2. when it exceeds an alert is triggered.

### Dashboards—Apache



# Attack Analysis

#### Attack Summary—Windows

There were changes in severity from the previously analyzed to the current that can be termed as suspicious.

The dashboard, alerts, charts depict changes in the windows activity. Some have not changed some show a significant change for malicious activities

#### Attack Summary—Windows

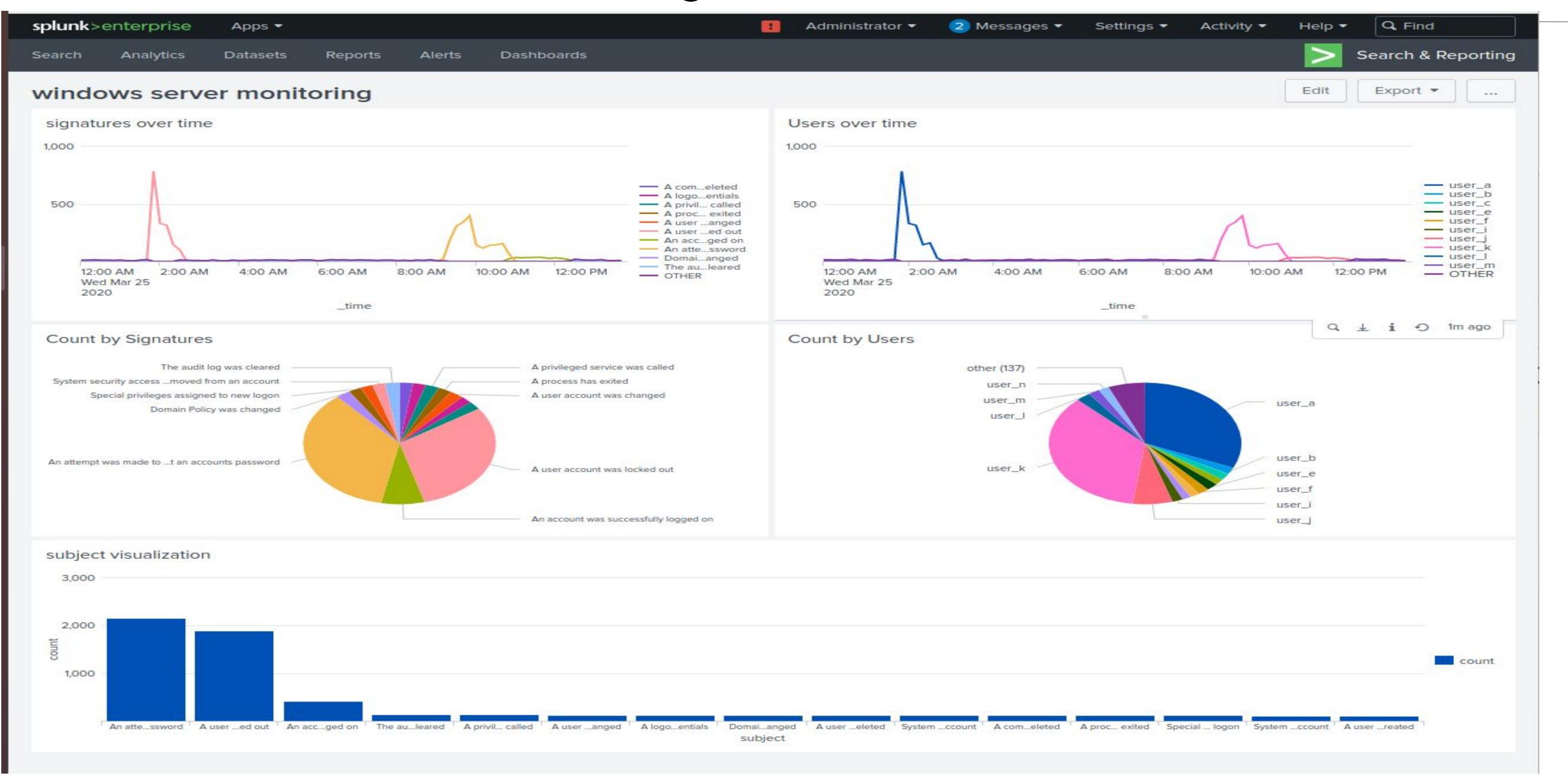
Security administrators may immediately discover possible security issues and quickly respond to them thanks to alerts, which are essential for security log analysis.

From the designed alerts. Several alerts have been triggered and notify the VSI team by sending an email to SOC@VSI-company.com

#### Attack Summary—Windows

Dashboards analysis of the attack logs helps visualize and show trends in the windows logs. This is used to detect the changes and act accordingly to any suspicious malicious activity against VSI.

## Screenshots of Attack Logs



### Attack Summary—Apache

The attack logs finding depended on the reports, alerts and dashboard created earlier for day 1 activity. The Apache logs analysis depicted some malicious activities like account deletion, injection through http methods and many more. With dashboard and visualization it was easy to easy certain changes in trends of the logs activity. Alerts was one way to see and gauge the changes with reports having an upper hand of help over the same detection and finding of suspicious activities.

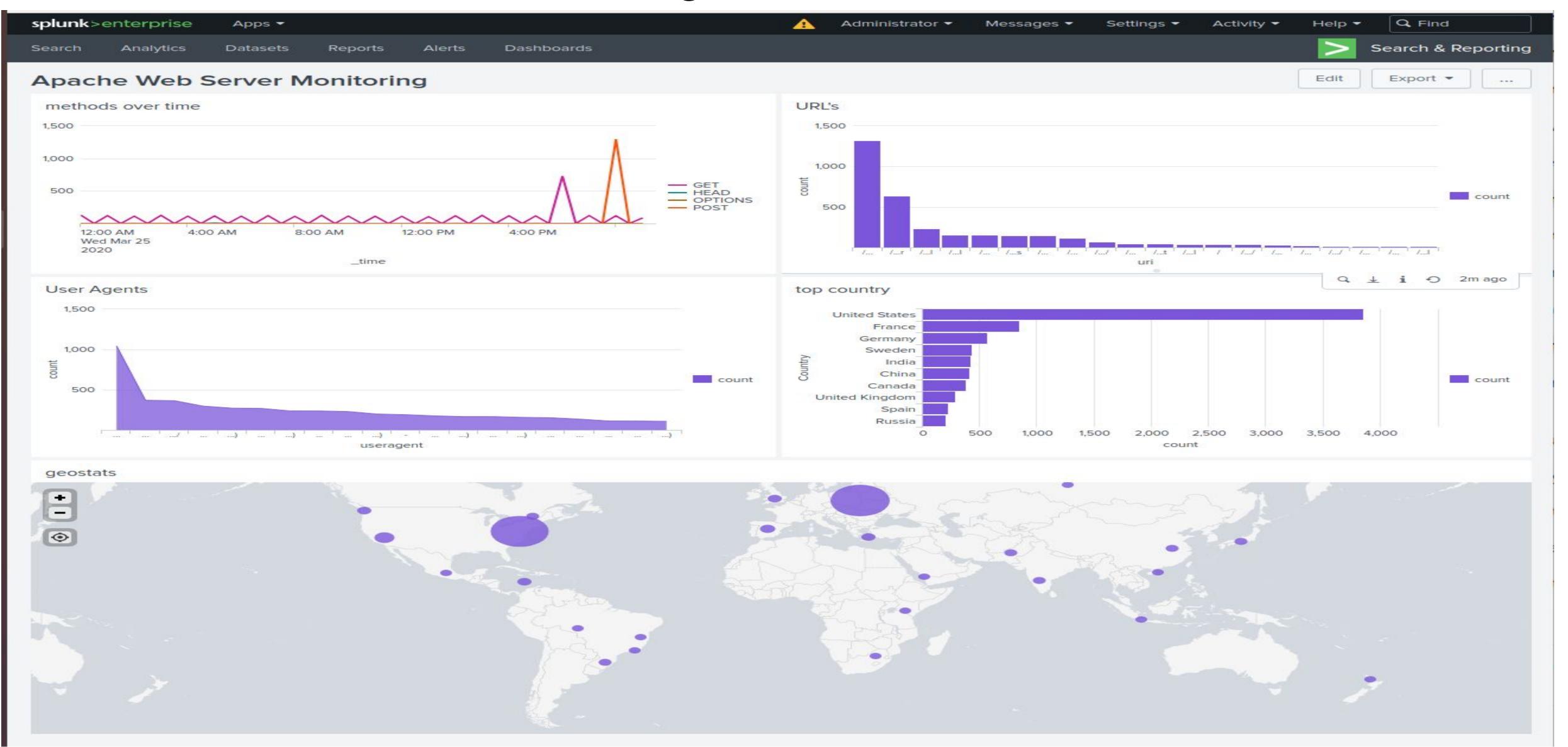
#### Attack Summary—Apache

From the findings not all thresholds were correct in this analysis. Those that were corrects should not be changed while those that were incorrect are subject to change as commented earlier.

#### Attack Summary—Apache

Summarize your findings from your dashboards when analyzing the attack logs. The dashboards gave a clear picture on the data log trends. The earlier pre-generated dashboards in day 1 task were a prerequisite in the Apache attack logs analysis. The difference in the two was the bassline for a suspicious activity.

## Screenshots of Attack Logs



## Summary and Future Mitigations

#### **Project 3 Summary**

- What were your overall findings from the attack that took place?
  From the attack that took place. Some user accounts were deleted. This was detected by alerts to email <a href="SOC@VSI\_company.com">SOC@VSI\_company.com</a>. There were other suspicious activities but were not as intense as this account deletion. HTTP get method being the most hit in the scenario of the VSI website was being harnessed by attackers to try and get private information from the website servers.
- To protect VSI from future attacks, what future mitigations would you recommend?
   I would recommend the use of firewalls between the servers of VSI this will help filter traffic to and from the servers.

I would recommend the use of cloud servers maintained by well established vendors like Amazon who have put in place hybrid security against their servers.