Data 511, Analyzing NFL Seasons

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```
Theses are all the packages used in this project.
library(tinytex)
library(caret)
library(psych)
library(ggplot2)
library(gridExtra)
library(rattle)
library(plyr)
library(RANN)
```

library(rpart)

library(rpart.plot)

In this project I will be analyzing some stats from the 2020 NFL season. In doing so we will go over everything that we did in Data 511.

I will be getting my data from https://www.pro-football-reference.com/

Section 1: Data Preparation Phase

This is the 2020 nfl season data set

```
nfl_2020_season <- read.csv("nfl_2020_season.csv")
colnames(nfl_2020_season) <- nfl_2020_season[1,] # had to fix the column names
nfl_2020_season <- nfl_2020_season[-c(1),] # deleted a row
summary(nfl_2020_season[,c(1:5)]) # just looking at first 5 variables</pre>
```

```
##
        Rk
                           Tm
                                              G
                                                                 PF
##
  Length:32
                      Length:32
                                         Length:32
                                                            Length:32
  Class :character
                      Class :character
                                         Class :character
                                                            Class :character
##
  Mode :character
                      Mode :character
                                         Mode :character
                                                            Mode : character
       Yds
##
  Length:32
## Class :character
   Mode :character
```

```
# all of the variables are char when they should be numeric, we need to fix this
```

We will now fix some of the variables. Note that we will keep "Tm" which stands for team as a char variable. Variables 16 to 28 will be removed.

These will be the variables we will be analyzing in our project.

The variables used are;

- 1) RK: symbolizes team rank
- 2) Tm: symbolizes the team
- 3) PF: symbolizes points fought for (i.e total points gained in a season)
- 4) Yds: symbolizes yards gained by passing
- 5) Ply: symbolizes offensive plays (pass attempts + Rush attempts + Times Sacked)
- 6) Y/p: symbolizes yards per play
- 7) TO: symbolizes Turn overs lost
- 8) FL: Symbolizes fumbles lost
- 9) 1std: Symbolizes first downs gained
- 10) cmp: Symbolizes completions
- 11) Att: symbolizes attempts made by passing
- 12) Yds.1: Symbolizes Total yards gained by rushing
- 13) TD: symbolizes touchdowns
- 14) Int: Symbolizes interceptions thrown
- 15) Yds.1: Symbolizes total yards from passing
- 16) Yds.2: Symbolizes total yards made by rushing
- 17) year: symbolizes year

```
# now we will fix up pur data set and only keep variables we are interested in

nfl_2020_season <- nfl_2020_season[,c(1:21)]

nfl_2020_season$year <- 2020 # adding year 2020

nfl_2020_season$G <- NULL

str(nfl_2020_season) # str gives the structure of each variable.</pre>
```

```
'data.frame':
                    32 obs. of
                                21 variables:
                   1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
##
   $ Rk
            : num
                   "Green Bay Packers" "Buffalo Bills" "Tampa Bay Buccaneers" "Tennessee Titans" ...
##
   $ Tm
            : chr
##
   $ PF
                   509 501 492 491 482 473 468 459 451 434 ...
            : num
##
   $ Yds
                   6224 6343 6145 6343 6023 ...
            : num
##
   $ Ply
                   990 1034 1017 1031 1045 ...
            : num
##
   $ Y/P
                   6.3 6.1 6 6.2 5.8 6.3 5.9 5.8 5.9 5.9 ...
            : num
##
   $ TO
                  11 22 17 12 17 16 18 18 15 26 ...
            : num
##
   $ FL
            : num
                  6 11 5 5 9 9 7 5 4 16 ...
##
                   358 397 364 381 367 397 327 356 364 359 ...
   $ 1stD
            : num
##
   $ Cmp
            : num 372 410 410 316 370 420 257 388 371 369 ...
            : num 526 596 626 485 522 630 406 563 552 551 ...
   $ Att
##
   $ Yds.1 : num 4106 4620 4626 3653 3758 ...
```

The next lines of code, we are downloading more data and preparing it. Seasons 2016 to 2019 will be added.

```
nf1_2019_season <- read.csv("nf1_2019_season.csv")

colnames(nf1_2019_season) <- nf1_2019_season[1,] # had to fix the column names
nf1_2019_season <- nf1_2019_season[-c(1),] # deleted a row

nf1_2018_season <- read.csv("nf1_2018_season.csv")

colnames(nf1_2018_season) <- nf1_2018_season[1,] # had to fix the column names
nf1_2018_season <- nf1_2018_season[-c(1),] # deleted a row

nf1_2017_season <- read.csv("nf1_2017_season.csv")

colnames(nf1_2017_season) <- nf1_2017_season[1,] # had to fix the column names
nf1_2017_season <- nf1_2017_season[-c(1),] # deleted a row

nf1_2016_season <- read.csv("nf1_2016_season.csv")

colnames(nf1_2016_season) <- nf1_2016_season.csv")

colnames(nf1_2016_season) <- nf1_2016_season[1,] # had to fix the column names
nf1_2016_season <- nf1_2016_season[-c(1),] # deleted a row =
```

Combining the Data into One Data Frame

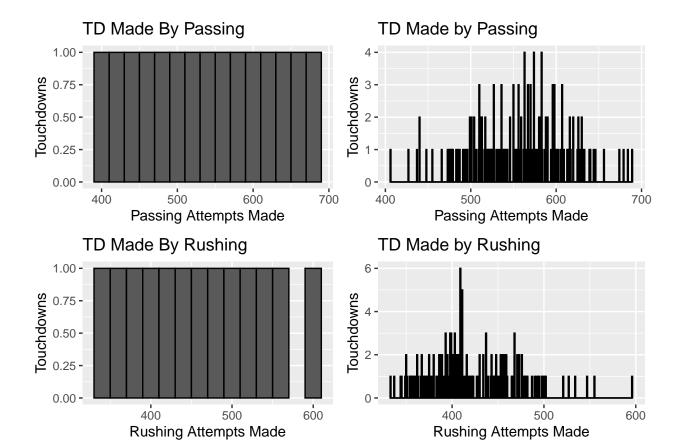
Here we are merging the data sets by the rows into one data frame. This will Give a new data frame "nfl" with 160 observations with 15 variables.

Exploratory Data Analysis Phase

step (2) using decision trees to find optimal bins

```
# Normalized histogram w churn overlay.
grid.arrange(
ggplot(nfl, aes(pass_Att)) +
 geom_histogram(aes(fill = pass_TD),
                 color = "black", binwidth= 20, position = "fill") +
 xlab("Passing Attempts Made") +
 ylab("Touchdowns") +
 ggtitle("TD Made By Passing"),
# Non-normalized histogram w overlay.
ggplot(nfl, aes(pass_Att)) +
 geom_histogram(aes(fill = pass_TD),
                 color = "black", binwidth = 1, position = "stack") +
 xlab("Passing Attempts Made") +
 ylab("Touchdowns") +
 ggtitle("TD Made by Passing"),
ggplot(nfl, aes(rush_Att)) +
  geom_histogram(aes(fill = rush_TD),
                color = "black", binwidth= 20, position = "fill") +
 xlab("Rushing Attempts Made") +
 ylab("Touchdowns") +
  ggtitle("TD Made By Rushing"),
# Non-normalized histogram w overlay.
ggplot(nfl, aes(rush_Att)) +
  geom_histogram(aes(fill = rush_TD),
                 color = "black", binwidth = 1, position = "stack") +
 xlab("Rushing Attempts Made") +
 ylab("Touchdowns") +
  ggtitle("TD Made by Rushing")
```

Warning: Removed 1 rows containing missing values (geom_bar).

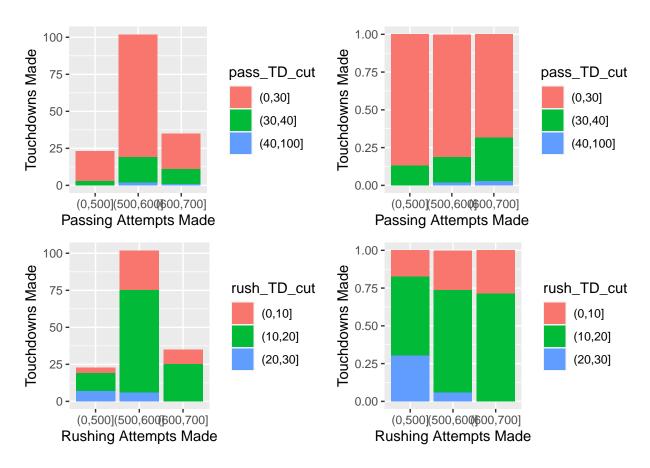


```
nfl\pass_TD_cut \leftarrow cut(nfl\pass_TD, breaks = c(0,30,40,100))
nfl$rush_TD_cut \leftarrow cut(nfl$rush_TD, breaks = c(0,10,20,30))
nfl*pass_Att_cut \leftarrow cut(nfl*pass_Att, breaks = c(0,500,600,700))
nfl$rush_Att_cut \leftarrow cut(nfl$rush_Att, breaks = c(0,400,475,600))
nfl$pass_Att_cut <- as.factor(nfl$pass_Att_cut)</pre>
nfl$rush_Att_cut <- as.factor(nfl$pass_Att_cut)</pre>
nfl$pass_TD_cut <- as.factor(nfl$pass_TD_cut)</pre>
nfl$rush_TD_cut <- as.factor(nfl$rush_TD_cut)</pre>
grid.arrange(
# non normalized
ggplot(nfl, aes(pass_Att_cut))+
  geom_bar(aes(fill = pass_TD_cut), position = "stack")+
  xlab("Passing Attempts Made")+
  ylab("Touchdowns Made"),
#normalized
ggplot(nfl, aes(pass_Att_cut))+
  geom_bar(aes(fill = pass_TD_cut) ,position = "fill")+
  xlab("Passing Attempts Made")+
  ylab("Touchdowns Made"),
ggplot(nfl, aes(rush_Att_cut))+
  geom_bar(aes(fill = rush_TD_cut),position = "stack")+
```

```
xlab("Rushing Attempts Made")+
ylab("Touchdowns Made"),

#normalized

ggplot(nfl, aes(rush_Att_cut))+
   geom_bar(aes(fill = rush_TD_cut) ,position = "fill")+
   xlab("Rushing Attempts Made")+
   ylab("Touchdowns Made")
)
```



```
geom_boxplot(size = 1.2, alpha = .5) +
xlab("Rushing Attempts Made") +
ylab("Touchdowns Made By Rushing") +
labs(title = "Boxplot of TD's Made By Rushing Attempts") +
scale_color_brewer(palette="Dark2") +
geom_jitter(shape=16, position=position_jitter(0.2))
```



```
# then do a contingency table

t1 <- table(nfl$pass_TD_cut, nfl$pass_Att_cut)
round(prop.table(t1,2)*100,2)</pre>
```

```
##
##
               (0,500] (500,600] (600,700]
##
     (0,30]
                  86.96
                             81.37
                                        68.57
                  13.04
                                        28.57
     (30,40]
                             16.67
##
     (40,100]
                   0.00
                              1.96
                                         2.86
```

```
t2 <- table(nfl$rush_TD_cut, nfl$rush_Att_cut)
round(prop.table(t2,2)*100,2)
```

## ## (0.10]	17.39	•	(600,700] 28.57
## (10,20]		67.65	
## (20,30]	30.43	5.88	0.00